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SUBSTANTIVE CHANGES NOTED IN STRIKE/UNDERLINE
Changes Made Since 3/11/21 Noted in Green
Changes Made Since 7/16/21 Noted in Green, Highlighted in Yellow
DRAFT 8/10/21

Changes Made Since 7/16/21

- Line 419, 4(c) Added a passage to address EPA comment regarding the process for situations where the Director determines the tentative decision to deny a permit was incorrect.
- Line 859, 9(b)(xxii) Added a passage to address EPA comment regarding the process for converting a well to another class.
- Line 3099, 26(h)(ii) and (iii) Added passages to address EPA comment regarding the process for releasing financial assurance in situations where permittee requests conversion to another class or requests to transfer a permit.

Changes Made Since 3/11/21:

- Line 59, 2(1) Revised "Class II well" to ensure definition is consistent with WOGCC's definition.
- Line 105, 2(r) Restored definition to address stringency concern.
- Line 224, 2(mm)(v) Moved passages to Section 9(b)(xiii) to address stringency concern.
- Line 380, 3(e) Restored passage to address stringency concern.
- Line 412, 4(a)(iv)(D) Added "states" to address stringency concern and corrected cross-reference.
- Line 415, 4(b) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 426, 4(c) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 467, 4(f) Corrected Department to Administrator for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 472, 5(a) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 491, 6(a) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 571, 6(c) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 574, 6(d) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority; Removed passage since Class VI permits do not expire.
- Line 587, 7(a) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 599, 7(b) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 604, 7(d) Removed passage referring to expiration dates to address EPA comment.
- Line 621, 8(b) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 647, 9(b)(ii) Removed passages since Class VI permits do not expire.
- Line 740, 9(b)(xii) Added passages formerly located at 2(mm)(v) and revised to address stringency concern.
- Line 775, 9(b)(xv) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 852, 9(b)(xxii) Removed passage as Wyoming Class VI permits do not convert to other classes but terminate and are issued under the new class.

- Line 923, 9(b)(xxviii)(C) Restored last sentence to address stringency concern.
- Line 973, 9(f) and 9(f)(i) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 988, 9(h) Revised (h) and removed (i)-(ii) to address stringency concern.
- Line 1104, 10(b)(xi)(C) Revised to address clarity concern.
- Line 1169, 10(b)(xx) Revised to address clarity concern.
- Line 1229, 10(b)(xxxvi) Added "states" to address stringency concern.
- Line 1267, 11(a)(iv) Revised to address stringency concern.
- Line 1295, 11(c)(ii) Restored passage to address stringency concern.
- Line 1409, 13(c)(v) Revised passage to address stringency concern.
- Line 1673, 15(b)(ii) Corrected capitalization error.
- Line 1758, 15(f)(ii)(B)-(B)(II) Revised to address clarity concern.
- Line 1815, 16(b)(ii) Corrected "approve" to "evaluate" for alignment with Administrator's authority.
- Line 2232, 21(b) Revised to address stringency concern.
- Line 2586, 24(e)(ii) Corrected capitalization error.
- Line 2595, 25(a) Revised to address stringency concern.
- Line 2686, 25(e)(ii) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 2862, 26(e)(iii)(C) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 3264, 27(b)(i)(R) Revised to address stringency concern.
- Line 3337, 27(f) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 3343, 27(g) Corrected Department to Administrator for alignment with statutory authority.

1 **CHAPTER 24** 2 3 **Class VI Injection Wells and Facilities** 4 **Underground Injection Control Program** 5 6 Section 1. Authority. 7 8 These regulations are promulgated pursuant to Wyoming Statutes (W.S.) §§ 35-11-101 through 9 2005, specifically § 313. 10 11 Section 2. **Definitions.** 12 13 The following definitions supplement the definitions contained in Section § 35-11-103 of the 14 Wyoming Environmental Quality Act. 15 16 "Abandoned well" means a well whose use has been permanently discontinued or (a) 17 that is in a state of disrepair such that it cannot be used for its intended purpose or for 18 observation purposes. Temporary or intermittent cessation of injection operations is not 19 abandonment. 20 21 "Aquifer" means a zone, stratum, or group of strata that can store and transmit 22 water in sufficient quantities for a specific use. 23 24 (c) "Area of review" means the subsurface three-dimensional extent of the carbon 25 dioxide plume, associated pressure front, and displaced fluids, as well as the overlying 26 formations, and surface area above that delineated region. 27 28 (d) "Background" means the constituents or parameters and the concentrations or 29 measurements that describe water quality and water quality variability prior to the underground 30 injection. 31 32 "Bore/casing annulus" means the space between the wellbore and the well casing. (e) 33 34 "Carbon dioxide plume" means the underground extent, in three dimensions, of 35 an injected carbon dioxide stream. 36 37 "Carbon dioxide stream" means carbon dioxide, plus associated substances (g) derived from the source materials and any processing, and any substances added to the stream to 38 39 enable or improve the injection process. Within this Chapter, the term "carbon dioxide stream" 40 does not include any carbon dioxide stream that meets the definition of a hazardous waste under 41 40 C.F.R. § 261.3. 42 "Casing" means a pipe or tubing of appropriate material, of varying diameter and 43 44 weight, lowered into a borehole during or after drilling to support the sides of the hole to prevent the walls from caving, to prevent loss of drilling mud into porous ground, or to prevent water, gas, or other fluid from entering or leaving the hole.

(i)

(j) "Cementing" means sealing the annular space around the outside of a casing

"Casing/tubing annulus" means the space between the well casing and the tubing.

- string using a specially formulated mixture to hold the casing in place and prevent any movement of fluid in this annular space. Cementing also includes operations to seal the well at the time of abandonment.
- (k) "Class I well" means a well used to inject hazardous or non-hazardous industrial, commercial, or municipal waste beneath the lowermost formation containing, within one-quarter (1/4) mile of the well bore, an underground source of drinking water.
- (k)(1) "Class II <u>Wwell</u>" shall-means any non-commercial commercial or non-commercial well used to dispose of water and/or fluids directly associated with the production of oil and/or gas, any well used to inject fluids or gas for enhanced oil recovery, or any well used for the storage of liquid hydrocarbons. Non-hazardous gas plant wastes may be disposed of in a Class II well pending Environmental Protection Agency co-approval, as defined in Wyoming Oil and Gas Conservation Commission Rules and Regulations, Chapter 1, Section 2.
- (1)(m) "Class V facility" means any property that contains an injection well, drywell, or subsurface fluid distribution system that is not defined as a Class I, II, III, IV, or VI well in this chapter these Regulations. The A Class V facility includes all systems of collection, treatment, and control that are associated with the subsurface disposal underground injection. Class V injection wells are described in Water Quality Rules and Regulations Chapter 27.
- (m)(n) "Class VI well" means a well injecting a carbon dioxide stream for geologic sequestration, beneath the lowermost formation containing a USDW; or a well used for geologic sequestration of carbon dioxide that has been granted a waiver of the injection depth requirements pursuant to requirements of Section 10 of this chapter; or, a well used for geologic sequestration of carbon dioxide that has received an expansion to the areal extent of an existing Class II enhanced oil recovery or enhanced gas recovery aquifer exemption pursuant to Section 5 of this cChapter. Class VI wells are regulated under this chapter. that is used for injecting a carbon dioxide stream for geologic sequestration that:
- (i) Is not experimental in nature and injects a carbon dioxide stream for geologic sequestration, beneath the lowermost formation containing an underground source of drinking water;
- (ii) Has been granted a waiver of the injection depth requirements pursuant to requirements of Section 15 of this Chapter; or
 - (iii) Has received an expansion to the areal extent of an existing Class II

enhanced oil recovery or enhanced gas recovery aquifer exemption pursuant to Section 16 of this Chapter.

(o) "Confining zone" means a geological formation, group of formations, or part of a formation stratigraphically overlying the injection zone(s) that act(s) as a barrier to fluid movement. For Class VI wells operating under an injection depth waiver, confining zone means a geologic formation, group of formations, or part of a formation stratigraphically overlying and underlying the injection zone(s) that acts as a barrier to fluid movement.

(p) "Contaminant" means any pollution; wastes; or physical, chemical, biological, or radiological substance or matter in water.

(q) "Corrective action" means the use of Administrator-approved methods to ensure that wells within the area of review do not serve as conduits for the movement of fluids into geologic formations other than those authorized under the permit.

(r) "Duly authorized representative" means a specific individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity. The authorization shall be made in writing by a responsible corporate officer and shall be submitted to the Administrator.

(s) "Endanger" means to expose to actions or activities that could pollute an underground source of drinking water.

(t) "Exempted aquifer" means an aquifer or a portion thereof that meets the criteria in the definition of underground source of drinking water but that has been exempted according to the procedures in Section 16 of this Chapter.

(u) "Fact sheet" means a document briefly setting forth the principal facts and the significant factual, legal, methodological, and policy questions considered in preparing the draft permit.

(v) "Geologic sequestration project" means an injection well or wells used to emplace a carbon dioxide stream into an injection zone for geologic sequestration. It includes the subsurface three-dimensional extent of the carbon dioxide plume, associated pressure front, and displaced fluid, as well as the surface area above that delineated region.

(w) "Groundwater" means subsurface water that fills available openings in rock or soil materials such that they may be considered water saturated under hydrostatic pressure.

(x) "Groundwaters of the State" are all bodies of underground water that are wholly or partially within the boundaries of the State.

(y) "Hazardous waste" means a hazardous waste as defined in 40 C.F.R. § 261.3.

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(z) "Indian lands" and "Indian country" means:

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(i) All land within the limits of any Indian reservation under the jurisdiction of the United States Government, notwithstanding the issuance of any patent, and, including rights-of-way running through the reservation;

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(ii) All dependent Indian communities within the borders of the United States whether within the original or subsequently acquired territory thereof, and whether within or without the limits of a state; and

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(iii) All Indian allotments, the Indian titles to which have not been extinguished, including rights-of-way running through the same.

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(aa) "Injectate" means the material injected through any underground injection facility.

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(bb) "Injection zone" means a geologic formation, group of formations, or part of a formation that is of sufficient areal extent, thickness, porosity, and permeability to receive carbon dioxide through a well or wells associated with a geologic sequestration project.

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(cc) "Log" means a written record progressively describing the strata and geologic and hydrologic character thereof to include electrical, radioactivity, radioactive tracer, temperature, cement bond and similar surveys, a lithologic description of all cores, and test data.

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(dd) "Long string casing" means a casing that is continuous from at least the top of the injection interval to the surface and that is cemented in place.

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(ee) "Packer" means a device lowered into a well to produce a fluid-tight seal.

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(ff) "Plugging" means the act or process of stopping the flow of water, oil, or gas into or out of a formation through a borehole or well penetrating that formation.

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(gg) "Plugging record" means a systematic listing of permanent or temporary abandonment of water, oil, gas, test, exploration, and waste injection wells. A plugging record may contain a well log, description of amounts and types of plugging material used, the method employed for plugging, a description of formations that are sealed, and a graphic log of the well showing formation location, formation thickness, and location of plugging structures.

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(hh) "Plume stabilization" has been achieved when the carbon dioxide stream that has been injected subsurface essentially no longer expands vertically or horizontally and poses no threat to underground sources of drinking water, human health, safety, or the environment, as demonstrated by a minimum of three (3) consecutive years of monitoring data.

		DRAFT 8/10/2.
177	` ',	eans the monitoring, measurement,
178	` ` `	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
179		
180	0 <u>injection, and plugging and abandonment</u> of injec	tion wells until plume stabilization has been
181	achieved and certified by the Administrator, as re-	quired under Section 47 24 of this eChapter.
182	2	
183	3 (jj) "Pressure front" means the zone of	elevated pressure that is created by the
184	4 injection of the carbon dioxide stream into the sub	surface. The pressure front of a carbon dioxide
185	5 plume refers to a zone where there is a pressure d	fferential sufficient to cause movement of
186	6 injected fluids or formation fluid if a migration pa	thway or conduit existed.
187	7	
188	8 (kk) "Radioactive waste" means any wa	ste that contains radioactive material in
189	9 concentrations that exceed those listed in 10 C.F.I	R. Part 20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 2.
190		
191	1 (ll) "Receiver" means any zone, interv	al, formation, or unit in the subsurface into
192	which a carbon dioxide stream is injected.	
193	3	
194	4 (mm) "Responsible corporate officer" me	eans a president, secretary, treasurer, or vice
195	5 president of the corporation in charge of a princip	al business function, or any other person who
196	6 performs similar policy- or decision-making func	ions for the corporation.
197	7	
198	8 (i) For a corporation, "respons	ible corporate officer" means:
199	9	
200	` ' 1	ry, treasurer, or vice president of the
201		tion, or any other person who performs similar
202	1 •	oration; or
203		
204		(1) or more manufacturing, production, or
205		
206	•	•
207	documents has been assigned or delegated to the i	manager in accordance with corporate
208	±	
209		
210	0 (ii) For a partnership, "respons	ible corporate officer" means a general partner.
211		
212		responsible corporate officer" means the
213		
214		
215		deral or other public agency, "responsible
216		
217	7 purposes of this definition, a principal executive of	officer of a federal agency includes:

The chief executive officer of the agency; or

(A)

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l	(B) A senior executive officer having responsibility for the overall
2	operations of a principal geographic unit of the agency, such as a Regional Administrator.
3	
1	(moving to Section 9(b)(xiii)(v) A corporation, municipality, state, federal or
	other public agency may authorize an individual or a position that does not meet the
-	requirements of subparagraphs (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv) of this paragraph to act as a "responsible
	corporate officer."
	(A) To authorize a responsible corporate officer:
	()
	(I) A person who meets the requirements of subparagraph (i),
4	(ii), (iii), or (iv) of this paragraph shall authorize the responsible corporate officer in writing;
	(), (), (), F
	(II) The authorization shall specify an individual or a position
	having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity, such as the
	position of plant manager, operator of a well or a well field, superintendent, or position of
	equivalent responsibility; and
1	equivalent responsionity, and
	(III) The corporation shall submit the written authorization to
	the Administrator.
٠	the Administrator.
	(D) If an authorization and an authorization and his
	(B) If an authorization under subparagraph (A) of this subparagraph is
	no longer accurate because a different individual or position has responsibility for the overall
	operation of the facility, the corporation shall notify the Administrator that the authorization is
	no longer accurate or shall submit to the Administrator a new authorization satisfying the
	requirements of subparagraph (A) of this subparagraph prior to or together with any reports,
-	information, or applications to be signed by an authorized representative.
	(nn) "Secondarily affected aquifer" means an aquifer affected by migration of fluids
	from an injection facility that does not directly discharge into the secondarily affected aquifer.
	(oo) "Site closure" occurs when a geologic sequestration project is released from post-
	injection site care responsibilities and the Administrator certifies site closure pursuant to Section
	24(b)(iii) of this Chapter.
	(pp) "Surface casing" means the first string of well casing to be installed in the well.
	VEL.
	(qq) "Underground injection" means a well injection, a subsurface discharge, a
	discharge into a receiver, or the subsurface emplacement of fluids through a well.
	discharge into a receiver, or the subsurface emplacement of fluids through a well.
	(m) "Independ course of drinking wester" or "IICDW" many on acrifer or
	(rr) "Underground source of drinking water" or "USDW" means an aquifer or
	portions thereof that is not an exempted aquifer and:

265266		(i)	Supplies any public water system; or
267		(ii)	Contains a sufficient quantity of groundwater to supply a public water
268	exetom and	(11)	Contains a sufficient quantity of groundwater to suppry a public water
269	system, and		
270			(A) Currently supplies drinking water for human consumption; or
271			
272			(B) Contains fewer than 10,000 mg/L total dissolved solids.
273			
274	(ss)	"Wate	r quality management area" means the area delineated for the protection of
275	water quality	under a	Department-approved plan developed under Sections 303, 208, or 201 of
276	the Clean Wa	ter Act,	33 U.S.C. § 1251 <i>et seq.</i> as amended.
277			•
278	(tt)	"Well"	'means:
279			
280		(i)	An opening, excavation, shaft, or hole in the ground allowing or used for
281	underground	injectior	n or monitoring;
282			
283		(ii)	An improved sinkhole; or
284			
285		(iii)	A subsurface fluid distribution system.
286			
287	(uu)	"Well	plug" means a watertight and gastight seal installed in a borehole or well to
288	prevent move	ment of	fluids.
289			
290	(vv)		stimulation" means any process used to clean the wellbore, enlarge
291			pore space in the interval to be injected and includes surging, jetting,
292	blasting, acid	izing, an	nd hydraulic fracturing.
293			
294			over" means to pull the tubing, packer, or any downhole hardware from the
295	-	-	ace, or refurbish it prior to placing that hardware back in service, or to enter
296	the hole with	any dril	ling tool.
297			
298	(xx)		nead protection area" means the area delineated for the protection of a
299			tilizing a groundwater source under a Department-approved plan developed
300			428 of the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300h-7, or Section 1453 of
301	the Safe Drin	king Wa	ter Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300j-13.
302			
303	Section	on 3.	Applicability.
304		_	
305	(a)		uction, installation, operation, monitoring, testing, plugging, post-injection
306		modific	ation of any Class VI well shall be allowed only in accordance with this
307	Chapter.		

309	(b)	This of	chapter	applies to all Class VI wells.
310				
311		(i)	This	Chapter applies to owners, operators, and permittees of Class VI
312	wells.	. ,		
313				
314		(ii)	This	Chapter applies to any Class I industrial, Class II, or Class V
315	experimental	` /		ion carbon dioxide injection project that is converted to a Class VI
316				Class II, or Class V injection well may be converted to a Class VI well
317	_			mit pursuant to this Chapter.
318	by obtaining	a Class	vi peri	ant pursuant to this Chapter.
319		(A)	Tocc	onvert a permitted Class I, Class II, or Class V injection well to a
320	Class VI wel	` /		•
321	Class VI Wel	n, me ap	рпсан	Silan.
322			(T)	Apply for a Class VI namity
323			(I)	Apply for a Class VI permit;
			(II)	Demonstrate to the Administrator that the well was an singared and
324			(II)	Demonstrate to the Administrator that the well was engineered and
325	constructed t	o meet	ne requ	uirements of Section 14(a) of this Chapter; and
326			(111)	T 1' C ' 1 ' (C) (14/1) 10 (
327	17() 6:1:	C1 .	(III)	In lieu of meeting the requirements of Section 14(b) and Section
328		-		nstrate to the Administrator that the well will ensure protection of
329	USDWs and	Will no	endan	ger any USDW.
330		(D)	1.0	
331	1 1.0	(B)		December 10, 2011, owners or operators of Class I wells previously
332	-	-	-	f geologic sequestration and Class V experimental technology wells
333	_	_	-	perimental purposes that will continue injection of carbon dioxide for
334	the purpose of	of geolo	gic seq	uestration shall obtain a Class VI permit.
335				
336			(C)	If the Administrator determines that a converted Class I, Class II,
337		3		ill not endanger any USDWs, the Administrator may exempt the well
338	from the requ	uiremen	ts of Se	ection 14(b)(i)-(vii) and Section 17(a)(i)-(v) of this Chapter.
339				
340	(c)			n of carbon dioxide for purposes of a project for enhanced recovery of
341				yed by the Wyoming Oil and Gas Conservation Commission is not
342				this Chapter unless the operator converts to geologic sequestration
343	upon the ces	sation o	f oil an	d gas recovery operations or as otherwise required by the
344	Commission	or Dire	ctor.	
345				
346	(d)	For o	wners o	or operators of Class II wells described in W.S. § 35-11-313(c):
347				
348		(i)	The I	Director's determination of primary purpose and increased risk to a
349	USDW shall	include		ninimum, an evaluation of the following criteria:
350				
351			(A)	Increase in reservoir pressure within the injection zone(s).
352				-

333		(B)	increase in carbon dioxide injection rates.
354		(0)	
355		(C)	Decrease in reservoir production rates.
356 357		(D)	Distance between the injection zone(s) and USDWs.
358			
359		(E)	Suitability of the Class II area of review delineation.
360 361		(F)	Quality of abandoned well plugs within the area of review.
362			
363		(G)	The owner's and/or operator's plan for recovery of carbon dioxide
364	at the cessation of	of injection.	
365			
366		(H)	The source and properties of the injected carbon dioxide.
367			
368		(I)	Any additional site-specific factors as determined by the
369	Administrator.		
370			
371	,	*	wner or operator may apply for a Class VI permit upon
372		•	and Gas Conservation Commission supervisor, or by the
373		at regulation	of a Class II enhanced recovery operation be transferred to the
374	Department.		
375	/•		
376	`		wner or operator of a Class II enhanced recovery operation shall
377			within thirty (30) days of receipt of written notice from the Director
378	that a Class VI p	eriiii is req	uirea.
379	(a) T	T	anto to mointain and implement among a plane, and maintain
380			ents to maintain and implement approved plans, and maintain
381			vility, are directly enforceable regardless of whether the requirements
382 383	are conditions of	the permit.	
	Castion	1 Dwass	aging Damita
384 385	Section 4	+. Proce	essing Permits.
386			
387	(a) T	ha fallowin	a normit processing procedures are applicable to all Class VI
388	(a) T permits:	ne ronowin	g permit processing procedures are applicable to all Class VI
389	permits.		
390	(The o	pplicant shall submit the permit application to the Division in a
391	(i format required	*	1 11
392	Tormat required	by the Athi	illistrator.
392 393	(3	i) Withi	n sixty (60) days of submission of an application, the Administrator
393 394	`		in sixty (60) days of submission of an application, the Administrator
39 4 395			trator receives an application and any supplemental information
396	-		pliance with this Chapter. The completeness of any application for a
	necessary to deti		primited with this enapter. The completeness of any application for a

permit shall be judged independently of the status of any other permit application or permit for the same facility or activity.

