#### CHAPTER 10

#### COAL EXPLORATION

#### Section 1. General Requirements: Exploration of 250 Tons or Less.

- (a) Any person who intends to conduct coal exploration outside a permit area and remove less than 250 tons of coal in the area to be explored shall, before conducting the exploration, file with the Administrator a notice of intent to explore.
  - (b) The notice shall include:
    - (i) The person's name, address, and telephone number;
- (ii) The name, address, and telephone number of the person who will be present at and responsible for the exploration operation;
- (iii) A narrative describing the proposed exploration area and a map at a scale of 1:24,000, or greater, showing the proposed area of exploration and the general location of drill holes and trenches, existing and proposed roads, occupied dwellings, topographic features, bodies of surface water, and pipelines. The narrative shall clearly describe the areas to be disturbed as well as the natural and man-made features in and immediately around the exploration area;
  - (iv) The proposed period of exploration; and
- (v) The method of exploration to be used and the practices proposed to protect the environment and reclaim the area, including those necessary to comply with Section 3 of this Chapter.

# Section 2. General Requirements: Exploration of More than 250 Tons or in an Area Designated as Unsuitable.

- (a) Any person who intends to conduct coal exploration outside a permit area and remove more than 250 tons of coal in the area to be explored or which will take place on lands designated as unsuitable for surface mining under Chapter 17 of these rules and those protected under Chapter 12, Section 1(a)(v) of these rules shall file an application for a coal mine exploration license with and obtain the approval of the Administrator before conducting the exploration.
  - (b) The application shall include at a minimum, the following information:
    - (i) The applicant's name, address, and telephone number;

- (ii) The name, address and telephone number of the applicant's representative who will be present at, and responsible for, conducting the exploration activities;
  - (iii) A narrative describing the proposed exploration area;
- (iv) A narrative description of the methods and equipment to be used to conduct the exploration and reclamation;
- (v) An estimated timetable for conducting and completing each phase of the exploration and reclamation;
- (vi) The estimated amount of coal to be removed, a description of the methods to be used to determine the amount, and a statement explaining why extraction of more than 250 tons of coal is necessary for exploration;
- (vii) A description of historic or cultural features or resources listed or known to be eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places. This shall include a detailed description of all archeological and historic resources located within the areas to be directly affected by the proposed exploration activities. This shall also include any other information which the Administrator may require regarding known or possible historic or archeological resources;
- (viii) A description of any endangered or threatened species listed pursuant to the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.) and identified within the proposed exploration area;
- (ix) A description of the measures to be used to comply with Section 3 of this Chapter;
- (x) The name and address of the owner of record of the surface land and of the subsurface mineral estate of the area to be explored;
- (xi) A map(s) at a scale of 1:24,000 or larger, showing the areas of land to be disturbed by the proposed exploration and reclamation. The map(s) shall specifically show the location of: existing roads, occupied dwellings, topographic and drainage features, bodies of surface water, and pipelines; proposed trenches, roads, access routes, and other structures to be constructed; proposed land excavations; exploration holes or other drill holes or underground openings; excavated earth or waste material disposal areas; and critical habitats of any endangered or threatened species listed pursuant to the Endangered Species Act;
- (xii) If the surface is owned by a person other than the applicant, a description of the basis upon which the applicant claims the right to enter the area for the purpose of conducting the exploration and reclamation; and
  - (xiii) For any lands designated as unsuitable for surface mining under Chapter

17 or listed under Chapter 12, Section 1(a)(v) of these rules, a demonstration that to the extent technologically and economically feasible, the proposed exploration activities have been designed to minimize interference with the features for which those lands were designated as unsuitable for surface coal mining operations or listed under Chapter 12, Section 1(a)(v). Where applicable, the applicant shall document its consultation with the owner of the feature causing the land to be designated as unsuitable for surface mining under Chapter 17 or listed under Chapter 12, Section 1(a)(v), as well as the applicant's consultation with the agency with primary jurisdiction over that feature of the land.

