IN RE: WATER QUALITY DIVISION

1 WYOMING WATER AND WASTE ADVISORY BOARD 2 3 IN RE: WATER QUALITY DIVISION 4 5 TRANSCRIPT OF MEETING PROCEEDINGS 6 7 8 9 10 11 Pursuant to notice duly given to all parties in interest, this matter came on for meeting on 12 13 the 18th day of April, 2014, at the hour of 1:13 p.m., 14 at the Herschler Building, Room B-63, 122 West 25th 15 Street, Cheyenne, Wyoming before the Wyoming Water and Waste Advisory Board, Ms. Marjorie Bedessem, Chairman, 16 17 presiding, with Ms. Lorie Cahn, Mr. Cal Jones, and Mr. Klaus D. Hanson, in attendance 18 19 Mr. Kevin Frederick, Water Quality Division 20 Administrator; Mr. William Tillman, Regulatory Engineer; 21 Mr. Rich Cripe, Waste and Wastewater Program Manager; and Ms. Gina Thompson, Water Quality Division, were also in 22 23 attendance. 24 25

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1	PROCEEDINGS			
2	(This portion of meeting proceedings			
3	commenced 1:13 p.m., April 18, 2014.)			
4	CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: We're going to			
5	reconvene the Water and Waste Advisory Board. We're going			
6	to continue with the agenda.			
7	And so Water Quality Division is up, proposed			
8	changes to the Water Quality Rules and Regulations Chapter			
9	15 and 25.			
10	BOARD MEMBER JONES: Madam Chair, before			
11	they begin, I'd like to alert the board I will have to			
12	depart at 2:00.			
13	CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Thank you.			
14	The floor is yours.			
15	MR. TILLMAN: Madam Chair, thank you for			
16	the opportunity to present the chapter Chapter 25 again.			
17	We've presented it in the past, I believe on two other			
18	occasions, the December meeting			
19	BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Can you speak up and			
20	MR. TILLMAN: We presented the chapter on			
21	two other occasions. At the December meeting we did not			
22	present the chapter per se. We took care of some issues			
23	that were of concern to the Board and to some of the			
24	commenters. Particularly we talked about greywater and			
25	tank access, so hopefully we've resolved those concerns at			

- 1 that time. And we'd like to go over -- what we'd like to
- 2 present today is the changes that we've made to the chapter
- 3 from our September meeting that was in Jackson. So that's
- 4 what we'd like to do today.
- 5 After that, we'd like to get through this --
- 6 through those changes. After that, if we have questions or
- 7 any other additional comments or whatnot, we can do those
- 8 at that time.
- 9 Just to note to the Board, as of now we had not
- 10 received any comments from the public. I don't know if
- 11 you've received any. But we haven't had any comments to
- 12 any of the changes that we made to the current draft.
- If everybody's okay, I'd like to proceed.
- 14 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Uh-huh. Thank you.
- 15 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I don't know if
- 16 everybody knows you, but maybe you could reintroduce
- 17 yourself.
- 18 MR. TILLMAN: Okay. My name is Bill
- 19 Tillman. I work with the water and wastewater program. I
- 20 guess regulatory engineer is my title.
- 21 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Proceed.
- 22 MR. TILLMAN: Okay. Again, we're just
- 23 going to go over the changes from what we did from the
- 24 September meeting to the current meeting. And first off
- 25 that you might note is that we changed the title back to

- 1 what it is currently, Chapter 25. The reason that we
- 2 needed to do that is the Underground Injection Control
- 3 Program. They reference our chapter for part of their
- 4 construction concerns for flows greater than 2,000 gallons,
- 5 and also for some of the commercial and industrial
- 6 applications, and, therefore, we needed to have their parts
- 7 for them to reference in our chapter, so the title was
- 8 converted back to what it was, because now we will address
- 9 some flows over 2,000 gallons.
- 10 Moving on next, also in -- Section 2, we added
- 11 objective statement basically identifying that the UIC
- 12 Class V facilities with flows greater than 2,000 gallons
- 13 are now also included in these regulations, or they refer
- 14 to these regulations in their rules.
- 15 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Bill, can you speak up?
- 16 I don't know if you need to tilt the microphone up more
- 17 or -- I'm not sure.
- MR. TILLMAN: Is that -- hello?
- 19 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Oh, that sounds really
- 20 good.
- 21 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah, that sounds
- 22 better.
- 23 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Are you using the
- 24 version that has the strikeouts in it or the --
- MR. TILLMAN: I'm using the clean version.

- 1 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Clean version. Okay.
- 2 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Can you repeat that
- 3 about the Section 2, please?
- 4 MR. TILLMAN: Section 2, we added a
- 5 paragraph, basically a statement that the UIC Class V
- 6 facilities also use our regulations in performing their
- 7 duties, and, therefore, we just added a section -- or,
- 8 excuse me, a condition paragraph stating which UIC Class V
- 9 facilities also use our minimum standards of design.
- 10 We also changed or added requirement to where
- 11 before in the PE requirement, it was for flows greater than
- 12 60 minutes per inch. We also now include flows less than
- 13 5. And the reason being for that is that those flows that
- 14 are less than 5 are -- with fast percolation rates also
- 15 need, you know, special consideration on a case-by-case
- 16 basis. So we feel that a professional engineer should also
- 17 identify and should look at those applications on a
- 18 case-by-case basis.
- 19 And we also added an explanation as to the
- 20 permits and the references to Chapter 3 as far as the
- 21 general -- general permits, individual permits and permits
- 22 by rule, just for clarification.
- 23 Moving on into Section 3. And in Section 3, we
- 24 fixed some inconsistent numbering that was going on there.
- 25 We removed the definition of saturation -- saturated

- 1 thickness. That was associated with some other -- with the
- 2 worksheet, and being that we no longer had those former --
- 3 or, excuse me, those tables in the chapter, we felt that
- 4 definition was no longer necessary.
- 5 Moving on to Section 4. In line 154 we changed
- 6 the word "quantity" to the word "volume." We had received
- 7 some comment that volume would be better understood, so we
- 8 changed that accordingly.
- 9 Moving on to Section 6. In Section 6,
- 10 part (d) -- or paragraph (d), we added the statement "for
- 11 all treatment systems except pressure distribution."
- 12 Basically in that section we had a caveat, and we did some
- 13 research internally, that on certain systems, mainly
- 14 pressure distribution systems, that are -- you force the
- 15 wastewater out into the absorption field, that we have seen
- 16 studies that indicate that in those cases where you have
- 17 that sort of system, 3-foot separation is adequate to
- 18 get adequate treatment above groundwater, whereas other
- 19 systems that are gravity fed require that extra foot to get
- 20 a little bit of assurance that we will have treatment --
- 21 adequate treatment of the wastewater. And, therefore,
- 22 that -- that statement "for all treatment systems except
- 23 pressure distributions."
- 24 And then the final sentence in that -- in that
- 25 condition that states for pressure distribution systems,

- 1 the depth of the high groundwater shall be 3 feet below the
- 2 bottom of the absorption surface, if the percolation rate
- 3 is 5 minutes per inch or greater. So again, giving some
- 4 leeway to that 3-foot separation for certain treatment
- 5 systems.
- 6 Also on Table 4, in subscript 2, we added the
- 7 reminder that any systems that discharge to aquifers that
- 8 supply public water, that there is additional requirement
- 9 for a PE, and reminds that the systems are more complex and
- 10 gives a little -- leaves more room for complicated terms
- 11 and explains the treatment that's required for those types
- 12 of applications.
- 13 Questions?
- 14 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: This is just a -- a
- 15 question --
- MR. TILLMAN: Yes.
- 17 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: -- for my own
- 18 edification. When you said Section 6, when you talk --
- 19 6(d), where you said that you've found information that
- 20 said that -- whether it was pressure dosed or not, that
- 21 there was a -- a -- you could do a different distance
- 22 between the groundwater table and the bed. So why is it
- 23 that -- for pressure system that you need a shorter
- 24 distance?
- MR. TILLMAN: Because a --

- 1 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Just curious.
- 2 MR. TILLMAN: -- pressure system, you're
- 3 forcing that wastewater out acrose entire absorption field,
- 4 so you're getting the entire area involved in the
- 5 treatment, and, therefore, it's in a gravity system.
- 6 You're relying on gravity to kind of migrate out.
- 7 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Okay.
- 8 MR. TILLMAN: And, therefore, you can have
- 9 an instance where it might load up on one end, and,
- 10 therefore, you need more vertical distance for treatment
- 11 whereas a pressure distribution system, you're spreading it
- 12 out and, therefore, that treatment -- that vertical
- 13 separation distance is less to get adequate treatment.
- 14 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Okay. Thank you.
- 15 MR. TILLMAN: And Section 7, we moved Table
- 16 5 from under 7(c) to further up in the section under 7(a),
- 17 just because we referenced that table. So we thought it
- 18 should be closer to the paragraph where it's referenced.
- In 7(b), there was a comment -- comment in Part 2
- 20 that we had a narrative describing the calculation, and
- 21 that that was rather confusing, so we changed that to an
- 22 equation form. And once we did that, we felt like we
- 23 needed to change basically the other -- the other
- 24 narratives also to equation form to make it easier to
- 25 follow.

- 1 Moving on to Section 9. In Section 9(a)(iii)(B)
- 2 we changed from -- the word from "peak flow" to "design
- 3 flow" for consistency with the rest of the chapter. In
- 4 9(iii) -- or excuse me, 9(a)(iii)(C), we changed "less
- 5 than and -- excuse me, we changed "less than and "nor
- 6 greater than" to "between" and "and" in part C, "Where the
- 7 liquid depth shall be between 3 feet and 6 feet."
- 8 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Say where you are
- 9 again. I'm sorry.
- 10 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: The last line.
- MR. TILLMAN: In line 481.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay.
- 13 MR. TILLMAN: We changed from "the liquid
- 14 depth shall be between 3 feet and 6 feet," and the previous
- 15 wording was "less than and nor -- nor greater than."
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Thank you.
- 17 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Liquid depth. Okay.
- 18 481.
- 19 MR. TILLMAN: Paragraph (E), lines 486
- 20 through 488 was rewritten to alleviate some confusion.
- 21 Also lines 505 to 507, (v)(A) was also rewritten.
- 22 Hopefully, that's clear. And 9(b)(i), we've added the word
- 23 "minimum" to the 20-inch diameter opening. And also added
- 24 the intro to the tables saying, "The following tables shall
- 25 be used to calculate the size of the dosing tank, " and that

- 1 is now Table 6.
- And 9(c)(v), lines 563 through 505 (sic), we
- 3 again changed some language to alleviate confusion.
- 4 And in 9(c)(vi), we changed paragraph to call out
- 5 the reference to a general permit and eliminating confusion
- 6 over whether the system required a general permit or permit
- 7 by rule.
- 8 And in 9(d)(xiv)(A), we moved that sentence to
- 9 below the calculations as to more appropriate place for
- 10 that -- for that to be --
- 11 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Can you say the line
- 12 number.
- MR. TILLMAN: It would be line 638.
- 14 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Thank you.
- BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Yeah.
- 16 MR. TILLMAN: Further down that page, on
- 17 line 654, we changed where the interceptor must -- we
- 18 changed that word "must" to "shall" to be more definitive
- 19 as to what needs to take place.
- 20 And on line 673 on the next page -- hang on. No,
- 21 no, I'm in the right spot. Got off track. We changed the
- 22 word "utilizing" to "using." Excuse me, line 673, "Where
- 23 automobiles are washed (including detail shops using hand-
- 24 wash practices)..."
- 25 In Section 10 --

- 1 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Did you see that? What
- 2 line were you on, the last one? I'm sorry.
- 3 MR. TILLMAN: The last one was --
- 4 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: 673.
- 5 MR. TILLMAN: -- 673. And the word that
- 6 was changed in the parentheses, it used to be utilized --
- 7 excuse me, "utilizing," and we changed it to "using."
- 8 In Section 10, line 710, we changed the word
- 9 "ensure against" to "prevent" so that now it reads, "The
- 10 distribution box shall be installed on a level, stable base
- 11 to prevent tilting or settling..."
- 12 In Section 11, line 732, we inserted the word
- 13 "the" in front of below. I believe -- excuse me, that is
- 14 line 733, where it says "is effectively filtered and
- 15 retained below the ground surface." The word "the" was
- 16 inserted there.
- On the next page, in Section 11(a)(vi)(F), line
- 18 775 -- excuse me, line 777, we inserted the words "more
- 19 than." So for clay loam soils that have a percolation --
- 20 that have percolation rates more than 60 minutes per inch.
- 21 Again, just for consistency within the chapter.
- 22 In part -- in Section 11(a)(vii)(A), we removed
- 23 the words "absent of clay width," and we changed the word
- 24 "faster than" to "less than." And those were per the
- 25 Board's comments.

- 1 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: What line?
- 2 MR. TILLMAN: Line 784, "The soil shall
- 3 have percolation rates less than 60 minutes per inch.
- 4 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Yeah.
- 5 MR. TILLMAN: And -- okay. On line 813
- 6 through 815, that's 11(a)(viii)(E), that paragraph was
- 7 reworded per stakeholder and board comments. The new
- 8 language explains the width of the bottom of the absorption
- 9 is 3 foot for -- excuse me, 3 foot for chambered trench,
- 10 but the excavation can be larger than that. There was some
- 11 comment as to being able to install that, so we want to
- 12 make clarification the 3 foot is bottom. You can make it
- 13 as wide as you need to to install it.
- 14 And part 11(b), again, we have paragraph we
- 15 changed to make reference to the general permit and to
- 16 eliminate confusion over what type of permit is required
- 17 for this absorption system. And that's something that's
- 18 for -- basic through all the sections. We're going to have
- 19 that same comment as far as that clarification on the
- 20 general permit as to permit by rule. It was brought up by
- 21 the Board during that September meeting.
- 22 In Section 12(a)(iii), line 858 and 859, there
- 23 was a change where we added the word "and" between "switch"
- 24 and "high liquid alarm." So the control system for the
- 25 pump and dosing tank shall at a minimum consist of a pump

- 1 off switch, a pump on switch, and a high level -- high
- 2 liquid alarm.
- 3 Okay. On 12(a)(v), it was a paragraph that was
- 4 added. And basically noting that pressure distribution
- 5 systems shall have at least three feet of vertical sand
- 6 filter and -- there was a typo in the copy that you have --
- 7 that should read and/or unsaturated native soil above the
- 8 groundwater level. I believe your copy probably just has
- 9 "and."
- 10 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: What line is that?
- 11 MR. TILLMAN: It's line 886. Vertical feet
- 12 of filtered sand and/or unsaturated native soil.
- 13 And, again, 12(b), just calling out reference to
- 14 the general permit required.
- 15 Section 13, we removed, "The pressure
- 16 distribution shall be used in conjunction with the sand
- 17 mound." Basically through internal discussion we
- 18 required -- thought that was not necessary.
- 19 In 13(c)(1)(A) -- excuse me, (c)(i)(A), we
- 20 spelled out 2 percent, again, to be consistent with the
- 21 number in the rest of the chapter.
- In Section 13(c)(i)(F), it was added that the
- 23 slope shall be graded to prevent seepage and/or ponding at
- 24 the bottom of the slope.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Where is that?

- 1 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: 935.
- 2 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Which line?
- 3 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: 935.
- 4 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: 935. Okay.
- 5 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: And 936.
- BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Yeah.
- 7 MR. TILLMAN: Okay. On 13(c)(i)(G), line
- 8 939, we changed the word "infiltrative" to "infiltration"
- 9 per the Board's comments. And also on line 957, the same
- 10 change was made there, "infiltration" as opposed to
- 11 "infiltrative."
- 12 And 13(d), again referencing the general permit
- 13 required for this type of treatment system.
- 14 In Section 14, we removed the requirement that a
- 15 lagoon shall be installed on this -- shall not be installed
- on a property less than 3 acres. And that was per the
- 17 Board's comments.
- 18 And 14(b)(i), we corrected the references to
- 19 6(d) -- excuse me, from 6(d) to 6(q). That's line 993.
- 20 And line 1002, we added 5 percent, again to be
- 21 consistent with how we called out numbers.
- 22 And 147, line 1010, we revised that A equals area
- 23 of the lagoon -- excuse me. From -- excuse me. To area of
- 24 lagoon in square feet at a maximum operating depth of 5
- 25 foot. And, again, that was per the Board's comments.

- 1 We also did the same thing on line 1021, and the
- 2 seepage rate in decimal form in inches per day was added.
- In part 14(c), again calling out reference to the
- 4 general permit.
- 5 In Section 15, again, all that was changed there
- 6 was calling out reference to the general permit in 15(g)
- 7 that's required.
- 8 In Section 16, there was several changes there.
- 9 The majority of the changes in Section 16 was basically
- 10 rearranging it into what we consider to be more -- a better
- 11 order to make it more understandable. We also, per the
- 12 Board's comments, moved the restrictions further up into
- 13 the chapter, so that, again, when people are considering
- 14 clear water systems, they know the things they're not
- 15 allowed to do first and foremost. And, again, that was per
- 16 the Board's comments.
- 17 And then the rest of the section was basically
- 18 rearranged and reworded. We did find some -- one
- 19 duplication that was eliminated, but other than that,
- 20 Section 16 was basically just reorganized.
- 21 And Section C -- 16(c), we also changed the
- 22 wording there, that the number of bedrooms -- excuse me,
- 23 the number of occupants in each dwelling shall be
- 24 calculated at two occupants per bedroom. Again, that was
- 25 clarification per the Board's comments. And that's line

- 1 1153 and 54.
- 2 Section 18 was -- Madam Chair, you have any
- 3 questions?
- 4 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Oh. The reason I just
- 5 looked quizzically, was just a formatting thing. I just --
- 6 I was confused as to -- most of these things, when they --
- 7 when it goes onto a second line, it goes all the way over
- 8 to the left-hand side of the page. But line 1147, for some
- 9 reason, doesn't go over to the left-hand side of the page.
- MR. TILLMAN: Oh.
- 11 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Sorry. Looks like
- 12 something missing. That's why I had that look on my face.
- 13 MR. TILLMAN: The facial expression was
- 14 like, wait, something wrong.
- 15 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Wasn't anything wrong
- 16 with the comments. Just a formatting blip.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Good. One of my
- 18 comments is taken care of.
- 19 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Apparently she knows
- 20 something.
- 21 MS. THOMPSON: I'm looking at that. I
- 22 don't know.
- 23 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I don't know why it did
- 24 that. Anyway, sorry. Go ahead.
- 25 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Since you stopped,

- 1 you -- you mentioned in 1010, 5 foot. Shouldn't it be 5
- 2 feet? If you make a correction.
- MS. THOMPSON: Yeah.
- 4 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Uh-huh.
- 5 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Should be feet,
- 6 shouldn't it.
- 7 MS. THOMPSON: Yeah.
- 8 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Yeah.
- 9 MR. TILLMAN: An operating depth of
- 10 5 foot, 5 feet. Some say Smith, some say Smyth.
- 11 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: I think the plural is
- 12 feet. I used to teach English for a while. I didn't know.
- 13 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Okay. Carry on.
- 14 MR. TILLMAN: Let's see. Check to make
- 15 sure I didn't forget something in Section 16.
- 16 I think, just to clarify, that we consider drip
- 17 irrigation to be subsurface. I think that was a question
- 18 that was brought up by the Board before.
- 19 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Yes.
- 20 MR. TILLMAN: And it is under that
- 21 subheading now, so there shouldn't be any confusion as to
- 22 that.
- 23 We removed from section (d)(iii) and (d)(iv) the
- 24 requirement for pumps and filters, per the Board's
- 25 comments.