- (iii) Re-submittal of information by an applicant for an incomplete application will restart the process described in this Section.
- (iv) At the end of any 60-day review period where an application is determined complete, the Administrator shall:
 - (A) Prepare a draft permit for issuance or denial;
 - (B) Prepare a fact sheet on the proposed operation;
 - (C) Provide public notice pursuant to Section 27 of this Chapter; and
- (D) Notify in writing, the contacts, for any <u>states or</u> Tribes provided pursuant to Section 10(b)(xxxiv)(xxxvi) of this Chapter.
- (b) If the Administrator <u>Director</u> intends to modify, terminate, revoke, or reissue a permit, the <u>Administrator Director</u> shall prepare a draft permit incorporating the proposed changes and provide public notice pursuant to Section 27 of this Chapter.
- (c) If the Director tentatively decides to deny the permit application, he or she shall issue a notice of intent to deny. A notice of intent to deny the permit application is a type of draft permit that follows the same procedure as any draft permit prepared under this section. If the Director's final decision is that the tentative decision to deny the permit application was incorrect, he or she shall withdraw the notice of intent and proceed to prepare a draft permit under this section.
- (e)(d) Prior to issuing a permit for a Class VI well, the <u>Administrator Director</u> shall consider:
- (i) The final area of review based on modeling, using data obtained during logging and testing of the well and the formation as required by subparagraphs (b)(xviii), (b)(xxvii), (b)(xxviii), and (b)(xxviii) of Section 10 of this Chapter;
- (ii) Any relevant updates, based on data obtained during logging and testing of the well and the formation as required by subparagraphs (b)(xviii), (b)(xix), (b)(xxvii), and (b)(xxviii) of Section 10 of this Chapter, to the information on the geologic structure and hydrogeologic properties of the proposed storage site and overlying formations, submitted to satisfy the requirements of subparagraph (b)(xi) of Section 10 of this Chapter;
- (iii) The results of the formation testing program required by subparagraph (b)(xix) of Section 10 of this Chapter;

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(iv) Final injection well construction procedures that meet the requirements of Section 14 of this Chapter;

(v) Any updates to the proposed area of review and corrective action plan, testing and monitoring plan, injection well-plugging plan, post-injection site care and site closure plan, or the emergency and remedial response plan submitted under Section 10(b) of this chapter that are necessary to address new information collected during logging and testing of the well and the formation as required by Section 10 of this Chapter.

(d)(e) Permits may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated either in response to a petition from any interested person (including the permittee) or upon the Administrator's initiative.

(i) All petitions to modify, revoke and reissue, or terminate a permit shall be in writing and shall contain facts or reasons supporting the request.

(ii) If the Administrator decides a petition to modify, revoke and reissue, or terminate a permit is not justified, the Administrator shall send the petitioner a brief written response giving the reason for the decision. A petition for modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination shall be considered denied if the Administrator takes no action within sixty (60) days after receiving the written request.

(iii) Denials of petitions for modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination are not subject to public notice and comment.

(e)(f) The Department Administrator shall review each permit at least once every five (5) years to determine whether it should be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated.

Section 5. Denying Permits.

(a) The Administrator Director may deny a permit for any of the following reasons:

(i) The application is incomplete;

(ii) The project, if constructed or operated, will violate applicable state surface or groundwater standards;

(iii) The application proposes the construction or operation of a project that does not meet the requirements of this Chapter;

(iv) The permitted facility would be in conflict with or is in conflict with a State-approved local wellhead protection plan, State-approved local source water protection plan, or State-approved water quality management plan; or

485				
486		(v)		justifiable reasons necessary to carry out the provisions of the
487	Wyoming En	vironme	ental Q	uality Act.
488				
489	Section	on 6.	Modi	ifying Permits.
490				
491	(a)	The A	dminis	strator <u>Director</u> may modify a permit when:
492		(*)		
493	c	(i)	•	material or substantial alterations or additions to the facility occur
494	after permitti	ng that j	ustify 1	the application of different permit conditions;
495		(::)	A	
496	•	(ii)	•	modification in the operation of the facility is capable of causing or
497	increasing po	ollution i	n exce	ss of applicable standards or permit conditions;
498		(:::)	T., C.,	
499	1	(iii)		mation warranting modification is discovered after the operation has
500			e justi	fied the application of different permit conditions at the time of
501	permit issuan	ice;		
502		(:)	D	1-4'
503	41	(iv)	_	lations or standards upon which the permit was based changed after
504	the permit wa	as issuec	1;	
505		()	Come	a spirita for tampination as described in this Section but the
506	Donortmont	(v)		e exists for termination, as described in this Section, but the
507	Department C	ieteriiin	ies mai	modification is appropriate;
508		(77)	Modi	fication is necessary to comply with applicable statutes, standards, or
509 510	regulations;	(vi)	Modi	fication is necessary to comply with applicable statutes, standards, or
511	regulations,			
512		(vii)	Then	permit is transferred; or
513		(VII)	The p	erinit is transferred, or
514		(viii)	The A	Administrator determines that permit changes are necessary based on
515		(VIII)	THE	runnistrator determines that permit changes are necessary based on
516			(A)	Area of review reevaluations under Section 13(c)(i) of this
517	Chapter;		(71)	Thea of review reevaluations under Section 13(c)(1) of this
518	Chapter,			
519			(B)	Amendments to the testing and monitoring plan under Section
520	20(b)(xi) of t	his Chai	` /	ranchaments to the testing and monitoring plan under section
521	20(0)(M) 01 t	ms emaj	pici,	
522			(C)	Amendments to the injection well-plugging plan under Section
523	23(c) of this	Chapter		rimenaments to the injection wen pragging plan ander section
524	23(0) 01 11115	chapter	,	
525			(D)	Amendments to the post-injection site care and site closure plan
526	under Section	1 24(a)(i	` /	- v
527		(/(-	, •-	1 /
528			(E)	Amendments to the emergency and remedial response plan under
			` /	

529 520	Section 25(a)	of this	Chapter	 ,
530			(E)	
531			(F)	A review of monitoring or testing results; or
532			(C)	
533	: 40 CED 9	261.0	(G)	A determination that the injectate is a hazardous waste as defined
534	in 40 CFR § 2	261.3.		
535	4 \			
536	(b)			rator may make minor modifications to permits with the consent of
537				rator shall notify the permittee of minor modifications to its permit,
538				ecome final twenty (20) days from the date of receipt of such notice.
539	Minor modifi	cations	may on	ly:
540			_	
541		(i)	Correc	ct typographical errors;
542				
543		(ii)	Requi	re more frequent monitoring or reporting by the permittee;
544				
545		(iii)	_	ge an interim compliance date in a schedule of compliance, provided
546				n 120 days after the date specified in the existing permit and does
547	not interfere	with atta	ainment	of the final compliance date requirement;
548				
549		(iv)		for a permit transfer and change in ownership or operational control
550				nistrator determines that no other change in the permit is necessary,
551				ment containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility,
552	-		y betwe	en the current and new permittees has been submitted to the
553	Administrato	r;		
554				
555		(v)	_	ge quantities or types of fluids injected that are within the capacity of
556				in the judgment of the Administrator, would not interfere with the
557	-		•	s ability to meet conditions described in the permit and would not
558	change its cla	ssificati	ion;	
559				
560		(vi)		ge construction requirements approved by the Administrator pursuant
561				of this Chapter, provided that the alteration complies with the
562	requirements	of this	Chapter	· •
563				
564		(vii)	Amen	d a well-plugging plan that has been updated under Section 23 of
565	this Chapter;	or		
566				
567		(ix)		d a Class VI injection well testing and monitoring plan, well-
568		-	•	site care and site closure plan, or emergency and remedial response
569	plan where th	e modif	fications	s merely clarify or correct the plan.
570				
571	(c)	The A	dminist	rator Director may modify a permit to resolve issues that could lead

to the revocation or termination of the permit under Section 7(a) of this Chapter.

573
574
575

(d) When the Administrator Director modifies a permit, only the conditions that are being modified shall be reopened when a new draft permit is prepared. All other aspects of the existing, unmodified permit shall remain in effect for the duration of the modified permit and the modified permit shall expire on the date when the original permit would have expired. Suitability of the facility location shall not be considered unless new information or standards indicate that a threat to human health, safety, or the environment exists that was unknown at the time of permit issuance.

(e) The Administrator may require the submission of a new application to modify a permit.

Section 7. Terminating, Revoking, and Reissuing Permits.

(a) The Administrator <u>Director</u> may terminate a permit or revoke and reissue a permit for any of the following reasons:

(i) Noncompliance with terms and conditions of the permit;

(ii) Failure in the application or during the issuance process to disclose fully all relevant facts, or misrepresentation of any relevant facts at any time; or

(iii) A determination that the activity threatens human health, safety, or the environment and can only be regulated to acceptable levels by a permit modification or termination.

(b) As part of any notice of intent to terminate a permit, the <u>Administrator Director</u> shall order the permittee to proceed with reclamation within a reasonable time period.

(c) A revoked permit may be reissued only if a new application is submitted.

(d) When a permit is revoked and reissued, the entire permit is reopened as if the permit has expired and is being reissued, except that suitability of the facility location shall not be considered unless new information or standards indicate that a threat to human health, safety, or the environment exists that was unknown at the time of permit issuance. During any revocation and reissuance proceeding, the permittee shall comply with all conditions of the existing permit until a new final permit is issued.

Section 8. Transferring Permits.

(a) To transfer a permit:

(i) The proposed permit transferee shall apply in writing as though that person were the original applicant for the permit; and

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				O			DRA	AFT 8/10/21
617								
618			The proposed pe	ermit transfere	e shall agree	to be bound	d by all of t	the terms
619	and conditions	of the p	permit.					
620	4.	T				11 .1 .1 .1		D!
621	(b)	Transfe	er of a permit is a	illowed only u	pon approva	I by the Ad	ministrator	<u>Director</u> .
622 623	(a)	When	narmit transfar		nt to this soo	tion the new	rmit riabta	of the
624	, ,		n permit transfer comatically termi	-	iit to tills sec	tion, the per	.mit fights (or the
625	previous permi	ittee aut	omatically term	nate.				
626	(d)	Transfe	er shall not be all	owed if the pe	ermittee is in	noncomplia	ance with a	ny term
627	, ,		permit unless the					
628	compliance wit	-		C	C	3		
629	•	•						
630	(e)	A perm	it may be transfe	erred by modif	ying the per	mit or by re	voking and	[
631			identify the new	-	-	-		nis
632	Chapter and the	e Wyon	ning Environmer	ntal Quality A	et, W.S. § 35	-11-101 et	seq.	
633		_						
634	Section	1 9.	Permit Condition	ons.				
635	(-)	D		1	4 - 241			T.C
636 637	, ,		conditions shall nce, a specific ci	-		•		
638	permit.	y lelele	nce, a specific ci	tation to the in	icorporated c	Zonarnons s	nan be give	en m me
639	permit.							
640	(b)	All per	mits issued unde	r this Chapter	shall contair	the follow	ing condition	ons:
641	(-)	P						
642		(i)	A requirement th	hat the permitt	ee complies	with all cor	nditions of	the
643	permit, and a s	tatemen	nt that any permit	t noncomplian	ce constitute	s a violation	n of these	
644	regulations and	l is grou	ands for enforcer	nent action, pe	ermit termina	ation, revoca	ation and re	eissuance,
645	or modification	n, or for	denial of a perm	nit renewal app	olication;			
646								
647		\	A requirement th	1			3	_
648			te of the permit,	1	11 0	the Admin	ustrator for	, and
649	obtain, a new p	ermit p	rior to expiration	1 of the existin	ig permit;			
650 651		(ii)	A stipulation tha	at it chall not b	o a defense f	For a normit	too in on	
652			at it would have l					ivity in
653			pliance with the	-		added the pe	Allittica act	avity iii
654	oraci to manite		riunce with the		Permit,			
655		(iii)	A requirement tl	hat the permitt	ee shall take	all reasona	ble steps to)
656			ny adverse impac	-			-	
657	this permit;		•			-	•	
658								
659		(iv)	A requirement tl	hat the permitt	ee properly	operates and	d maintains	all

facilities and systems of treatment and control, and related appurtenances, that are installed or

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661 used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. Proper operation 662 and maintenance includes effective performance, adequate funding and operator staffing and training, and adequate laboratory and process controls including appropriate quality assurance 663 procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar 664 665 systems only when necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit; 666 667 A stipulation that the filing of a request by the permittee, or at the (v) 668 instigation of the Administrator, for a permit modification, revocation, termination, or 669 notification of planned changes or anticipated non-compliance, shall not stay any permit 670 condition; 671 672 (vi) A stipulation that the permit does not convey any property rights of any 673 sort, or any exclusive privilege; 674 675 A stipulation that the permittee shall furnish to the Administrator, within a 676 specified time, any information that the Administrator requests to determine whether cause exists 677 for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit, or to determine compliance 678 with the permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Administrator, upon request, copies of 679 records required to be kept by the permit; 680 681 (viii) A requirement that the permittee shall allow the Administrator, or an 682 authorized representative of the Administrator, upon the presentation of credentials, during 683 normal working hours, to enter the premises where a regulated facility is located, or where 684 records are kept under the conditions of this permit, and: 685 686 Inspect the discharge and related facilities, practices, or operations 687 regulated or required under this permit; 688 689 (B) Review and copy reports and records required by the permit; 690 691 Collect fluid samples for analysis for the purposes of ensuring (C) 692 permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Wyoming Environmental Quality Act of 693 any substances or parameters at any location; 694 695 (D) Measure and record water levels: 696 697 (E) Collect resource data as defined by W.S. § 6-3-414; and 698 699 (F) Perform any other function authorized by law or regulation. 700 701 (ix) A requirement that: 702 703 If the facility is located on property not owned by the permittee,

the permittee shall also secure from the landowner upon whose property the facility is located

permission for Department personnel and their invitees to enter the premises where the facility is located, or where records are kept under the conditions of this permit, and collect resource data as defined by W.S. § 6-3-414, inspect and photograph the facility, collect samples for analysis, review records, and perform any other function authorized by law or regulation. The permittee shall secure and maintain such access for the duration of the permit and the post-injection site care and site closure period; and

(B) If the facility cannot be directly accessed using public roads, the permittee shall also secure permission for Department personnel and their invitees to enter and cross all properties necessary to access the facility. The permittee shall secure and maintain such access for the duration of the permit and the post-injection site care and site closure period;

(x) A requirement that the permittee furnishes any information necessary to establish a testing and monitoring pursuant to Section 20 of this Chapter. Conditions shall specify:

(A) Required monitoring including type, intervals, and frequency sufficient to yield data that are representative of the monitored activity including when appropriate, continuous monitoring;

(B) Requirements concerning the proper use, maintenance, and installation, of monitoring equipment or methods, including biological monitoring methods; and

(C) Reporting and notice requirements based upon the impact of the regulated activity and as specified in Section 22 of this Chapter. Reporting shall be no less frequent than specified in Section 22 of this Chapter;

 $\underline{\text{(xi)}}$ A requirement that all samples and measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring shall be representative of the monitored activity and that records of all monitoring information be retained by the permittee;

(xii) A requirement that all applications, reports, and other information submitted to the Administrator contain the certifications required in Section 10(d) of this Chapter by a responsible corporate officer;

(A) A corporation, municipality, state, federal or other public agency responsible corporate officer, as defined in Section 2(mm) of this Chapter, may authorize an individual or a position that does not meet the requirements of subparagraphs (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv) of Section 2(mm) to act as a "duly authorized representative." To authorize a duly authorized representative:

(I) A person who meets the requirements of subparagraph (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv) of Section 2(mm) shall authorize the duly authorized representative in writing;

	(II) The authorization shall specify an individual or a position
	ng responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity, such as the
-	ion of plant manager, operator of a well or a well field, superintendent, or position of
<u>equi</u>	valent responsibility; and
41 1	(III) The corporation shall submit the written authorization to
the F	<u>dministrator.</u>
	(B) If an authorization under subparagraph (A) of this subparagraph is
no lo	nger accurate because a different individual or position has responsibility for the overall
	ation of the facility, the corporation responsible corporate official shall notify the
_	inistrator that the authorization is no longer accurate or shall submit Administrator a new
	prization satisfying the requirements of subparagraph (A) of this subparagraph prior to or
	her with any reports, or information, or applications to be signed by a duly authorized
_	sentative.
<u>repre</u>	DORIGITY O.
	(xiii) A requirement that the permittee give advance notice to the Administrator
as so	on as possible of any planned physical alteration or additions, other than authorized
	ation and maintenance, to the permitted facility and receive authorization from the
	inistrator prior to implementing the proposed alteration or addition;
. 1011	instance prior to implementing the proposed diferential of dedition,
	(xiv) A requirement that any modification that may result in a violation of a
nerm	it condition shall be reported to the Administrator, and any modification that will result in a
•	tion of a permit condition shall be reported to the Administrator through the submission of a
	or amended permit application;
110 00	or amenaca permit approacion,
	(xv) A requirement that any transfer of a permit shall first be approved by the
Adm	inistrator Director, and that no transfer will be approved if the facility is not in compliance
	the existing permit unless the proposed permittee agrees to bring the facility into
	oliance;
والماد	,
	(xvi) A requirement that monitoring results shall be reported at the intervals
speci	fied in the permit;
~ r 00	P*****************************
	(xvii) A requirement that reports of compliance or non compliance, or any
nrog	ress reports on interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule (if one
	uired by the Administrator) shall be submitted no later than thirty (30) days following each
	lule date;
20110	
	(xix)(xviii) The following reporting and mitigation requirements:
	() And tone wing reporting the integration requirements.
	(A) If any monitoring or other information indicates that any
conta	uminant, the injected carbon dioxide stream, displaced formation fluids, or associated
	ure front may endanger a USDW or threaten human health, safety, or the environment, the

793	1	
794 795		agga injection:
796	` '	ease injection,
790 797		reasonably necessary to identify and
798	` '	easonably necessary to identify and
799	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
800		ne Administrator within twenty-four (24)
801		le Administrator within twenty-10th (24)
802	,	
803		en report to the Administrator within five (5)
804	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1
805	, ,	i shan contain.
806		ription of the endangerment and its cause;
807		iption of the changerment and its cause,
808		riod of endangerment, including exact dates
809	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
810		tironed, the underpated time it is expected to
811		
812		ps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and
813		ps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and
814	<u> </u>	
815		vers any noncompliance with a permit
816	` '	• •
817	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
818	, ,	a may eause made impraised into or setween
819	•	
820		ne Administrator within twenty-four (24)
821	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
822	,	
823		en report to the Administrator within five (5)
824		1 /
825	•	
826		ription of the noncompliance, malfunction, or
827		
828	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
829		riod of noncompliance, malfunction, or
830	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>*</u>
831		
832		
833		ps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and
834		1 1
835	*	
836	(III) If an excursion	is discovered, provide written notice to all