- (c) Within thirty days after submittal of an application for a license to explore under this Section, the Administrator will notify the applicant whether the application is complete. Upon a determination that the application is complete, the Administrator shall require the applicant to publish a notice of filing in a newspaper of general circulation in the county of the proposed exploration area. The notice shall state the name and address of the person seeking approval, the filing date of the application, the address where written comments on the application may be submitted, the closing date of the comment period, and a description of the area of exploration.
- (d) Any interested person shall have the right to file written objections to the application within thirty days from the date of publication. The Director shall consider any objections, conduct an informal conference upon request, and make a decision on the application in accordance with Wyoming Statute (W.S.) § 35-11-406(p).
- (e) The Director shall approve a complete application and issue the license only if the Administrator finds in writing that the exploration and reclamation:
  - (i) Will be conducted in accordance with Section 3 of this Chapter;
- (ii) Will not jeopardize the continued existence of an endangered or threatened species list pursuant to Section 4 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1533) or result in the destruction or adverse modification of critical habitat of those species;
- (iii) Will not adversely affect any cultural or historical resources listed on the National Register of Historic Places, pursuant to the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended, unless the proposed exploration has been approved by the Administrator and the agency with jurisdiction over such matters; and
- (iv) With respect to exploration activities on any lands designated as unsuitable for surface coal mining under Chapter 17 or listed under Chapter 12, Section 1(a)(v) of these rules, will minimize interference, to the extent technologically or economically feasible, with the features for which those lands were designated as unsuitable for surface coal mining operations or listed under Chapter 12, Section 1(a)(v). Before making this finding, the Administrator shall provide reasonable opportunity to the owner of the feature causing the land to come under the protection of Chapter 17 or Chapter 12, Section 1(a)(v), and, where applicable, to the agency with primary jurisdiction over that feature of the land to comment on whether the finding is

appropriate.

## Section 3. Exploration and Reclamation Performance Standards.

- (a) Any person who conducts coal exploration operations which substantially disturb the natural land surface shall minimize environmental damage to the area by complying with the requirements of this Section.
- (b) Backfilling, regrading, and recontouring shall be conducted as necessary to promptly return the affected land to its approximate original contour.
- (c) Topsoil removal, storage, and redistribution practices shall be used, including those measures designed to assure successful revegetation.
- (d) Revegetation shall be conducted by seeding or planting to the same seasonal variety native to the areas disturbed, so as to encourage stabilization of the affected land and prompt recovery of a diverse, effective, and permanent vegetative cover.
- (e) Critical habitats of threatened or endangered species identified pursuant to the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.) shall not be disturbed during coal exploration. Crucial or important habitat for wildlife shall not be disturbed during coal exploration unless written evidence of consultation with the Wyoming Game and Fish Department and any resulting recommendations are submitted to the Administrator as part of either a notice of intent to explore under Section 1 of this Chapter or an exploration license application under Section 2 of this Chapter.
  - (f) Diversions shall be made in accordance with Chapter 4, Section 2 of these rules.
  - (g) All drill holes shall meet the requirements of Chapter 14, Section 3 of these rules.
- (h) Vehicular travel and road construction, maintenance, and reclamation shall meet the requirements of Chapter 4, Section 2, of these rules.
- (i) Toxic or acid-forming materials shall be handled and disposed of in accordance with Chapter 4, Section 2(c) of these rules.
- (j) Activities shall be conducted to minimize disturbance to the prevailing hydrologic balance, including, at a minimum, sediment control measures or sedimentation ponds that comply with Chapter 4, Section 2(e)(ii)(A) and Chapter 4, Section 2(f) of these rules.
- (k) Facility removal shall be conducted in accordance with Chapter 4, Section 2(m) of these rules.

### **Section 4.** Additional Requirements.

Proposed coal exploration operations that include activities described as exploration by drilling shall also meet the requirements of W. S. § 35-11-404 and Chapter 14 of these rules.

#### Section 5. Public Availability of Information.

Information requested to be held confidential shall not be made publicly available until after notice and opportunity to be heard is afforded persons both seeking and opposing disclosure of the information.

# Section 6. Commercial Use or Sale of Coal Extracted under a Coal Exploration License.

- (a) Except as provided under subparagraph (b) below, any person who intends to commercially use or sell coal extracted during coal exploration operations under an exploration license, shall first obtain a permit to conduct surface coal mining operations for those operations.
- (b) With prior written approval of the Administrator, a licensee may sell or commercially use coal extracted during exploration operations for coal testing purposes. To obtain approval for sale or commercial use, the licensee shall submit an application demonstrating that the coal testing is necessary for the development of a surface coal mining and reclamation operation for which a surface coal mining operations permit application is to be submitted in the near future, and that the proposed sale or commercial use of coal extracted during exploration operations is solely for the purpose of testing the coal. The application shall contain the following:
- (i) The name of the testing firm and the locations at which the coal will be tested;
- (ii) A statement from the intended end user of the coal, or an agent or broker, describing:
- (A) The specific reason for the test, including why the coal may be so different from the intended user's other coal supplies as to require testing;
- (B) The amount of coal necessary for the test and why a lesser amount is not sufficient; and
  - (C) A description of the specific tests that will be conducted;
- (iii) Evidence demonstrating that the amount of coal to be removed is not the total reserve, but a sampling of reserves large enough to adequately supply the intended end user; and
- (iv) An explanation why other means of exploration, such as core drilling, are not adequate to determine the quality of the coal or the feasibility of developing a surface coal

mining operation.