1	CHATRMAN	BEDESSEM:	What line?

- 2 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Where are you? What
- 3 line?
- 4 MR. TILLMAN: We're at line 1223 and 1235.
- 5 Those are Sections (iii) and (iv). We removed the pumps
- 6 and filters from those sections, from the piping and the
- 7 disinfection part. And those were per the Board's
- 8 comments.
- 9 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I just want to comment
- 10 right at this point, that Gina, the version that you have
- 11 up there is not the same version that we got clean --
- MS. THOMPSON: Yeah. I --
- 13 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: -- on 3/18/2014.
- 14 MS. THOMPSON: I have no explanation for
- 15 that, because I printed those out from a Word document, and
- 16 then I printed the Word document into Adobe, and I have --
- 17 they're the same file, so I don't know -- I'm a little
- 18 confused as well. I don't have a good explanation for
- 19 that. And so I apologize for the confusion. I literally
- 20 have no explanation. It should be the same number.
- 21 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Gremlins.
- 22 MS. THOMPSON: Yes, don't feed them after
- 23 10:00, whatever, so...
- BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Weird things happen.
- MR. TILLMAN: Line 1253, we changed

- 1 manufacturers to "manufacturer." Recommendations, again,
- 2 per the Board's comments.
- 3 Also on section (e)(i), we clarified in the last
- 4 sentence that the use of subsurface drip irrigation would
- 5 satisfy the buffer zone requirement.
- 6 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Where are you on that
- 7 one?
- 8 MR. TILLMAN: Section 16(e)(i), lines 1263
- 9 to 1265. And the last sentence, the buffer zone
- 10 requirement may be met by the use of subsurface drip
- 11 irrigation system, just to clarify that.
- 12 And in section (g), again, reference to the
- 13 design package and the use of general permit required
- 14 there.
- 15 Section 18 was basically left in in the chapter.
- 16 It was not in the previous drafts, but it is in the current
- 17 copy of Chapter 25, and, again, refers to the UIC use of
- 18 our chapter.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Why did you put that in
- 20 there?
- 21 MR. TILLMAN: Basically the UIC program,
- 22 the Underground Injection Control Program, references our
- 23 design standards for the parts of their program. And it
- 24 was in the original Chapter 25. It's in there currently.
- 25 And it had been taken out, I think in the effort to maybe

2.1

- 1 make this chapter strictly small wastewater system for
- 2 commercial. But the fact they reference our chapter, we
- 3 need to have that in there, otherwise there is no design
- 4 criteria for them to design by. And it is in the current
- 5 Chapter 25.
- 6 MR. CRIPE: Board Member Cahn, when they
- 7 rewrote and readdressed this, as we were going through
- 8 this, we didn't catch that until now. But it's a vital
- 9 function of what -- what the UIC program uses as far as the
- 10 commercial and that, as well as the delegated counties and
- 11 these subact distances. So when that got removed, this
- 12 makes it difficult for the UIC program, because it was
- 13 originally in the 11, part D, to do their job. There's
- 14 been some discussion when the UIC reg gets rewritten, that
- 15 maybe this -- it might be better suited there. But for --
- 16 for the interim, we needed to put it back in here, or
- 17 they're kind of dead in the water to be able to do anything
- 18 with that, so...
- 19 And that's what was listed up in Section 2, when
- 20 you -- when it identified all of those types that use this.
- 21 And it was just an oversight, for whatever reason, that it
- 22 got pulled out and wasn't in.
- 23 MR. TILLMAN: And changes made in Appendix
- 24 A, which goes back to our percolation test for sizing
- 25 absorption systems, we did some internal discussion and

2.2

- 1 some research, and before we had in there that it was
- 2 arranged, the size of the hole could be 4 to 12 inches.
- 3 Well, it does make a difference the size of the hole and
- 4 the results that you get. And basically, long story short,
- 5 we would require that they dig a 12-inch hole, because that
- 6 is more in line with the original percolation tests that
- 7 were designed, and you get a more consistent sizing of the
- 8 absorption field, if you have a smaller-size hole, a 4-inch
- 9 diameter hole, you're typically going to undersize the
- 10 absorption field by a significant amount. And so, again,
- 11 that was internal discussion we decided that was a
- 12 necessary change to make that a 12-inch hole.
- 13 MR. CRIPE: Madam Chairman, Board members,
- 14 we actually took the question and the suggestion that you
- 15 guys brought up on that and actually modeled that out to
- 16 see do we have a -- you know, a problem. And so we -- we
- 17 addressed both the size of the hole and looking at when it
- 18 went from -- and he'll cover that later -- 12 to 1. And
- 19 the results did indicate that you would -- like he said,
- 20 you would get a change. The 12 to the 1 allows all soil
- 21 types to be adequately sized by this, so that -- that's --
- 22 the result came from a model that we actually sat down and
- 23 did many calculations to address that so that we were
- 24 consistent in what you got with your perc.
- 25 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah, I still question

- 1 the following head going from 12 to 6, when the original
- 2 test was 6 to 5. And I was told at the last meeting, oh,
- 3 no, that doesn't matter. But if you run some calculations
- 4 on it, it does matter. So...
- 5 MR. CRIPE: Board Member Cahn, I appreciate
- 6 your comments, and we actually did compare that -- there
- 7 are two different methods that are going on. And granted,
- 8 New York uses that kind of method. But when we did
- 9 comparing and go through that, we'd be more than happy
- 10 to -- you know, we don't have that with us at the moment,
- 11 but we'd be more than happy to present that to you guys.
- 12 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah, I would like to
- 13 see that, because...
- 14 MR. CRIPE: It did show that we were
- 15 consistent in what we were getting when we ran through
- 16 that.
- 17 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah. I'm not so
- 18 concerned about what New York did, as just more in terms of
- 19 the original perc tests that have been around since the
- 20 1920s. And, you know, how did you decide it had to be from
- 21 12 to 6, other than, you know, falling from 6 to 5, falling
- 22 an inch. So -- and -- you know, what is the effect on
- 23 the acc -- no, not the accuracy -- but what's the effect on
- 24 the results when you change -- you know, where are you
- 25 getting that from? I mean, is it some published

- 1 engineering study somewhere, where you -- you know, you
- 2 deviate from sort of a standard perc test or -- you know,
- 3 kind of the original, I think, 1920s type -- I think that's
- 4 about when it was first introduced.
- 5 MR. CRIPE: Well, there were actually a lot
- 6 of calculations -- not to get in the weeds, but, I mean,
- 7 there was the -- and there's a lot of things we can go into
- 8 that discussion. However, from our original presentation
- 9 and stuff that we were doing, the intent to what changed
- 10 there was to make it easier for the homeowner to do and not
- 11 be so -- you know, if you're going from 6 to 5, that
- 12 person's got to be sitting there doing. And that's very
- 13 difficult to even, you know, do that at that depth that
- 14 they're trained to do it. So even the 12-inch-diameter
- 15 hole, which our calculations show that in the model, makes
- 16 that a little more easier. Plus when you're going from 12
- 17 to 1, that's easier to accomplish that and several other
- 18 perks at the same time, instead of just sitting, you know,
- 19 on one hole.
- 20 We actually did go through all that calculations,
- 21 and it is legitimate. It's not something that we were
- 22 trying to make it easier for the homeowner to accomplish
- 23 that and be consistent in what they were doing, because the
- 24 other one is so far down in the hole and you're trying to
- 25 measure that and look and -- that was what was behind that.

- 1 And we did prove that through engineering calculations that
- 2 it is valid. It does give you the same results, and that's
- 3 what that model would show.
- 4 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah. I'd like to see
- 5 those, because it's just -- I'll be a Doubting Thomas, I
- 6 guess, because there's a big difference with a head that's,
- 7 you know, 12 inches versus a head of 6 inches. I mean,
- 8 that's double the head. And I'd like to see that carried
- 9 through in the calculations, because to me that sounds like
- 10 it's going to have a significant difference.
- 11 MR. CRIPE: And we'd be more than happy,
- 12 Board members, to give you that, because your thing was --
- 13 you know, the head was considered in there. There were
- 14 several things in it.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah.
- 16 MR. CRIPE: So I know that is a concern,
- 17 and we don't take that very lightly, so...
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay.
- 19 MR. TILLMAN: And as Rich just stated, in
- 20 Appendix A, 2(d)(iv), basically we changed that to before
- 21 the water level drops below 1 inch above the gravel, refill
- 22 the test hole to 12 inches. Again that's part of the
- 23 explanation that I just gave.
- And also we changed in 2(d)(vi), line 1523, from
- 25 the slowest rate, that is changed to the largest rate, and

- 1 so it reads more absorption system is the largest rate from
- 2 all the test hole tested -- holes tested.
- Those were all of the changes that were made to
- 4 the chapter from the September meeting to the current
- 5 meeting.
- 6 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Thank you.
- 7 MR. TILLMAN: And we did not have any
- 8 comments, so if there are any comments that the Board
- 9 received --
- 10 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: So thank you for going
- 11 through those by line. Appreciate that.
- 12 So any comments from the Board?
- 13 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Do we have -- is there
- 14 any members of the public that --
- 15 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Yes. Any members of
- 16 the public would like to make comment on this.
- 17 Thank you, Lorie.
- MR. KROEGER: Madam Chairman, Board, my
- 19 name is Roy Kroeger. I'm with the Cheyenne Laramie County
- 20 Health Department, and we basically are the delegated
- 21 authority here in Laramie County. And we've watched these
- 22 reg changes very closely, because they will affect our
- 23 program quite extensively. And at this point we are very
- 24 confident that the thought and effort that's gone into
- 25 these rewrites have been very well done.

- 1 I would like to say the greywater changes are
- 2 especially important to us, because currently, with the
- 3 permit by rule, our county attorney is not real comfortable
- 4 enforcing that, and so we are not allowing greywater period
- 5 in Laramie County. And so when we have an adopted rule
- 6 that we can work off, and we may decide to be a little more
- 7 stringent in the rule, but at least the rule gives us the
- 8 ability to do that and to actually have a greywater system
- 9 that we currently don't have. So we do appreciate
- 10 everything that they've done.
- 11 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Thank you. It's good
- 12 to hear that a rulemaking will actually encourage that kind
- 13 of --
- BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Yeah.
- 15 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: -- development.
- 16 MR. TILLMAN: Board, Madam Chair, we also
- 17 submitted with this package, we updated our responses to a
- 18 variety of comments that we had in prior presentations, and
- 19 if there were any comments or questions as to those
- 20 upgrades or modifications, we'd field those at this time.
- 21 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: So I'll put that to the
- 22 Board and see if there's particular comments or lines in
- 23 the rule that we want to readdress.
- 24 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Since you have to
- 25 leave, do you have any --

- 1 BOARD MEMBER JONES: I don't have any other
- 2 comments.
- BOARD MEMBER HANSON: One observation,
- 4 which is sort of in this document, is to -- I find it very
- 5 good in this whole era of recycling, et cetera, to permit
- 6 using greywater, again, for purposes of irrigation wherever
- 7 possible. And I thought you said that wasn't possible
- 8 ahead of time, and I think it's a good thing that it
- 9 happened here. Thank you.
- 10 (Phone line goes dead.)
- MR. TILLMAN: Thank you.
- 12 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I think we timed out
- 13 on --
- 14 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: It doesn't like me.
- 15 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: -- Mr. Applegate.
- MR. TILLMAN: Modern technology.
- 17 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: So it may be taking him
- 18 longer and have to sign on again.
- 19 MS. THOMPSON: I don't know what it's
- 20 doing.
- 21 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: So thank you.
- So, Lorie.
- 23 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay. I guess some of
- 24 the stuff in this rule, you know, I -- I feel like we're
- 25 now at 40-something pages, and the original rule was maybe

- 1 20.
- 2 MR. TILLMAN: Yes.
- 3 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: So in terms of the
- 4 governor's request to reduce the number of pages and to
- 5 simplify, I think we can probably do it in less than 40
- 6 pages. That's quite a jump from 20 to 40. So that's
- 7 just -- I'll just note that as something that I'm concerned
- 8 about.
- 9 MR. TILLMAN: Yeah, we recognize that. But
- 10 at the same time, we felt that the pages that were added
- 11 were necessary to make the rule clearer and to make the
- 12 understanding of what we were requiring also clearer. And
- 13 I think the blanket reduction, without thought of what the
- 14 consent is, should be considered also.
- 15 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: And I'll have some
- 16 suggestions as we get into it in places where I think some
- 17 of the stuff that's in the rule probably should be in the
- 18 package that goes along with it, the design, like a
- 19 worksheet-type package that helps the person do their work.
- 20 So I think there's some places where there's, I think, too
- 21 much detail, and I'll point those out as we get there.
- 22 So I think -- you know, I understand why you have
- 23 added in the lagoons. I think that we need to look at the
- 24 objective and maybe change the objective to broaden that to
- 25 include the chapter -- what was it -- remind the chapter

- 1 number, that UIC -- Section 18. And so commercial/
- 2 industrial waste and waste greater than 2,000 gallons per
- 3 day, the objective in -- the first paragraph objective says
- 4 this chapter contains the minimum standards, the 2,000
- 5 gallons or less defined in the statute shall be the flow of
- 6 domestic sewage per day. So right up front in the
- 7 objective we have it as 2,000 or less, but we're -- and I
- 8 understand why you're including the 2,000. So it's almost
- 9 like --
- 10 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: But isn't that because
- 11 it's small wastewater systems, and that the fourth
- 12 paragraph addresses the -- the new fourth paragraph
- 13 addresses the UIC application?
- 14 The 2,000, the first one, just replaces small
- 15 wastewater.
- MR. TILLMAN: Yes. And that's just the
- 17 difference between small wastewater and industrial
- 18 wastewater system.
- 19 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I quess it's a matter
- 20 of introduction of the topic, what is this whole thing
- 21 going to be about. It's about less than 2,000 and greater
- 22 than 2,000, so I found it surprising, kind of, when I got
- 23 there, other than the warning that -- not the warning, but
- 24 the new information that was added. So I'm just wondering
- 25 if we need a broader objective statement to start with, to

- 1 just say this isn't just about less than 2,000 gallons per
- 2 day. This is also about greater than 2,000. So -- I don't
- 3 know. It's just a -- you know, this chapter contains the
- 4 minimum standards for the design and construction of small
- 5 wastewater systems, which are defined by statute, and
- 6 systems greater than 2,000 gallons per day that -- or
- 7 something. I mean, we --
- 8 MR. CRIPE: Board Member Cahn, I appreciate
- 9 the comment. Here's -- here's what lies within that --
- 10 that statement there in that paragraph. First of all, when
- 11 you go and look at the UIC program, those flows are all
- 12 over the place. There are some by house, they're defined
- 13 by whether it's a 5(c) -- you know, all of those there --
- 14 that sometimes they might be less than 2,000. There would
- 15 be things that are over 2,000.
- And so this was the best way we could try to
- 17 capture what directly it was addressing so that we didn't
- 18 eliminate anything, because really there is another -- and
- 19 I'm not sure why this was done this way, but there's
- 20 another regulation that lays out the UIC. And they refer
- 21 to our chapter to address their facilities in -- in the
- 22 various things what -- dependent on the classification it
- 23 is. So it may be somewhere in there. And this was the
- 24 best way we could come up with a broad enough or general
- 25 comment to address all these different things and not

- 1 eliminate something.
- 2 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay. I'm fine with
- 3 that.
- 4 You know, maybe -- maybe you eliminate line 16 so
- 5 that there's no gap between those two, so, you know -- I
- 6 mean, I understand you're caught between a rock and a hard
- 7 place. I'm just trying to make it clear in the very
- 8 beginning what this -- because people go to the --
- 9 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Perhaps just lining the
- 10 paragraph would be just fine.
- 11 MR. CRIPE: Board Member Cahn, we can do
- 12 that. We can eliminate that line.
- 13 (Board Member Jones leaves the room.)
- 14 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Greywater definition on
- 15 page 25-3 -- and, Marge, if you want to -- I think I'll
- 16 just go subsequently. So if you have comments on the pages
- 17 we're on, just bring them up.
- 18 We've got the word "bathroom" in there, and I
- 19 know we don't want to use "toilets," which are in
- 20 bathrooms, and so I thought are we -- if we strike the word
- 21 "bathroom" from that list, are we missing anything in the
- 22 bathroom? Because we have bathtubs, we have showers, we
- 23 have washbasins, so...
- MS. THOMPSON: Are you saying that seems
- 25 like a redundant word in that series, is that what I'm

- 1 hearing?
- 2 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: It's just not
- 3 redundant. Yes, it's redundant, but it also is too
- 4 inclusive, because bathrooms include toilets, and we don't
- 5 want toilets. So I'm wondering if we strike the word
- 6 "bathroom," are we missing everything, or have we included
- 7 everything in a bathroom if we strike that.
- 8 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Bidet.
- 9 MR. CRIPE: That's a very good comment. We
- 10 don't have a problem removing that, because as you
- 11 described --
- 12 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: We don't want bidet in.
- THE REPORTER: One at a time, please.
- 14 MR. CRIPE: -- that's very accurate, so we
- don't have a problem removing that word.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I would suggest,
- 17 since -- on page 25-4, after line 143, I would add in the
- 18 definition of septage, because we do talk about septage,
- 19 which is different than, you know, sewage. So I think it
- 20 would be helpful, since this is for the homeowner, to have
- 21 a definition of septage so it's clear that we're talking
- 22 about the solids, not some --
- 23 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: S-E-P-T-A-G-E.
- 24 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Septage, T-A --
- 25 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: T-A-G.

- 1 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: A-G.
- 2 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: On page 25-7, line 210,
- 3 the "which" should be a "that."
- 4 MR. CRIPE: I didn't catch that.
- 5 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Excuse me? Oh, it's
- 6 line 210, "Data obtained from the theoretical evaluation of
- 7 the design" -- it should be "that demonstrates a reasonable
- 8 probability."
- 9 MR. CRIPE: Okay.
- 10 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Starting at line 237,
- 11 where we're talking about pressure-dosed soil absorption
- 12 systems and pressure distribution systems. I believe we're
- 13 talking about the same thing, and so I would think, since
- 14 this is for the homeowner, it would be nice to choose
- one -- one name or another.
- MR. CRIPE: Okay.
- 17 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: And I don't care which
- 18 you use, but I think we should try to be consistent.
- 19 Now -- okay. I guess the first question I have,
- 20 I'm -- I was one of the people that was concerned about
- 21 when we talk about greater than so many MPIs and less than
- 22 so many MPIs, that's confusing because if you're talking
- 23 about a faster rate, that's different. If you're talking
- 24 about greater -- are you talking about a greater
- 25 percolation rate or are we talking about a greater number?