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837 838	surface owners, mineral claimants, mineral owners, lessees, and other owners of record of subsurface interests within thirty (30) days of discovering the excursion; and
839	subsurface interests within thirty (50) days of discovering the excursion, and
840	(IV) Implement the emergency and remedial response plan approved by
841	(IV) Implement the emergency and remedial response plan approved by the Administrator;
842	the Administrator,
	(vv)(viv) A magniferment that the magnifetee general all instances of
843	(xx)(xix) A requirement that the permittee report all instances of
844	noncompliance not already required to be reported under subparagraph (b)(xix)(B)of this
845	Section, at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information
846 847	listed in subparagraph (b)(xix)(B)(II) of this Section;
848	(vvi)(vv) A magnifum and that if the normittee becomes arrows that it failed to
	(xxi)(xx) A requirement that if the permittee becomes aware that it failed to
849	submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit
850	application or in any report to the Administrator, the permittee shall promptly submit such facts or information;
851 852	or information,
853	(xxii)(xxi) A requirement that the injection facility meet construction
854	requirements outlined in Section 14 of this Chapter, that the permittee submit a notice of
855	completion of construction to the Administrator, and that the permittee allows the Administrator
856	to inspect the facility upon completion of construction and prior to commencing any
857	underground injection activity;
858	underground injection activity,
859	(xxiii)(xxii) A requirement that the permittee notifies the Administrator before
860	conversion or abandonment of the facility. Conversion refers to converting a Class VI well to a
861	Class I, II or V well. The permittee shall apply for a permit for Class I and V as specified in
862	WQR Chapter 27 or Class II through the Wyoming Oil and Gas Conservation Commission.
863	Upon receipt of the Class I, II or V permit, the permittee shall request the permit be terminated as
864	outlined in Section 4(d);
865	duffied in Section 4(d),
866	(xxiv)(xxiii) A requirement that injection shall not commence until construction
867	is complete, and that construction is complete when:
868	is complete, and that construction is complete when.
869	(A) The permittee has submitted a notice of completion of construction
870	to the Administrator; and
871	to the ridining tation, and
872	(B) The Administrator has inspected or reviewed the injection well and
873	found it is in compliance with the conditions of the permit;
874	,
875	(I) Within thirteen (13) days of the date of the notice in
876	subparagraph (xxii) of this paragraph, the Administrator shall provide notice to the permittee of
877	the intent to inspect or review the injection well. The notice shall include a reasonable time
878	period in which the Administrator shall inspect or review the well; but
879	,
880	(II) If the Administrator does not provide the notice required by

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881 882	subparagraph (I) of this subparagraph, the requirement for prior inspection or review is waived, and the permittee may commence injection;
883	and the permittee may commence injection,
884	(xxv)(xxiv) A requirement that the permittee shall establish mechanical
885	integrity prior to commencing injection or on a schedule determined by the Administrator and
886	that thereafter, the permittee shall maintain mechanical integrity as defined in Section 19 of this
887	
888	Chapter;
	(www.i)(www.) A magning mount that if the Administration determines that a Class VI
889	(xxvi)(xxv) A requirement that if the Administrator determines that a Class VI
890	well lacks mechanical integrity and gives written notice of the determination to the permittee, the
891	permittee shall:
892	
893	(A) Cease injection into the well within forty-eight (48) hours of
894	receipt of the Administrator's determination unless the Administrator requires immediate
895	cessation;
896	
897	(B) Perform any construction, operation, monitoring, reporting, and
898	corrective action that the Administrator requires to prevent the movement of fluid into or
899	between USDWs caused by the lack of mechanical integrity, or plug the well pursuant to the
900	requirements of Section 23 of this Chapter if allowed by the Administrator; and
901	
902	(C) Not resume injection into the well until the Administrator provides
903	written notice that the permittee has demonstrated mechanical integrity pursuant to Section 19 of
904	this Chapter.
905	
906	(xxvii)(xxvi) A requirement that, for any Class VI well that lacks mechanical
907	integrity, injection operations are prohibited until the permittee shows to the satisfaction of the
908	Administrator under Section 19 of this Chapter that the well has mechanical integrity;
909	
910	(xxviii)(xxvii)- A requirement that the permittee comply with a well-
911	plugging plan that meets the requirements of Section 23 of this Chapter, which shall be
912	incorporated into the permit; and
913	
914	(xxix)(xxvii) Conditions that implement the requirements of Section 14 of this
915	Chapter. The conditions shall:
916	
917	(A) Require all wells to achieve compliance with the requirements of
918	Section 14 of this Chapter according to a compliance schedule established as a permit condition;
919	
920	(B) Prohibit construction from commencing until a permit has been
921	issued containing construction requirements;
922	,
923	(C) Require that all wells comply with the construction requirements
924	of Section 14 of this Chapter prior to commencing injection operations; Changes in construction

plans during construction may be approved by the Administrator as minor modifications. No such changes may be physically incorporated into construction of the well prior to approval of the modification by the Administrator.

(D) Include a corrective action plan as set forth in Section 13 of this Chapter;

(E) Require that all wells comply with the operational requirements of Section 14 of this Chapter;

(F) Establish any maximum injection volumes and pressures necessary to ensure that fractures are not initiated in the confining zone, to ensure that injected fluids do not migrate into any underground source of drinking water, to ensure that formation fluids are not displaced into any underground source of drinking water, and to ensure compliance with the operating requirements;

(G) Establish monitoring and reporting requirements set forth in Sections 20 and 22 of this Chapter. The permittee shall be required to identify types of tests and methods used to generate the monitoring data; and

(H) Require the permittee to comply with the financial responsibility requirements set forth in Section 26 of this Chapter.

(c) Permits for Class VI wells shall be issued for the operating life of the facility and extend through the post-injection site care period until the Administrator certifies site closure pursuant to Section 24(b)(iii) of this Chapter.

(d) Permits may be issued for individual Class VI wells and shall not be issued on an area basis for multiple points of discharge operated by the same person.

(e) Permits may specify a schedule of compliance leading to compliance with permit conditions, this Chapter, and the Wyoming Environmental Quality Act, W.S. § 35-11-101 *et seq*.

(i) Schedules of compliance shall require compliance as soon as possible, and in no case later than three (3) years after the effective date of the permit.

(ii) If a permit establishes a schedule of compliance that exceeds one (1) year from the date of permit issuance, the schedule shall set forth interim requirements and the dates for their achievement. The time between interim dates shall not exceed one (1) year unless, the time necessary for completion of any interim requirement is more than one (1) year and is not readily divisible into stages for completion, and in that case, the permit shall specify interim dates for the submission of reports of progress toward completion of the interim requirements and indicate a projected completion date.

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1010 1011 1012 compliance.

reports no later than thirty (30) days following each interim date and the final date of

The Administrator Director shall include in permits, on a case-by-case basis: (f)

The compliance schedule shall require the permittee to submit progress

- (i) Conditions for monitoring, schedules of compliance, and any additional conditions necessary to prevent the migration of fluids into underground sources of drinking water. The Administrator Director shall evaluate what conditions are necessary and shall establish these conditions when issuing, modifying, or revoking and reissuing permits; and
- In addition to conditions required in all permits the Administrator shall (ii) establish cConditions in permits as required on a case-by-case basis, to provide for and ensure compliance with all applicable requirements of the SDWA and 40 CFR Parts 144, 145, 146, and 124-this Chapter and the Wyoming Environmental Quality Act, W.S. § 35-11-101 et seq.
- To the extent possible under Section 9 of this Chapter, modified or revoked and reissued permits, shall incorporate all of the permit conditions required by this Section.
- When they meet the requirements of this Chapter and are approved by the Administrator, the following all plans shall be incorporated into the permit:
 - (i) Stimulation programs required by Section 10(b)(xx) of this Chapter; and
- Injection and monitoring well plugging plans required by Sections 10(b)(xxxi) and 23(b) of this Chapter.

Section 10. Permit Application.

- It is the operator's responsibility to apply for and obtain a permit in accordance with these regulations. Each application shall be submitted with all supporting data.
- In addition to the requirements of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(ii), a complete application (b) for a Class VI well shall include:
- A brief description of the nature of the business and the activities to be (i) conducted that require the applicant to obtain a permit under this Chapter;
- The name, address, and telephone number of the operator, and the (ii) operator's ownership status and status as a federal, state, private, public, or other entity;
- Up to four Standard Industrial Classification codes that best reflect the (iii) principal products or services provided by the facility:

1013	(iv)	The na	me, add	ldress, and telephone number of the facility;
1014				
1015	(v)			of the geologic sequestration project identified by section,
1016	township, range, and	county,	noting	g which sections (if any) include Indian lands;
1017				
1018	(vi)			rea of review, a listing and status of all permits or construction
1019				gic sequestration project received or applied for under any of
1020	the following program	ns or co	rrespon	nding state programs:
1021				
1022		(A)		rdous Waste Management under the Resource Conservation
1023	and Recovery Act, 42	U.S.C.	§ 6901	1 et seq.;
1024				
1025		(B)	UIC P	Program under the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300
1026	et seq.;			
1027				
1028		(C)	Nation	nal Pollutant Discharge Elimination System under the Clean
1029	Water Act, 33 U.S.C.	§ 1251	et seq.;	••
1030				
1031		(D)	Preven	ntion of Significant Deterioration program under the Clean
1032	Air Act, 42 U.S.C. § 7	7401 et	seq.;	
1033				
1034		(E)	Nonatt	ttainment program under the Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. § 740
1035	et seq.;			
1036	-			
1037		(F)	Nation	nal Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants pre-
1038	construction approval	under t	he Clea	ean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. § 7401 et seq.;
1039	11			•
1040		(G)	Dredge	ge and fill permitting program under section 404 of the Clean
1041	Water Act, 33 U.S.C.	§ 1251	et seq.;	;
1042	,	ŭ .		
1043	(vii)	Within	the are	rea of review, a list of other relevant permits associated with
1044	the geologic sequestra			nat the applicant is required to obtain;
1045		1	3	11 1
1046	(viii)	A state	ement of	of whether the geologic sequestration project is within a state
1047	` /			t plan area, a state-approved wellhead protection area or a
1048	state-approved source	•	_	1 11
1049	r r	1		
1050	(ix)	A map	showin	ing the injection well(s) for which a permit is sought and the
1051	` '	_		t with Section 13 of this Chapter;
1052	applicable area of levi	1011, 001		to with section 13 of this chapter,
1052		(A)	Within	n the area of review, the map shall list the number, or name
1054	and location of:	(1.1)	,, 1011111	in the title of fevre in, the map shall not the number, of number
1055	and roundings.			
1056			(I)	All injection wells, producing wells, abandoned wells,
1050			(1)	in injection wents, producing wents, abundance wents,

1057	plugged wells, dry l	holes, or	deep str	atigraphic boreholes;
1058			(II)	All state or EDA approved subsurface alconup sites:
1059 1060			(II)	All state- or EPA-approved subsurface cleanup sites;
1061			(III)	All water quality management plan areas, wellhead
1062	protection areas, an	d source	` /	
1063	protection areas, an	a source	water p	iotocion areas,
1064			(IV)	All surface bodies of water, springs, mines (surface and
1065	subsurface), quarrie	es, and w	` /	
1066	// 1	,		
1067			(V)	Other pertinent surface features, including structures
1068	intended for human	occupar	ncy;	-
1069				
1070			(VI)	Roads; and
1071				
1072			(VII)	State and Indian reservation boundaries;
1073				
1074		(B)		oplicant shall include on this map all relevant information of
1075	public record or kno	own to th	ne applic	eant; and
1076		(0)	TPI.	1 11 1 1 1 4 1 6 14
1077		(C)	The m	ap shall also show known or suspected faults;
1078 1079	(v)	A ma	n dalina	ating the area of ravious that
1079	(x)	A IIIa	p denne	ating the area of review that:
1080		(A)	Meets	the requirements of Section 13 of this Chapter;
1082		(A)	Miccis	the requirements of Section 13 of this Chapter,
1083		(B)	Is base	ed upon modeling;
1084		(D)	15 045	at apon modernig,
1085		(C)	Uses a	all available data, including data available from any logging
1086	and testing of wells	` /		cent to (within one (1) mile of) the area of review; and
1087	U		3	
1088		(D)	Descr	ibes the area of review by township, range, and section to the
1089	nearest ten (10) acre	es, as de	scribed ı	under the general land survey system;
1090				
1091	(xi)	For th	ne descri	ption required by W.S. 35-11-313(f)(ii)(A), sufficient
1092	information on the	geologic	structur	e and reservoir properties of the proposed storage site and
1093	overlying formation	ns, includ	ling:	
1094				
1095		(A)	-	ch maps of the proposed injection and confining zone s, a
1096				the top of the proposed injection zone, and at least two (2)
1097				f review reasonably perpendicular to each other and showing
1098	the geologic format	ions froi	n the su	rtace to total depth;
1099		(D)	т	
1100		(B)	Locati	on, orientation, and properties of known or suspected faults

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1101 1102	and fractures that may transect the confining zone s in the area of review and a determination that they will not allow fluid movement;
1103	
1104	(C) Information on seismic history that has affected the proposed area
1105	of review including knowledge of previous seismic events and history of these events, the
1106	presence and depth of seismic sources, and a determination that the seismicity will not allow
1107	fluid movement out of the injection zone;
1108	<u> </u>
1109	(D) Data sufficient to demonstrate the effectiveness of the injection
1110	and confining zones, including:
1111	und comming zones, meruding.
1112	(I) Data on the depth, areal extent, thickness, mineralogy,
1112	porosity, vertical permeability, and capillary pressure of the injection and confining zones within
1113	the area of review; and
1114	the area of feview, and
1115	(II) A description of geologic changes based on field data that
1117	may include geologic cores, outcrop data, seismic surveys, well logs, and names and lithologic
1117	
	descriptions;
1119	
1120	(E) Geomechanical information on fractures, stress, ductility, rock
1121	strength, and in situ fluid pressures within the confining zone; and
1122	
1123	(F) Geologic and topographic maps and cross-sections illustrating
1124	regional geology, hydrogeology, and the geologic structure of the local area;
1125	
1126	(xii) A list of all wells and other drill holes within and adjacent to (within one
1127	(1) mile) the area of review. The list shall include a description of each well and drill hole type,
1128	construction, date drilled, location, depth, record of plugging and completion, and any additional
1129	information the Administrator requires;
1130	
1131	(xiii) A list of the identity and location of all known wells within and adjacent to
1132	(within one (1) mile) the area of review that penetrate the confining or injection zone;
1133	
1134	(xiv) Maps and stratigraphic cross-sections indicating the general vertical and
1135	lateral limits of all USDWs in the area of review; the location of water wells and springs in the
1136	area of review; the positions relative to the injection zones of all USDWS, water wells, and
1137	springs in the area of review, and the direction of water movement (if known);
1138	
1139	(xv) For the characterization required by W.S. 35-11-313(f)(ii)(B), information
1140	necessary for the Division to classify the receiver and any secondarily affected aquifers under
1141	Water Quality Rules and Regulations Chapter 8;
1142	
1143	(xvi) Baseline geochemical data on subsurface formations, including all
1144	USDWs in the area of review;

1146	(XV11)	Proposed operating data, including:
1147		
1148		(A) Average and maximum daily rate and volume and mass and total
1149	anticipated volume ar	nd mass of the carbon dioxide stream;
1150		
1151		(B) Average and maximum surface injection pressure;
1152		
1153		(C) The source of the carbon dioxide stream; and
1154		
1155		(D) An analysis of the chemical and physical characteristics of the
1156	carbon dioxide stream	and any other substances proposed for inclusion in the injectate stream;
1157	and	
1158		
1159		(E) Anticipated duration of the proposed injection periods;
1160		
1161	(xviii)	The compatibility of the carbon dioxide stream with fluids in the injection
1162	zone and minerals in	both the injection and the confining zones, based on the results of the
1163	formation testing prog	gram, and with the materials used to construct the well;
1164		
1165	(xix)	Proposed formation testing program to obtain an analysis of the chemical
1166	and physical characte	ristics of the injection zone and confining zone and that meets the
1167	requirements of Section	on 16 of this Chapter;
1168		
1169	(xx)	Proposed stimulation program, a description of stimulation fluids to be
1170	used, and a determina	tion that stimulation will not allow fluid movement out of the injection
1171	<u>zone</u> ;	
1172		
1173	(xxi)	Proposed procedure that outlines steps to conduct injection operations;
1174		
1175	(xxii)	A wellbore schematic of the subsurface construction details and surface
1176	wellhead construction	of the injection and monitoring wells;
1177		
1178	(xxiii)	A demonstration, to the satisfaction of the Administrator, that the injection
1179	wells will be sited in	areas with a suitable geologic system that meets the requirements of Section
1180	12(a) of this Chapter,	including:
1181		
1182		(A) Identification and characterization of additional zones, if they
1183	exist, that will impede	e vertical fluid movement, allow for pressure dissipation, and provide
1184	additional opportuniti	es for monitoring, mitigation, and remediation; and
1185		
1186		(B) Identification of vertical faults and fractures that transect the zones
1187	identified in subparag	raph (A) of this subparagraph;
1188		

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1189	(xxiv) Injection well design and construction procedures that meet the
1190	requirements of Section 14 of this Chapter, including the information listed in Section 14(c)(ii)
1191	of this Chapter;
1192	
1193	(xxv) Proposed area of review and corrective action plan that meets the
1194	requirements under Section 13 of this Chapter;
1195	
1196	(xxvi) The status of corrective action on wells in the area of review;
1197	
1198	(xxvii) All available logging and testing program data on the wells required by
1199	Section 17 of this Chapter;
1200	
1201	(xxviii) A demonstration of mechanical integrity required by Section 19 of
1202	this Chapter;
1203	
1204	(xxix) A demonstration, satisfactory to the Administrator, that the applicant has
1205	met the financial responsibility requirements of Section 26 of this Chapter;
1206	
1207	(xxx) A written financial assurance cost estimate required by Section 26(b) of
1208	this Chapter;
1209	
1210	(xxxi) An applicant applying for a Class VI well permit must obtain A public
1211	liability insurance certificate to cover the geologic sequestration activities for which a permit is
1212	sought. that, in addition to meeting the requirements of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(ii)(O), demonstrates
1213	that the public liability insurance policy meets the requirements of Section 26(1)(i)(B) of this
1214	Chapter; identifies each facility by name, address, and EPA Identification Number; and identifies
1215	the amounts and types of coverage for each facility;
1216	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</u>
1217	(xxxii) Proposed testing and monitoring plan required by Section 20 of this
1218	Chapter;
1219	Chapter,
1220	(xxxiii) Proposed injection and monitoring wells plugging plan required by
1221	Section 23 of this Chapter;
1222	Section 25 of this Chapter,
1223	(xxxiv) Proposed post-injection site care and site closure plan required by
1224	Section 24(a) of this Chapter;
1225	Section 2 (a) of this chapter,
1226	(xxxv) Proposed emergency and remedial response plan required by Section 25 of
1227	this Chapter;
1228	uno Chapter,
1229	(xxxvi) A list of contacts for <u>states or</u> Tribes on Indian lands identified
1230	pursuant to subparagraphs (b)(v) and (b)(ix)(A)(VII) of this Section; and
1230	pursuant to supplied to the total to the total to the section, and
1231	(xxxvii) Any other information requested by the Administrator.
	VAAATII IIII VIIVI IIIVIIIIIIIVII IVUUUNUU ITTUU AUIIIIIINIIIIIII.

(c) All applications for permits, reports, or information submitted to the Administrator shall be signed by a responsible corporate officer.

(d) The application shall contain the following certification by the responsible corporate officer signing the application:

"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to ensure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."

(e) Sections of permit applications that represent engineering work shall be sealed, signed, and dated by a licensed professional engineer as required by W.S. § 33-29-601.

(f) Sections of permit applications that represent geologic work shall be sealed, signed, and dated by a licensed professional geologist as required by W.S. § 33-41-115.

Section 11. Prohibitions.

(a) Pursuant to the provisions of W.S. § 35-11-301(a), no person shall:

(i) Discharge into, construct, operate, or modify any Class VI well unless permitted pursuant to this Chapter;

(ii) Discharge or inject to any zone except the authorized injection zone as described in the permit;

(iii) Conduct any injection activity in a manner that results in a violation of any permit condition or that conflicts with any representations made in a permit application;

(iv) Construct, operate, maintain, convert, plug, abandon, or conduct any other injection activity in a manner that allows the movement of fluid containing any contaminant into underground sources of drinking water, if the presence of that contaminant may cause a violation of any primary drinking water regulation contained in 40 C.F.R. Part 141, Subparts E, F, and G, or may otherwise adversely affect human health, safety, or the environment; The applicant for a permit shall have the burden of showing that the requirements of this paragraph are met.

(v) Inject any hazardous waste that has been banned from land disposal pursuant to Wyoming Hazardous Waste Rules, Chapter 1;

(vi) Construct a new, operate an existing, or maintain an existing Class V well for non-experimental geologic sequestration.