- 1 And since they're opposites, the greater the number, the
- 2 slower the percolation.
- 3 So I think that the changes that have been made
- 4 to make it be less than and greater, we should really stick
- 5 to faster and slower for all of them, because I just
- 6 think -- I know, I had to laugh, because I'm the one
- 7 brought up how confusing they are. But I think the answer
- 8 was to change all the ones I like to the ones I don't like,
- 9 and change all the ones I don't like to the ones -- so I
- 10 just think if you say greater than 5 MPI, and somebody
- 11 knows that's percolation rate, then are we talking about a
- 12 greater percolation rate, which is 1 to 5, or are we
- 13 talking about a number that's greater than 5, that's 5 to
- 14 60.
- 15 So if you say faster than five MPI, everybody
- 16 knows we're talking about a smaller number. We're talking
- 17 about faster percolation rate. So -- so I would actually
- 18 suggest you go in and -- I'd like to see it all scrubbed
- 19 the opposite way. So -- I'm sorry. I know that's
- 20 frustrating to you.
- 21 MR. TILLMAN: I'm confused as to -- because
- 22 before I thought the issue was no one would understand if
- 23 we said faster and slower. They wouldn't understand that
- 24 that was, you know, a percolation rate number. And so
- 25 I'm -- I'm a bit confused as to what you're --

- 1 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: The issue was -- sorry.
- 2 I maybe miscommunicated, but the issue -- what I was trying
- 3 to say is the issue is when you say greater than, smaller,
- 4 less than, you know, that it's not clear are you talking
- 5 about the perc rate or are you talking about the number.
- 6 So I was hoping for fasters and slowers, rather than
- 7 greaters and less thans. Or biggers and -- smallers and
- 8 biggers, largers. I'm looking for fasters and slowers, but
- 9 I'll --
- 10 MR. CRIPE: Board Member Cahn, that was our
- 11 intent on what we were trying to accommodate your
- 12 suggestion on there.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay.
- 14 MR. CRIPE: It -- when you have something
- 15 that's faster than 5, it's going to be a number less.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Right.
- MR. CRIPE: And if you have something
- 18 that's got a perc rate slower than 5, the number's going to
- 19 be bigger.
- 20 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I understand that.
- 21 MR. CRIPE: So I would ask for some
- 22 clarification exactly as to what, so we're --
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay.
- 24 MR. CRIPE: -- so we're on the same page.
- 25 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I understand. So in

- 1 this way, where it says the line 242, if the percolation
- 2 rate of the soil is 5 minutes per inch or faster, and I
- 3 think in that case you really only mean 1 to 5. So that's
- 4 another question I have is if you pressure dose, you don't
- 5 ever want to see it greater than -- I'm sorry, faster than
- 6 1. You don't want to see any number less than 1.
- 7 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: See --
- 8 MR. TILLMAN: But --
- 9 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Less than.
- 10 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I have an issue in
- 11 that. You understand what's faster and slower.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah.
- 13 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I'm not sure the
- 14 homeowner knows.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yes.
- 16 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: They'll know if that
- 17 number is bigger or not. But the concept of faster and
- 18 slower they may not get. So I'm thinking if -- or 5
- 19 minutes per inch or a greater number, you know, that they
- 20 have to look at the number, so --
- 21 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: As long as we -- I'm
- 22 okay with greater if we refer to the number. So you say (5
- 23 to 60) or something. If you put in there a parenthetical
- 24 that tells you what -- are we looking at? Are we looking
- 25 at 1 to 5? Are we looking 5 to 60? Are we looking 60

- 1 plus? Or are we looking at less than 1? So -- so I'm okay
- 2 if you've got some parenthetical in there, so...
- 3 MR. CRIPE: That's a good suggestion.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay.
- 5 MR. CRIPE: What it boils down to here,
- 6 Board Member Cahn, is one thing is you'll find that we're
- 7 consistent now with our 5. And there's various reasons
- 8 where we got to that 5. If you've got questions, I'd be
- 9 more than happy to clarify that. But that communicates the
- 10 same message to the homeowner and simplifies it and it
- 11 basically boils down to treatment.
- 12 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Right.
- 13 MR. CRIPE: If you have a professional
- 14 engineer, he can do a lot of things that might treat that.
- 15 A homeowner has only these tools at their hands. But our
- 16 intent was a number greater than 5 works. Anything less
- 17 than that, we're not getting that treatment.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: And that's fine. I
- 19 don't -- I don't object --
- 20 MR. CRIPE: So we'll do your suggestion to
- 21 clarify.
- 22 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay. And then the
- 23 question that I have in terms of the language in that last
- 24 sentence, it's -- the question I would have is if you
- 25 pressure dose, can you do a 1 to 5 MPI and 4-foot

- 1 separation? If you pressure dose, what's the answer to
- 2 that question?
- 3 MR. CRIPE: If you pressure dose the way we
- 4 got the regulation written, the conditions that you've
- 5 indicated, Board Member Cahn, that would require a
- 6 professional engineer to address that.
- 7 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay.
- 8 MR. CRIPE: So the answer would be yes, but
- 9 not for a homeowner.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay.
- 11 MR. CRIPE: The home -- what we have here,
- 12 we feel comfortable you're going to get the treatment as it
- is in here.
- MS. THOMPSON: Homeowners can start at 5.
- 15 Nowhere in here should we be saying -- and to my
- 16 understanding we haven't said -- anything less than 5 is
- 17 sort of off limits for a homeowner.
- 18 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay. Okay. So let me
- 19 just ask one more question. If -- if you have 5 -- the
- 20 perc rate is 5 minutes per inch or faster or greater, do
- 21 you have -- you don't have to -- when you're pressure
- 22 dosing the system, you wouldn't have to have the depth to
- 23 groundwater be exactly at 3 feet. It could be -- has to be
- 24 at least 3 feet below. So I think we -- you might want to
- 25 add in the word just at least. So it would now read for

- 1 pressure distribution systems, the depth to high
- 2 groundwater shall be at least 3 feet below the bottom of
- 3 the absorption surface if the percolation rate of the soil
- 4 is 5 minutes per inch or greater (5 to 60). Okay.
- 5 Okay. On the soil texture, I know we've had this
- 6 discussion before. On page -- it's 25-8, starting on line
- 7 273. And, again, you know, I think somebody should be able
- 8 to do either a soil texture or a perc test. I think if we
- 9 leave it as you have it, that it's an additional tool to do
- 10 soil texture. We're never going to get forward movement in
- 11 the field, moving to soil texture from perc tests, which
- 12 can be a lot more accurate. And so I just -- you know, I
- 13 don't see the incentive for anybody -- I know you said
- 14 you're not that familiar with the soil texture
- 15 classification, and that you're not that experienced at
- 16 using it, but there is training. There are people that are
- 17 getting trained on it. And I think if we do -- I mean,
- 18 it's not an improper tool, and so I don't see the
- 19 hesitation to allow either, because it helps us move
- 20 forward. If you say you have to do both, who's going to do
- 21 it? And you may find you really like soil texture, that
- 22 it's a better, more accurate tool.
- 23 MR. TILLMAN: Madam Chair. I think part of
- 24 that comfortability with soil texture comes from
- 25 experience, and we have a responsibility, I feel, to the

- 1 state to be more sure that they're going to have an
- 2 absorption system that will work, as we see -- as we see
- 3 it. And if we were to step into that and it were to fail
- 4 and people misuse or didn't correctly texture their soil
- 5 properly, they're going to look to us as, well, you guys
- 6 said this. And I think there's some responsibility there
- 7 that that's why we're hesitant to use soil texturing until
- 8 we get more experience with it, and we can make more of a
- 9 correlation between the perc rate and the soil texturing.
- 10 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: But you do say it's by
- 11 a person experienced in soil classification. You can add
- 12 the word certified or --
- 13 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: You don't have
- 14 certification process.
- 15 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Not in the state.
- 16 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Correct. So I don't
- 17 know that you can do that.
- 18 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I just don't see us
- 19 moving forward with, you know, soil texturing if we're
- 20 going to say do it both.
- 21 MR. CRIPE: Madam Chairman. Board Member
- 22 Cahn, I would put the focus back on a couple of things.
- 23 This is for a homeowner to do, okay? I've personally done
- 24 a soil texture, so I'm well aware what they are. I even
- 25 have messed one up, not intentionally, trying to do that.

- 1 For a homeowner they're not going to get that. It requires
- 2 you to have that kind of knowledge. We are not -- not
- 3 considering that. Like we said, we are going to move
- 4 forward. We are going to address the policy as a tool, as
- 5 a means to check that. And down the road, if that's
- 6 something that we can get to a position where we can
- 7 educate the homeowners and get them to understand, we'd be
- 8 more than happy. But at this stage, that's why we've not
- 9 approached that at the moment.
- 10 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay. I'm --
- 11 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: And I apologize. I
- 12 wanted to go back for a second.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay.
- 14 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: So you kind of moved on
- 15 to the texturing, but back on line 239, 240. This is a
- 16 sentence I've seen a couple of places, and I didn't
- 17 understand what it meant, so maybe you can help me out
- 18 here. In (d) where it says depth to high groundwater at
- 19 least 4 feet for all systems except for pressure
- 20 distribution. The next sentence, in areas of high
- 21 groundwater, this vertical separation can be satisfied by a
- 22 pressure-dosed soil absorption system. What does that
- 23 mean? And do we need that sentence in there?
- 24 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: So we can leave that
- 25 sentence out and go to the next sentence.

- 1 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: That says when you have
- 2 pressure, then you can do 3 feet.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yep.
- 4 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Why do we need a
- 5 sentence in between the two? Because when I read that
- 6 sentence, that means to me that to get to this vertical
- 7 separation, all I have to do is elect to use a pressure-
- 8 filled soil absorption, then I've met the vertical
- 9 separation requirement. That's what that sentence means to
- 10 me, and I find it confusing. And so do we really need to
- 11 have that? I mean, does it say something important that
- 12 I'm not getting? There's a similar sentence like this
- 13 somewhere else I saw.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah.
- 15 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Can you do a search
- 16 that says can be satisfied by, and I didn't know what it
- 17 meant in that location either.
- MS. THOMPSON: Okay.
- 19 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: If you can do a word
- 20 search to find that.
- 21 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah. I think you can
- 22 lose that sentence.
- 23 And then in your definitions you have a pressure
- 24 distribution definition, so you're using pressure
- 25 distribution systems, so you -- you could either -- you

- 1 could go parentheses -- or maybe in the definition say
- 2 these are also referred to as pressure-dosed soil
- 3 absorption or something. I don't know, but I think you
- 4 could lose that sentence and not --
- 5 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: So that's just my
- 6 question, is there some meaning I'm not getting there, that
- 7 they mean, because if it doesn't say something critical,
- 8 I'd get rid of it, because I think it's a little confusing.
- 9 And if you could do a word search to find the
- 10 other place I saw, because it may not -- it may have not
- 11 fit there either.
- 12 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: I thought the
- 13 sentence before defined that you have to have at least
- 14 4 feet below the bottom -- the groundwater be at least 4
- 15 feet below the bottom --
- 16 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: But then the next
- 17 sentence says --
- 18 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: And then the next one
- 19 says the area of high groundwater where it's less than
- 20 4 feet. That's how I read that.
- 21 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: But then the next
- 22 sentence after that says if you use pressure, then you can
- 23 do a minimum of 3.
- 24 MS. THOMPSON: So that -- what I'm hearing
- 25 is that if we take that sentence out, does that bit about

- 1 high groundwater, do we lose something there?
- 2 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Right. Do we lose
- 3 something? Alls it's saying is that, you know -- if you
- 4 read it, that you're in a situation where you need to have
- 5 3 feet instead of 4, consider a pressure distribution
- 6 system, does that sentence tell you something that you
- 7 wouldn't come to that conclusion anyway?
- 8 MR. TILLMAN: No, I don't think so, ma'am.
- 9 MS. THOMPSON: And I'm going to defer to
- 10 Rich, because he's the trained civil engineer.
- 11 MR. CRIPE: I think you guys have a very
- 12 valid point that I can't argue against.
- MS. THOMPSON: Okay.
- 14 MR. CRIPE: I think it doesn't lend any --
- 15 I mean, I -- when I read it, I agreed with Board Member
- 16 Hans --
- BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Hanson.
- 18 MR. CRIPE: -- Hanson. Sorry.
- 19 However, because we've got both of those
- 20 sentences there --
- 21 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: That would probably --
- 22 MR. CRIPE: -- it's a little redundant, I
- 23 think.
- 24 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: If you -- and we do
- 25 have the word "high groundwater" in the second sentence.

- 1 If you wanted to start it off with in areas of high
- 2 groundwater, you could say the depth to high groundwater
- 3 shall be at least three feet below the bottom of the
- 4 absorption surface if the percolation rate of the soil is
- 5 minutes per inch or greater (5 to 60), and the --
- 6 pressure-dosed --
- 7 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Pressure-dosed soil
- 8 absorption system is used.
- 9 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: -- soil absorption
- 10 system in use.
- MR. CRIPE: Yeah, we can combine that.
- 12 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I think I would be
- 13 thrown off by the can be satisfied -- vertical distance can
- 14 be satisfied by. If you use this system, then you don't
- 15 have to worry about the vertical distance.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Then you --
- 17 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: That's the thing
- 18 that --
- 19 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: You can't go from --
- 20 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: It's a different
- 21 number.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: -- 1 to 0 --
- THE REPORTER: One at a time, please.
- 24 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Thank you.
- And if you would look, too, I'm pretty sure it's

- 1 somewhere else, so...
- Okay. Carry on.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: All right. I have so
- 4 many comments on page 25-9 I'm going to have a hard time
- 5 reading them all.
- 6 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: And for the record, on
- 7 the texturing thing, that's a system that they -- they used
- 8 in Maine, and people -- and when I lived there, you
- 9 definitely had to go through the certification process, and
- 10 it was not that easy. And I -- I like that system, but I
- 11 don't know that definitely we need to burden the rule with
- 12 making it a way to promote the development of that, because
- 13 right now, since there's no certification system, it's hard
- 14 for me to be comfortable with it being an alternative to --
- 15 to a way of evaluating that you know works. So that's --
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Who would offer
- 17 certification in the -- in the state? What kind of a group
- 18 offers that? Is it DEQ that offers it?
- MR. TILLMAN: I don't know.
- 20 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: It may have something
- 21 to do with the Public Health Department, or something like
- 22 that. So you'd have to look to the -- develop a program by
- 23 some agency or county, but since that's not at this time, I
- 24 don't think we can sort of jump-start it by including it in
- 25 here.

- 1 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I'm just wondering if
- 2 it's something DEQ would offer. Who would typically offer
- 3 certification classes in the --
- 4 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Yeah, I don't recall.
- 5 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Where did you get your
- 6 certification?
- 7 MR. CRIPE: I didn't get a certification.
- 8 I actually took, Board Member Cahn, coursework at the
- 9 University of Wyoming. And part of what you do, when
- 10 you're doing soils and that, you run through that training
- of how to do one of those. We -- you know, as far as the
- 12 certification, I'm not aware of where that is in our state.
- 13 You know, if there is, the first thing I could think would
- 14 maybe be Colorado might be a neighboring state that might
- 15 have something in that nature.
- 16 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I know Maine does it,
- 17 but I don't recall. I haven't lived there for 20 years, so
- 18 I don't remember what -- who ran the certification program.
- 19 But I guess I'm just suggesting that it's, you know,
- 20 something that might happen in the future, but I can
- 21 understand why you don't have it in the reg at the moment,
- 22 so just my two cents. Move forward.
- 23 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: All right. Well, the
- 24 first thing -- I'll start with the easy one. On line 300
- 25 we're missing -- or the liters and milligrams per liters

- 1 should be capitalized.
- 2 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: 300. Nitrates, you
- 3 mean.
- 4 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Yeah, usually got a
- 5 capital L.
- 6 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I tried to Google this
- 7 Source Water Assessment, and that was not available
- 8 anywhere that I could find. So I'm wondering how does the
- 9 public access this document, Source Water Assessment 2004.
- 10 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: What page are you on?
- 11 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I'm on line 296. It's
- 12 basically footnote 2.
- 13 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Yeah. Okay.
- 14 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I wanted to see what
- 15 was in that, and I couldn't access that anywhere.
- MS. THOMPSON: Board Member Cahn, I'm
- 17 wondering if maybe a link has been broken, because when we
- 18 first put this footnote in, I Googled it and was able to
- 19 find it. But we've been -- this isn't a document that our
- 20 program manages. I believe it's managed in the watershed
- 21 program. And if they've moved it or if they it got
- 22 adjusted --
- 23 MR. CRIPE: Board Member Cahn, it's
- 24 actually something that falls in our program, but currently
- 25 we were going through some updates on our Web page, and so,

- 1 as she has indicated, maybe something has --
- 2 MS. THOMPSON: I think there's a broken
- 3 link.
- 4 MR. CRIPE: Broken link or something of
- 5 that nature. But that has been around for how long, Kevin?
- 6 2002.
- 7 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: 2004. 2004.
- 8 MR. CRIPE: When that was developed. And
- 9 it's also my understanding that most of the municipalities,
- 10 that information was shared with them as well. But we can
- 11 ensure that link and check it. It was there for a number
- 12 of years. I'm not sure what occurred there, so -- it was
- 13 done and developed for all of these communities through
- 14 Wyoming.
- 15 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay. So I'm -- I'm a
- 16 little bit confused about this whole Table 4 and the public
- 17 water supply well. With footnote 1, "For disposal of
- 18 nondomestic wastewater, the setback distance shall be
- 19 determined by a hydrogeological study in accordance with
- 20 Section 17(b) of Chapter 3... "So I guess I'm wondering
- 21 why -- why -- if this is covered by Chapter 3, why do we
- 22 have this in here? That's kind of -- why is this in
- 23 Chapter 25, if the requirements here are in Chapter 3? So
- 24 I guess I'm wondering why it's in here, is one question.
- MR. CRIPE: In chapter --

- 1 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Why do we even need
- 2 footnote 1, because we're not talking about that disposal
- 3 of nondomestic wastewater?
- 4 MR. TILLMAN: It could possibly be the UIC
- 5 program that also references our chapter.
- 6 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Because of UIC, okay
- 7 that answers my question. That might take care of most of
- 8 my questions. Let me -- give me a few minutes just to read
- 9 through, because I had a lot.
- 10 And then I guess with footnote 2, which has to do
- 11 with public water supply wells, minimal -- minimum
- 12 horizontal setbacks from public water supply wells, is
- 13 this -- isn't this addressed through zoning through county
- 14 commissioners, this -- I'm just -- I mean, don't we have,
- 15 you know, protection of water supply wells and other
- 16 regulations? So, again, I'm kind of wondering what's in
- 17 here.
- 18 MR. TILLMAN: I don't think it's always
- 19 taken care of that way. I know somebody in Torrington,
- 20 they want to put an absorption system right next to where
- 21 they have public water supply, and that's prime reason why
- 22 they wanted that separation.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay.
- MR. CRIPE: Board Member Cahn, I would even
- 25 suggest Laramie has had this same situation occur.

- 1 Sometimes your homeowners are not educated enough to
- 2 understand that this is not healthy for them, and they've
- 3 had that that occur there as well.
- 4 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Yeah.
- 5 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: And I think I had this
- 6 question before about the 4-log removal of pathogens. I
- 7 know that it's not a test that somebody needs to do. It's
- 8 a treatment system that's capable of showing that, but
- 9 again, this is something for homeowners, and it's starting
- 10 to get a little complicated. Is there any way we can, you
- 11 know, do with -- I mean, you're not having them check for
- 12 indicator --
- MS. THOMPSON: Right. If I might
- 14 interject. That particular subscript, we've added a line
- 15 that additionally explains that systems that fall under
- 16 that subscript 2 are required to obtain an individual
- 17 permit and will require a PE. So a homeowner will not be
- 18 applying for that type of system. It will have to be
- 19 applied for under the guidance of a PE.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay.
- MS. THOMPSON: Uh-huh.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay.
- 23 MS. THOMPSON: And we felt by leaving in
- 24 that technical term, since we've kind of cleared up that
- 25 this isn't homeowner territory anymore, this is PE

- 1 territory, we felt like it was appropriate to leave that
- 2 term, because we still wanted them to understand that was
- 3 the standard we wanted them to remove to.
- 4 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay. Okay. Then I
- 5 had another question about if you have let's say a
- 6 business, small business like a restaurant, that's going to
- 7 put in a septic system, and restaurant, could you explain
- 8 how that fits in this table?
- 9 MR. CRIPE: What table?
- 10 MS. THOMPSON: We're still on Table 4,
- 11 correct?
- 12 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah, correct. Still
- 13 on Table 4.
- 14 MR. CRIPE: Well, Board Member Cahn, first
- 15 of all, if it's a restaurant, you're a commercial system
- 16 that is addressed by the UIC program. We also have
- 17 delegated counties that get involved with that. Are you
- 18 referring to setback distances or are you referring to the
- 19 design?
- 20 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: The set -- the setback
- 21 distances.
- 22 MS. THOMPSON: So are you kind of comparing
- 23 Tables 1 and 2, where we have -- we have those split up
- 24 between residential and nonresidential, and you're
- 25 wondering is Table 4 for residences or is it for both

- 1 residential and nonresidential?
- I think that's her question, Rich.
- MR. CRIPE: Okay. If Table 4 is for
- 4 residential, okay? Non -- or for domestic waste. If you
- 5 go to Section 18, I believe is where that is, there is
- 6 where your commercial and industrial wastewaters and all of
- 7 that fall. So that --
- 8 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Where is that? I
- 9 didn't hear you, Rich.
- MR. TILLMAN: Section 18.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Which one?
- MR. TILLMAN: Section 18.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay.
- 14 MR. CRIPE: Page 25-35, that table would
- 15 apply to your scenario as you've indicated, or it would
- 16 apply to the other scenarios that would be listed in
- 17 Section 2 as far as the different types of UICs. They
- 18 would go to that -- the Table 4 that we're looking at here
- 19 is just for homeowners and residential that --
- 20 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: So do we need to say
- 21 for residential in the title, minimum horizontal setback?
- 22 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: So then -- go back to
- 23 the question of why we've got footnote 1. If footnote 1,
- 24 disposal of nondomestic wastewater, and Table 4 is just for
- 25 residential domestic.