- (b) Class VI wells shall inject only to receivers classified by the Department pursuant to Water Quality Rules and Regulations, Chapter 8, as Class V (Hydrocarbon Commercial) or Class VI groundwaters. No Class VI well shall inject to any Class I, Class II, Class III, Class IV, or unclassified groundwaters.
- (c) The Administrator shall designate and protect as underground sources of drinking water, all aquifers and parts of aquifers that meet the definition of "underground source of drinking water" in Section 2 of this Chapter, except to the extent there is expansion to the areal extent of an existing Class II enhanced oil recovery or enhanced gas recovery aquifer exemption for the exclusive purpose of Class VI injection for geologic sequestration under Section 16 of this Chapter.
- (i) The Administrator may identify underground sources of drinking water by narrative description, illustrations, maps, or other means.
- (ii) Other than EPA-approved aquifer exemption expansions that meet the requirements of Section 16 of this Chapter, new aquifer exemptions shall not be issued for Class VI injection wells. Even if an aquifer has not been specifically identified by the Administrator, it is an underground source of drinking water if it meets the definition in Section 2 of this Chapter.

Section 12. Minimum Criteria for Siting Class VI Wells.

- (a) All Class VI wells shall be sited in areas with a suitable geologic system. The geologic system shall be comprised of:
- (i) An injection zone of sufficient areal extent, thickness, porosity, and permeability to receive the total anticipated volume of the carbon dioxide stream; and
- (ii) Confining zones that are free of transmissive faults or fractures and of sufficient areal extent and integrity to contain the injected carbon dioxide stream and displaced formation fluids and allow injection at proposed maximum pressures and volumes without initiating or propagating fractures in the confining zone s or causing non-transmissive faults to become transmissive.
- (b) Owners or operators of Class VI wells must shall identify and characterize additional zones, if they exist, that will impede vertical fluid movement, allow for pressure dissipation, and provide additional opportunities for monitoring, mitigation, and remediation. Vertical fFaults and fractures that transect these zones must shall be identified.

Section 13. Area of Review Delineation and Corrective Action.

1321	(a) The owner or operator of a Class VI well shall prepare, maintain, and comply
1322	with a plan to delineate the area of review for a proposed geologic sequestration project, re-
1323	evaluate the delineation, and perform corrective action that meets the requirements of this
1324	Section and is approved by the Administrator. The area of review shall be based on
1325	computational modeling that accounts for the physical and chemical properties of all phases of
1326	the injected carbon dioxide stream. The area of review shall never be less than the area of
1327	potentially affected groundwater. An area of review and corrective action plan shall include the
1328	following information:
1329	
1330	(i) The method for delineating the area of review that meets the requirements
1331	of paragraph (b) of this Section, including the name, version and availability of the model that
1332	will be used, assumptions that will be made, and the site characterization data on which the
1333	model will be based;
1334	
1335	(ii) A description of:
1336	(=)
1337	(A) The monitoring and operational conditions that would warrant a re-
1338	evaluation of the area of review prior to the next scheduled re-evaluation as determined by the
1339	minimum fixed frequency established in paragraph (c) of this Section.
1340	mannium iniou noquono y comensuo in paragraph (e) or une socioni
1341	(B) How monitoring and operational data (e.g., injection rate and
1342	pressure) will be used to evaluate the area of review; and
1343	pressure) will be used to evaluate the area of review, and
1344	(C) How corrective action will be conducted to meet the requirements
1345	of paragraph (b)(v) of this Section, including:
1346	or paragraph (b)(v) or this section, including.
1347	(I) What corrective action will be performed prior to injection;
1348	(1) What corrective action will be performed prior to injection,
1349	(II) What, if any, portions of the area of review will have
1350	corrective action addressed on a phased basis and how the phasing will be determined;
1351	corrective action addressed on a phased basis and now the phasing will be determined,
1352	(III) How corrective action will be adjusted if there are changes
1353	in the area of review; and
1354	in the dead of feview, and
1355	(IV) How site access will be ensured for future corrective action
1356	(1v) Thow site access will be clistifed for future corrective action
1357	(b) Owners or operators of Class VI wells shall perform the following actions to
1358	delineate the area of review, identify all wells that require corrective action, and perform
1359	corrective action on those wells:
1360	corrective action on those wens.
1361	(i) Predict, using existing <u>site characterization, monitoring and operational</u>
1362	data, and computational modeling:
1363	dua, and computational moderning.
1364	(A) The projected lateral and vertical migration of the carbon dioxide
1304	(A) The projected fateral and vertical inigration of the carbon dioxide

1365	*		in the subsurface from the commencement of injection activities until
1366	the plume movement	ceases	;
1367			
1368		(B)	The pressure differentials, demonstrating that pressure differentials
1369			ment of injected fluids or formation fluids into a USDW or to
1370			ealth, safety, or the environment will not be present, or until the end
1371	of a fixed time period	d deterr	mined by the Administrator;
1372			
1373		(C)	The potential need for brine removal; and
1374			
1375		(D)	The long-term effects of pressure buildup if brine is not removed.
1376			
1377	(ii)	Use n	nodeling that:
1378			
1379		(A)	Is based on:
1380			
1381			(I) Detailed geologic data available or collected to characterize
1382	the injection zone, co	onfining	g zone, and any additional zones; and
1383	,		•
1384			(II) Anticipated operating data, including injection pressures,
1385	rates and total volum	es over	the proposed operational life of the facility;
1386			
1387		(B)	Takes into account any relevant geologic heterogeneities, other
1388	discontinuities, data	guality.	, and their possible impact on model predictions; and
1389	,	1 3/	
1390		(C)	Considers potential migration through faults, fractures, and
1391	artificial penetrations	, ,	
1392			
1393	(iii)	Using	g methods approved by the Administrator, identify all penetrations,
1394	` '	_	oned wells and underground mines, in the area of review that may
1395	_		e, and provide a description of each well's type, construction, date
1396	-	_	ord of plugging and completion, and any additional information the
1397	Administrator may re		
1398	11011111119 11 The state of the	,	
1399	(iv)	Deter	mine which abandoned wells in the area of review have been
1400	` '		events the movement of:
1401	pragged in a manner	that pro	events the movement of.
1402		(A)	Carbon dioxide that may endanger USDWs or otherwise threaten
1403	human health, safety	` /	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1404	maman meanin, sarety	, or the	Chivinolinicht, Of
1405		(B)	Displaced formation fluids, or other fluids, including the use of
1405	materials compatible	` /	ne carbon dioxide stream, that may endanger USDWs or otherwise
1407			ty, or the environment: and

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1409	(v)	Owners or operators of Class VI wells shall Pperform corrective action on
1410	any wells in the area	of review that the owner or operator determines require that are determined
1411	to need corrective act	ion corrective action, using methods designed to prevent the movement of
1412		USDWs including use of materials compatible with the carbon dioxide
1413	stream, where approp	
1414		
1415	(c) At a fi	xed frequency, not to exceed two (2) years during the operational life of the
1416	* *	ars during the post-injection site care period (until site closure) as specified
1417		and corrective action plan, or when monitoring and operational conditions
1418	warrant, owners or or	
1419	, 1	
1420	(i)	Re-evaluate the area of review in the same manner specified in
1421	subparagraph (b)(i) o	<u> </u>
1422	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,
1423	(ii)	Identify all wells in the re-evaluated area of review that require corrective
1424	` '	anner specified in subparagraph (b)(iv) of this Section;
1425		and specific in suspenses in (e)(e+) of this section,
1426	(iii)	Perform corrective action on wells requiring corrective action in the
1427	` '	eview in the same manner specified in subparagraph (b)(v) of this Section;
1428	and	who will the same manner specified in supparagraph (c)(v) or this section,
1429	una	
1430	(iv)	Submit an amended area of review and corrective action plan, or
1431	` /	dministrator through monitoring data and modeling results that no change to
1432		d corrective action plan is needed.
1433	the area of feview and	s corrective detroit plan is needed.
1434		(A) Amendments to the area of review and corrective action plan shall
1435	he subject to approva	of the Administrator.
1436	be subject to approva	Tor the reministrator.
1437		(B) Amendments to the area of review shall be incorporated into the
1438	permit.	(B) Timenaments to the area of feview shall be incorporated into the
1439	permit.	
1440		(C) Amendments to the area of review are subject to the permit
1441	modification requirer	nents of Section 6 of this Chapter.
1442	modification requires	nents of section o of this enapter.
1443	Section 14.	Construction and Operation Standards for Class VI Wells.
1444	Section 14.	Construction and Operation Standards for Class VI Wens.
1445	(a) The ov	wner or operator shall design, construct, and complete all Class VI wells to
1446	* *	standards in this Section and to:
1447	meet the construction	standards in this Section and to.
1448	(i)	Prevent the movement of fluids into or between USDWs or into any
1449	unauthorized zones;	Trevent the movement of fluids into of between USD ws of little ally
1449	unaumonizeu zones,	
1450	(;;)	Allow the use of appropriate testing devices and workover tools; and
1471	(ii)	Anow the use of appropriate testing devices and workover tools, and

1453	(iii)	Allow	continuous monitoring of the annulus space between the injection
1454	tubing and long strin		
1455	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5 003111	·
1456	(b) Casin	g and ce	ement or other materials used in the construction of each Class VI
1457	, ,	_	uctural strength and be designed for the life of the well.
1458			
1459	(i)	All w	ell materials must shall be compatible with fluids with which the
1460	materials may be exp		come into contact, and shall meet or exceed the following
1461	• •		n materials by: the American Petroleum Institute, ASTM
1462			standards acceptable to the Administrator.
1463	,,	F	
1464		(A)	American Petroleum Institute Specification 5CT;
1465		\	<u> </u>
1466		(B)	American Petroleum Institute RP 5C1;
1467		(2)	The state of the s
1468		(C)	American Petroleum Institute RP 10B-2;
1469		(0)	
1470		(D)	American Petroleum Institute Specification 10A;
1471		(2)	The state of the s
1472		(E)	American Petroleum Institute RP 10D-2;
1473		(2)	Timetroum Total Color Institute Til Tob 2,
1474		(F)	American Petroleum Institute Specification 11D1;
1475		(= /	<u> </u>
1476		(G)	American Petroleum Institute RP 14B; and
1477		(0)	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
1478		(H)	American Petroleum Institute RP 14C.
1479		(11)	
1480	(ii)	The c	asing and cementing program shall be designed to prevent the
1481	movement of fluids i		
1482	1110 (01110110 01 110100 1	1100 01 0	
1483	(iii)	To all	ow the Administrator to determine and specify casing and cementing
1484	` '		operator shall provide the following information in a construction
1485	design plan:		permitted the provided the rolls wing missimum on in a construction
1486	design plan.		
1487		(A)	Depth to the injection zone;
1488		(11)	Departs the injection Zone,
1489		(B)	Injection pressure, external pressure, internal pressure, and axial
1490	loading;	(D)	injection prossure, external prossure, internal prossure, and axial
1491	rouding,		
1492		(C)	Hole size;
1493			11010 0120,
1494		(D)	Size and grade of all casing strings (wall thickness, external
1495	diameter nominal wa	` ′	ength, joint specification and construction material), including
1496	whether the casing is	_	
- 170		110 11 01	

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1497			
1498		(E)	Corrosiveness of the carbon dioxide stream and formation fluids;
1499			
1500		(F)	Down-hole temperatures and pressures;
1501			
1502		(G)	Lithology of injection and confining zones;
1503			
1504		(H)	Type or grade of cement and additives; and
1505			
1506		(I)	Quantity, chemical composition, and temperature of the carbon
1507	dioxide stream.		
1508			
1509	(iv)	Casing	g shall extend through the base of the lowermost USDW above the
1510	injection zone and be	cement	ted to the surface through the use of a single or multiple strings of
1511	casing and cement.		
1512			
1513	(v)	At leas	st one (1) long string casing, using a sufficient number of
1514	centralizers, shall be	set to cr	eate a cement bond through the overlying and underlying confining
1515	zones.		
1516			
1517		(A)	The long string casing shall:
1518			
1519			(I) Extend to the injection zone;
1520			
1521			(II) Be cemented by circulating cement to the surface in one (1)
1522	or more stages; and		
1523	_		
1524			(III) Be isolated by placing cement or other isolation techniques
1525	as necessary to provid	de adequ	uate isolation of the injection zone and provide for protection of
1526	USDWs, human heal	th, safet	y, and the environment.
1527			
1528		(B)	Circulation of cement may be accomplished by staging. The
1529	Administrator may ap	prove a	an alternative method of cementing in cases where the cement
1530	cannot be recirculated	to the	surface if the owner or operator demonstrates by using logs that the
1531	cement does not allow	v fluid 1	movement behind the wellbore.
1532			
1533	(vi)	Cemer	nt and cement additives shall be suitable for use with the carbon
1534	dioxide stream and fo	rmatior	n fluids, and be of sufficient quality and quantity to maintain
1535	integrity over the ope		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
1536		Ü	
1537	(vii)	The in	tegrity and location of the cement shall be verified using technology
1538	\ /		t quality radially with sufficient resolution to identify the location of
1539			as of missing cement to ensure that USDWs are not endangered and
1540			d the environment are protected. The owner or operator shall

	_	CBL) to the Administrator with an evaluation, certified by a licensed rensed professional geologist, of the following:
<u>(</u>	<u>A)</u>	Quantitative estimations of the cement compressive strength;
<u>(</u>	B)	A bond index; and
<u>(</u>	<u>C)</u>	Qualitative interpretation of the cement-to-formation bond.
(c) All owne	ers an	d operators of Class VI wells shall inject fluids through tubing with
a packer set at a depth of Administrator.	oppos	ite a cemented interval at the location approved by the
• * *	•	g and packer materials used in the construction of each Class VI
		e with fluids with which the materials may be expected to come into or exceed the following standards developed for such materials by
		itute, ASTM International, or comparable standards acceptable to
the Administrator.:	n mst	itute, 715 TWI international, of comparable standards acceptable to
ino i tammistratori <u>i</u>		
(A)	American Petroleum Institute Specification 5CT;
<u> </u>	/	Timeroum routonoum moutous promition berry
(B)	American Petroleum Institute RP 5C1;
Δ.	<u>~) </u>	Time to the term of the term o
(C)	American Petroleum Institute RP 10B-2;
7	<u>U)</u>	
(D)	American Petroleum Institute Specification 10A;
<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>
(E)	American Petroleum Institute RP 10D-2;
_		
(F)	American Petroleum Institute Specification 11D1;
_	·	•
(G)	American Petroleum Institute RP 14B; and
(H)	American Petroleum Institute RP 14C.
(ii) T	The A	dministrator shall determine and specify requirements for tubing
and packer based on the	e follo	owing information:
(1	A)	Depth of setting;
`	B)	Characteristics of the carbon dioxide stream (e.g., chemical
content, corrosiveness,	tempe	erature, and density) and formation fluids;
	C)	Maximum proposed injection pressure;

1585			
1586		(D)	Maximum proposed annular pressure;
1587			
1588		(E)	Maximum proposed injection rate (intermittent or continuous) and
1589	volume of the carbor	n dioxid	e stream;
1590			
1591		(F)	Size of tubing and casing; and
1592			
1593		(G)	Tubing tensile, burst, and collapse strengths.
1594			
1595	Section 15.	Class	VI Injection Depth Waiver Requirements.
1596			
1597			operator seeking a waiver of the requirement to inject below the
1598			mit a supplemental report concurrent with the permit application.
1599	The report shall cont	ain the	tollowing:
1600	(*)	A 1	
1601	(i)		nonstration that the injection zones are laterally continuous, are not
1602		•	lically connected to USDWs; do not outcrop within the area of
1603	-	•	ivity, volume, and sufficient porosity to safely contain the injected
1604	carbon dioxide and i	ormatio	n fluids; and have appropriate geochemistry;
1605	(::)	A dan	anotherian that the injection games are hounded by laterally
1606	(ii)		nonstration that the injection zones are bounded by laterally
1607 1608			nfining units above and below the injection zones adequate to
1609	prevent muid movem	ient and	pressure buildup outside of the injection zones;
1610	(iii)	A den	nonstration that the confining units are free of transmissive faults and
1611	fractures;	A ucii	donstration that the comming times are free of transmissive faults and
1612	mactures,		
1613	(iv)	A cha	racterization of the regional fracture properties and a demonstration
1614	\ /		erfere with injection, serve as conduits, or endanger USDWs;
1615	that the fractares wil	i not mi	oriote with injection, serve as conduits, or endanger CBD wis,
1616	(v)	A con	nputer model demonstrating that USDWs above and below the
1617			dangered as a result of fluid movement. The modeling shall be done
1618	•		of review determination described in Section 13 of this Chapter, is
1619			of Section 13(b) of this Chapter, and shall be periodically reevaluated
1620	as required by Section		<u> </u>
1621	1	- (-)	1 /
1622	(vi)	A den	nonstration that well design and construction, in conjunction with the
1623	` '		of the injectate in lieu of the requirements of Section 14(a)(i) of this
1624			ell construction requirements of paragraph (f) of this Section;

24-37

will be tailored to this geologic sequestration project to ensure protection of USDWs above and

A description of how the monitoring and testing and any additional plans

1625

1626

1627

1628

(vii)

below the injection zone;

1629			
1630	(viii)	Infor	nation on the location of all public water supplies affected,
1631	reasonably likely to l	e affec	eted, or served by USDWs in the area of review; and
1632			
1633	(ix)	Any o	other information requested by the Administrator.
1634			
1635			e EPA Regional Administrator's decision on whether to grant a
1636	waiver of the injection	on deptl	n requirements of 40 C.F.R. §§ 144.6, 146.5(f), and 146.86(a)(1), the
1637	Administrator shall s	ubmit t	to the EPA Regional Administrator documentation of the following:
1638			
1639	(i)	An ev	valuation of the following information as it relates to siting,
1640	construction, and ope	eration	of a geologic sequestration project with a waiver:
1641			
1642		(A)	The integrity of the upper and lower confining units;
1643			
1644		(B)	The suitability of the injection zone(s) (including lateral continuity,
1645	lack of transmissive	faults a	nd fractures, and knowledge of current or planned artificial
1646	penetrations into the	injectio	on zone(s) or formations below the injection zone);
1647	•	Ü	•
1648		(C)	The potential capacity of the geologic formation(s) to sequester
1649	carbon dioxide, acco	unting	for the availability of alternative injection sites;
1650		Ū	•
1651		(D)	All other site characterization data, the proposed emergency and
1652	remedial response pl	an, and	a demonstration of financial responsibility;
1653	1 1	,	1
1654		(E)	Community needs, demands, and supply from drinking water
1655	resources;	` ′	
1656	,		
1657		(F)	Planned needs and potential and future use of USDWs and non-
1658	USDW aquifers in th	ie area;	1
1659	1	,	
1660		(G)	Planned or permitted water, hydrocarbon, or mineral resource
1661	exploitation potentia	` ′	proposed injection formation(s) and other formations both above and
1662			determine if there are any plans to drill through the formation to
1663			th the proposed injection zone(s) or formation(s);
1664	444455 1450 W1445 III 0		m one proposed injection 25me(s) or rormanion(s),
1665		(H)	The proposed plan for securing alternative resources or treating
1666	USDW formation wa		the event of contamination related to the Class VI injection activity;
1667	and		
1668	·		
1669		(I)	Any other applicable considerations or information requested by
1670	the Administrator;	(1)	They sales approache considerations of information requested by
1671	and raministration,		
1672	(ii)	Consi	ultation with the public water system supervision directors of all
1014	(11)	\sim	areactor that are pastre tracer by beam buper tibion directors or all

1673 1674	Sstates and Tribes having jurisdiction over lands within the area of review of a well for which a waiver is sought; and
1675	marei is sought, and
1676 1677	(iii) Any written waiver-related information submitted by a public water
1678	system supervision director to the Department.
1679	(c) Concurrent with the Class VI permit application public notice process pursuant to
1680 1681	Section 27 of this Chapter, the Administrator shall give public notice that an injection depth waiver request has been submitted. The notice shall clearly state:
1682 1683 1684	(i) The depth of the proposed injection zone(s);
1685 1686	(ii) The location of the injection wells;
1687 1688	(iii) The name and depth of all USDWs within the area of review;
1689 1690	(iv) A map of the area of review;
1691	(v) The names of any public water supplies affected, reasonably likely to be
1692	affected, or served by the USDWs in the area of review; and
1693	
1694	(vi) The results of any consultation between the UIC program and the Public
1695	Water System Supervision Directors within the area of review.
1696	
1697	(d) Following the injection depth waiver application public notice, the Administrator
1698	of the Water Quality Division of the Department of Environmental Quality shall provide all the
1699	information received through the waiver application process to the US EPA Regional
1700	Administrator. Based on the information provided, the US EPA Regional Administrator shall
1701 1702	provide written concurrence or non-concurrence regarding waiver issuance.
1702	(i) If the US EPA Regional Administrator requires additional information to
1704	make a decision, the Administrator of the Water Quality Division of the Department of
1705	Environmental Quality shall provide the information. The US EPA Regional Administrator may
1706	require public notice of the new information.
1707	
1708	(ii) The Administrator of the Water Quality Division of the Department of
1709	Environmental Quality shall not issue a depth injection waiver without receipt of written
1710	concurrence from the US EPA Regional Administrator.
1711	
1712	(e) If an injection depth waiver is issued, within thirty (30) days of issuance, the EPA
1713	shall post the following information on the Office of Water's website:
1714	
1715	(i) The depth of the proposed injection zone(s);

1716

1/1/	(ii) The location of the injection wells;
1718	
1719	(iii) The name and depth of all USDWs within the area of review;
1720	
1721	(iv) A map of the area of review;
1722	
1723	(v) The names of any public water supplies affected, reasonably likely to be
1724	affected, or served by the USDWs in the area of review; and
1725	
1726	(vi) The date of waiver issuance.
1727	(1-)
1728	(f) Upon receipt of a waiver of the requirement to inject below the lowermost USDW
1729	for geologic sequestration, the owner or operator of a Class VI well shall comply with the
1730	following:
1731	Tollowing.
1731	(i) All requirements of Sections 13, 17, 18, 19, 22, 23, 25, and 26 of this
	•
1733	Chapter;
1734	(") A11.1 ' (CC (' 14 C.1' CL ('41.1 C.11 '
1735	(ii) All the requirements of Section 14 of this Chapter with the following
1736	modified requirements:
1737	
1738	(A) In lieu of meeting the requirements of Section 14(a)(i) of this
1739	Chapter, the Class VI well shall be constructed and completed to prevent the movement of fluids
1740	into any unauthorized zones, including USDWs;
1741	
1742	(B) In lieu of meeting the requirements of Section 14(b) and 14(b)(i) of
1743	this Chapter, the casing and cementing program shall prevent the movement of fluids into any
1744	unauthorized zones including USDWs; and
1745	
1746	(C) The casing shall extend through the base of the nearest USDW
1747	directly above the injection zone and shall be cemented to the surface or, at the Administrator's
1748	discretion, at another formation above the injection zone and below the nearest USDW above the
1749	injection zone;
1750	g
1751	(iii) All the requirements of Section 20 of this Chapter with the following
1752	modified requirements:
1753	mounted requirements.
1754	(A) The owner or operator shall monitor the groundwater quality,
1755	geochemical changes, and pressure in the first USDWs immediately above and below the
	·
1756	injection zone(s) and in any other formation at the discretion of the Administrator; and
1757	(D) The assument on apparature death and the discount and the discount of the
1758	(B) The owner or operator shall conduct testing and monitoring in the
1759	injection zone(s) to track the extent of the carbon dioxide plume and the presence or absence of
1760	elevated pressure (e.g., the pressure front) in the injection zone(s) by using: direct methods and

indirect methods (e.g., seismic, electrical, gravity, or electromagnetic surveys and down hole carbon dioxide detection tools) unless the Administrator determines, based on site specific geology, that such methods are not appropriate;

(I) Direct methods, and

- (II) Indirect methods (e.g., seismic, electrical, gravity, or electromagnetic surveys and down-hole carbon dioxide detection tools) unless the Administrator determines, based on site-specific geology, that such methods are not appropriate;
- (iv) All requirements of Section 24 of this Chapter with the following modified requirements:
- (A) The owner or operator shall monitor the groundwater quality, geochemical changes and pressure in the first USDWs immediately above and below the injection zone and in any other formations at the discretion of the Administrator; and
- (B) Testing and monitoring in the injection zone(s) to track the extent of the carbon dioxide plume and the presence or absence of elevated pressure (e.g., the pressure front) by using direct methods and indirect methods (e.g., seismic, electrical, gravity, or electromagnetic surveys and down-hole carbon dioxide detection tools) unless the Administrator determines, based on site-specific geology, that such methods are not appropriate; and
- (v) Any additional requirements imposed by the Administrator to ensure protection of USDWs above and below the injection zone(s).

Section 16. Expansion to the Areal Extent of Existing Class II Injection Well Aquifer Exemptions for Class VI Injection Wells.

- (a) The owner or operator of a Class II enhanced oil recovery or enhanced gas recovery well that requests an expansion of the areal extent of an existing aquifer exemption for the exclusive purpose of Class VI injection for geologic sequestration shall define (by narrative description, illustrations, maps, or other means) and describe (in geographic and/or geometric terms such as vertical and lateral limits and gradient that are clear and definite) all aquifers or parts thereof that are requested to be designated as exempted using the criteria in subparagraphs (b)(i)(A)-(C) of this Section.
- (b) The Administrator may consider a request from an owner or operator of permitted Class II injection well to convert its well to a Class VI well and expand the areal extent of the existing Class II enhanced oil recovery or enhanced gas recovery aquifer exemption for the exclusive purpose of Class VI injection for geologic sequestration.
- (i) The Administrator may approve the request if the existing aquifer exemption and the well meet the following conditions:

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1805	
1806	(A) The groundwater does not currently serve as a source of drinking
1807	water;
1808	······,
1809	(B) The total dissolved solids content of the groundwater is more than
1810	3,000 mg/L and less than 10,000 mg/L; and
1811	
1812	(C) The groundwater is not reasonably expected to supply a public
1813	water system.
1814	water system.
1815	(ii) The Administrator may approve evaluate a request to expand the areal
1816	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	extent of an aquifer exemption of a Class II enhanced oil recovery or enhanced gas recovery well
1817	for the purpose of Class VI injection if the Administrator:
1818	
1819	(A) Determines that the request meets the criteria for exemptions in
1820	subparagraphs (b)(i)(A)-(C) of this Section;
1821	
1822	(B) Determines that the proposed injection operation will not at any
1823	time endanger USDWs including non-exempted portions of the injection formation; and
1824	
1825	(C) Considers, in making the determinations required by
1826	subparagraphs (b)(ii)(A)-(B) of this Section, the following:
1827	
1828	(I) Current and potential future use of the USDWs to be
1829	exempted as drinking water resources;
1830	
1831	(II) The predicted extent of the injected carbon dioxide plume,
1832	and any mobilized fluids that may result in degradation of water quality over the lifetime of the
1833	geologic sequestration project, as informed by computational modeling performed pursuant to
1834	Section 13(b)(i) of this Chapter;
1835	
1836	(III) Whether the areal extent of the expanded aquifer exemption
1837	is of sufficient size to account for any possible revisions to the computational model during
1838	reevaluation of the area of review, pursuant to Section 13(c) of this Chapter; and
1839	The variation of the area of 10 (10 %, parsault to section 15 (c) of this enapter, and
1840	(IV) Any information submitted to support an injection depth
1841	waiver request pursuant to Section 15 of this Chapter.
1842	warver request pursuant to section 15 or this enapter.
1843	(c) Approvals under this Section are not final until:
1844	(c) Approvais under this section are not final until.
1845	(i) The Administrator submits the request as a revision to the state
	(i) The Administrator submits the request as a revision to the state-
1846	administered program under 40 C.F.R. Part 147 or as a substantial revision of a state program
1847	under 40 C.F.R. § 145.32; and
1848	

1849	(ii)	EPA a	approves the revision.
1850			
1851	Section 17.	Loggi	ng, Sampling, and Testing Prior to Injection Well Operation.
1852			
1853	(a) During	g the dr	illing and construction of a Class VI injection well, the owner or
1854	operator shall run app	propriat	e logs, surveys, and tests to determine or verify the depth, thickness,
1855	porosity, permeability	y, lithol	ogy, and salinity of any formation fluids in all relevant geologic
1856			I meets the construction requirements of Section 14 of this Chapter
1857			eline data against which future measurements may be compared.
1858			submit to the Administrator a descriptive report prepared by a
1859	knowledgeable log an	nalyst th	nat includes an interpretation of the results of the logs and tests. At a
1860	minimum, the logs an	nd tests	shall include:
1861			
1862	(i)	Devia	tion checks measured during drilling on all holes constructed by
1863	drilling a pilot hole th		bsequently enlarged by reaming or another method. Deviation
1864			y frequent intervals to determine the location of the borehole and to
1865	ensure that vertical av	enues	for fluid movement in the form of diverging holes are not created
1866	during drilling;		
1867			
1868	(ii)	Before	e and upon installation of the surface casing:
1869			•
1870		(A)	Resistivity, spontaneous potential, and caliper logs before the
1871	casing is installed; an	d	
1872			
1873		(B)	A cement bond and variable density log, or other approved device
1874	to evaluate cement qu	iality ra	dially with sufficient resolution to identify channels, voids, or other
1875	areas of missing ceme	ent and	a temperature log after the casing is set and cemented;
1876			
1877	(iii)	Before	e and upon installation of the long string casing:
1878			
1879		(A)	Resistivity, spontaneous potential, porosity, caliper, gamma ray,
1880	fracture finder logs, a	nd any	other logs the Administrator requires for the given geology before
1881	the casing is installed	; and	
1882			
1883		(B)	A cement bond and variable density log, and a temperature log
1884	after the casing is set	and cer	mented;
1885			
1886	(iv)	Tests	designed to demonstrate the internal and external mechanical
1887	integrity of injection	wells, v	vhich may include:
1888			
1889		(A)	A pressure test with liquid or gas;
1890			
1891		(B)	A tracer survey, such as oxygen-activation logging;
1892			

1893		(C)	A temperature or noise log; and
1894			
1895		(D)	A casing inspection log; and
1896			
1897	(v)	•	alternative methods that provide equivalent or better information and
1898	that are required or	r approve	d by the Administrator.
1899			
1900			r operator shall take whole cores or sidewall cores of the injection
1901	zone and confining	g system a	as well as formation fluid samples from the injection zone(s).
1902			
1903	(i)		owner or operator shall submit to the Administrator a detailed report
1904	prepared by a log a	analyst th	at includes:
1905			
1906		(A)	Well log analyses (including well logs);
1907			
1908		(B)	Core analyses; and
1909			
1910		(C)	Formation fluid sample information.
1911			
1912	(ii)	The A	Administrator may accept data from cores and fluid samples from
1913	nearby wells if the	owner or	r operator can demonstrate that such data are representative of
1914	conditions in the v	vellbore.	
1915			
1916	(c) The	e owner o	r operator shall record the formation fluid temperature, formation
1917	fluid pH and cond	uctivity, r	reservoir pressure, and static fluid level of the injection zone(s).
1918			
1919	(d) The	e owner o	r operator shall determine fracture pressures of the injection and
1920	confining zones ar	nd verify	hydrogeologic and geo-mechanical characteristics of the injection
1921	zone by conductin	g a pressi	are fall-off test, any other test requested by the Administrator, and:
1922			
1923	(i)	A pu	mp test; or
1924			
1925	(ii)	Injec	tivity tests.
1926			
1927	(e) The	e owner o	r operator shall provide the Administrator with the opportunity to
1928	witness all logging	g and testi	ing by this section. The owner or operator shall submit a schedule of
1929	such activities to the	he Admir	histrator prior to conducting the first test and shall notify the
1930	Administrator of a	ny chang	es to the schedule thirty (30) days prior to the next scheduled test.
1931			
1932	Section 18	. Injed	etion Well Operating Requirements.
1933		ŭ	
1934	(a) The	e owner o	r operator shall ensure that injection pressure does not exceed ninety
1935			re pressure of the injection zone(s) to ensure that the injection does
1936	=		propagate existing fractures in the injection zone(s).

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(i) In no case may injection pressure cause movement of injection or formation fluids in a manner that endangers a USDW, or otherwise threatens human health, safety, or the environment.

(ii) In no case may injection pressure initiate fractures in the confining zone s or cause the movement of injectate or formation fluids that endangers a USDW or otherwise threatens human health, safety, or the environment.

(b) Injection of the carbon dioxide stream between the outermost casing protecting USDWs and the wellbore is prohibited.

(c) The owner or operator shall fill the annulus between the tubing and the long string casing with a non-corrosive fluid approved by the Administrator. The owner or operator shall maintain on the annulus a pressure that exceeds the operating injection pressure, unless the Administrator determines that such requirement might harm the integrity of the well or endanger USDWs.

(d) Other than during periods of well workover or maintenance approved by the Administrator in which the sealed tubing-casing annulus is, by necessity, disassembled for maintenance or corrective procedures, the owner or operator shall maintain mechanical integrity of the injection well at all times.

(e) The owner or operator shall install and use continuous recording devices to monitor:

(i) Injection pressure; and

(ii) Injection rate, volume, and temperature of the carbon dioxide stream.

(f) The owner or operator shall install and use continuous recording devices to monitor the pressure on the annulus between the tubing and the long string casing and annulus fluid volume.

(g) The owner or operator shall install, test, and use alarms and automatic surface shut-off systems or, at the discretion of the Administrator, use down-hole shut-off systems (e.g., automatic shut-off, check valves) or other mechanical devices that provide equivalent protection, designed to alert the operator and shut-in the well when operating parameters such as injection rate, injection pressure, or other parameters approved by the Administrator diverge beyond ranges or gradients specified in the permit.

(h) If an automatic shutdown is triggered or a loss of mechanical integrity is discovered, the owner or operator shall immediately investigate and identify as expeditiously as possible the cause. If, upon such investigation, the well appears to be lacking mechanical

1981 integrity, or if monitoring required under paragraphs (e), (f), and (g) of this Section otherwise 1982 indicates that the well may be lacking mechanical integrity, the owner or operator shall: 1983 1984 (i) Immediately cease injection; 1985 1986 Take all steps reasonably necessary to determine whether there may have (ii) 1987 been a release of the injected carbon dioxide stream or formation fluids into any unauthorized 1988 zone: 1989 1990 (iii) Notify the Administrator within twenty-four (24) hours; 1991 1992 (iv) Restore and demonstrate mechanical integrity to the satisfaction of the 1993 Administrator as soon as practicable and prior to resuming injection; and 1994 1995 (v) Notify the Administrator when injection can be expected to resume. 1996 1997 Section 19. Mechanical Integrity. 1998 1999 A Class VI well has mechanical integrity if: (a) 2000 2001 (i) There is no significant leak in the casing, tubing, or packer; and 2002 2003 There is no significant fluid movement into a USDW through channels (ii) 2004 adjacent to the injection wellbore. 2005 2006 To evaluate the absence of significant leaks under subparagraph (a)(i) of this 2007 Section, owners or operators shall, following an initial annulus pressure test, continuously 2008 monitor injection pressure, rate, injected volumes, and pressure on the annulus between tubing, 2009 long string casing, and annulus fluid volume as specified in Section 18(e)-(f) of this Chapter. 2010 2011 At least once per year, the owner or operator shall use one (1) of the following (c) 2012 methods to determine the absence of significant fluid movement under subparagraph (a)(ii) of 2013 this Section: 2014 2015 (i) An approved tracer survey such as an oxygen-activation log; or 2016 2017 (ii) A temperature or noise log. 2018 2019 If required by the Administrator, at a frequency specified in the testing and 2020 monitoring plan required in Section 20 of this Chapter, the owner or operator shall run a casing 2021 inspection log to determine the presence or absence of corrosion in the long-string casing. 2022 2023 The Administrator may require any other test to evaluate mechanical integrity

under this Section. The Administrator may allow the use of a test to demonstrate mechanical

2024

integrity other than those listed in paragraph (c) of this Section with the written approval of the US EPA Administrator. To obtain approval, the Administrator shall submit a written request to the US EPA Administrator that shall set forth the proposed test and all technical data supporting its use.

(f) In conducting and evaluating the tests enumerated in this section or others to be allowed by the Administrator, the owner or operator and the Administrator shall apply methods and standards generally accepted in the industry.

(i) When the owner or operator reports the results of mechanical integrity tests to the Administrator, the owner or operator shall include a description of the test s and the methods used.

(ii) In making an evaluation, the Administrator shall review monitoring and other test data submitted since the previous evaluation.

(g) The Administrator may require additional or alternative tests if the results presented by the owner or operator under paragraph (e) of this Section are not satisfactory to the Administrator to demonstrate that there is no significant leak in the casing, tubing or packer and that there is no significant movement of fluid into or between USDWs resulting from the injection activity.

Section 20. Testing and Monitoring Requirements.

(a) The owner or operator of a Class VI well shall prepare, maintain, and comply with a testing and monitoring plan to verify that the geologic sequestration project is operating as permitted and is not endangering USDWs. The testing and monitoring plan shall be submitted with the permit application, shall be subject to Administrator approval, and shall include a description of how the owner or operator will meet the requirements of this Section, including accessing sites for all necessary monitoring and testing during the life of the project.

(b) <u>In addition to the requirements of W.S. § 35-11-313, Testing and monitoring associated with geologic sequestration projects must shall, at a minimum, include:</u>

(i) Plans and procedures for environmental surveillance and excursion detection, prevention, and control programs, including a monitoring plan to:

(A) Assess the migration of the injected carbon dioxide; and

(B) Ensure the retention of the carbon dioxide in the geologic sequestration site.

(i) Analysis of the carbon dioxide stream with sufficient frequency to yield data representative of its chemical and physical characteristics;

2069			
2070	(ii)	Installa	ation and use, except during well workovers, of continuous
2071	recording devices to i		
2072	C		
2073		(A)	Injection pressure;
2074		()	J
2075		(B)	Injection rate and volume;
2076		(D)	injection rate and votame,
2077		(C)	Pressure on the annulus between the tubing and the long string
2078	casing;	(C)	Tressure on the annulus between the tubing and the long string
2079	casing,		
2080		(D)	The annulus fluid volume added; and
2080		(D)	The annulus fluid volume added, and
2081		(E)	The procesure on the ennulus between the tubing and the long string
2082	ancina	(E)	The pressure on the annulus between the tubing and the long string
	casing;		
2084	(:::\)	Camaa	ion monitoring of the well metarials for loss of moss loss of
2085	(iii)		ion monitoring of the well materials for loss of mass, loss of
2086			and other signs of corrosion, which shall be performed and recorded
2087	1		at the well components meet the minimum standards for material
2088	strength and performa	ance set	forth in Section 14(b) of this Chapter by:
2089		<i>(</i> . . <i>.</i>	
2090		(A)	Analyzing coupons of the well construction materials placed in
2091	contact with the carbo	on dioxi	de stream;
2092			
2093		(B)	Routing the carbon dioxide stream through a loop constructed with
2094	the material used in the	ne well	and inspecting the materials in the loop; or
2095			
2096		(C)	Using an alternative method approved by the Administrator;
2097			
2098	(iv)	Period	ic monitoring of the groundwater quality and geochemical changes
2099	above the confining z	ones tha	at may be a result of carbon dioxide movement or displaced
2100	formation fluid move	ment th	rough the confining zones or additional zones. The monitoring wells
2101	shall:		
2102			
2103		(A)	Use specific information about the geologic sequestration project,
2104	including injection ra	te and v	olume, geology, the presence of artificial penetrations, and other
2105			he location and number of monitoring wells; and
2106			ξ ,
2107		(B)	Use baseline geochemical data that have been collected under
2108	Section 10(b)(xvi) of	` /	apter and any modeling results in the area of review evaluation
2109	, , , ,		this Chapter to establish the monitoring frequency and spatial
2110	distribution of monito		
2111	or month		· ,
2112	(v)	A dem	onstration of external mechanical integrity pursuant to Section
4114	()	1 i delli	onstation of external mechanical integrity pursuant to section