- 1 MR. TILLMAN: The UIC program, they permit
- 2 systems that are over 2,000.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: So should that be under
- 4 Table 7? Should that footnote then come out of this table
- 5 and be in Table 7? Maybe we should address the UIC
- 6 commercial/industrial waste as homeowners are not going to
- 7 be doing UIC, so...
- 8 MR. TILLMAN: I'm saying the UIC program
- 9 references our chapter, so we don't know exactly as to what
- 10 extent they may --
- 11 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: But if it's in Table 7,
- 12 then --
- MR. CRIPE: Well --
- 14 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: -- on page 25-35, which
- 15 is Section 18, commercial/industrial waste, waste greater
- 16 than 2,000 -- sorry. I'm just very confused. We have --
- 17 we have this UIC stuff that we all sort of agree doesn't
- 18 really belong here, but we have to have it in here. So I'm
- 19 just trying to make clear it's not a thing that got stuck
- 20 on, it's something that's integral with --
- 21 MR. CRIPE: Board Member Cahn, it didn't
- 22 get stuck on. I apologize in the clarification of my
- 23 answer to you. There --
- 24 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I get it now.
- MR. CRIPE: The note is appropriate where

- 1 it is. There are UICs that address this. However, the
- 2 lion's share of other UIC address this other table, and it
- 3 specifies that in that note. But the UIC does use this.
- 4 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Right.
- 5 MR. CRIPE: And we're trying to give them
- 6 clarification so they know what they need to do to ensure
- 7 they're not going to -- you're not going to affect the
- 8 groundwater. And that's addressed in Chapter 3, Section
- 9 17, that goes in great detail all of the stuff they've got
- 10 to do. So the note is appropriate. It's just the nature
- 11 of what --
- 12 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: It's a confusing
- 13 overlap.
- MR. CRIPE: Yes.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah. Yeah.
- MR. CRIPE: So it is appropriate note.
- 17 I --
- 18 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: But I can see where you
- 19 don't have it saying it's residential, because domestic is
- 20 greater than 2,000, then it has to go on this table as
- 21 well.
- MR. CRIPE: Yes.
- 23 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: That's what --
- 24 MR. CRIPE: It's domestic, and you guys
- 25 have domestic.

- 1 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I got it. It was
- 2 complicated to get there, but I got it.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I still haven't gotten
- 4 there. You're going to have to help me out.
- 5 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: There's a reason.
- 6 There's a reason.
- 7 MR. CRIPE: Board --
- 8 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yes.
- 9 MR. CRIPE: Board Member Cahn, the water
- 10 administrator made an awesome suggestion. We can clarify
- 11 that by probably putting domestic waste in the title and
- 12 that would probably clear up the confusion.
- 13 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Right. Because it's
- 14 not necessarily residential, but the thing that's in common
- 15 is it's domestic wastewater.
- MR. CRIPE: Correct.
- 17 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Whether it's greater
- 18 2,000 through the UIC, or whether it's through this --
- 19 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: So what happens if it's
- 20 a restaurant?
- 21 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Then it's not on that
- 22 table.
- 23 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Then it's on the
- 24 other --
- MR. TILLMAN: Yes.

- 1 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Even if it's less than
- 2 2,000.
- 3 MR. CRIPE: Yes.
- 4 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Yes?
- 5 MR. CRIPE: Yes.
- 6 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Thank you for that
- 7 suggestion, because it was very confusing.
- 8 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah. No, that sounds
- 9 good.
- 10 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: So where have we
- 11 added it, just afterwards?
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: It's going to be in the
- 13 title, minimal horizontal setback.
- 14 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: For domestic wastewater
- 15 disposal.
- MR. TILLMAN: For domestic waste, something
- 17 like that.
- 18 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah, for domestic
- 19 waste.
- 20 Okay. Great. Okay. Back to Table 5. And I
- 21 understand you want to use the table rather than the graph,
- 22 and I'll give up on this one. But I do think since there
- 23 are a lot of numbers that are the same as you get higher
- 24 and higher, like 56 to 60 is all .3, 51 to 55 is all .31, I
- 25 would think if you have the same number, you could just

- 1 shorten up this table a little bit by just combining those,
- 2 and that would be preferable. And, you know, I still don't
- 3 like having to the hundredth of a gallon per day per square
- 4 foot, but I just don't think perc tested that accurate,
- 5 and, you know, I guess I would ask you one more time if you
- 6 would consider doing it to a tenth rather than a hundredth.
- 7 MR. CRIPE: Board Member Cahn, I appreciate
- 8 your thoughts and concerns on that. We will entertain the
- 9 reducing of the table. My experience and knowledge on
- 10 that, I have a differing opinion on that, so I will say
- 11 that the tenth is inappropriate here. The hundredth is
- 12 appropriate here, but we will entertain the reducing of
- 13 that so that we're not taking up more space. We can do
- 14 that.
- 15 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: We can shorten it up a
- 16 little bit.
- 17 Okay. I'm -- in a lot of responses to comments,
- 18 the responses to comments said that you chose to do things
- 19 a certain way because it was more restrictive, more -- more
- 20 conservative and more protective. When I get to including
- 21 sidewalls on -- starting on page -- where are we -- 25-11,
- 22 I feel like we're really unconservative by including the
- 23 sidewalls in here.
- 24 And I think we can really simplify this by just
- 25 having the area be -- just ignore the sidewalls and not

- 1 have to have all these different formulas. Because if
- 2 you -- and if you look at other states, I think you'll find
- 3 that -- I think I looked at Utah, Colorado, Montana, Idaho
- 4 and Wyoming was considerably less conservative than all of
- 5 the surrounding states by you -- the number of chambers
- 6 that this would calculate. And the fact that the length of
- 7 the -- or the spacing between trenches is only three feet
- 8 where the other states are using between 4 and 6.
- 9 And so by the time you start doing the math, I
- 10 think if you compared -- I think you'd find that you were
- 11 much less conservative on the order of sometimes, you know,
- 12 the infiltrative area is more than a hundred percent times
- 13 larger in other states than our infiltrative area. So I
- 14 really take issue with including the sidewalls on here and
- 15 having 3-foot separations.
- 16 Then when we get to -- so that's kind of one
- 17 comment. Second one is with chamber trenches, a chamber is
- 18 not really doing anything for you in terms of slowing
- 19 down -- or, you know, changing your infiltrative surface.
- 20 So to give credit for having a chambered trench to give you
- 21 additional sidewall credit, you're not -- a chamber's not
- 22 really doing anything for you. It's sort of easier to
- 23 install, it's cheaper for a homeowner, but in terms of
- 24 protectiveness, I don't think you should get any extra
- 25 credit for sidewalls and -- and -- because you're not

- 1 getting anything in the sidewalls.
- 2 So I really -- I really have a problem with when
- 3 you look at other states, particularly surrounding the
- 4 states around us, with being much less conservative -- or
- 5 being much less protective and being significantly
- 6 different than the states around us. So I guess I would --
- 7 I don't know where we're going to go on this one, because I
- 8 really -- I guess my recommendation is going to be we
- 9 just -- we -- I'd like to see us increase the -- the
- 10 separation from 4 to 6 and not have 3-foot separation.
- 11 Nobody seems to do that but us. And also not counting the
- 12 sidewall. So I don't know where we're going to go on this
- one, because I know you disagree, but...
- 14 MR. TILLMAN: We've done extensive looking
- 15 at it at the sidewall, and trench configuration does do
- 16 treatment and needs to be considered. And we don't
- 17 consider that to be conservative, but as a necessary part
- 18 of that technology, that type of system. Rich can
- 19 elaborate more on that, but we have gone round and round
- 20 through many discussions on that, and just including the
- 21 bottom area is something that we've collectively decided it
- 22 wasn't appropriate in certain instances. In a bit
- 23 configuration, bottom area is all you have. But in a
- 24 trench system you have to consider the sidewall as part of
- 25 that surface, that infiltrative surface. And to neglect

- 1 that, now you're going to increase the size of this thing,
- 2 the length of the trench, the number of chambers
- 3 significantly.
- 4 And some people don't have that room, as has been
- 5 stated on other things we brought, that area and usable
- 6 space, the lots that people have, you have to take that
- 7 into consideration.
- 8 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I don't know. We're
- 9 going to be on an impasse on this one, you know, because
- 10 I -- I am in favor of protectiveness on that, and we're
- 11 significantly different than other states around us.
- 12 MR. TILLMAN: I guess I'm not sure where
- 13 we're not protective of the environment by including the
- 14 sidewall?
- 15 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Because you're coming
- 16 up with a smaller number of chambers, and you're -- you
- 17 have less area for infiltration. The more area you have
- 18 for infiltration, the more protective, there's more area
- 19 for treatment, there's more -- so I don't know where we're
- 20 going to end up on this one, but --
- 21 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: So you spoke about
- 22 including the sidewalls. What about Board Member Cahn's
- 23 bringing up a point about the distances between the
- 24 trenches?
- MR. TILLMAN: Again, you can increase that

- 1 spacing, but, again, you require the footprint required,
- 2 then, is going to be larger. And now you require the
- 3 homeowner has more area to put in a given amount of
- 4 surface.
- 5 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: But if --
- 6 MR. TILLMAN: Does that 3 foot, does that
- 7 4 foot, what is that buying you, I guess? In that case,
- 8 what is it -- what's it doing for you?
- 9 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: It's giving you more
- 10 infiltrative area. I mean why --
- 11 MR. TILLMAN: But is that not a sidewall,
- 12 then?
- 13 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: That's not sidewall?
- 14 MR. CRIPE: You know, that has been done
- 15 for a number of years in the state of Wyoming, and there is
- 16 a proven record that we have done well. You did mention
- 17 some areas, and we can have that discussion on that areas.
- 18 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah. We've got some
- 19 areas in Teton County where we've got some problems.
- 20 MR. CRIPE: Well, that's a whole different
- 21 topic, and -- but the whole point is we have had success
- 22 doing what we are doing. And there's a different
- 23 philosophy, I guess, that you're throwing out there. But
- 24 this does take that into account. We have, you know,
- 25 success in getting those sized properly. One thing that we

- 1 have done with the chambers, because we reevaluated that,
- 2 it used to, at one point when those were introduced, that
- 3 they were giving them 50 percent. That's been reduced down
- 4 to 30. That's very consistent with the plumbing code
- 5 that's out there, the International Plumbing Code. They
- 6 come up with the same thing.
- 7 This does lay out the safe and adequate thing.
- 8 As far as indicating whether you're getting treatment or
- 9 not, you are. The distances between those, even in EPA's
- 10 manual, indicates, you know, you want to have the 3 feet
- 11 off the side of each of those trenches, which we are. Plus
- 12 we're allowing another 3 feet in between where, say, the
- 13 life of that leach field is -- you know, moves on, you have
- 14 a replacement area in between those that you can put in a
- 15 new field to treat. So...
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: But you have more
- 17 reserve and more of that reserve if you have a bigger
- 18 separation between trenches.
- 19 MR. CRIPE: We have 9 feet as it is, so you
- 20 do have --
- 21 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: How are you getting
- 22 9 feet? I'm getting 3 feet and 3 feet.
- 23 MR. CRIPE: If you read in the design
- 24 manual, it does indicate 9 feet from one to the other. So
- 25 you have 9 feet in there. The replacement area could fall

- 1 in between those trenches.
- 2 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I'm not getting it.
- 3 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I think you need to
- 4 clarify for her where you're measuring.
- 5 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah.
- 6 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: She's got a knitted
- 7 brow, so I think you're not on the same page.
- 8 MR. CRIPE: I'll draw a picture, if that's
- 9 helpful. I wish I had --
- 10 MS. THOMPSON: There's a whiteboard, but we
- 11 don't have any markers with us.
- 12 MR. CRIPE: Your trench layout as I've
- 13 drawn here, the distance that the regulation shows
- 14 currently here is 9 feet. What they say is you need to
- 15 have -- and this is according to the EPA, and a lot of
- 16 those things out there, that you need to have 3 feet at
- 17 least. Some of them even indicate a foot and a half.
- 18 Three is being conservative. If you do that, then that
- 19 allows you at a later point, when this life is done on this
- 20 field, to either put a trench here and one out here --
- 21 whoops, I've drawn this upside down, I apologize -- and
- 22 have the proper spacing. But with -- what we have found in
- 23 our research is that you typically only need a foot and a
- 24 half, but you can go as far as 3. We have in our
- 25 regulation that these are separated by 9 feet. Is that --

- 1 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: And other states have 4
- 2 to 6, which wouldn't allow for --
- 3 MR. CRIPE: Them to put something in
- 4 between.
- 5 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah.
- 6 MR. CRIPE: That's what we're allowing to
- 7 do so that you're making the use of their land -- you're --
- 8 they can come in and not have to tear up the rest of their
- 9 land. It's in a smaller footprint in the area that you've
- 10 identified.
- BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Wyoming has more.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: What's that?
- 13 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: We have more land in
- 14 Wyoming.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: We have more land in
- 16 Wyoming.
- 17 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: We have more land in
- 18 Wyoming, so we can make it wider.
- 19 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah, I'm -- I don't
- 20 think we're going to get anywhere on this one, so I'll
- 21 just -- I mean, we'll just move on, but --
- 22 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Move to your next.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah.
- On line 398, we're talking about coarse sand or
- 25 soils having a percolation rate less than, we have 1 minute

- 1 per inch. Shouldn't that be 5 minutes per inch? I thought
- 2 essentially if we're between 5 and 60, we don't need a
- 3 professional engineer, but if we're less than five --
- 4 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: This is flat-out
- 5 banning it. It's unsuitable.
- 6 MR. TILLMAN: Yeah, it's -- yeah.
- 7 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: If you have a PE, it
- 8 means, period, you can't do it. So 1 is cutoff, for
- 9 period, you can't do it.
- 10 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Oh. Okay.
- 11 Now we're -- I'm sorry. Okay. Well, so if --
- 12 again, I get confused with percolation rates. Coarse sand
- or soils, so now we've got it's faster than --
- 14 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Right, uh-huh.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: -- 1.
- 16 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Right. So if it's
- 17 really, really fast, you can't do a subsurface disposal.
- 18 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I guess I
- 19 misunderstood. I thought one of the changes you made was
- 20 to make it 5 to 60 throughout this --
- MR. CRIPE: Right.
- 22 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I thought 1 to 5 meant
- 23 you need to have a PE.
- MR. CRIPE: Right. 1 to 5 --
- MR. TILLMAN: Correct.

- 2 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: And this is to
- 3 explain --
- 4 MR. CRIPE: Less than 1.
- 5 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Less than 1 --
- 6 THE REPORTER: One at a time, please.
- 7 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay.
- 8 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: -- you can't at all.
- 9 MR. CRIPE: That is correct, actually.
- 10 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay. All right. On
- 11 line 407, it's -- first it talks about the IPC, and then it
- 12 says in the absence of an approved plumbing code and in
- 13 addition to IPC. So what kind of a plumbing code are you
- 14 talking about? Is this a county-, city-, town-type code?
- MR. TILLMAN: Yes.
- 16 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: So should it say an
- 17 approved local plumbing code?
- 18 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah. Something that
- 19 says what it is.
- 20 MR. CRIPE: I think it was wording that was
- 21 brought in by Connor, I believe somewhere up in your neck
- 22 of the woods. That's what they suggested and we used their
- 23 wording.
- 24 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I would put local
- 25 so --

1	BUYBD	MEMBER	CAHN:	Yeah.
±	BUAND	MEMBER	CAIII.	ıcan.

- 2 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: -- because otherwise it
- 3 implies the International Plumbing Code isn't approved.
- 4 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah. That's exactly
- 5 what --
- 6 MR. CRIPE: We can add that word "local."
- 7 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay. On line 410,
- 8 "suitable sewer pipe materials are PVC." I think instead
- 9 of "and" it should be "or" ABS. They're not --
- 10 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: No.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: They're not both.
- 12 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Oh. Gotcha.
- 13 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: And then the next line
- 14 has a proper septic tank inlet and outlet pipes shall be
- 15 schedule 40 PVC or ABS. So I think you mean "or."
- 16 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Uh-huh.
- MR. CRIPE: Okay.
- 18 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: On line 417 I want to
- 19 reverse the order of the sentence so that the "not be
- 20 smaller than 4 inches in diameter" is at the end of the
- 21 sentence, so that the "not" doesn't apply to size to handle
- 22 the peak hourly flow. So I think we were also -- weren't
- 23 we going to use design flows, not peak -- I forget which
- 24 one we're using.
- 25 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: You were using design.

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1	BOARD	MEMBER	CAHN:	Design,	yean.

- 2 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: But I agree the
- 3 sentence is little confusing --
- 4 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: So it should read --
- 5 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: -- as far as should not
- 6 apply to.
- 7 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: My proposed wording
- 8 would be building sewer pipes shall be sized to handle the
- 9 design hourly flow from the building and not be smaller
- 10 than 4 inches in diameter. The problem is having the not
- 11 first.
- 12 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Is that an appropriate
- 13 interpretation?
- MR. TILLMAN: Excuse me?
- 15 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Is that a suitable
- 16 interpretation, that the not doesn't apply to that other
- 17 half of that sentence? Clearly, I mean --
- MR. TILLMAN: Yeah.
- 19 MS. THOMPSON: You know, that's an old
- 20 sentence. That's existing language.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I know.
- 22 MS. THOMPSON: It's been awful the whole
- 23 time.
- 24 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I don't look through
- 25 when I read it to see just the changes. I just look at the

- 1 whole package again.
- MS. THOMPSON: Yeah.
- 3 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: So I may be bringing up
- 4 something I haven't brought up before, but --
- 5 MS. THOMPSON: That's okay. I just wanted
- 6 to point out that that's in there because that was one of
- 7 the few things we didn't change. So we liked the standard
- 8 that was setting up. So I think that we can adjust that to
- 9 eliminate that confusion.
- 10 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Sort of the cart
- 11 before the horse.
- 12 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Yeah, in the peak
- 13 issue.
- 14 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: On page -- are you guys
- 15 okay? Page 25-13 --
- 16 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: We just want to make
- 17 sure we can get to 15 and then --
- MS. THOMPSON: And 24, yeah.
- 19 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: -- and then 24.
- 20 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Well, I have a lot on
- 21 this one. There are sections.
- 22 Okay. I'm on line 25-13 -- or page 25-13, line
- 23 450. When you talk about overexcavating because of an
- 24 obstruction, it -- I think for a homeowner, if you're
- 25 adding the word after as needed to remove obstruction, if

- 1 you add that word, and then I think that will be clear that
- 2 overexcavating isn't just making it a bigger area. It's
- 3 removing the obstruction is the important part. So it's --
- 4 MR. TILLMAN: Is that always an
- 5 obstruction? Can it just be for convenience of installing?
- 6 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Can it be --
- 7 MR. TILLMAN: Can it be just to give you
- 8 room? Not just get around something --
- 9 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Well, not necessarily
- 10 to remove the obstruction.
- 11 MR. TILLMAN: It's just to have more room
- 12 to work in.
- 13 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Oh. Well, okay. So
- 14 maybe -- I guess what was unclear is what over -- because
- 15 when the rock or other undesirable protruding obstructions
- 16 are encountered.
- 17 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Yeah. I think it's
- 18 okay as is, because I think they're trying to cover the
- 19 situation where they need to get around the protruding
- 20 obstruction.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Oh, okay.
- 22 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Not necessarily remove
- 23 it, but to facilitate the installation of --
- 24 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I get it. Okay.
- 25 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: You could -- probably

- 1 instead of shall be overexcavated, may have to be
- 2 overexcavated, because then it goes with as needed.
- 3 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Right. May be
- 4 overexcavated instead of shall be, if that's appropriate.
- 5 MS. THOMPSON: Okay.
- 6 MR. CRIPE: We can do that.
- 7 MS. THOMPSON: Yep.
- 8 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay. On line 490, I
- 9 think in -- and I appreciate your trying to reword this to
- 10 incorporate my concerns of the wording, but I think it's
- 11 still kind of muddled. I think we can still improve on the
- 12 wording. I think we need to talk about the outlet in a
- 13 separate way from the inlet and not try to put it all
- 14 together.
- 15 So if we said the upper part -- so on line 490,
- 16 if we say talk about the inlet first, the upper part of the
- 17 inlet tee should extend 8 to 9 inches below the top of the
- 18 liquid level.
- 19 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Where? What line is
- 20 this?
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Line 490.
- 22 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: No. The tees?
- 23 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: The tees or baffles --
- 24 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah. I think we still
- 25 have a problem by trying to have both the inlet and the

- 1 outlet in the -- and the tees and baffle -- or baffles are
- 2 all in the same thing. So I think we want to talk about
- 3 the requirements for an inlet tee and then talk about the
- 4 requirements for an outlet tee.
- 5 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: When I read it, the
- 6 part that says the upper part shall be, you know, 6 inches
- 7 above the liquid level --
- 8 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: That's only for --
- 9 isn't that only for the inlet, or is that for both? That
- 10 might be -- is that for both?
- 11 MR. TILLMAN: Be for both. Yeah, it would
- 12 be both.
- 13 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Both.
- 14 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: But then it says the
- 15 part below the liquid level shall be 30 to 40 percent of
- 16 the total liquid that only applies to the outlet, not to
- 17 the inlet.
- MR. TILLMAN: No. You can have --
- 19 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: No, because the inlet
- 20 is done by 8 inches into the liquid level -- or 6 inches
- 21 into the liquids level. Sorry. 6 inches. I'm sorry. My
- 22 eyes are getting tired. I'm seeing 6s and 8s.
- So if we said the inlet tee should extend
- 24 6 inches below the top of the liquid level, or the inlet
- 25 tee or baffle shall extend 8 to 9 inches -- I'm sorry,

- 6 inches below the top of the liquid level, and then --
- 2 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: My only suggestion on
- 3 that line is for the second line in (I) where it says, "The
- 4 part below the liquid level shall be 30 to 40 percent of
- 5 the total liquid depth, can you just say the part below the
- 6 liquid level shall extend 30 to 40 percent of the total
- 7 liquid depth.
- 8 (Mr. Tillman and Mr. Cripe
- 9 have a conversation.)
- 10 THE REPORTER: Is this going to be on the
- 11 record or --
- 12 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: This goes 30 to
- 13 40 percent down into this level, otherwise you're going to
- 14 get stung out into here. It has to extend 30 to
- 15 40 percent -- can't be right there, like this drawing.
- 16 MR. TILLMAN: Well this is just a drawing
- just to show that the tee goes two ways, the upper and
- 18 lower referring to an above and below, not necessarily
- 19 inlet and outlet. They both have an upper --
- 20 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: But the requirements
- 21 for an inlet tee are going to be different than where the
- 22 requirements for the outlet tee.
- MR. TILLMAN: The location, yes.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: In terms of where they
- 25 are. This one -- the bottom going to be 30 perc --

- 1 40 percent into the liquid level, and this one's got to be
- 2 6 -- what is it, 6 inches above the liquids level?
- 3 MR. TILLMAN: No. Ma'am, I think what
- 4 we're saying is that the inlet -- the inlet and outlet are
- 5 going to be at different elevations. The inlet tee has a
- 6 part that extends 6 inches above -- the upper part 6 inches
- 7 above. The lower part is some percentage of the level.
- 8 It's going to be in a different location, correct, because
- 9 the outlet's going to be in different locations. So,
- 10 therefore, it's going to be somewhat lower into the liquids
- 11 than that. But the percentage is still of the level. Not
- 12 of the liquids in the tank, of the liquid level that's
- 13 possible in the tank. So there is an upper and a lower
- 14 part of that tee that applies to both the inlet and the
- 15 outlet.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: But --
- 17 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: So -- so is the problem
- 18 here that we need to say the upper part should be a minimum
- 19 of 6 inches above the maximum liquid level, or -- there
- 20 just seems to be a lack of clarity. If we're confused,
- 21 we're not going to be the only ones that are confused.
- 22 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: The liquid level is
- 23 going to be determined on the outlet, so that shouldn't be
- 24 changing. The liquid level, right? That's going to be
- 25 determined on your outlet.

1	MR.	TILLMAN:	Somewhat,	yes.

- 2 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay. So -- well --
- 3 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: So the part below the
- 4 liquid level shall extend 30 to 40 percent of the total
- 5 liquid depth. So essentially it's -- water's this deep,
- 6 then it's going 30 to 40 percent below the top of the
- 7 water --
- 8 MR. TILLMAN: Yes.
- 9 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: -- of that total depth.
- 10 So can we just say shall extend to 30 to
- 11 40 percent of that total liquid depth?
- MR. TILLMAN: Yes.
- 13 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: And it shouldn't say --
- 14 excuse my language. It shouldn't say "shall extend to."
- 15 It should say "shall extend."
- MR. TILLMAN: Shall extend.
- 17 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Right. Because "extend
- 18 to" would mean it would go down 70 percent. So you just
- 19 want -- right? So you just want "shall extend 30 to 40
- 20 percent" --
- 21 MR. CRIPE: Yes.
- 22 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: -- "of the total liquid
- 23 depth."
- MR. CRIPE: Yes, Madam Chair.
- 25 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Okay.

- 1 MR. CRIPE: The liquid level shall extend
- 2 30 to 40 percent of the depth of the total liquid depth.
- 3 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I think I can
- 4 understand it from there. It's a confusing scenario.
- 5 However, it seems to me that -- that this is a
- 6 requirement of the -- of the tank that, most tanks are
- 7 constructed this way. The typical homeowner is probably
- 8 not getting into this level of detail, so --
- 9 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: So you're saying --
- 10 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I'm saying that the
- 11 lower --
- 12 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: -- lower part of the
- 13 tees and baffles extends to the same 30 to 40 percent? I
- 14 think that -- isn't that last sentence only applying 30 to
- 15 40 percent total liquid depth, isn't that only for the
- 16 outlet?
- 17 MR. TILLMAN: No. It's 30 to 40 percent of
- 18 the total liquid depth. You're going to have to -- again,
- 19 you have an inlet and outlet that's going to be at
- 20 different levels. And 30 percent -- 30 to 40 percent of
- 21 the liquid depth for the first one is going to be a
- 22 different height than that of the outlet, but they're both
- 23 going to have that same requirement.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: All right. I'm -- I'll
- 25 just move on, because I still find it confusing.

1 All right. I'm going to --CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Yeah, let's --3 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Let's move on. CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Let's try to move on. 4 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay. 5 6 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Kind of prioritize 7 what's important. BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I had heard from a 8 member of the public that most tanks aren't going to meet 9 this 3 -- in line 494, a minimum of 3 inches of clear space 10 11 should be provided --12 THE REPORTER: I'm sorry. Can you repeat 13 that. 14 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Sorry. It's line 494, 15 "A minimum of 3 inches of clear space shall be provided over the tops of the baffles or tees." And that's for 16 venting of gases. And I'm hearing from a member of the 17 public that works with these that most are not -- tanks are 18 19 not going to meet that, that they'll have 1 to 2 inches and 20 not 3. And so since this is just for gas venting, I think 21 I want -- would ask you to please check, because I'm hearing that this is not -- the manufacturers are not --22 23 tanks are not going to have that, that it's only going to

And since we're only talking about a minimum, can

be 1 or 2 inches for gas venting. So I would ask that.

24

- 1 we say a minimum of 1 inch of clear space, and then tanks
- 2 that are 2 inches will meet it, tanks that are 1 inch will
- 3 meet it?
- 4 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: What line are we on,
- 5 Lorie?
- 6 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: We're on line 494.
- 7 MR. TILLMAN: We can check that with tanks
- 8 that we've already approved and see where that lines out.
- 9 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah. Yeah. Please
- 10 do. And if you find any that are 1-inch approved, then
- 11 change that to 1 inch, then --
- MR. TILLMAN: Sure.
- 13 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay. All right. Back
- 14 to the rewording of 509. We had this talk before about I
- 15 still have a problem with the first tank or the first
- 16 compartment of the first tank shall be equal to 50 percent.
- 17 I think it's really at least 50 percent. And so we're
- 18 talking -- first sentence we're really talking about if
- 19 there's more than one tank, the first tank -- and I would
- 20 get rid of the "or the first compartment of the first
- 21 tank" -- shall be at least 50 percent of the total septic
- 22 tank system volume.
- 23 Because I still think this prevents two tanks in
- 24 series, and then have -- so I almost think we need a B and
- 25 a C in here. And I would propose that B would read if a

- 1 tank has more than one compartment, the first
- 2 compartment -- so I think -- let me back up. I would talk
- 3 about a single tank and then a series of tanks. So B would
- 4 say if a tank has more than one compartment, the first
- 5 compartment shall be 50 percent -- should be at least
- 6 50 percent of the tank volume. And then C, a new C, would
- 7 say if there's more than one tank, the first tank shall be
- 8 at least 50 percent of the total septic tank system volume.
- 9 Or we --
- 10 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I guess.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I'm sorry. Sorry. Not
- 12 total septic tank. Sorry. Of the tank volume. We don't
- 13 want to prevent two tanks in series.
- MR. TILLMAN: Ma'am --
- 15 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I guess I don't
- 16 understand how this -- it seems to me like what you said
- 17 was exactly the same thing it says here. I don't see how
- 18 this prevents two tanks in a series. I'm confused, Lorie.
- 19 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Because if each tank
- 20 has to be greater than 50 percent of the total tank system
- 21 volume, the first compartment in any tank, you can't stick
- 22 them in series because --
- 23 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Oh, oh. So your
- 24 concern is -- I see what you're saying. You're talking
- 25 about as if you have a tank that has two compartments, that

- the first tank you've got two requirements on the same
- 2 thing, the first compartment and the first tank both have
- 3 to be -- is that what you're saying? I just can't --
- 4 MR. CRIPE: No, that's --
- 5 MR. TILLMAN: I quess we're saying if you
- 6 have two tanks in series, the first tank has to be at least
- 7 50 percent of the total tank volume of all that you're
- 8 required. If you have one tank, the first compartment
- 9 needs to be at least 50 percent.
- 10 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Say that -- if you
- 11 could say that, that's exactly -- I don't think this says
- 12 it.
- 13 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Suggestion. If you
- 14 add at the beginning of the sentence, the first compartment
- 15 of the first tank or the first compartment -- no, the --
- 16 the first compartment of a tank or the first compartment of
- 17 the first tank of a multi, whatever, system --
- 18 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: No, that says something
- 19 different.
- 20 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: That's different.
- BOARD MEMBER HANSON: No, it isn't.
- 22 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: My problem is I think
- 23 the way it's worded prevents two tanks in series or three
- 24 tanks.
- BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Yeah.

- 1 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: If the first tank is
- 2 greater than 50 percent of the entire septic -- I mean, are
- 3 you interested in it being 50 percent within a tank, the
- 4 first compartment of the tank has to be greater than
- 5 50 percent.
- 6 MR. TILLMAN: No. 50 percent -- if the
- 7 total value that you're requiring, whatever that -- if it's
- 8 1500 gallons, the first tank needs to be at least
- 9 50 percent.
- 10 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: So that --
- 11 MR. TILLMAN: Or if you have one tank, and
- 12 you split it into two compartments, the first compartment
- 13 needs to be at least 50 percent.
- 14 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: That's what I'm
- 15 saying.
- 16 MR. TILLMAN: And so you can have multiple
- 17 tanks in series. It doesn't prevent --
- 18 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: It's just getting
- 19 smaller and smaller.
- MR. TILLMAN: Yes, it's just getting
- 21 smaller, that's all. But you can have multiple tanks in
- 22 series.
- 23 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: They just -- just the
- 24 remaining tanks are going to be less than 50 percent.
- MR. TILLMAN: Yeah.

- 1 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: You add up the volume
- 2 of the remaining tanks --
- 3 MR. TILLMAN: Exactly.
- 4 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: -- it will be less than
- 5 50 percent.
- 6 MR. TILLMAN: Yes.
- 7 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I don't think there's
- 8 really any advantage of rewording that. I think it's okay.
- 9 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: We can add a
- 10 statement at the beginning, "if there's only one tank."
- 11 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay. So if a tank is
- 12 more than one compartment --
- BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Yeah.
- 14 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: -- we're just trying to
- 15 say the first compartment --
- BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Yeah.
- 17 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: -- should be at least
- 18 50 percent of the tank volume, not of the system volume.
- 19 So you couldn't have --
- 20 MR. TILLMAN: But we say the system volume,
- 21 just to give you that latitude. Rather than just saying of
- 22 that tank, it's of the system, so that you can have one or
- 23 two tanks; one tank with no -- with no divider, and just
- 24 have two tanks in series with just a tank, no walls, or you
- 25 can have one tank with a divider in it so you have two

- 1 compartments in that tank. This allows a flexibility to
- 2 have either one of those situations. And you can still put
- 3 them in series. But like you said --
- 4 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I think the "or" is
- 5 really helpful.
- 6 MR. TILLMAN: An "or" where at?
- 7 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: No, no. It's right
- 8 where you have it.
- 9 MR. TILLMAN: All right. Sorry.
- 10 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I don't think it
- 11 precludes --
- 12 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I'm too confused. I'm
- 13 going to back off.
- Okay. On page 25-15, I have two places where I
- 15 really, based on what we heard from Dwight Reppa, I want to
- 16 see 24 inches for the dosing tank rather than 20-inch
- 17 minimum. And also the grease interceptor when we get to
- 18 that.
- 19 You know, your information that you provided was
- 20 very helpful, that you looked at 60-some-odd -- 60, let's
- 21 say, manufacturers, and over 50 percent of them had 20-inch
- 22 openings. So it's not like it's not available out there.
- 23 And correct me, Frank, go ahead -- not Frank, sorry --
- 24 Rich, go ahead and correct me, with the numbers if you
- 25 want, but there definitely was a large percentage of

- 1 manufacturers out there that made 24-inch openings. And
- 2 from my perspective, you know, when I talked to somebody --
- 3 and you talked to Dwight as well -- you've got a large
- 4 person going in to clean out -- in a confined space to
- 5 clean out a tank, and -- and if it's a safety thing to
- 6 get -- to be able -- one, it's ease of being able to do
- 7 business in the tank; and, two, it's a safety thing to be
- 8 able to get a ladder in there and get the person out. I'm
- 9 not going to be okay with 20-inch in those two instances.
- 10 I'm fine with all the other places, but on that one I'm
- 11 not, and we're not going to see eye to eye on this.
- 12 MR. TILLMAN: Madam Chair. Madam Cahn, I
- 13 understand Dwight's perspective, but we have a lot of
- 14 people that have a lot of experience in that same area.
- 15 Hardly anyone puts a person through that access hole into a
- 16 tank to do work.
- 17 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I think they can.
- 18 MR. TILLMAN: They don't put someone
- 19 through a 20-inch or 24-inch hole to go inside of that tank
- 20 to work. That's the exception rather than the rule. Most
- 21 people uncover it, pull the lid off of it and have -- do
- 22 your work. You're not going through that access hole
- 23 because it's not meant to be an egress or ingress point.
- And the fact that he's putting people in there,
- 25 that's his perspective and his prerogative, but I also

- 1 think that brings up an OSHA safety concern, because it is
- 2 a confined space that is not normally meant to be occupied.
- 3 And increasing that size of 24 inch doesn't take away that
- 4 concern or safety factor.
- 5 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Perhaps it might make
- 6 it more likely that somebody would go down in there --
- 7 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Make it 6 inches.
- 8 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: -- when they shouldn't
- 9 be.
- 10 MR. TILLMAN: Secondly, we have that
- 11 minimum of 20 inch -- Teton County is a delegated county.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Right.
- 13 MR. TILLMAN: 24 inch is their standard.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Right.
- 15 MR. TILLMAN: I don't understand why the
- 16 rest of the state -- if he's the only one that has that
- 17 concern that we've been aware of, and he has that in his --
- 18 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I guess it was when we
- 19 met the last time -- or the time before, you guys said you
- 20 would look into it and see whether or not -- because you
- 21 didn't know if 24-inch openings were even available. And
- 22 they are available by the manufacturers, and so -- and I
- 23 would think that a -- that somebody servicing the tank -- I
- 24 mean, are you going to come in and service the tank by
- 25 taking off the entire lid, or are you going to service it

- by -- because that's all buried in soil, so you've got to
- 2 dig it out?
- 3 MR. TILLMAN: Right. Right.
- 4 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Otherwise you have a
- 5 manhole that's access. You open up the manhole, do your
- 6 work and be done. So I don't -- I don't do this kind of
- 7 work myself, so I --
- 8 MR. TILLMAN: But, again, I beg to differ.
- 9 That is not normally what people do. They don't normally
- 10 go in there to do that type of work through that hole.
- 11 They will -- they will uncover it and pull the lid if it's
- 12 necessary to do maintenance in there. That is the
- 13 exception, not the rule.
- 14 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: There's such a thing
- 15 called a manhole opening, though.
- MR. TILLMAN: Right.
- MR. CRIPE: Board Member Cahn, I might
- 18 bring to your attention -- I don't know how recent this has
- 19 been, but it was up around Devil's Tower, if you keep up on
- 20 things -- there were actually two individuals that were
- 21 killed in this very instance, because you're dealing with
- 22 the confined space. And you're supposed to get a permit,
- 23 you're supposed to have all that training. And they
- 24 actually had two people killed that actually went down in
- 25 and didn't -- so that's --

- 1 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: People are going to be
- 2 doing it, the chance they're going to get killed is going
- 3 to be higher with a 20-inch opening than a 24 inch. I
- 4 don't know.
- 5 MS. THOMPSON: I'd like to go ahead and
- 6 point out, too, we're calling them access risers or
- 7 clean-out risers. So on -- in our regs, we're not calling
- 8 that particular space a manhole. It looks like they're
- 9 calling that access risers and clean-out risers. So
- 10 hopefully -- not putting manhole right next to that.
- 11 Hopefully we're not insinuating that we think you should go
- 12 in there, because, again, like Bill said, it's not --
- 13 that's not standard operating practice for most of the
- 14 folks that we're dealing with. We want them to have access
- 15 to do work as best they can, but if they need to get in
- 16 there, like he said, they're pulling it. They're --
- 17 they're pulling the lid off.
- 18 MR. TILLMAN: Most of those holes are meant
- 19 to stick a hose or light or something else in, not to stick
- 20 a person in.
- 21 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Right. But this is a
- 22 dosing tank, so you have pump, if you have to service the
- 23 pump.
- 24 MR. TILLMAN: Right. But you would pull
- 25 the lid and go down and do that work.