2113	19(c) at least once per year until the well is plugged;
2114	
2115	(vi) If required by the Administrator, a casing inspection log pursuant to
2116	requirements of Section 19(d) of this Chapter at a frequency established in the testing and
2117	monitoring plan;
2118	
2119	(vii) A pressure fall-off test that identifies reservoir conditions with respect to
2120	flow dynamics at least once every five (5) years, unless more frequent testing is required by the
2121	Administrator based on site-specific information;
2122	ı ,
2123	(viii) Testing and monitoring to track the extent of the carbon dioxide plume,
2124	the position of the pressure front, and surface displacement using:
2125	e i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
2126	(A) Direct methods in the injection zone(s); and
2127	()
2128	(B) Indirect methods in the injection zone (e.g., seismic, electrical,
2129	gravity, or electromagnetic surveys and/or down-hole carbon dioxide detection tools) unless the
2130	Administrator determines, based on site-specific geology, that such methods are not appropriate;
2131	reministrator determines, based on site specific geology, that such methods are not appropriate,
2132	(ix) At the Administrator's discretion, bBased on site-specific conditions,
2133	surface air monitoring and/or soil gas monitoring to detect movement of carbon dioxide that
2134	could endanger a USDW, or otherwise threaten human health, safety, or the environment.
2135	could chamiger a CDD w, or otherwise uncated human health, surety, or the chambent.
2136	(A) The surface air or soil gas monitoring plan shall:
2137	(11) The surface an of son gas monitoring plan shan.
2138	(I) Be based on potential risks to USDWs, and modeling
2139	within the area of review;
2140	within the died of feview,
2141	(II) Use baseline data to establish the monitoring frequency and
2142	spatial distribution of surface air monitoring or soil gas monitoring; and
2143	spatial distribution of surface an monitoring of son gas monitoring, and
2144	(III) Specify how the proposed monitoring will yield useful
2145	information for the area of review delineation and the potential movement of fluid:
2146	information for the area of feview defineation and the potential movement of fluid.
2147	(1.) Containing any contaminant into USDWs in
2148	exceedance of any primary drinking water regulation under 40 C.F.R. Part 141; or
2149	exceedance of any primary drinking water regulation under 40 C.P.R. Fait 141, or
2149	(2) Which may otherwise adversaly effect human
2150	(2.) Which may otherwise adversely affect human
	health, safety, or the environment;
2152	(D) If an assument an analysis demands that manitaring annelased
2153	(B) If an owner or operator demonstrates that monitoring employed
2154	under 40 C.F.R. §§ 98.440 to 98.449 accomplishes the goals of subparagraph (b)(ix)(A) of this
2155	Section, the Administrator shall approve the use of monitoring employed under 40 C.F.R. §§
2156	98.440 to 98.449. An owner or operator who uses monitoring employed under 40 C.F.R. §§

2157 98.440 to 98.449 to meet the requirements of this Section shall comply with 40 C.F.R. §§ 98.440 2158 to 98.449: 2159 2160 Any additional monitoring, as required by the Administrator, necessary to (x) 2161 support, upgrade, and improve computational modeling of the area of review re-evaluation 2162 required under Section 13(c) of this Chapter and as necessary to demonstrate that there is no movement of fluid containing any contaminant into USDWs in exceedance of any primary 2163 2164 drinking water regulation under 40 C.F.R. Part 141, Subparts E, F, and G, or which could 2165 otherwise adversely affect human health, safety, or the environment; 2166 2167 The owner or operator shall periodically review the testing and monitoring (xi) plan to incorporate monitoring data collected under this Section, operational data collected under 2168 2169 Section 18 of this Chapter, and the most recent area of review reevaluation performed under 2170 Section 13 of this Chapter. The owner or operator shall review the testing and monitoring plan at 2171 least once every five (5) years. Based on this review, the owner or operator shall submit an 2172 amended testing and monitoring plan or demonstrate to the Administrator that no amendment to 2173 the testing and monitoring plan is needed. Any amendments to the testing and monitoring plan 2174 are subject to approval by the Administrator, shall be incorporated into the permit, and are 2175 subject to the permit modification requirements of Section 6 of this Chapter. Amended plans or demonstrations shall be submitted to the Administrator as follows: 2176 2177 2178 (A) Within one (1) year of an area of review reevaluation; 2179 2180 (B) Following any significant changes to the facility, such as addition of monitoring wells or newly permitted injection wells within the area of review; or 2181 2182 2183 (C) When required by the Administrator; and 2184 2185 (xii) A quality assurance and surveillance plan for all testing and monitoring 2186 requirements. 2187 2188 The owner or operator shall create and retain records of all monitoring (c) 2189 information that include: 2190 2191 (i) The date, time, and exact place, of sampling or measurements; 2192 2193 The individuals who performed the sampling or measurements; (ii) 2194 2195 (iii) The dates analyses were performed; 2196 2197 (iv) The individuals who performed the analyses; 2198 2199 (v) The analytical techniques or methods used; and

2200

2201 (vi) The results of such analyses. 2202 Section 21. 2203 **Record Retention.** 2204 2205 (a) An owner or operator of a Class VI well shall maintain records according to the 2206 following schedules: 2207 2208 (i) Calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings 2209 for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit, for a period of at least three 2210 2211 (3) years from the date of the sample, measurement, report, or application. This period may be 2212 extended by request of the Administrator at any time; 2213 2214 The nature and composition of all injected fluids until three (3) ten (10) (ii) 2215 years after the completion of any plugging and abandonment procedures under Section 23 of this 2216 Chapter; 2217 2218 (iii) All modeling inputs and data used to support area of review reevaluations 2219 under Section 13 of this Chapter shall be retained for ten (10) years; 2220 2221 (iv) The well-plugging report required by Section 23 of this Chapter, the site 2222 closure report required by Section 24 of this Chapter, and any post-injection site care data, 2223 (including data and information used to establish the post-injection site care time frame) shall be 2224 retained for ten (10) years following site closure; 2225 2226 All data used to complete permit applications shall be retained for the life 2227 of the geologic sequestration project and for ten (10) years following site closure; and 2228 2229 All other monitoring records required by a permit shall be retained for a period of ten (10) years following site closure. 2230 2231 2232 The Administrator may require the owner or operator to deliver the records to the 2233 Administrator at the conclusion of the record retention period. The owner or operator must 2234 deliver the records to the Administrator at the conclusion of the retention period, and the records must thereafter be retained at a location designated by the Administrator for that purpose. 2235 2236 2237 Section 22. Reporting and Notice Requirements. 2238 2239 The owner or operator shall provide the following reports to the Administrator, (a) 2240 for each Class VI well: 2241 2242 Semi-annual reports. Semi-annual reports required by the permit shall be (i) submitted to the Administrator within thirty (30) days following the end of the period covered in 2243

2244

the report and shall contain:

2245				
2246		(A)	Any changes to the physical, chemical, and other relevant	
2247	characteristics of the	carbon	dioxide stream from the proposed operating data;	
2248				
2249		(B)	Monthly average, maximum, and minimum values for injection	
2250	pressure, flow rate an	nd volui	me, and annular pressure;	
2251				
2252		(C)	A description of any event that exceeds operating parameters for	
2253	annulus pressure or i	njection	pressure as specified in the permit;	
2254				
2255		(D)	A description of any event that triggers a shutdown device required	
2256	pursuant to Section 1	8(g) of	this Chapter, and the response taken;	
2257	•		• '	
2258		(E)	The monthly volume of the carbon dioxide stream injected over the	
2259	reporting period and	project	•	
2260	1 61	1 3	•	
2261		(F)	Monthly annulus fluid volume added; and	
2262		()		
2263		(G)	The results of monitoring required by Section 20 of this Chapter;	
2264		(-)	\mathcal{E}^{-1}	
2265	(ii)	Repor	ts, within thirty (30) days, of receiving the results, of:	
2266		1		
2267		(A)	Periodic tests of mechanical integrity;	
2268		()		
2269		(B)	Any other test of the injection well conducted by the owner or	
2270	operator if required b	y the A		
2271	1 1	,	*	
2272		(C)	Any well workover; and	
2273		(-)	y	
2274	(iii)	Repor	rts, within twenty-four (24) hours, of:	
2275	()	P	(- 1)	
2276		(A)	Any evidence that the injected carbon dioxide stream or associated	
2277	pressure front may ca		endangerment to a USDW;	
2278	pressure from may ex		onum gormon to w exp m,	
2279		(B)	Any noncompliance with a permit condition, or malfunction of the	
2280	injection system, wh	` /	cause fluid migration into or between USDWs;	
2281	injection system, win	icii iiiaj	cause fluid inigration into of setween OSD WS,	
2282		(C)	Any triggering of a shut-off system, either down-hole or at the	
2283	surface;	(0)	ing angeoing of a shar our system, entire down hole of at the	
2284	ballaco,			
2285		(D)	Any release of carbon dioxide to the atmosphere or biosphere	
2286	indicated by the surf	` /	1 1	
2287	indicated by the surface air or soil gas monitoring or other monitoring technologies required by Section 14(b)(ix) of this Chapter; and			
2288	500000 17(0)(1A) 01	uns Cile	ipor, and	
00				

2289			(E)	Any failure to maintain mechanical integrity.
2290			-	
2291	(b)	Owner	s or on	perators shall notify the Administrator in writing thirty (30) days in
2292	advance of:		r	
2293	 (11100 01)			
2294		(i)	Any n	planned well workover;
2295		(1)	7 my p	iumica wen workover,
2296		(ii)	Δην η	planned stimulation activities, other than stimulation for formation
2297	testing conduc	` /		tion 10 of this Chapter; and
2298	testing conduc	ica una	ici Scci	Ton 10 of this Chapter, and
2299		(iii)	Anvo	other planned test of the injection well conducted by the owner or
2300	on one ton	(111)	Ally 0	ther planned test of the injection well conducted by the owner of
	operator.			
2301	(-)	0		
2302	(c)			perators shall submit all required reports, submittals, and notifications
2303	to both the Ac	lmınıstr	ator and	d to EPA (in an electronic format acceptable to EPA).
2304	(1)	0		
2305	(d)			perators shall submit a written report to the Administrator of all
2306			_	ne failure of equipment or operational procedures that resulted in a
2307	violation of a	permit c	condition	on at the completion of the remedial work.
2308				
2309	(e)		-	ed or curtailed operation, the owner or operator shall submit to the
2310		-	-	port within thirty (30) days of complete termination of the discharge
2311	or associated a	activity.		
2312				
2313	Section	n 23.	Inject	tion Well-plugging.
2314				
2315	(a)	Prior to	o well-	plugging, the owner or operator shall flush each Class VI injection
2316	well with a bu	ffer flui	id, dete	ermine bottom hole reservoir pressure, and perform a final external
2317	mechanical in	tegrity t	est in a	accordance with Section 19 of this Chapter.
2318				•
2319	(b)	The ov	vner or	operator of a Class VI well shall prepare, maintain, update on the
2320	same schedule			to the area of review delineation, and comply with a well-plugging
2321			-	Administrator. The well-plugging plan shall include the following
2322	information:	1	J	
2323				
2324		(i)	Appro	opriate test or measure to determine bottom hole reservoir pressure;
2325		(1)	- PP-0	prime test of measure to determine contain note reservoir pressure,
2326		(ii)	Δnnrc	opriate testing methods to ensure final external mechanical integrity
2327	as specified in	` /		
2328	as specified in	Section	11701	uns Chapter,
2329		(iii)	Thota	one and number of plugs to be used:
2329		(111)	THE ty	ype and number of plugs to be used;
		(iv)	The	legement of each plug including the elevation of the top and better
2331	of a a als1	(iv)	rne p	lacement of each plug including the elevation of the top and bottom
2332	of each plug;			

2333	
2334	(v) The type and grade and quantity of material, suitable for use with the
2335	carbon dioxide stream, to be used in plugging; and
2336	
2337	(vi) A description of the method of placement of the plugs.
2338	
2339	(c) Any amendments to the injection well-plugging plan are subject to approval by
2340	the Administrator, shall be incorporated into the permit if approved, and are subject to the permit
2341	modification requirements of Section 6 of this Chapter.
2342	
2343	(d) The owner or operator shall notify the Administrator, in writing, at least sixty (60)
2344	days before plugging a well.
2345	
2346	(i) If any changes have been made to the original well-plugging plan, the
2347	owner or operator shall also provide the revised well-plugging plan with notice of its intent to
2348	plug the well.
2349	
2350	(ii) The Administrator may allow a shorter notice period.
2351	
2352	(e) Within sixty (60) days after completion of plugging and abandonment of a well or
2353	well field, the owner or operator shall submit to the Administrator a final report that includes:
2354	
2355	(i) Certification of completion in accordance with approved plans and
2356	specifications by a licensed professional engineer or a licensed professional geologist; and
2357	
2358	(ii) Certification of accuracy by the owner or operator and by the person who
2359	performed the plugging operation (if other than the owner or operator).
2360	
2361	Section 24. Post-injection Site Care and Site Closure.
2362	
2363	(a) The owner or operator of a Class VI well shall prepare, maintain, update on the
2364	same schedule as the update to the area of review delineation, and comply with a plan for post-
2365	injection site care and site closure that meets the requirements of subparagraph (a)(ii) of this
2366	Section and is approved by the Administrator.
2367	
2368	(i) The post-injection site care and site closure plan is subject to approval by
2369	the Administrator in consultation with EPA.
2370	
2371	(ii) The post-injection site care and site closure plan shall include the
2372	following information:
2373	
2374	(A) A demonstration containing substantial evidence that the geologic
2375	sequestration project will no longer pose a risk of endangerment to USDWs and will not harm or
2376	present a risk to human health, safety, or the environment at the end of the post-injection site

SUBSTANTIVE CHANGES NOTED IN STRIKE/UNDERLINE

Changes Made Since 3/11/21 Noted in Green Changes Made Since 7/16/21 Noted in Green, Highlighted in Yellow

DRAFT 8/10/21

2377	care timeframe. The demonstration shall be based on significant, site-specific data and
2378	information, including all data and information collected pursuant to Sections 10 and 12 of this
2379	Chapter;
2380	
2381	(B) The site closure plan shall address all reclamation, monitoring, and
2382	remediation sufficient to show that the carbon dioxide stream injected into the geologic
2383	sequestration site will not harm human health, safety, the environment, or drinking water
2384	supplies;
2385	
2386	(C) Detailed plans for post-injection monitoring, verification,
2387	maintenance, and mitigation;
2388	
2389	(D) The pressure differential between pre-injection and predicted post-
2390	injection pressures in the injection zone;
2391	injection pressures in the injection zone,
2392	(E) The predicted position of the carbon dioxide plume and associated
2393	pressure front at the time when plume movement has ceased and pressure differentials sufficient
2394	to cause the movement of injected fluids or formation fluids into a USDW are no longer present,
2395	as demonstrated in the area of review evaluation required under Section 13(b)(i) of this Chapter;
2396	as demonstrated in the area of review evaluation required under section 13(0)(1) of this enapter,
2397	(F) A description of post-injection monitoring locations, methods, and
2398	proposed frequency;
2399	proposed frequency,
2400	(G) A proposed schedule for submitting post-injection site care
2400	(G) A proposed schedule for submitting post-injection site care monitoring results pursuant to Section 22(c) of this Chapter;
2401	mointoring results pursuant to Section 22(c) of this Chapter,
2402	(II) The duration of the post injection site care timeframe that ensures
	(H) The duration of the post-injection site care timeframe that ensures
2404	compliance with subparagraph (A) of this paragraph;
2405	The results of computational modeline newformed approach to
2406 2407	(I) The results of computational modeling performed pursuant to
	delineation of the area of review under Section 13 of this Chapter;
2408	(I) The modiated time from a few masses and desline.
2409	(J) The predicted timeframe for pressure decline:
2410	
2411	(I) Within the injection zone and any other zones such that
2412	formation fluids may not be forced into any USDWs; or
2413	
2414	(II) To pre-injection pressures;
2415	
2416	(K) The predicted rate of carbon dioxide plume migration within the
2417	injection zone, and the predicted timeframe for the cessation of migration;
2418	
2419	(L) A description of the site-specific processes that will result in
2420	carbon dioxide trapping including immobilization by capillary trapping, dissolution, and

2421	mineralization at the site;	
2422		
2423	(M)	The predicted rate of carbon dioxide trapping in the immobile
2424	capillary phase, dissolved ph	nase, and mineral phase;
2425		
2426	(N)	The results of laboratory analyses, research studies, and field or
2427	site-specific studies to verify	the information required in subparagraphs (J) and (K) of this
2428	paragraph;	
2429		
2430	(O)	A characterization of the confining zones including a
2431	demonstration that they are	free of transmissive faults, fractures, and micro-fractures and of
2432	appropriate thickness, perme	eability, and integrity to impede fluid (including carbon dioxide and
2433	formation fluids) movement	•
2434		
2435	(P)	The presence of potential conduits for fluid movement, including
2436	planned injection wells and	project monitoring wells associated with the proposed geologic
2437	sequestration project or any	other projects in proximity to the predicted or modeled final extent
2438	of the carbon dioxide plume	and area of elevated pressure;
2439	-	•
2440	(Q)	A description of the well construction and an assessment of the
2441	quality of plugs of all aband	oned wells within the area of review;
2442	1 1 0	, and the second se
2443	(R)	The distance between the injection zone and the nearest USDWs
2444	above and below the injection	•
2445	3	
2446	(S)	Any additional site-specific factors required by the Administrator.
2447	` ,	
2448	(iii) Inforr	nation submitted to support the demonstration in subparagraph (a)(ii)
2449	of this Section shall meet the	
2450		e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
2451	(A)	All analyses and tests performed shall be accurate, reproducible,
2452	and performed in accordance	•
2453	1	,
2454	(B)	Estimation techniques shall be appropriate;
2455	ζ-/	
2456	(C)	EPA-certified test protocols shall be used where available;
2457		2111 Common Company of Marie Williams Communication
2458	(D)	Predictive models shall be appropriate and tailored to the site
2459	` '	he carbon dioxide stream and injection, and site conditions over the
2460	life of the geologic sequestra	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2461	me of the geologic sequestic	mon project,
2462	(E)	Predictive models shall be calibrated using existing information
2463	` '	n Class I, Class V experimental technology, or Class VI
2464	well sites) where sufficient of	±
∠ ⊤∪⊤	won sites, where sufficient (iam are aranaone,

2464

2466	(F)	Reasona	bly conservative values and modeling assumptions shall
2467	be used and disclosed to the Administrator whenever values are estimated on the basis of known		
2468	historical information ins	tead of site-sp	pecific measurements;
2469		•	
2470	(G) An analy	ysis shall be performed to identify and assess aspects of the
2471	post-injection site care tin	neframe dem	onstration that contribute significantly to uncertainty. The
2472	owner or operator shall co	onduct sensiti	ivity analyses to determine the effect that significant
2473	uncertainty may contribu	te to the mod	eling demonstration;
2474			•
2475	(H) An appro	oved quality assurance and quality control plan shall
2476	address all aspects of the	demonstratio	n; and
2477	-		
2478	(I)	Any add	itional criteria required by the Administrator shall be met.
2479	,	•	•
2480	(iv) Up	on cessation	of injection, owners or operators of Class VI wells shall
2481	either submit an amended	post-injection	on site care and site closure plan or demonstrate to the
2482			a and modeling results that no amendment to the plan is
2483			njection site care and site closure plan shall be:
2484	•	•	•
2485	(A	Subject 1	to approval by the Administrator;
2486	`	3	
2487	(B	Incorpor	rated into the permit; and
2488		1	•
2489	(C	Subject 1	to the permit modification requirements of Section 6 of
2490	this Chapter.	3	1
2491	1		
2492	(v) Th	e owner or or	perator may amend the post-injection site care and site
2493			all re-submit the post-injection site care and closure plan
2494			n thirty (30) days of amending the plan.
2495	•	1	
2496	(vi) Up	on receipt of	the Administrator's approval of the post-injection site care
2497			erator shall submit the proposed cost estimate for
2498		_	ation of plume stabilization required by Section 26(i) of
2499	this Chapter.		
2500			
2501	(b) The owner	or operator s	shall monitor the site following the cessation of injection
2502		-	dioxide plume and pressure front and demonstrate that
2503	USDWs are not being en	dangered.	
2504	S	C	
2505	(i) Th	e owner or or	perator shall continue to conduct monitoring as specified in
2506			tion site care and site closure plan until the Administrator
2507			on 24(b)(iii) of this Chapter.

2465

2508

2509 (ii) The owner or operator may request that the post-injection site care and site closure plan be revised to reduce the frequency of monitoring, and the Administrator may approve the request if the owner or operator demonstrates that the plan should be revised.