- 1 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Right. We'll --
- 2 MR. TILLMAN: Again, might I reiterate that
- 3 the minimum size is 20. They can make -- if they want 24,
- 4 they can have 24. We're just saying that the minimum is
- 5 20.
- 6 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Well, we'll move on,
- 7 because it's another one I think we're not going to -- I
- 8 mean, I understand his point, and it's a point well taken,
- 9 so...
- MR. TILLMAN: Okay.
- 11 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: There's this thing
- 12 about the dosing tank volumes, Table 6 on line 536. This
- is something that I'm wondering if perhaps that table
- 14 belongs in a -- some kind of technical guideline or
- 15 worksheet or something along those lines.
- So I just throw that out there. I'm not sure
- 17 that's really that kind of level of detail. The
- 18 homeowner's not designing the dosing tank pump off alarm
- 19 switches, things like that. So I would maybe put that in a
- 20 design package and not have it part of this regulation.
- 21 And then I will add that the average wastewater
- 22 flows, are you -- do you mean that's not defined anywhere,
- 23 so, again, are you talking about that being the design
- 24 flow? The very first column heading.
- MR. CRIPE: Correct. That should be

- 1 design.
- Board Member Cahn, I -- I like your suggestion;
- 3 however, these regs get used by manufacturers, and how --
- 4 how are they going to, you know, have enough in front of
- 5 them to, you know --
- 6 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Isn't the worksheet or
- 7 guideline, whatever you're going to have, going to be going
- 8 with it?
- 9 MR. CRIPE: Correct. For a homeowner, and
- 10 we can provide that, but this has some there that they have
- 11 to do that, so...
- 12 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I don't think it hurts
- 13 the rule to have it in there.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay.
- 15 MR. TILLMAN: I believe infiltrator -- Dick
- 16 Bachelder called me, and they've got a new poly tank
- 17 that's -- you know, that they're in. Again, they can use
- 18 that to look to see whether or not it's considered one or
- 19 the other.
- 20 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I'm fine with leaving
- 21 it in. I just thought -- I was trying to make suggestions
- 22 where you might shorten things up. But if you don't want
- 23 to, that's fine.
- I'm a little confused about having the
- 25 recommended pump capacity in there when we have dosing tank

- 1 volumes. Is that -- it's not related to the flow rate.
- 2 MR. CRIPE: I'm not sure --
- 3 MR. TILLMAN: The very last line says
- 4 recommended pump capacity. I think that's in there just to
- 5 give an idea what the pumping rate should be for a size
- 6 pump for a given size tank.
- 7 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay.
- 8 MR. TILLMAN: It's not an absolute design
- 9 criteria, but just to give them an idea what size pump
- 10 they're looking at.
- 11 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay. So I'll just
- 12 make the comment I'd like to see 597, the next page, be
- 13 24 inches for grease interceptors, and we'll move on,
- 14 because I know you disagree.
- 15 And then on 775, we already talked about minimum
- 16 spacing of trenches. I disagree. And there's a lot of
- 17 language in the rest of this page on less than 60 minutes.
- 18 We'll put the parenthetical in.
- 19 Okay. For a bed system you got -- you have less
- 20 than 60 minute -- or faster than 60 minutes per inch. Is
- 21 less than a 5 MPI going to be okay? You say, "The soils
- 22 shall have percolation rates less than 60 minutes per
- 23 inch," but is less than 5 going to be okay, or do we want
- 24 to do parenthetically?
- MR. TILLMAN: Less than 5 MPI will be taken

- 1 care of by a PE.
- 2 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: But is that okay in the
- 3 bed, where you -- I mean --
- 4 MR. DOCTOR: Yes, as long as a PE has
- 5 looked at it.
- 6 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Really? I would
- 7 think --
- 8 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: But then --
- 9 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: -- in a bed you would
- 10 want to constrain that number -- you know, the percolation
- 11 rates, like constrain it to be a 5 to 30 or something, and
- 12 not have less than -- faster than 5 or slower than 30. But
- 13 because you've got your --
- 14 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I think it's fine to
- 15 have the PE evaluate less than 5, to be consistent.
- 16 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay. So on 25-21,
- 17 line 818, we're talking about 60 minutes per inch, that
- 18 we're greater than 60 minutes per inch for clay loam soils.
- 19 Is this outside of the scope of this, or is that, again, a
- 20 situation where you need a PE? Should we -- could we just
- 21 re -- delete that last line?
- 22 MR. CRIPE: Well, no. Again, it's the
- 23 understanding of the -- of the numbers again.
- 24 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Right. Greater.
- MR. CRIPE: So it's -- yes. So it's

- 1 something that's going --
- 2 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Slower.
- 3 MR. CRIPE: -- a lower number.
- 4 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Well, you -- but in
- 5 this case you're talking about something that's an MPI is
- 6 greater than 60 minutes. So you're talking about saying 62
- 7 or 70 or 80 or a hundred MPI -- you're talking about clay
- 8 loam soils, so you're talking about very slow percolation.
- 9 Do you -- is this outside the scope of this --
- MR. CRIPE: No.
- MR. TILLMAN: We're talking about the
- 12 spacing, this spacing requirement, that if you have
- 13 spacing -- if you have a percolation rate that's greater
- 14 than 60 or slower than 60, that 9-foot spacing is not going
- 15 to be considered reserve area. That's all that's saying.
- 16 You're still going to look at it from a PE, but all it's
- 17 saying is that that spacing now is going to be taken up by
- 18 absorption, because you're not going back, you're going to
- 19 be going horizontal.
- 20 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: You can't count on it
- 21 for a reserve area.
- MR. TILLMAN: Exactly.
- 23 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: In those situations
- 24 it's a very slow perc rate.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay. So now we're in

- 1 a PE --
- 2 MR. TILLMAN: The PE will still look at it,
- 3 but we're just telling him that the space and the footprint
- 4 that you're looking at is going to be taken up by required
- 5 area, not a choice.
- 6 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay.
- 7 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: We're not that far from
- 8 the end.
- 9 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: What?
- 10 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: It's 3:30.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I'll try to speak
- 12 faster.
- 13 THE REPORTER: No.
- 14 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: No?
- 15 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay. Line 886, I
- 16 think you want at least 3 vertical feet of filter sand, and
- 17 you have "and unsaturated native soil."
- 18 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: It's supposed to be
- 19 and/or. They corrected.
- 20 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Oh, right. Right.
- 21 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: They had -- that was a
- 22 typo, so it's supposed to be and/or.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Right.
- BOARD MEMBER HANSON: 886?
- 25 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Uh-huh. Right. It's

- 1 supposed to be and/or.
- BOARD MEMBER HANSON: And/or.
- 3 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: On 5 -- line -- page
- 4 25-24, line 927. I think if it's pressure dosed you can
- 5 reduce it to 3-foot, so -- no?
- 6 MR. TILLMAN: A sand mound --
- 7 MR. CRIPE: This is sand mound.
- 8 MR. TILLMAN: -- doesn't have pressure
- 9 dosed. It can be gravity.
- 10 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Can you pressure dose a
- 11 sand mound?
- 12 MR. TILLMAN: Yes, you can, but it can also
- 13 be gravity fed.
- MR. CRIPE: And that's --
- MR. TILLMAN: And that's assuming it's
- 16 gravity.
- 17 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Is it obvious, though,
- 18 that's it's gravity? I was just going to add in this may
- 19 be reduced to 3 feet with pressure dosing?
- 20 MR. TILLMAN: See, we took out -- in the
- 21 original criteria, we took out the part that a pressure
- 22 dosing system is required for a sand mound.
- 23 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I know, but we've lost
- 24 sight of the fact you don't need a 4-foot vertical
- 25 separation if you have pressure dosing. So it seems like

- 1 we're missing the --
- 2 MR. TILLMAN: We can add that in there.
- 3 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah, I think we
- 4 should.
- 5 25-24, lines 957 through 959, I quess I thought
- 6 maybe that's some stuff that could be handled by the
- 7 worksheet. Are we talking about loading rates of .8 gallon
- 8 per day per foot? I don't -- I'm not going to die on my
- 9 sword on that one.
- 10 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Yeah. I think it's
- 11 fine. And it's equivalent to G in section above, and
- 12 they're comparable sections.
- 13 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Page 25-26, top of the
- 14 page, there's no line number where you've added in the
- 15 formula.
- MR. TILLMAN: Oh.
- 17 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I think that the line
- 18 that separates the numerator from the denominator should
- 19 extend out over the plus E minus P. It's not clear where
- 20 the plus E minus P --
- 21 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Whether it's the
- 22 denominator or --
- MR. CRIPE: Correct. Correct.
- 24 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I think it's a
- 25 denominator.

- BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Or, yeah, the line
- 2 next to -- yeah.
- 3 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: That would be
- 4 confusing.
- 5 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Yeah.
- 6 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay. With the -- we
- 7 are talking about small wastewater in Section 14. When we
- 8 get to line 1034, "The influent line into the lagoon must
- 9 discharge near the center onto a concrete apron at least 2
- 10 feet square." Is that -- isn't that really more like a
- 11 bigger system? We're not talking about small wastewater
- 12 lagoons. That's more like a municipality with high flow
- 13 rates. So it doesn't seem like that would be necessary.
- 14 We're talking about small lagoons here, small wastewater
- 15 lagoons.
- And with septic tanks, you're not getting the
- 17 high flow volume. So is -- is scour velocity really an
- 18 issue in this? I mean, this looks like a holdover from --
- 19 MR. TILLMAN: I don't think it's scouring.
- 20 I think it's splash. It's getting it to go --
- 21 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Well, it's discharging
- 22 near the center onto a concrete -- I guess I'm not
- 23 questioning the center, it's onto the concrete apron. Is
- 24 that necessary for small systems? I mean, it seems
- 25 pretty --

- 1 MR. TILLMAN: I suppose we can take that
- 2 out.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah. 25-27, on
- 4 privies. You have a design package for privies is provided
- 5 on line -- I guess my question is whose -- is that design
- 6 package going to come before the Board for us to review it,
- 7 or is that just -- I mean, we don't know what's in there,
- 8 so we're sort of buying off on this stuff on privies
- 9 without knowing sort of what's in there, you know. So
- 10 by --
- 11 MR. TILLMAN: A PE or one -- a PE on our
- 12 staff will design that worksheet.
- 13 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I just was wondering --
- 14 I guess my question is does that come -- if we look at
- those, does our board look at those worksheets?
- 16 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Those typically are
- 17 like a guideline, which we don't normally --
- 18 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay. Sometimes we
- 19 look at policies and guidelines. We looked at a guideline
- 20 today.
- 21 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Yeah. And we did that
- 22 because -- one of the reasons we did that is because that
- 23 was part of the rule and we excerpted it from the rule on
- 24 the condition that they would make a guideline.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay.

- 1 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: So this is a past
- 2 practice, I mean, we've done, having the design package.
- 3 MR. TILLMAN: Yes.
- 4 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I'll just make a
- 5 comment again, very quickly, that I still am concerned
- 6 about the greywater systems, that we're not encouraging and
- 7 facilitating greywater reuse with our disinfection systems,
- 8 but in the interest of making those shorter, I would
- 9 suggest that all of page 25-29 could -- you could start --
- 10 some of that stuff could then be estimating greywater
- 11 discharges. You could include it in your technical
- 12 guideline and maybe get rid of a lot of these. That might
- 13 be a place where we're getting beyond sort of philosophical
- 14 introduction to a lot of the details. So that -- I would
- 15 just suggest that look at the shortening -- putting that
- 16 stuff into your guideline might shorten it up.
- 17 On page 25-33, line 1354 -- oops. No. We
- 18 already -- we have "coliform levels is." So there's -- I
- 19 don't know if it's coliform level is -- let's take off the
- 20 S.
- BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Yeah.
- 22 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: On 25-34, with the
- 23 composting toilet, line 1398. If they're going to have to
- 24 take their waste to a permitted wastewater treatment
- 25 facility or landfill, then I would think that would

- 1 discourage anybody from having a composting toilet. I
- 2 would think that -- you know, I thought some of those
- 3 composting toilets are supposed to make dirt, essentially,
- 4 that can be put out not where you're growing vegetables,
- 5 but out someplace else. And so if you have to take it to a
- 6 permitted wastewater treatment facility or a landfill,
- 7 who's going to bother with a composting toilet?
- 8 MR. TILLMAN: Well, I think that's just to
- 9 protect -- you know, for the people that may put it in
- 10 places where they shouldn't or not take care of it as such.
- 11 It's just a safety factor. Is it encouraging them, maybe
- 12 not. But, again, our --
- 13 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: The whole point is to
- 14 avoid, you know, not using the sewer, not, you know, going
- 15 to a wastewater treatment facility or something. So now
- 16 you've got to pick up your compost that you've now made in
- 17 your toilet and you have to cart it off to some treatment
- 18 facility. I mean, I just don't think it's going to
- 19 encourage use of a composting toilet. I thought the whole
- 20 point for a composting toilet would be people would compost
- 21 it and then you would end up with some kind of compost, not
- 22 for your vegetable garden, but for some other place on your
- 23 property.
- 24 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: For landscaping?
- 25 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah. You know, where

- there's no dogs and no -- no vegetables being grown or
- 2 harvesting crops, so -- I just think that discourages using
- 3 composting toilets.
- 4 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Were you just trying to
- 5 cover that with the "or in the manner approved by the
- 6 Division"?
- 7 MR. TILLMAN: (Nods head.)
- 8 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Can it be just --
- 9 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Yeah.
- 10 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay. I didn't catch
- 11 that nuance. So somebody's going to come to you, say I
- 12 have a composting toilet and I want to use it on this
- 13 corner of my property, and you're going to say that's fine?
- MR. TILLMAN: Possibly.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: What's that?
- MR. TILLMAN: Possibly.
- 17 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Possibly. Okay.
- 18 All right. Line 1442, there's liters should be
- 19 capitalized. Okay. Okay. I'm done.
- 20 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Down to the last page.
- 21 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Go ahead. I don't
- 22 have --
- 23 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: No, we're good.
- 24 (Off-the-record discussion.)
- 25 (Meeting proceedings recessed

1	3:37 p.m. to 3:53 p.m.)
2	CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: The Water and Waste
3	Advisory Board hereby reconvenes after our afternoon break.
4	I'll give the floor to Gina Thompson.
5	MS. THOMPSON: So our question is we are
6	wondering if we have the authority to request that you vote
7	to forward our rules, so the rule we just discussed and
8	then the rule that we'll be presenting, because we're not
9	administrators or program managers. So.
10	MR. CRIPE: Kevin is on his way back in.
11	I've got to go deal with a slide so I apologize.
12	BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Oh, are you dealing
13	with the slide in Jackson?
14	MR. CRIPE: Yes.
15	BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Oh, the land. That's
16	what I was wondering that's what he was
17	BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Oh, the landslide.
18	MS. THOMPSON: If Kevin's on his way back,
19	then my concern of terror is alleviated, because I wasn't

- 21 we could. I just -- the wording in the Environmental
- 22 Quality Act is kind of specific, and I didn't want us to
- 23 have trouble later on because we were brief here. So sorry

sure if we could act on his behalf, if he hadn't said that

24 about the confusion there. So --

20

25 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Well, shall we have

- 1 Board discussion about Chapter 25?
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: What's the next chapter
- 3 we're looking at, 24?
- 4 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: 25, remember, we've got
- 5 a companion Chapter 15 that sort of would have to be passed
- 6 as a package with 25, since it's the -- since it's being
- 7 rescinded.
- 8 MS. THOMPSON: And we're removing the
- 9 contents. So we're removing the regulations, but we're
- 10 reserving the chapter. So it will still exist as a number,
- 11 it just won't have anything in it.
- 12 MR. TILLMAN: The EPA has primacy over
- 13 that, over bio solids. We don't regulate that. So that's
- 14 why we're rescinding it. We took the appendix, which the
- 15 land application of septage, added it to end of 25, and
- 16 that way we can get rid of 15. That's the only --
- 17 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: But it's a companion
- 18 because --
- MS. THOMPSON: Yes.
- 20 MR. TILLMAN: Yes. Yes, it's a package
- 21 together.
- 22 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Because that --
- THE REPORTER: One at a time, please.
- 24 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: That material has to go
- 25 into Chapter 25 -- the remaining material from Chapter 15

- 1 has to be moved into Chapter 25 so they're a package.
- 2 MR. TILLMAN: Yes.
- MS. THOMPSON: Yes.
- 4 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Okay. Thank you.
- 5 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: And that was in the
- 6 version we looked at.
- 7 MS. THOMPSON: Yes. The land application
- 8 of septage has been removed from 15 and it is now proposed
- 9 to you as Chapter 25, Appendix B.
- 10 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Uh-huh. That has
- 11 something to do with the length.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Two pages.
- 13 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Yeah, I know it's only
- 14 two pages, but...
- 15 MS. THOMPSON: But we killed like a whole
- 16 bunch of others pages, so...
- 17 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Okay.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay.
- 19 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: So discussion about
- 20 Chapter 25. Do we need a formal -- your question for
- 21 process was do we need a formal request for -- from your
- 22 administrator to move that forward?
- MS. THOMPSON: Right.
- 24 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I don't know the answer
- 25 to that question, so maybe you should make the request just

- 1 in case.
- 2 MR. FREDERICK: Kevin Frederick, Water
- 3 Quality Division Administrator.
- 4 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Speak into microphone
- 5 better, Kevin. Thanks.
- 6 MR. FREDERICK: I'll try. My -- I've got
- 7 just a little bit of my voice left here.
- 8 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: That sounded good,
- 9 though.
- 10 MR. FREDERICK: That sounded okay?
- BOARD MEMBER HANSON: As you lower
- 12 yourself.
- 13 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Get lower, sounds good.
- 14 MR. FREDERICK: Kevin Frederick, Water
- 15 Quality Division Administrator.
- 16 Madam Chair, members of the Board, we certainly
- 17 appreciate your working with us on this -- this regulation
- 18 Chapter 25 today. And certainly the recommendations that
- 19 you provided to us today are -- are surely going to improve
- 20 the regulation.
- 21 There were, in my opinion, several
- 22 recommendations for changes in the regulation you would
- 23 like us to consider. We've had a lot of discussion with
- 24 respect to some things in a regulation that I understand
- 25 not -- not all members of the Board agreed with, and that's

- 1 okay.
- I guess I would suggest at this time, Madam
- 3 Chair, that staff take the regulation back and address the
- 4 recommendations and suggestions that you offered to them
- 5 here today, and we will then incorporate those into a final
- 6 rule that we will come before you during the second quarter
- 7 advisory board meeting and request that at that time that
- 8 with your approval, to move the regulation to the
- 9 Environmental Quality Council.
- 10 I believe the comment period -- did that close?
- 11 MS. THOMPSON: It closes at the end of this
- 12 meeting.
- MR. FREDERICK: At the end of this meeting?
- 14 I would certainly support closing the comment period at the
- 15 end of the meeting as well. Thank you.
- 16 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: As far as closing the
- 17 comment period, help me with this, is that something we
- 18 need to vote on to approve?
- 19 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: It's already closed.
- 20 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: No, I mean --
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Sorry.
- 22 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I'm not thinking we
- 23 need to extend that, so unless we have a motion to extend,
- 24 the comment period's closed. And so sounds to me like
- 25 you'll do some consideration of comments. There's some --

- 1 a number of technical and also as well as some minor
- 2 grammatical changes I think will make the rule more clear.
- 3 So that you'll end up with a better final product in the
- 4 long run.
- I am pleased to say, though, that I know this is
- 6 the third time we've gone through this rule, you know,
- 7 which we're -- if you're spending the time preparing it
- 8 might be painful to some extent; however, the nice thing is
- 9 through this process, from the discussions we've had, it
- 10 looks like you've discovered things -- you know, in
- 11 addition to, you know, what our comments were -- things
- 12 that were missing that needed to be included. And so it
- 13 sounds to me like the delay in timing actually has worked
- 14 to the benefit of coming up with a -- with a very sound
- 15 rule.
- 16 So based on that, we will table voting on this
- 17 rule until the next meeting and look forward to be able to
- 18 pass that forward with, you know, finalizing all these
- 19 details and move on at that time.
- MR. FREDERICK: Great.
- 21 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: So any other remarks
- 22 from the remaining Board?
- 23 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Just a question.
- 24 This Chapter 25, this version seems to indicate -- this is,
- of course, the strike-through, and whatever, version, that

- 1 15 is already rolled into this at this point; is that
- 2 correct?
- MS. THOMPSON: Yes. Yes.
- 4 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Is that right?
- 5 MR. FREDERICK: Yes.
- 6 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: And what was
- 7 discussed today was also in essence 15?
- MS. THOMPSON: Yes.
- 9 MR. FREDERICK: Yes.
- 10 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Ah, thank you.
- 11 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Okay. Good. So you
- 12 have this package.
- 13 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: I'm up to speed.
- 14 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Okay. So if you want
- 15 to proceed forward with 24, that would be wonderful.
- MR. FREDERICK: Thank you, Madam Chairman.
- 17 And, again, I appreciate the Board's dedication
- 18 and persistence in working with us on some difficult rules
- 19 here today that, as you've noted, are important. And it's
- 20 important for us to get those rules and regulations as
- 21 clear as possible, so thank you all for that.
- I will start off by saying to you, Madam Chair,
- 23 and members of the Board, that we certainly aren't here
- 24 today to request your recommendations and approval for
- 25 moving to Chapter 24 ahead. Chapter 24 has been some time

- 1 in the making as you -- as some of you know who have
- 2 been on the Board for several years. And it's probably
- 3 one of the more important rules and regulations, I think,
- 4 that Water Quality Division is working on in anticipation
- 5 of someday permitting Class VI wells for carbon
- 6 sequestration.
- 7 And as you may recall, the majority of Chapter 24
- 8 has been before the Advisory Board and through the Council
- 9 and signed off on by our former governor, Governor Dave
- 10 Freudenthal. And if you would like, I'm certainly prepared
- 11 to review a little bit of that chronology with you. In
- 12 fact, it might be important for me to take a few minutes to
- 13 do so.
- 14 The proposed changes that we're here to discuss
- 15 and review with you really relate to the final pieces of
- 16 the Class VI regulation that weren't in place at the time
- 17 we drafted the current rule that deals primarily with
- 18 permitting requirements. So, unfortunately, they're
- 19 important -- they're an important part of the regulation,
- 20 but, in my opinion, in retrospect, they probably are going
- 21 to be one of the more challenging parts of this rule to
- 22 articulate in a regulation, given what I perceive to be the
- 23 Board's interest in trying to make regulations as clear as
- 24 possible.
- 25 That said, let me take a few minutes to just kind