- (iii) Prior to certification of site closure, the owner or operator shall demonstrate to the Administrator, based on monitoring, other site-specific data, and modeling that is reasonably consistent with site performance, that no additional monitoring is needed to ensure that the geologic sequestration project does not, and is not expected to endanger a USDW or otherwise threaten human health, safety, or the environment. In addition, the owner or operator shall demonstrate, based on the best available understanding of the site including monitoring data and modeling, that all other site closure standards and requirements have been met
- (iv) If the owner or operator does not demonstrate that the requirements of subparagraph (b)(iii) of this Section have been met, the owner or operator shall continue post-injection site care.
- (v) The owner or operator shall notify the Administrator, in writing, at least 120 days before filing a request for site closure. At this time, if any changes have been made to the original post-injection site care and site closure plan, the owner or operator shall also provide the revised plan. The Administrator may allow a shorter notice period.
- (vi) Post-injection site care shall be <u>continue</u> for a period <u>of not less than ten</u> (10) years after the date when all wells excluding monitoring wells have been appropriately plugged and abandoned, all subsurface operations and activities have ceased and all surface equipment and improvements have been removed or appropriately abandoned, or so long thereafter as necessary to obtain a completion and release certificate from the Administrator certifying that plume stabilization has been achieved without the use of control equipment based on a minimum of three (3) consecutive years of monitoring data. that meets the criteria of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(vi)(F).
- (c) After the Administrator has certified site closure, the owner or operator shall plug monitoring wells in a manner approved by the Administrator that will not allow movement of injection or formation fluids.
- (d) The owner or operator shall submit a site closure report within ninety (90) days after completion of all closure operations. The report shall include:
- (i) Documentation of injection and monitoring well-plugging that meets the requirements of Section 23 of this Chapter and paragraph (c) of this Section
- (ii) A copy of a survey plat that has been submitted to the local zoning authority designated by the Administrator, and:

24-58

	(A) The plat shall indicate the location of the injection well(s) and
monitoring wells rela	tive to permanently surveyed benchmarks; and
	(B) The owner or operator shall also submit a copy of the plat to the
US EPA Regional Ad	ministrator;
(iii)	Documentation of appropriate notification and information to the State,
local and tribal author	rities that have authority over drilling activities to enable them to impose
appropriate condition	s on subsequent drilling activities that may penetrate the injection and
confining zones;	
(iv)	Proof that the owner or operator has:
	(A) Published notice of the application for site closure, including a
mechanism to request	a public hearing, in a newspaper of general circulation in each county of
the proposed operatio	n at weekly intervals for four (4) consecutive weeks; and
	(B) Mailed notice of the application for site closure to all surface
owners, mineral clain	nants, mineral owners, lessees, and other owners of record of subsurface
interests that are locat	ted within one (1) mile of the proposed boundary of the geologic
sequestration site; and	1
•	
(v)	Records of the nature, composition, and volume of the carbon dioxide
stream.	•
(e) Each o	owner or operator of a Class VI injection well must shall record a notation
on the deed to the fac	ility property or any other document that is normally examined during title
search that will in per	petuity provide <u>notice to</u> any potential purchaser of the property, <u>and shall</u>
	cordance with W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(vi)(G), that includes the following
information:	
(i)	The fact that land has been used to sequester carbon dioxide;
	•
(ii)	The name of the State agency, local authority, or Tribe with which the
survey plat was filed,	as well as the address of the EPA regional office to which it was
· ·	<u>C</u>
,	
(iii)	The volume of fluid injected, the injection zone or zones into which it was
` '	od over which injection occurred.
J / I	•
Section 25.	Emergency and Remedial Response.
	1 •••
(a) All ow	oners or operators of a Class VI well shall develop, and maintain, and
	gency and remedial response plan that describes actions to be taken to
	US EPA Regional Ad (iii) local and tribal author appropriate conditions confining zones; (iv) mechanism to request the proposed operation owners, mineral claim interests that are locat sequestration site; and (v) stream. (e) Each of on the deed to the fact search that will in perfile an affidavit in accommodation: (i) (ii) survey plat was filed, submitted; and (iii) injected, and the period Section 25. (a) All ow

SUBSTANTIVE CHANGES NOTED IN STRIKE/UNDERLINE Changes Made Since 3/11/21 Noted in Green

Changes Made Since 7/16/21 Noted in Green, Highlighted in Yellow DRAFT 8/10/21

2597	address movement of the injectate or formation fluids that endangers a USDW or threatens			
2598				
2599	closure periods.			
2600				
2601	(i) The emergency and remedial response plan shall be reviewed and updated			
2602	as necessary, on the same schedule as the update to the area of review delineation.			
2603				
2604	(ii) Any amendments to the emergency and remedial response plan shall be			
2605	subject to approval by the Administrator, shall be incorporated into the permit, and are subject to			
2606	the permit modification requirements of Section 6 of this Chapter. Amendments to the			
2607	emergency and remedial response plan shall be submitted to the Administrator as follows:			
2608				
2609	(A) Within one (1) year of an area of review reevaluation;			
2610				
2611	(B) Following any significant changes to the facility, such as addition			
2612	of injection or monitoring wells; or			
2613				
2614	(C) When required by the Administrator.			
2615				
2616	(iii) The emergency and remedial response plan shall account for the entire			
2617	area of review delineated pursuant to Section 13 of this Chapter, regardless of whether corrective			
2618	action in the area of review is phased.			
2619	1			
2620	(b) If any monitoring data or other information indicate that any contaminant, the			
2621	injected carbon dioxide stream, displaced formation fluids, or associated pressure front may			
2622	endanger a USDW or threaten human health, safety, or the environment, the owner or operator			
2623	shall:			
2624				
2625	(i) Immediately cease injection;			
2626	(i) infinediately couse injection,			
2627	(ii) Take all steps reasonably necessary to identify and characterize any			
2628	release;			
2629	release,			
2630	(iii) Orally notify the Administrator within twenty-four (24) hours of			
2631	discovering the condition; and			
2632	discovering the condition, and			
	(iv) Provide a veritten report to the Administrator within five (5) days of			
2633	(iv) Provide a written report to the Administrator within five (5) days of			
2634	discovering the condition. The written report shall contain:			
2635				
2636	(A) A description of the noncompliance and its cause;			
2637				
2638	(B) The period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times,			
2639	and, if the noncompliance has not been controlled, the anticipated time it is expected to continue			
2640	and			

2641	
2642	(C) Steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent
2643	reoccurrence of the noncompliance.
2644	
2645	(c) If an owner or operator discovers any noncompliance with a permit condition or a
2646	requirement of this Chapter that may cause fluid migration into or between USDWs, any
2647	malfunction of the injection system that may cause fluid migration into or between USDWs, or
2648	any excursion, the owner or operator shall:
2649	
2650	(i) Orally notify the Administrator within twenty-four (24) hours of
2651	discovering the condition;
2652	
2653	(ii) Provide a written report to the Administrator within five (5) days of
2654	discovering the condition, which shall contain:
2655	
2656	(A) A description of the noncompliance, malfunction, or excursion and
2657	its cause;
2658	
2659	(B) The period of noncompliance, malfunction, or excursion, including
2660	exact dates and times, and, if the noncompliance, malfunction, or excursion has not been
2661	controlled, the anticipated time it is expected to continue;
2662	
2663	(C) Steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent
2664	reoccurrence of the noncompliance, malfunction, or excursion.
2665	r,,,
2666	(iii) If an excursion is discovered, provide written notice to all surface owners,
2667	mineral claimants, mineral owners, lessees, and other owners of record of subsurface interests
2668	within thirty (30) days of discovering the excursion; and
2669	
2670	(iv) Implement the emergency and remedial response plan approved by the
2671	Administrator.
2672	
2673	(d) The Administrator may allow the owner or operator to resume injection prior to
2674	implementing the emergency and remedial response plan if the owner or operator demonstrates
2675	that the injection operation will not endanger USDWs or otherwise threaten human health,
2676	safety, or the environment.
2677	survey, or the entitle mineral
2678	(e) If any water quality monitoring of a USDW indicates the movement of any
2679	contaminant into the USDW, except as authorized under this Chapter, the Administrator shall
2680	prescribe any additional requirements for construction, corrective action, operation, monitoring,
2681	reporting, or closure of the injection well that are necessary to prevent further movement, and:
2682	2-posterio, or crossic of the injection well that the necessary to prevent further injection, that
2683	(i) If the well responsible for the movement is authorized by permit, these
2684	additional requirements shall be imposed by modifying the permit; or

2685					
2686		(ii)		Administrator <u>Director</u> may terminate or revoke and reissue the	
2687	permit pursuant to Section 7 of this Chapter.				
2688					
2689	Section	on 26.	Finai	ncial Responsibility.	
2690					
2691	(a)	Owne	ers or op	perators of Class VI wells shall establish, demonstrate, and maintain	
2692	financial resp	onsibil	ity for a	all applicable phases of the geologic sequestration project, including	
2693	complete site	reclam	ation in	the event of default. The phases of a geologic sequestration project	
2694	are:				
2695					
2696		(i)	Perm	itting/characterization;	
2697					
2698		(ii)	Testi	ng and monitoring, pursuant to Section 20 of this Chapter;	
2699					
2700		(iii)	Opera	ations, including injection and well-plugging, pursuant to Sections 18	
2701	and 23 of this	s Chapte	er;		
2702		-			
2703		(iv)	Post-	injection site care, including plume stabilization, monitoring,	
2704	measurement	t, verific	cation, c	corrective action, and other actions needed to ensure that	
2705	underground	sources	of drin	aking water are not endangered from the time of well-plugging until	
2706	site closure is	s certific	ed by th	ne Administrator and above ground-reclamation is completed,	
2707	pursuant to S	ection 2	24 of th	is Chapter; and	
2708	1				
2709		(v)	Emer	gency and remedial response pursuant to Section 25 of this Chapter.	
2710		` '			
2711	(b)	The o	wner o	r operator shall develop and annually update in accordance with	
2712	paragraph (f)			, a written financial assurance cost estimate.	
2713	1 6 1 ()				
2714		(i)	The f	inancial assurance cost estimate shall include the cost in current	
2715	dollars of:	· /			
2716					
2717			(A)	Performing corrective action on other wells in the area of review	
2718	that require c	orrectiv		n under Section 13 of this Chapter;	
2719	1			Τ.,	
2720			(B)	Plugging the injection wells under Section 23 of this Chapter;	
2721			(-)		
2722			(C)	Post-injection site care and site closure under Section 24 of this	
2723	Chapter;		(0)	Tost injection site care and site crosure ander section 2 For and	
2724	chapter,				
2725			(D)	Testing and monitoring under Section 20 of this Chapter; and	
2726				Tooms and monitoring under section 20 of this enuptor, that	
2727			(E)	Emergency and remedial response under Section 25 of this	
2728	Chapter.			Emergency and remoduli response under section 25 of this	
2,20	Chapter.				

2729			
2730	(ii)	The fir	nancial assurance cost estimate shall consider the following events:
2731			<u> </u>
2732		(A)	Contamination of underground sources of water including,
2733	drinking water suppli		C C
2734	C II	,	
2735		(B)	Mineral rights infringement;
2736		` /	6 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2737		(C)	Single large-volume release of carbon dioxide that impacts human
2738	health and safety or th	` /	ses ecological damage;
2739	incurring surery of the	iat caas	os ceological damage,
2740		(D)	Low-level leakage of carbon dioxide to the surface that impacts
2741	human health and safe	` /	hat causes ecological damage;
2742	numan nearm and sar	cty of th	nat causes ecological damage,
2742		(E)	Storage rights infringement;
2744		(L)	Storage rights intringement,
2745		(F)	Property and infrastructure damage, including changes to surface
2746	topography and struct	` '	Troperty and infrastructure damage, including changes to surface
2747	topography and struct	lures,	
		(C)	Enterined conteminant releases of conteminants other than conten
2748	diamida.	(G)	Entrained contaminant releases of contaminants other than carbon
2749	dioxide;		
2750		(II)	A '1 / 1 1 1 /
2751		(H)	Accidents and unplanned events;
2752		(T)	XX 11
2753		(I)	Well capping and permitted abandonment; and
2754		(T)	
2755		(J)	Removal of above-ground facilities and site reclamation.
2756	411		
2757	(iii)		wner or operator shall consider the Risk Activity Matrix in
2758	Appendix A of this C	hapter t	to develop the financial assurance cost estimate.
2759			
2760	(iv)		nancial assurance cost estimate shall be based upon a multi-
2761	• •	l frame	work such as Monte Carlo or other commonly accepted stochastic
2762	modeling tools.		
2763			
2764		(A)	Cost curves shall combine risk probabilities, event outcomes, and
2765	damages assessment t	to calcu	late expected losses under a series of events.
2766			
2767		(B)	For all cases of potential damages, the probability distributions
2768	should be identified for	or 50 pe	ercent, 95 percent, and 99 percent probabilities of occurrence.
2769			
2770	(v)	The ov	wner or operator shall perform the financial assurance cost estimate
2771	for each phase separa	tely.	
2772	-		

2773	(vi) The owner or operator shall base the financial assurance cost estimate on					
2774	the costs to the regulatory agency of hiring a third party (that is not within the corporate structure					
2775	of the owner or operator) to perform the required activities.					
2776						
2777	(vii) The financial assurance cost estimate shall account for the entire area of					
2778	review delineated pursuant to Section 13 of this Chapter.					
2779	•					
2780	(viii) The owner or operator shall submit an updated financial assurance cost					
2781	estimate to the Administrator annually within thirty (30) days of the anniversary date when the					
2782	original financial assurance cost estimate was submitted.					
2783						
2784	(c) The financial responsibility instrument(s) used shall be from the following list of					
2785	qualifying instruments and shall be submitted on a Wyoming Department of Environmental					
2786	Quality form:					
2787	Construction					
2788	(i) <u>Irrevocable Trust Funds with government-backed securities;</u>					
2789	(-) <u>==</u> ,					
2790	(ii) Surety Bonds;					
2791						
2792	(iii) <u>Irrevocable</u> Letter of Credit;					
2793	my <u>merocasic</u> Better of Steam,					
2794	(iv) Insurance.					
2795						
2796	(A) Any insurance instruments submitted for financial assurance					
2797	purposes shall include State of Wyoming as an additional insured.					
2798	purposes shall include state of wyonning as an additional insured.					
2799	(B) Inclusion of the State of Wyoming as an additional insured shall					
2800	not be deemed a waiver of sovereign immunity.					
2801	not be deemed a warver of sovereign immunity.					
2802	(v) Self-insurance (i.e., Financial Test and Corporate Guarantee);					
2803	(v) Sen insurance (i.e., i manetar rest and corporate Guarantee),					
2804	(vi) Escrow account;					
2805	(1) Escrow account,					
2806	(vii) Any other instrument(s) satisfactory to the Administrator.					
2807	(vii) This other instrument(s) satisfactory to the rediministrator.					
2808	(iv) Cash; or					
2809	$\frac{\text{Cush}}{\text{O}}$					
2810	(v) Federally Insured Certificates of Deposit.					
2811	(v) <u>reactany insured Certificates of Deposit.</u>					
2812	(d) The qualifying instruments shall be sufficient to cover the cost of the financial					
2813	assurance cost estimate required in paragraph (b) of this Section.					
2814	assurance cost estimate required in paragraph (0) of this section.					
2815	(e) The qualifying financial responsibility instruments shall comprise protective					
2816	conditions of coverage that include at a minimum cancellation, renewal, continuation provisions					

specifications on when the provider becomes liable following a notice of cancellation, and requirements for the provider to meet a minimum rating, minimum capitalization, and the ability to pass the bond rating test when applicable.

(formerly Section 19(i)(i))(i) Cancellation—An owner or operator must shall provide that their financial mechanism may not cancel, terminate or fail to renew except for failure to pay such financial instrument. If there is a failure to pay the financial instrument, the financial institution may elect to cancel, terminate, or fail to renew the instrument by sending notice by certified mail to the owner or operator and the Administrator. The cancellation must not be final for 120 days after receipt of cancellation notice. The owner or operator must provide an alternate financial responsibility demonstration within sixty (60) days of notice of cancellation, and if an alternate financial responsibility demonstration is not acceptable (or possible), any funds from the instrument being cancelled must be released within sixty (60) days of notification by the Administrator.

(formerly Section 19(i)(i))(A) If there is a failure to pay the financial instrument, the financial institution may elect to cancel, terminate, or fail to renew the instrument by sending notice by certified mail to the owner or operator and the Administrator Director;

(formerly Section 19(i)(i))(B) The cancellation shall not be final for 120 days after receipt of cancellation notice;

(formerly Section 19(i)(i))(C) The owner or operator must provide an alternate financial responsibility demonstration Wwithin sixty (60) days of notice of cancellation, the owner or operator shall provide to the Director an alternate financial responsibility demonstration that meets the requirements of paragraphs (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g) of this Section; and

(formerly Section 19(i)(i))(D) If an alternate financial responsibility demonstration is not acceptable (or possible), any funds from the instrument being cancelled must-shall be released within sixty (60) days of notification by the Administrator Director.

(ii) Owners or operators shall renew all financial instruments, if an instrument expires, for the entire term of the geologic sequestration project. The instrument may be automatically renewed as long as, at a minimum, the owner or operator has the option of renewal at the face amount of the expiring instrument.

(iii) Cancellation, termination, or failure to renew may not occur and the financial instrument shall remain in full force and effect in the event that on or before the date of expiration:

(A) The Administrator deems the facility abandoned.

(B) The permit is terminated, revoked, or a new permit is denied.

2861	
2862	(C) Closure is ordered by the Administrator <u>Director</u> , a U.S. district
2863	court, or other court of competent jurisdiction.
2864	
2865	(D) The owner or operator is named as debtor in a voluntary or
2866	involuntary proceeding under Title 11 (Bankruptcy), U.S. Code.
2867	
2868	(E) The amount due is paid.
2869	
2870	(f) The qualifying financial responsibility instruments are subject to approval by the
2871	Director. The use and length of pay-in-periods for trust funds and escrow accounts are also
2872	subject to approval by the Director.
2873	
2874	(i) No Class VI permit shall be issued until and unless the Director has
2875	considered and approved the financial responsibility demonstration for all phases of the geologic
2876	sequestration project.
2877	
2878	(ii) The Director may negotiate a satisfactory financial responsibility
2879	demonstration or deny a demonstration.
2880	
2881	(iii) The owner or operator shall provide any updated information related to
2882	financial responsibility instruments on an annual basis, and if there are any changes, the Director
2883	shall evaluate the financial responsibility demonstration and determine whether the instruments
2884	used are adequate. The owner or operator shall maintain financial responsibility requirements
2885	regardless of the status of the Director's review of the financial responsibility demonstration.
2886	regardless of the status of the Birector's review of the interior responsionity demonstration.
2887	(iv) The owner or operator shall provide an adjustment of the financial
2888	assurance cost estimate to the Administrator within sixty (60) days of receiving notice that the
2889	Administrator has determined that a demonstration of financial assurance is not adequate to
2890	cover the cost of corrective action, injection well-plugging, post-injection site care and site
2891	closure, and emergency and remedial response.
2892	erosure, and emergency and remedial response.
2893	(v) During all phases of the geologic sequestration project, the owner or
2894	operator shall adjust the financial assurance cost estimate for inflation within sixty (60) days
2895	prior to the anniversary date of the establishment of the financial instruments used to comply
2896	with this Section and provide this adjustment to the Administrator. The owner or operator shall
2897	also provide to the Administrator written updates of adjustments to the cost estimate within sixty
2898	(60) days of any amendments to the area of review and corrective action plan, the injection well-
2899	plugging plan, the post-injection site care and site closure plan, the emergency and remedial
2900	response plan, and mitigation or reclamation costs that the State may incur as a result of any
2900	default by the permit holder.
2901	derault by the permit holder.
4704	

subject to approval by the Administrator. During all phases of the geologic sequestration project,

2903 2904 Any decrease or increase to the financial assurance cost estimate shall be

the owner or operator shall revise the cost estimate no later than sixty (60) days after the Administrator has approved a request to modify the area of review and corrective action plan, the injection well-plugging plan, the post-injection site care and site closure plan, or the emergency and response plan, if the change in the plan increases the cost. If the change to the plan decreases the cost, any withdrawal of funds is subject to approval by the Administrator. Any decrease to the value of the financial assurance instrument is subject to approval by the Administrator.

(vii) Whenever the current financial assurance cost estimate increases to an amount greater than the face amount of a financial instrument currently in use, the owner or operator, within sixty (60) days after the increase, shall either cause the face amount to be increased to an amount at least equal to the current financial assurance cost estimate and submit evidence of such increase to the Administrator, or the owner or operator shall obtain other financial responsibility instruments to cover the increase. Whenever the current financial assurance cost estimate decreases, the face amount of the financial assurance instrument may be reduced to the amount of the current financial assurance cost estimate only after the owner or operator has received written approval from the Administrator.