- 1 of review with you the chronology of events on how we got
- 2 to this point with our Chapter 24 on Class VI wells. In
- 3 Spring of 2008, the Wyoming legislature promulgated
- 4 statutes authorizing the DEQ to proceed with rulemaking for
- 5 permitting Class VI carbon sequestration wells and
- 6 directing the DEQ -- excuse me. Ignore that last half
- 7 sentence, please.
- 8 In July of 2008, EPA published its proposed Class
- 9 VI rule titled Federal Requirements Under the Underground
- 10 Injection Control Program for Carbon Dioxide (CO2) Geologic
- 11 (GS) Wells. Approximately nine months later, March 2009,
- 12 DEQ presented its draft rule the first time before the
- 13 Water and Waste Advisory Board at a public meeting in
- 14 Laramie. The title of our regulation, based upon the
- 15 federal rule, was Chapter 24 Class VI Injection Wells and
- 16 Facilities Underground Injection Control Program.
- 17 Approximately six months later, in September
- 18 of 2009, a working group established by the legislature led
- 19 by the director of DEQ and supervisor of the Oil & Gas
- 20 Conservation Commission established to develop appropriate
- 21 bonding procedures and other financial assurance methods to
- 22 assure adequate financial resources are provided to pay for
- 23 mitigation of reclamation costs associated with Class VI
- 24 wells was completed.
- The final report was titled Report and

- 1 Recommendations of the Carbon Sequestration Working Group
- 2 to the Joint Minerals Business and Economic Development
- 3 Committee and the Joint Judicial Committee of the Wyoming
- 4 State Legislature. Please keep in mind that as of this
- 5 point in time, September of 2009, both the draft regulation
- 6 that DEQ had developed and presented to the Board earlier
- 7 that year and the working group's final report did not have
- 8 the benefit of understanding or knowing what the financial
- 9 assurance requirements would be in the final federal rule.
- 10 The financial assurance requirements in the
- 11 proposed rule were somewhat nonspecific. And, in general,
- 12 in DEQ's draft regulation we essentially deferred proposing
- 13 financial assurance requirements until we had an
- 14 opportunity to do a couple of things. First and foremost,
- 15 see what the recommendations were that came out of the DEQ
- 16 working group to develop recommendations for financial
- 17 assurance, and also to see what the financial assurance
- 18 requirements would look like in EPA's final rule. Also, in
- 19 September of 2009, we went before this Board again for
- 20 second public hearing on our draft Chapter 24. Three
- 21 months later, in December of 2009, we were back before the
- 22 advisory board, this Board, again for a third time, at
- 23 which time the Board recommended moving the rule before the
- 24 Environmental Quality Council.
- In the spring of 2010, the Wyoming legislature

- 1 amended its statutes relating to carbon sequestration Class
- 2 VI wells to provide for financial assurance requirements,
- 3 several of which were based upon the recommendations that
- 4 came out of the carbon sequestration working group to the
- 5 Joint Business Economic Development Committee and Joint
- 6 Judicial Committee of the Wyoming State Legislature.
- 7 In July of 2010, we held our first public hearing
- 8 with the Environmental Quality Council on our proposed
- 9 Chapter 24 regulation, and in September of 2010, we had our
- 10 second hearing before the Environmental Quality Council
- 11 wherein they recommended the adoption of Chapter 24. In
- 12 November of 2010 the rule was signed by former Governor
- 13 Dave Freudenthal, and in December of 2010, EPA published
- 14 its final federal regulation on Class VI wells. So
- 15 there's been a period of time in the interim between
- 16 publication of the final rule, promulgation of additional
- 17 Wyoming statutes with respect to financial assurance
- 18 requirements for carbon sequestration wells and where we
- 19 stand today.
- 20 During this interim, the Department engaged in a
- 21 couple of activities. Primarily myself and a consultant
- that had been formerly on former Governor Dave
- 23 Freudenthal's policy staff, Miss Laura Ladd from Jackson,
- 24 Wyoming. Both Laura and myself participated with a small
- 25 national work group that was comprised primarily of

- 1 representatives from the power industry, the mining
- 2 industry, not only here in the United States, but also in
- 3 Canada, and a contractor with experience in evaluating and
- 4 monetizing various types of risk scenarios. The name of
- 5 that group is Industrial Economics Consulting out of
- 6 Washington, D.C.
- 7 The purpose of the work group was essentially to
- 8 evaluate potential risks associated with carbon
- 9 sequestration. And to try and develop a model approach for
- 10 monetizing those risks for the purposes of establishing
- 11 financial assurance amounts, financial assurance
- 12 requirements.
- 13 As I say, that report was completed in June of
- 14 2012, and it was certainly a useful and beneficial effort
- 15 for us to participate on that work group. By the way, we
- 16 were the only state invited to and did participate in that
- 17 work group.
- 18 However, it, too, the report, essentially became
- 19 one of several moving pieces in the whole deliberation of
- 20 what the financial assurance requirements for the State of
- 21 Wyoming would look like based upon what we understood the
- 22 final federal rule to say, what we understood the Wyoming
- 23 statutes to say, and how we might inform our understanding
- 24 with respect to the information in the IEC final report.
- 25 Subsequently, both Laura and I also participated

- 1 to a lesser degree in a working group -- a small working
- 2 group established by the Interstate Oil & Gas Compact
- 3 Commission that consisted of representatives from the legal
- 4 profession familiar with carbon sequestration projects, as
- 5 well as representatives from the power generation industry
- 6 primarily in Canada. There may have been some U.S. ties
- 7 there as well. And also participation from the state of
- 8 North Dakota.
- 9 That effort was essentially designed to help
- 10 develop a guideline that the Interstate Oil & Gas Compact
- 11 Commission could present to states for consideration as
- 12 they worked through and developed financial assurance
- 13 requirements for Class VI wells. I think primarily with
- 14 respect to injection of CO2 for enhanced oil recovery
- 15 purposes, that then ultimately at the end of the life of
- 16 the EUR project would result in carbon sequestration within
- 17 those diminished oil reservoirs.
- 18 So at the present time we don't have what I would
- 19 consider to be a model of financial assurance regulations
- 20 that have been developed by other states. To my knowledge,
- 21 only the state of North Dakota has progressed to the point
- 22 that the state of Wyoming is at with respect to developing
- 23 regulations for Class VI wells. Indeed, North Dakota's
- 24 gone a little bit further. They've essentially completed
- 25 financial assurance requirements for the regulations, and

- 1 have those regulations before EPA now under review in
- 2 obtaining primacy or delegation to implement the Class VI
- 3 permitting program. So North Dakota is a little farther
- 4 than along than we are.
- 5 I'm not aware of any other states that are ready
- 6 at this time to provide draft rules or final rules to EPA
- 7 for consideration in order to take primacy of the Class VI
- 8 program. I do know that at least a few states are working
- 9 on them, however, working in that direction. I believe
- 10 Kansas, Oklahoma and Texas are all interested in developing
- 11 Class VI rules and regulations and taking primacy for the
- 12 program.
- 13 There doesn't seem to be a lot of -- a lot of
- 14 interest from many other states. And I suspect that has to
- 15 do in part with interest coming certainly from those states
- 16 that have got abundant oil and gas resources and reserves
- 17 that can be used for essentially enhanced oil recovery
- 18 through the injection CO2, similar to what's creating Salt
- 19 Creek field now, by Midwest. Also I believe the Beaver
- 20 Creek field over by Riverton.
- 21 But as I said, that leaves -- that leaves it to
- 22 us to, I guess, take a harder path than -- than we may be
- 23 taking in situations where others have gone before us and
- 24 others have crafted rules and regulations such as Bill and
- 25 Rich and Gina mentioned today in evaluating the rules and

- 1 regulations for Chapter 25 that they're working on with
- 2 respect to small wastewater systems.
- 3 So it's become a little bit -- a little bit more
- 4 problematic in that sense. But, nevertheless, that may
- 5 also present somewhat of an opportunity for us. And we
- 6 also understand that the state statutes that our
- 7 legislature have passed are certainly requirements that
- 8 other states may or may not think of that we'll have to
- 9 address, nevertheless.
- 10 So with all these moving pieces and parts out
- 11 there, we've had to give consideration to our state
- 12 statutes, which, generally speaking, are fairly clear and
- 13 fairly straightforward. We have to give consideration to
- 14 the federal requirements in the final rule, because in
- 15 order for us to obtain primacy for the Class VI programs,
- 16 our final rule that we develop here in Wyoming has to be as
- 17 stringent as the federal rule.
- 18 So we have to give consideration to those
- 19 requirements, but unfortunately the clarity and the detail,
- 20 and I think, to a degree, the regulatory understanding that
- 21 I -- that I sense the Board is interested in seeing in a
- 22 final Wyoming rule, in my opinion, is, to a fair degree,
- 23 lacking in the final federal rule. And in working on
- 24 trying to bring some consistency between the final federal
- 25 rule requirements and Wyoming statutory requirements, in

- 1 particular it's been a challenge to make sure that we're
- 2 consistent one to the other.
- 3 And as you've probably seen, there's certainly
- 4 some obvious changes in our draft rule in the style and
- 5 tone in which we start talking about the financial
- 6 assurance requirements. That in and of itself isn't
- 7 necessary problematic, but I think it just illustrates that
- 8 there's some work that needs to be done on this new
- 9 language for us to come up with what I would consider to
- 10 be, and what I'm sure you also would consider to be a good
- 11 final rule. So we need to work on that as well.
- 12 At this time, Madam Chairman, I can certainly
- 13 take the time to walk you through, generally speaking, the
- 14 changes that deal with financial assurance requirements in
- 15 particular in Chapter 24, or perhaps, given the early stage
- 16 of these changes and recognizing that this is really the
- 17 first time you've had a chance to see some of this language
- 18 prior to our meeting here today, it may be worthwhile to
- 19 actually spend a few moments just discussing your general
- 20 thoughts and perceptions on what you think you've seen so
- 21 far and perhaps provide us some guidance in trying to make
- 22 the rule something that is what the Board envisions as
- 23 being clear, relatively easy to understand and meaningful.
- And I certainly think that's something that is a
- 25 discussion I would be interested in having with the Board,

- 1 because I certainly recognize we have -- we have some work
- 2 to do here. Thank you, Madam Chairman.
- 3 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Well, I quess I for
- 4 one -- we talk about challenges of trying to mesh the
- 5 federal and state requirements with respect to financial
- 6 assurance. However, I'm interested in having you speak to
- 7 the plume stabilization and the depth waiver requirements
- 8 and those components of the proposal.
- 9 Just kind of give us a little more about that. I
- 10 mean, I'm not used to seeing plume stabilization having the
- 11 component of essentially not causing any harm. I usually
- 12 think plume stabilization staying where it's at, but here
- 13 it's staying where it's at and it's not impacting anything.
- 14 So I'm just curious to just get a very brief background on
- 15 that, because we're trying to either wrap up or be decisive
- 16 in the next 35 minutes.
- 17 MR. FREDERICK: Sure. And I didn't quite
- 18 catch what you had to say about the waiver process. Did
- 19 you want a little explanation on that as well?
- 20 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I guess I feel you
- 21 talked about the challenges and you know what you've done
- 22 so far, but I think I'm more interested in the other part,
- 23 but that may not be the same as the -- my colleagues are on
- 24 board with.
- MR. FREDERICK: Yeah. Let me try to

- 1 respond to that. Truthfully, I think the section dealing
- 2 with the waiver requirement -- and just for your
- 3 information, that particular concept was not discussed or
- 4 included at all in EPA's draft rule we used to base our
- 5 regulation on. So that's a new concept. And, in fact,
- 6 it's a concept that -- that we supported, because it -- it
- 7 provided more opportunities for injection than what the
- 8 draft regulation had proposed. And draft regulation
- 9 essentially proposes that you can only inject beneath the
- 10 deepest underground source of drinking water as defined in
- 11 federal rules or USDW. Essentially it's a formation that
- 12 contains more than 10,000 milligrams per liter of total
- 13 dissolved solids. So it's fairly saline.
- 14 And we have in Wyoming here underground sources
- 15 of drinking water at relatively great depths. In fact, the
- 16 Madison formation, as an example, in the Moneta divide area
- 17 is at a depth of roughly 15,000 feet. Total dissolved
- 18 solids is, I believe, less than a thousand milligrams per
- 19 liter. So in situations like that, it really begs the
- 20 question whether or not we can even find formations beneath
- 21 the Madison at that depth in the event we wish to sequester
- 22 carbon dioxide in them.
- 23 So we were, you know, actually quite pleased, I
- 24 think, to see the waiver option come in. We're essentially
- 25 provided, then, an opportunity to, okay, inject above that

- 1 deepest USDW under certain conditions that are prescribed
- 2 in the rule here.
- 3 So I thought that was favorable. I thought that
- 4 was positive. And, quite honestly, I think the majority of
- 5 the language that particular section that we're proposing
- 6 to add is fairly clear and straightforward. Doesn't cause
- 7 me as much confusion, I guess, as some of the later
- 8 language discussing more specifically financial assurance
- 9 requirements.
- 10 The second part of your question I'm trying to
- 11 recall, but I had something I wanted to speak to.
- 12 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: It's with respect to
- 13 the plume stabilization --
- MR. FREDERICK: Yes. Thank you.
- 15 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: -- and the definition
- 16 and where that's used.
- MR. FREDERICK: Yes. Thank you.
- 18 Plume stabilization first was acknowledged,
- 19 I think, as an important -- an important element of the
- 20 whole carbon sequestration process, from permitting all the
- 21 way through closure, then into long-term monitoring and so
- 22 forth in the report that was developed by the carbon
- 23 sequestration working group. And the carbon sequestration
- 24 working group didn't define plume stabilization per se.
- 25 And in our discussions we instead considered criterion

- 1 factors that should be considered and evaluated when trying
- 2 to assess whether plume stabilization has occurred or
- 3 hasn't occurred.
- 4 And I think more generally that type of
- 5 flexibility in allowing DEQ to establish at what point in
- 6 time or when plume stabilization occurred is a reasonable
- 7 one, given the variety of situations we would probably see
- 8 for carbon sequestration projects, and recognizing that --
- 9 that a plume may be mobile in one part of the state and
- 10 present little, if any, risk to human health or the
- 11 environment, even if it continues to migrate, with
- 12 groundwater, as opposed to some other part of the state
- 13 where that same degree of movement migration might -- might
- 14 be more of a concern to us. So I think providing the
- 15 flexibility for us to be able to evaluate that is
- 16 important. I think that's a good process.
- 17 The working group also recommended to the -- in
- 18 its report how plume stabilization fits into financial
- 19 assurance requirements. And I can paraphrase -- let me
- 20 grab my statute real quick. If I could draw your
- 21 attention, Madam Chair, to the draft rule that you have
- 22 before you, I hope, the redline/strikeout version, page
- 23 24-42.
- 24 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: 42?
- MR. FREDERICK: Page 24-42, at the very top

- 1 of the page, starting with line 1996. This is essentially
- 2 language developed by the Wyoming -- excuse me, the carbon
- 3 sequestration working group and recommended to the
- 4 legislature in its report, and that was subsequently then
- 5 adopted into statute.
- 6 And this is where plume stabilization is
- 7 discussed by the working group and by statute in the
- 8 context of financial assurance. In particular, the
- 9 reference to completion and release certificate from the
- 10 administrator, in line 2,000, certifying that plume
- 11 stabilization has been achieved without the use of control
- 12 equipment based on a minimum of three consecutive years of
- 13 monitoring data, references a point in time at which the
- 14 financial assurance requirements such as bonds and
- 15 assurance instruments can essentially be released, and, for
- 16 all intents and purposes, the project or the site is
- 17 essentially closed, the permit is terminated and DEQ, to
- 18 the extent it believes is necessary, will continue with
- 19 long-term monitoring, verification and maintenance, if any,
- 20 is needed of the site. And resources that will allow that
- 21 to occur will be provided for in a special revenue account
- 22 that the legislature authorized DEQ to set up and provided
- 23 options for funding that maintenance account, monitoring
- 24 maintenance verification account, if you will, based upon a
- 25 per-ton fee of CO2 injected or some other alternative

- 1 methods.
- 2 So it's clear that -- that not only would
- 3 injectors expect to understand at what point in time are
- 4 they released from the financial assurance liability
- 5 requirements that are in place, but also I think the
- 6 expectation for us to be able to articulate that in the
- 7 rule in some form or fashion.
- 8 The final federal rule speaks to plume
- 9 stabilization as well, but not to the, I guess, degree of
- 10 clarity that I think the Wyoming statutes do.
- 11 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Thank you. I'm just
- 12 curious, you know some of this language, this number of
- 13 spots where things are bolded, I'm not used to seeing
- 14 bolded items within that rule. Are they supposed to be
- 15 bolded or is it --
- 16 MR. TILLMAN: In the final they won't be
- 17 bolded. I guess in the federal rule they were that way,
- 18 and --
- 19 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: They don't need to be.
- MR. TILLMAN: No, they don't. And in the
- 21 final rule they won't be bolded.
- 22 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Okay. Thank you.
- 23 MR. TILLMAN: That's just a formatting --
- 24 a formatting thing on our part.
- 25 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: That takes care of some

- 1 of my comments.
- 2 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Good.
- In the interest of time, shall we open this up
- 4 for Board comments?
- 5 Klaus, do you have anything that you want to ask
- 6 with respect to Chapter 24?
- 7 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: It just struck me in
- 8 looking at this, why would you want to do injection? You
- 9 know, I mean, it's a -- I guess it's a healthy process to
- 10 get rid of some carbon, to put it underground, but the onus
- 11 that is put on the operator is fairly great, and the
- 12 financial security that has to be presented is probably
- 13 necessary, but what's the incentive? You know, that's
- 14 where I'm -- I'm sort of --
- 15 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: If you want to address
- 16 that, Kevin, for Klaus?
- 17 MR. FREDERICK: I can try, Madam Chairman.
- 18 First let me say that we have not received any
- 19 permit applications for carbon sequestration projects in
- 20 Wyoming.
- BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Uh-huh.
- 22 MR. FREDERICK: Nor am I aware of any that
- 23 are in the immediate mix of things. Prior to the Federal
- 24 Rule, the University of Wyoming did a -- proceed with their
- 25 plans to essentially develop a test well.

- 1 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: That's right, yeah.
- MR. FREDERICK: And, fortunately, it turned
- 3 out that the test well discovered what appears to be some
- 4 fairly significant lithium deposits that --
- 5 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Hallelujah.
- 6 MR. FREDERICK: -- presented, I think, a
- 7 real challenge for former state geologist Ron Surdam, who I
- 8 think is now trying to figure out how we can have lithium
- 9 and CO2 injection in the same well. But he's certainly
- 10 more knowledgeable about that than I am.
- 11 But to your point, Mr. Hanson, it appears that
- 12 perhaps the largest -- or greatest, I should say, incentive
- 13 for carbon sequestration may actually come through federal
- 14 regulations on power plants and proposed rules that are out
- 15 for public comment, even as we speak, that seems to suggest
- 16 that carbon sequestration is the preferred technology for
- 17 emissions reductions that the proposed rule appears to
- intend to apply at some point in the future.
- 19 I think it's clear to us that perhaps the biggest
- 20 incentive for injecting CO2 is probably going to be for
- 21 enhanced oil recovery here in Wyoming and --
- 22 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Put it down, it comes
- 23 up.
- MR. FREDERICK: Slowly. And we're
- 25 certainly hopeful that proceeds to be the case. And that

- 1 at some point in time, then, when those reservoirs are
- 2 depleted, then we may be looking at carbon sequestration --
- 3 long-term carbon sequestration projects, after that
- 4 reduction has essentially been eliminated.
- 5 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Uh-huh.
- 6 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Thank you.
- 7 Comments?
- 8 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I don't have anything
- 9 of significance, but I do have some questions and
- 10 editorials I can go through very quickly. I don't have a
- 11 lot.
- 12 I do not have line numbers on the version that I
- 13 looked at, so I'm going to go by page number and then --
- MS. THOMPSON: That's fine.
- 15 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: -- sub numbers.
- 16 So page 24-3, on (gg), the definition for plume
- 17 stabilization. Is there something missing after injected
- 18 and subsurface? So is it means the carbon dioxide injected
- 19 "into" the subsurface essentially no longer expands, or are
- 20 we talking about the carbon dioxide injected subsurface no
- 21 longer expands?
- 22 MR. TILLMAN: I guess, Madam Chair Cahn
- 23 (sic), to me that's semantics.
- 24 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I agree it's semantics.
- MR. TILLMAN: The way I wrote it was

- injected subsurface -- into subsurface. I guess it was
- 2 implied.
- 3 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: You're talking about
- 4 the subsurface as opposed to the carbon dioxide injected?
- 5 MR. TILLMAN: Yes.
- 6 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: No. No. You're
- 7 talking about the carbon dioxide --
- 8 MR. TILLMAN: Injected --
- 9 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: -- injected into the
- 10 subsurface.
- MR. TILLMAN: Yes.
- 12 MS. THOMPSON: So potentially we could
- 13 clear it up with --
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Into.
- 15 MS. THOMPSON: -- which has been injected?
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah. Yeah.
- 17 MS. THOMPSON: We're looking at the carbon
- 18 dioxide. We're looking at that plume --
- 19 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Which has been agreed.
- 20 It just wasn't clear what you were talking about. Like I
- 21 said, these are just to make it easier to understand. It's
- 22 nothing of significance.
- MS. THOMPSON: Okay.
- 24 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Under next page, under
- 25 (11) public hearing. It says means a nonadversary hearing.

- 1 I've never quite seen it that way. Is that necessary to
- 2 have that, or can we just say means a hearing held by the
- 3 administrator?
- 4 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I don't know what that
- 5 is.
- 6 MS. THOMPSON: I think our Chapter 3 rules
- 7 of practice and procedure defines a hearing as a
- 8 nonadversarial hearing. So --
- 9 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: So this just
- 10 corresponds to the --
- 11 MS. THOMPSON: -- it's just corresponding
- 12 to that. So we're saying that -- when we call it that,
- 13 there's certain rules that apply. So you're not going to
- 14 cross-examine any witnesses because it's not an
- 15 adversarial.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: That's fine. We can
- 17 move on. I just hadn't seen it before.
- MS. THOMPSON: Okay.
- 19 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: And then the next
- 20 question I have -- this is actually more of a question on
- 21 (mm) than radioactive waste. The regulations that you
- 22 refer to are NRC regulations, and I'm just curious, because
- 23 the picoCuries per liter concentrations in that regulation
- 24 are higher than like a drinking water standard for
- 25 radionuclides. So I was wondering why that is the

- 1 regulation that -- is that how EPA does it, and so you just
- 2 follow their --
- 3 MR. TILLMAN: Right. And that was already
- 4 in Chapter 24, so that wasn't modified with this.
- 5 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay.
- 6 MR. TILLMAN: Yeah.
- 7 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I just didn't really
- 8 understand that.
- 9 MR. TILLMAN: I believe --
- 10 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Yeah, that's why they
- 11 chose that.
- 12 MR. TILLMAN: I didn't mean to talk at the
- 13 same time.
- 14 But I believe that's federal language, that
- 15 definition.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay. All right.
- 17 20 -- line (tt), second line down, liters should be
- 18 capitalized. Page 24-5, Section 3(b)(i), we've got that
- 19 the wells -- that the well (S) were, and I think you want
- 20 was/were, if -- if the well -- if the well was engineered,
- 21 and if the wells were engineered. So it's just editorial.
- BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Uh-huh.
- 23 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: If you take out the S,
- 24 it doesn't make -- that the well were engineered.
- MR. FREDERICK: Right.

- 1 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: So that was --
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Was/were.
- 3 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Just fix it and use the
- 4 S.
- 5 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Like I say, these are
- 6 pretty trivial. If you have real comments, go right ahead.
- 7 Mine are --
- 8 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: No. Fine.
- 9 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: On 20 -- let's see.
- 10 Same page, Section 3(b)(ii). I'm not understanding why
- 11 Section 9(b)(i) through -- (i) -- (vii) is exempt from the
- 12 casing and cementing requirements.
- 13 MR. FREDERICK: I'm sorry, Madam Chair.
- 14 Could you say again where you are referring to?
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: So I'm on Section
- 16 3(b)(ii).
- MR. FREDERICK: What page?
- MS. THOMPSON: Line 224.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Page 24-5.
- 20 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: All they were doing is
- 21 changing section reference.
- 22 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: But I don't understand
- 23 why -- why the wells in sections 9(vi) and -- (vii) are
- 24 exempt from casing and cementing requirements. I don't --
- 25 I don't understand that. And when I look over at Section

- 1 9, it's on page 26, 24-26. No, maybe it's not.
- 2 MR. FREDERICK: This was actually, as I
- 3 recall, a clause that --
- 4 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I'm sorry, 24-22.
- 5 MR. FREDERICK: -- many felt was something
- 6 that would provide some additional flexibility to states.
- 7 In the event -- and here again, we're speaking specifically
- 8 to Class I, Class II or Class V wells that wish to
- 9 essentially convert to a Class VI well.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Oh, okay.
- 11 MR. FREDERICK: That's in the case of, say,
- 12 Class I wells, for instance, I suspect that the casing and
- 13 cementing requirements is equally rigorous as they are for
- 14 Class VI wells.
- 15 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I would hope so.
- 16 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Yeah. So I don't think
- 17 this gives anybody a break, really.
- 18 MR. FREDERICK: And I think that was really
- 19 kind of the intent. If, as stated, the administrator
- 20 doesn't believe that there's going to be or would be an
- 21 impact to an underground source of drinking water, would he
- 22 have the flexibility to consider casing and cementing
- 23 requirements that aren't as rigorous, but nonetheless are
- 24 probably still protective enough.
- 25 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay. Just for my own

- 1 edification, on page 24-7 talks about things that are
- 2 represented work -- geologic work signed and sealed by a
- 3 licensed professional geologist and work signed and sealed
- 4 by a licensed professional engineer. So where does well
- 5 construction fall? Is that engineering or geologist?
- 6 MR. FREDERICK: In my opinion, that could
- 7 be either.
- 8 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: So it depends on who
- 9 you have on -- who you use in the project?
- 10 MR. FREDERICK: I think so, yes. I don't
- 11 know that either profession has any clear claim to being
- 12 the only sole expert on well construction.
- 13 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay. I just was
- 14 curious.
- 15 Okay. 24-10, under Permit Conditions, (c), big
- 16 also, big letter C, I didn't understand that statement that
- 17 it shall not be a defense for permittee -- that it would
- 18 have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted
- 19 activity in order to maintain compliance with the permit
- 20 conditions, and I have no idea what that's saying.
- 21 MR. FREDERICK: Well, that's a fair
- 22 question. I'm not so sure I do either. That's language
- 23 that we have essentially in our other UIC rules as well. I
- 24 can't recall, off the top of my head, whether this is in
- 25 the Federal Rule or not, but I think it's a crafty way that

- some attorneys have come up with to essentially allow a
- 2 permit violation to be enforced, whether it may cause harm
- 3 or damage or not.
- 4 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay. Well, if it's
- 5 not in the federal rule, could you please try to word it in
- 6 a way that's understandable, because I have no idea what it
- 7 says. It's obviously crafted by a lawyer. They don't want
- 8 anybody else to understand it.
- 9 MR. FREDERICK: We'll see what we can do
- 10 with that.
- 11 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Then page 24-11, F,
- 12 just the word stay -- to stay -- shall not stay any permit
- 13 condition. I didn't know what that word meant, to stay a
- 14 permit condition.
- 15 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Resist. To stay.
- 16 To --
- 17 MR. TILLMAN: I believe "to stay" means
- 18 render ineffective.
- 19 MS. THOMPSON: That's another lawyer term.
- MR. TILLMAN: Yeah, that's ineffective --
- 21 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: What does it mean?
- MR. TILLMAN: Basically to render
- 23 ineffective.
- MS. THOMPSON: Paused. It's not --
- MR. TILLMAN: Yeah, it's on pause until

- 1 they decide something else. And in the federal CFR, in Air
- 2 and Water, they use stay quite a bit, and they don't
- 3 explain it.
- 4 MS. THOMPSON: It's a lawyer term, so when
- 5 they say that they've stayed a decision, they've put
- 6 that --
- 7 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: On hold.
- 8 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: On hold.
- 9 MS. THOMPSON: -- the effects of that
- 10 decision on the side, a status quo is enacted until they
- 11 figure out what they're going to do over here.
- 12 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Okay.
- 13 MS. THOMPSON: So that's -- yeah, it's
- 14 lawyerese.
- BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Yeah.
- 16 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay. 24-12, S, as in
- 17 Sam. I don't understand the part that says all instances
- 18 of noncompliance not already required to be reported under
- 19 paragraph (c)(i)(Q) through (R) of this section at the time
- 20 monitoring reports are submitted. So you got requirements
- 21 in that section that are not already required to be
- 22 reported. I'm like -- it's like -- and it didn't help me
- 23 to go to (c)(i)(Q) through (R).
- MR. FREDERICK: Yeah, I suspect that
- 25 (c)(i)(Q) and (R) probably identify specific conditions

- that constitute noncompliance, but perhaps not all. I
- 2 think this is intended to essentially say even if you are
- 3 aware of some noncompliance that's not on that list, it
- 4 needs to be reported.
- 5 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Oh, okay. When you say
- 6 it, I understand it.
- 7 MR. FREDERICK: I believe that's right out
- 8 of the federal rules.
- 9 MR. TILLMAN: Yeah, that's --
- 10 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: And V, I also didn't
- 11 understand. Requirement that the permittee notify the
- 12 administrator at such time as the permit requires before
- 13 conversion or abandonment of facilities. So you have a
- 14 requirement at times when it's required.
- 15 MR. FREDERICK: Yeah. That's perhaps a
- 16 little clumsy.
- 17 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: These all probably are
- 18 from the federal rule, but you look at those.
- 19 The next one down, W, a requirement that
- 20 injection may not commence until construction is complete,
- 21 and I just wanted to know construction of what?
- 22 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Well, shaft or
- 23 something like that.
- 24 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Sounds like we
- 25 should probably -- since we're going to see this again, we

- 1 can just go to yours.
- 2 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: No, I'm good.
- 3 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Mine are questions of
- 4 clarification and changes "that" to "which," those kinds of
- 5 thing, so we can catch them on the next go-round.
- I can just send them to you.
- 7 MS. THOMPSON: Yeah, I don't mind taking
- 8 those edits separately.
- 9 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: So is that your
- 10 proposal, then, that we vote on this chapter at the -- at
- 11 the next quarter? I wasn't sure what you were presenting.
- 12 MR. FREDERICK: I suspect, Madam Chair,
- 13 that there's a good chance we won't be ready to vote on
- 14 this at the next meeting. I can't say for sure not.
- 15 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Because of the other
- 16 items that need to be resolved?
- MR. FREDERICK: Excuse me?
- 18 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: That you won't be ready
- 19 at the next meeting because of outstanding issues with the
- 20 financial assurance?
- 21 MR. FREDERICK: I suspect that we will
- 22 bring back this rule for the next advisory board meeting
- 23 with some better clarification, certainly, and a discussion
- 24 on the financial assurance requirements than what we have
- 25 here. For your information, really, what we're looking at

- 1 here is language essentially out of the federal rule.
- 2 There are some minor sections that we've incorporated out
- 3 of the state statutes to make sure they get included as
- 4 well, but I think those of us that have worked on this rule
- 5 probably think that we may be able to actually improve this
- 6 regulation by making it a little bit more clear.
- 7 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: It would be wonderful
- 8 if you could address these other paragraphs at the same
- 9 time that probably came from similar source that are
- 10 confusing and add to the clarify of the whole picture.
- 11 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: And I could call you
- 12 next Friday and just give you my -- or Bill, either one of
- 13 you -- what my questions are, what my changes -- suggested
- 14 changes are. Nothing is substantial.
- MS. THOMPSON: Sure. Sure.
- 16 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: It's just all to make
- 17 it easier to understand, because I don't understand it, as
- 18 far as editorials. They don't need to come before the
- 19 Board, those things.
- MS. THOMPSON: Sure.
- 21 MR. FREDERICK: Madam Chair, just to
- 22 clarify, as I understand it, when we bring in existing
- 23 regulation back to you for some proposed modifications and
- 24 so forth, only those sections that we're opening --
- 25 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Are really what we

- 1 should be commenting on.
- MR. FREDERICK: Well, that's not to say we
- 3 can't consider these. I just want you to be aware that if
- 4 we open up additional parts of the rule for public comment,
- 5 then --
- 6 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Then you would have to
- 7 go back to public comment --
- 8 MR. FREDERICK: Yes.
- 9 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: -- you're saying, if
- 10 you make changes to other areas.
- MR. FREDERICK: Yes.
- 12 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: So that might be worth
- 13 the effort.
- 14 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: But not if it's
- 15 anything -- we've gone over it before, when it's not a
- 16 technical change, if it's just clarify language or to fix a
- 17 typo, we don't -- that's okay. I mean, it's if you change
- 18 the --
- 19 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Intent.
- 20 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: -- intent of it that it
- 21 needs to go for public comment again. But if you don't
- 22 change the intent, it's just clarifying it or a fixing
- 23 typo, that's okay.
- 24 MR. FREDERICK: Yes. To a degree, I agree
- 25 with you. My concern, though, is that if we open up for

- some minor language changes, technically were someone to
- 2 ask whether or not that means that section is open for --
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: Okay.
- 4 MR. FREDERICK: -- additional discussion or
- 5 comment, I don't know that we can limit it to just for
- 6 language change that we're talking about.
- 7 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I can understand that
- 8 fine line that he's walking here.
- 9 BOARD MEMBER CAHN: I guess I assume if a
- 10 chapter is before the Board, then everything in that
- 11 chapter is up for -- if you set it out for public comment,
- 12 then everything in that chapter -- or if you're sending it
- 13 to the --
- 14 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: No.
- 15 MS. THOMPSON: That's not always the case.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: No?
- 17 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Huh-uh.
- 18 MS. THOMPSON: Like in Air Quality, when
- 19 they're amending their chapter, they open up very specific
- 20 sections to update language. And we -- and they never
- 21 refused to change anything. It's just the next time they
- 22 get into that section, they will offer to update that then,
- 23 because then it really does limit the scope to those very
- 24 specific sections that they've changed in a serious way.
- 25 And then they will take the suggestions for the other

- 1 sections, and they will work on them in a separate
- 2 rulemaking, because at some point everything gets adjusted.
- 3 But generally when we're doing these, we want to limit the
- 4 scope so that we can get this through and then take on the
- 5 next -- but it's -- it's usually in a cycle.
- 6 So like 25, we've torn that one all the way
- 7 through, so there's no limit --
- 8 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: On comments for that.
- 9 MS. THOMPSON: -- while we're there.
- 10 But this one we've -- we've adjusted very
- 11 specific sections.
- 12 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I can understand that.
- 13 It sounds to me like you'll probably end up going back to
- 14 this chapter again in the future anyway. But I appreciate
- 15 the Water Quality Division's desire to at least make the
- 16 language in these new sections on financial assurance more
- 17 clear and understandable.
- 18 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: I -- just an
- 19 observation or -- I don't know whether it's really true.
- 20 Page 24-36, there is something about, you know, notifying
- 21 folks who own the land on top. So are we getting into the
- 22 question of subsurface ownership? Because -- I mean,
- 23 that's, of course, an important issue in this state. You
- 24 know, I know at my house I don't own anything past 10 feet.
- 25 Somebody else owns it. But I guess there is value in

- 1 sequestered carbon dioxide down there. Will that have to
- 2 be addressed?
- 3 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: It looks like everyone
- 4 is being notified.
- 5 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: They notify
- 6 everybody, but it doesn't say anything about who owns what
- 7 and are they getting compensated or --
- 8 MR. FREDERICK: Yes. Just real quickly.
- 9 There is an additional section in the regulation that
- 10 discusses notification of mineral owners, for instance.
- BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Yeah.
- 12 MR. FREDERICK: The legislature set up
- 13 essentially pore space ownership or pore space rights in
- 14 the subsurface associated with CO2 injection. Those pore
- 15 space rights are part of the surface owner estate. He can
- 16 assign them. He can sell them, similar to a mineral.
- BOARD MEMBER HANSON: To a mineral, right,
- 18 yeah.
- 19 MR. FREDERICK: Yeah. So there is value
- 20 there, absolutely.
- 21 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: I just saw this, you
- 22 know, and I thought who gets what here?
- 23 MR. FREDERICK: Yeah. I prefer to keep
- 24 that out of the rule, because it's addressed in statute.
- 25 BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Fine. Unless

- 1 somebody comes and says I'm the surface owner, then.
- 2 MR. FREDERICK: And he has those rights,
- 3 absolutely, yeah.
- 4 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Well -- so thank you
- 5 for the preview of Chapter 24.
- 6 MR. FREDERICK: Thank you. Look forward to
- 7 seeing you next time.
- BOARD MEMBER HANSON: Thank you.
- 9 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Thanks for hanging in
- 10 there until 5:00.
- 11 Is there anything else we need to address before
- we adjourn the meeting?
- 13 MR. FREDERICK: Just real quickly, Madam
- 14 Chair. I think you did touch on this a little earlier, but
- 15 we are working on the rule reduction changes. We do have
- 16 plans to bring some -- proposed rule reductions before the
- 17 advisory board at the next meeting, where we're combining
- 18 chapters, more or less. So just for your information and
- 19 to let you know we are working on it.
- 20 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Thank you.
- MR. TILLMAN: I'll see you again.
- 22 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I have a question. As
- 23 far as the next board meeting, are we looking at that being
- 24 in June or later?
- MS. THOMPSON: I figured the revised

- 1 timelines that I've been working on for our various rules
- 2 meetings. I've been figuring on July. I wasn't sure that
- 3 we would have enough time to do edits in that two-month
- 4 window, since we would have a 30-day public notice period
- 5 for this meeting.
- 6 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Right. Uh-huh.
- 7 MS. THOMPSON: Or for the next meeting,
- 8 sorry. So I was sort of basing all of my timeline off of
- 9 July. So if you have vacation in July, you know, please
- 10 let me know as soon as possible, and I will mark out those
- 11 dates so that we don't consider them for the next meeting.
- 12 But other than that sort of nebulous
- 13 consideration, we will be sending a Doodle Poll probably in
- 14 May to just get an idea of where folks are. And, you know,
- 15 we have another division to consider, and they have several
- 16 programs that need to brief you as well, so...
- 17 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Okay. I just wanted to
- 18 get an idea of what month we're looking at.
- 19 MS. THOMPSON: I think June would be a
- 20 little soon for both sides.
- 21 CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Okay.
- BOARD MEMBER CAHN: And I think
- 23 historically we -- over the years we have had some problems
- 24 with July or August meetings in terms of finding a
- 25 quorum --

1	MS. THOMPSON: Okay.
2	BOARD MEMBER CAHN: on the board with
3	people with summer vacations.
4	MS. THOMPSON: And other events, so
5	BOARD MEMBER CAHN: We can certainly try.
6	BOARD MEMBER HANSON: From my perspective
7	the beginning of July looks better than the end of July.
8	CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: I would agree.
9	BOARD MEMBER HANSON: If you get into
10	August, that's when people are disappearing fast.
11	CHAIRMAN BEDESSEM: Well, thank you very
12	much. And I'll we are hereby adjourning the Water and
13	Wastewater Advisory Board meeting.
14	(Meeting proceedings concluded
15	5:04 p.m., April 18, 2014.)
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1	CERTIFICATE
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3	I, KATHY J. KENDRICK, a Registered Professional
4	Reporter, do hereby certify that I reported by machine
5	shorthand the foregoing proceedings contained herein,
6	constituting a full, true and correct transcript.
7	Dated this 23rd day of May, 2014.
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