(g) The owner or operator may demonstrate financial responsibility by using one (1) or multiple qualifying financial instruments for specific phases of the geologic sequestration project, subject to the following requirements:

(i) Owners or operators that propose to demonstrate financial assurance with surety bonds shall meet the following requirements:

(A) A corporate surety shall not be considered good and sufficient unless:

2932 (I) It is licensed to do business in the State; 2933

(II) The estimated bond amount does not exceed the limit of risk as provided for in W.S. § 26-5-110, nor raise the total of all bonds held by the applicant under that surety above three (3) times the limit of risk; and

(III) The surety agrees:

(1.) Not to cancel bond unless the Department gives prior written approval of a good and sufficient replacement surety with transfer of the liability that has accrued against the operator on the permit area, site, or facility;

(2.) To be jointly and severally liable with the permittee, owner, or operator.

(3.) To provide immediate written notice to the Department and operator once it becomes unable or may become unable due to any action filed

against it to fulfill its	s obligations under the bond.
	(B) If for any reason the surety becomes unable to fulfill its obligations
under the bond, the c	operator shall provide the required notice. Failure to comply with this
provision shall result	t in suspension of the permit.
	(C) The surety bond shall be submitted on a Wyoming Department of
Environmental Quali	
(ii)	Owners or operators that propose to demonstrate financial assurance with
	securities, or a combination of both, shall meet the following requirements:
	(A) Securities that are unanoumbared shall only include these that are
United States govern	(A) Securities that are unencumbered shall only include those that are ment securities or state government securities that are acceptable to the
	nt securities shall be endorsed to the order of the Department and placed in
	epartment. Possession shall be in the form of the cash value of the irrevocable
	ount of the reclamation obligation and payable to the Department and
federally insured.	and of the rectamation obligation and payable to the Department and
rederany msured.	
	(B) An owner or operator shall satisfy the requirements of this
cubsection by establi	ishing an irrevocable trust that conforms to the requirements below and
	ally signed duplicate of the trust agreement to the Director for consideration.
submitting an origina	any signed duplicate of the trust agreement to the Director for consideration.
	(I) The irrevocable trust shall be submitted to the Director on
the Wyoming Depart	tment of Environmental Quality Irrevocable Trust Form and be signed by
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	or guarantor as principal and the financial institution as Trustee, and made
payable to the Depar	
	(II) The Trustee shall be a bank organized to do business in the
	as the authority to act as a trustee and whose trust operations is regulated and
examined by a federa	al agency;
	(III) The irrevessable trust shall be each funded for the full
omount of the finese	(III) The irrevocable trust shall be cash funded for the full
	cial assurance obligation to be provided in the irrevocable trust before it may
	fy the requirements of financial assurance in lieu of a bond. For purposes of
	full amount of the financial assurance obligation to be provided" means the
	required to be provided by paragraphs (b) and (i) of this Section, less the
	assurance obligation that is being provided by other financial assurance
mechanisms being us	sed to demonstrate financial assurance by the owner, operator, or guarantor;
	(IV) Any bond may be canceled by the surety only after ninety
(90) days written not	tice to the Director, and upon receipt of the Director's written consent, which
•	when the requirements of the irrevocable trust have been fulfilled; and
may be granted only	when the requirements of the irrevocable trust have been fulfilled, and

	(V) Irrevocable trust forfeiture proceedings shall occur only
after the Department provi	rides notice to the owner or operator and trustee pursuant to W.S. 35-
1-701 that a violation exi	ists and the Environmental Quality Council has approved the request of
he Director to begin forfe	eiture proceedings.
(''')	
	yners or operators that propose to demonstrate financial assurance with
rrevocable letters of credi	it shall meet the following conditions:
(A)	The irrevocable letter of credit shall be payable to the Department
n part or in full upon dem	nand and receipt from the Director of a notice of forfeiture issued in
accordance with paragraph	*
(<u>B</u>)	
	ng bank's capital surplus account as shown on a balance sheet liabilities
certified by a certified pub	blic accountant;
(C)	The Director dellar to contact and the letters of any dis-
(C)	The Director shall not accept standby letters of credit;
(D)	The Director shall not accept letters of credit from a bank for any
	d by that person, in excess of the limitations imposed by W.S. §13-3-
102; and	a by that person, in excess of the limitations imposed by w.s. §13-3-
102, unu	
(E)	The irrevocable letter of credit shall provide that:
	(I) The bank will give prompt notice to the owner or operator
and the Director of any no	otice received or action filed alleging the insolvency or bankruptcy of
he bank or alleging any v	violations of regulatory requirements that could result in suspension or
evocation of the bank's ch	harter or license to do business;
	(II) In the event the bank becomes unable to fulfill its
	er of credit for any reason, notice shall be given immediately to the
owner or operator and the	Director; and
1 .	(III) Upon the incapacity of a bank by reason of bankruptcy,
*	or revocation of its charter or license, the owner or operator shall be
	formance bond coverage in violation of the Act. The Director shall
	against any owner or operator who is without bond coverage,
- · · ·	eriod to replace bond coverage, not to exceed ninety (90) days. During
*	the Director's designated representative shall conduct weekly tinuing compliance with other permit requirements, the regulations and
	ot abated in accordance with the schedule, a cessation order shall be
ssued.	o abacca in accordance with the schedule, a cessation order shall be
boucu.	
	(IV) The irrevocable letter of credit may be cancelled by the
	(= · , Int little of all the interpretations of the

	surety only after ninety (90) days notice to the Director, and upon receipt of the Director's
)	written consent, which may be granted only when the requirements of the bond have been fulfilled.
	(F) The irrevocable letter may only be issued by a bank organized to do business in the U.S. that identifies by name, address, and telephone number an agent upon whom any process, notice or demand required or permitted by law to be served upon the bank may be served.
	(I) If the bank fails to appoint or maintain an agent in this State, or whenever any such agent cannot be reasonably found, then the Director shall be an
	agent for such bank upon whom any process, notice or demand may be served for the purpose of
	this Chapter. In the event of any such process, the Director shall immediately cause one copy of
	such process, notice or demand to be forwarded by registered mail to the bank at its principal
-	place of business. The Director shall keep a record of all processes, notices, or demands served
	upon him under this paragraph, and shall record therein the time of such service and his action
	with reference thereto.
	(II) Negleton benefit contained the II limite on effect the sixtense
٠	(II) Nothing herein contained shall limit or affect the right to serve any process, notice or demand required or permitted by law to be served upon the bank in
	any other manner now or hereafter permitted by law.
	any other manner now of hereafter permitted by law.
	(h) The owner or operator shall maintain financial responsibility and resources until:
	(ii) The owner of operator shall maintain thatletar responsionity and resources and
	(i) The Administrator receives the site closure report and certifies site
	closure.
	(A) When the conditions of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(vi)(F) have been met,
	the owner or operator may submit a written request to the Administrator to release the retained
	financial assurance instruments; and
	(D) The Administrator shall evaluate the request within sixty (60) days
	(B) The Administrator shall evaluate the request within sixty (60) days of the receipt of the financial assurance release request.
	of the receipt of the infalicial assurance release request.
	(I) If the Administrator finds the
	owner or operator has demonstrated the requirements of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(vi)(F) have been
	met, the Administrator shall prepare a draft recommendation to the Director to approve the
	request and provide public notice pursuant to Section 27 of this Chapter.
	(II) <u>Re-submittal of information by an operator for an</u>
	incomplete demonstration of the requirements of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(vi)(F) will restart the
	process described in this subsection.
	(III) <u>If the Administrator finds the owner or operator has not</u>

demonstrated the requirements of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(vi)(F) have been met, the Administrator shall prepare a draft recommendation to the Director to deny the request.

- (C) After receiving public comment and holding a hearing (if a hearing is held) pursuant to Section 27 of this Chapter, the Director shall determine whether the operator has demonstrated the requirements of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(vi)(F) have been met.
- (I) If the Director finds the owner or operator has demonstrated the requirements of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(vi)(F) have been met, the Director shall notify the owner or operator and request the State Treasurer to release that portion of the final financial assurance instruments. The State Treasurer shall then return the financial assurance instruments constituting that portion of the financial assurance so retained.
- (II) If the Director finds the owner or operator has not demonstrated the requirements of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(vi)(F) have been met, the Director shall notify the owner or operator by registered mail within a reasonable time after the request is filed. The notice shall state the reasons for denial and shall recommend corrective actions.
- (ii) The well has been converted in compliance with the requirements of Section 9(b)(xxii) of this Chapter;
- (iii) The transferor of a permit has received notice from the Director that the owner or operator receiving transfer of the permit, the new permittee, has demonstrated financial responsibility for the well; or
- (ii)(iv) The owner or operator meets the requirements for release from a financial instrument in the following circumstances:
- (A) The owner or operator has completed the phase of the geologic sequestration project for which the financial instrument was required and has fulfilled all its financial obligations as determined by the Director, including obtaining financial responsibility for the next phase of the geologic sequestration project, if required;
- (B) The owner or operator has submitted a replacement financial instrument and received written approval from the Director accepting the new financial instrument and releasing the owner or operator from the previous financial instrument; or
- (C) The owner or operator has submitted a revised financial assurance cost estimate for the remaining phases of the geologic sequestration project. The revised financial assurance cost estimate may demonstrate that a partial release of the financial instrument is warranted and will still provide adequate financial assurance for the remainder of the geologic sequestration project. Partial release of the financial instrument is at the discretion of the Director.

(i) Within a reasonable time following certification of site closure by the
Administrator, plume stabilization, the completion of all remediation work, and release of all
other financial assurance instruments, the owner or operator shall submit a proposed cost
estimate for measurement, monitoring, and verification of plume stabilization. The Administrator
shall evaluate and determine whether the proposed cost estimate is adequate.

- (j) The owner or operator shall notify the Director by certified mail of adverse financial conditions, such as bankruptcy, that may affect its ability to complete injection well-plugging and post-injection site care and site closure.
- (i) The owner or operator shall notify the Director by certified mail of the commencement of a voluntary or involuntary proceeding under Title 11 (Bankruptcy), U.S. Code, naming the owner or operator or the third-party provider of a financial responsibility instrument as debtor, within ten (10) days after commencement of the proceeding.
- (ii) An owner or operator who fulfills the requirements of this Section by obtaining an irrevocable trust fund, surety bond, or irrevocable letter of credit shall be deemed to be without the required financial assurance in the event of:
 - (A) Bankruptcy of the trustee or issuing institution;
- (B) A suspension or revocation of the authority of the trustee institution to act as trustee of the institution issuing the irrevocable trust fund, surety bond, or irrevocable letter of credit; or
- (C) If the license to do business in Wyoming of the surety issuing financial assurance is suspended or revoked.
- (iii) Within sixty (60) days after such an event the owner or operator shall establish other financial assurance that meets the requirements of paragraphs (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g) of this Section.
- (k) The Department shall conduct bond forfeiture proceedings pursuant to W.S. § 35-11-421. If the forfeited financial assurance instrument is inadequate to cover the costs of the closure, mitigation, reclamation, measurement, monitoring, verification, and pollution control, the Department may request that the Attorney General bring suit to recover costs against the owner, operator, or permittee.
- (l) The owner or operator shall obtain and maintain public liability insurance for a geologic sequestration project.
- (i) The public liability insurance <u>policy</u> shall be in addition to the financial assurance required in Section 19 of this chapter.:

(A) The insurance policy shall provide for personal injury and property
damage protection and shall be in place until a completion and release certificate has been
obtained from the Administrator certifying that plume stabilization has been achieved. Include
coverage for the major risks identified in Appendix A to this Chapter;
overage for the major risks identified in rappondix in to this emptor,
(B) Provide minimum coverage that:
(B) <u>I Tovide infillitudii coverage tilat.</u>
(I) Accounts for site-specific risk factor and bond adjustment
factor calculations, based on the previous year's information; and
(formerly Section 5(g)(iii))(II) The minimum insurance
coverage for public liability insurance as required by W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(ii)(O) shall be five
hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) for each occurrence of bodily injury or property damage,
and one million dollars (\$1,000,000) aggregate. Is at least \$15 million per occurrence with an
annual aggregate of at least \$45 million, exclusive of legal defense costs; and
(formerly Section 5(g)(iv))(C) The public liability insurance shall
Include a rider that requiringes that the insurer to notify the Administrator whenever substantive
changes are made to the policy, including any termination or failure to renew.
g
(ii) The owner or operator shall recalculate the minimum coverage amount of
the public liability insurance policy annually and at the same time that the owner or operator
updates the financial assurance cost estimate pursuant to paragraph (b) of this Section. The
owner or operator shall submit a copy of the current public liability insurance policy annually
and at the same time that the owner or operator submits an updated financial assurance cost
estimate pursuant to subparagraph (b)(viii) of this Section.
(iii) The owner or operator shall maintain the public liability insurance policy
until the Administrator certifies that plume stabilization has been achieved.
Section 27. Public Participation, Public Notice and Public Hearing Requirements.
(a) The Administrator shall give public notice if a draft permit has been prepared,
after receiving a financial assurance release request pursuant to Section 26(h)(i)(A) of this
Chapter and finding the operator has met the requirements of W.S. 35-11-313(f)(vi)(F), or if a
hearing has been scheduled.
(i) Public notice of the preparation of a draft permit shall allow at least sixty
(60) days for public comment.
(00) days for paone comment.
(ii) Public notice of a hearing or recommendation to release financial
(ii) Public notice of a hearing or recommendation to release financial
assurance after certifying site closure shall be given at least thirty (30) days before the hearing.
(iii) Public notice of a hearing may be given at the same time as public notice

3213	of the draft permit or of a draft recommendation to release financial assurance after certifying		
3214	site closure,	and the two noti	ices may be combined.
3215			
3216	(b)	Public notice	shall be given by:
3217			
3218		(i) Provid	ding a copy of the notice, a copy of the fact sheet, the permit
3219	application (if any), and the	draft permit (if any) to the following persons:
3220			
3221		(A)	The applicant, by certified or registered mail;
3222		, ,	
3223		(B)	The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 8 Drinking
3224	Water Progr	am, by mail;	
3225	C	, 3	
3226		(C)	The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Underground
3227	Injection Co	ntrol Program, b	
3228		, -	<i>J</i> ,
3229		(D)	Wyoming Game and Fish Department;
3230		(- /	, , ,
3231		(E)	Wyoming State Engineer;
3232		(2)	Try oming State Engineer,
3233		(F)	State Historical Preservation Officer;
3234		(1)	State Historical Preservation Officer,
3235		(G)	Wyoming Oil and Gas Conservation Commission;
3236		(0)	w youring on and das conservation commission,
3237		(H)	Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality, Land Quality
3238	Division;	(11)	w youring Department of Environmental Quanty, Land Quanty
3239	Division,		
3240		(I)	Wyoming State Geological Survey;
3240		(1)	w youning State Geological Survey,
3241		(I)	Wyoming Water Development Office;
3242		(J)	w youning water Development Office,
		(I Z)	Westering Department of Environmental Ovality Air Ovality
3244	District	(K)	Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality, Air Quality
3245	Division;		
3246		(T.)	W ' D ' (CD ' (10 1') C1') 1
3247	TT 1 5	(Γ)	Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality, Solid and
3248	Hazardous V	Vaste Division;	and
3249		(3.5)	Wall a SE
3250		(M)	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers;
3251			
3252		(N)	Federal agencies with jurisdiction over fish, shellfish, and wildlife
3253	resources an	d over coastal z	one management plans;
3254			
3255		(O)	The Advisory Council on Historic Preservation;
3256			

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		(P) Any Tribes with Indian reservations and Indian lands identified
pursuant t	o Sections	10(b)(v) and 10(b)(ix)(A)(VII) of this Chapter;
		(Q) Persons on the mailing list developed by the Department, including
those who	request in	writing to be on the list and participants in hearings in that area who request
	_	ing lists; and
		(R) Any unit of <u>state or</u> local government having jurisdiction over the
rea wher	e the facilit	ty is proposed to be located.
	(ii)	Publishing the notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the location
of the faci	` /	ration; and
	• •	
	(iii)	At the discretion of the Administrator, any other method reasonably
expected t	to give actu	all notice of the proposed action to the persons potentially affected by it,
		ses or any other forum or medium to elicit public participation.
C	•	
(c)) All pı	ublic notices issued under this chapter shall contain the following minimum
information	on:	
	(i)	Name and address of the Department;
	` '	ı ,
	(ii)	Name and address of the owner, operator, permittee, or permit applicant,
and, if dif	ferent, of the	he facility or activity regulated by the permit;
,	,	
	(iii)	A brief description of the business conducted at the facility or activity
described	in the pern	nit application, described in the draft permit, or subject to regulation under
this Chapt		
1	,	
	(iv)	The type and quantity of wastes, fluids, or pollutants that are proposed to
be or are l	` '	ed, stored, disposed of, injected, emitted, or discharged;
	<i>U</i>	, , 1 , 3 ,
	(v)	A brief summary of the basis for the draft permit conditions, including
references		ble statutory or regulatory provisions;
	- Tr	J On J T
	(vi)	Reasons why any requested variances or alternatives to required standards
do or do r	ot appear j	
	J r r ···· J	
	(vii)	Name, address and telephone number of a person from whom interested
persons m	` /	further information, including copies of the draft permit, statement of basis,
-	•	oplication; and
1400 511000	, and the up	· Paramasa, mas
	(viii)	A brief description of comment procedures, including:

3300

3301		(A)	Procedures to request a hearing;
3302			
3303		(B)	The beginning and ending dates of the comment period;
3304			
3305		(C)	The address where comments may be submitted; and
3306			
3307		(D)	Other procedures that the public may use to participate in the final
3308	permit decision.		
3309	-		
3310	(d) In add	dition to	the information required in paragraph (c) of this Section, any notice
3311	for a hearing shall co	ontain tl	ne following:
3312	_		
3313	(i)	Refer	rence to the date of previous public notices relating to the permit;
3314	``		
3315	(ii)	Date,	time, and place of hearing; and
3316	· /	ŕ	, 1
3317	(iii)	A bri	ef description of the nature and purpose of the hearing, including
3318	applicable rules and		1 1 1
3319	11	1	
3320	(e) The I	Departm	ent shall provide an opportunity for the applicant, permittee, owner,
3321	operator, or any interested person to submit written comments regarding any aspect of a permit		
3322	or to request a hearing	_	
3323	1 1	-6.	
3324	(i)	Durir	ng the public comment period, any interested person may submit
3325	()		aft permit and may request a hearing. Requests for hearings shall be
3326			inistrator and shall state the reasons for the request.
3327	made in writing to th	10 1 10111	impirator and share state the reasons for the requesti
3328	(ii)	The A	Administrator shall hold a hearing whenever the Administrator finds,
3329	` '		gnificant degree of public interest in a draft permit.
3330	on the ousis of reque	, a 51	gimeant degree of paone interest in a drait period.
3331	(iii)	The A	Administrator may hold a hearing whenever a hearing may clarify
3332	issues involved in a		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
3333	issues involved in a	perime	
3334	(iv)	The r	bublic comment period shall automatically extend to the close of any
3335	` '		may also extend the comment period by so stating at the hearing.
3336	nearing. The Admin	13114101	may also extend the comment period by so staring at the hearing.
3337	(f) The 4	Adminic	strator Director shall render a decision on the draft permit within sixty
3338	1 /		of the public comment period if no hearing is held. If a hearing is
3339			ector shall make a decision on any Department hearing as soon as
3340			he transcript or after the expiration of the time set to receive written
	-	erpt or t	the transcript of after the expiration of the time set to receive written
3341 3342	comments.		
3343	(g) A++h	a tima a	final decision is issued the Department Administrator shall record
3344			final decision is issued, the Department <u>Administrator</u> shall respond ived during the public comment period or during the hearing held by
1 144	- нь минич ю сонине	IIIS LECE	aved dinang the bubble comment behod of diffing the healthy held by

the Department. T	his response shall:
(i) the changes; and	Specify any changes that have been made to the permit and the reasons for
(ii) regulatory concern	Briefly describe and respond to all comments stating a technical or that is within the authority of the Department to regulate.
Section 28	. Incorporation by Reference.
(a) The in effect as of July	ese rules incorporate by reference the following statutes, rules, and regulations 1, 2020:
(i) http://www.ecfr.go	10 C.F.R. Part 20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 2, available at
<u>шир.// w w w.een.ge</u> (ii)	40 C.F.R. §§ 98.440 to 98.449, available at http://www.ecfr.gov;
(iii)	
(iv)	40 C.F.R. § 261.3 available at: http://www.ecfr.gov;
(v) Recommended Pro	American Petroleum Institute Recommended Practice, API RP 14C, actice for Analysis, Design, Installation and Testing of Safety Systems for
	on Facilities, Recommended Practice 14C, (2018), referred to as "API RP https://www.apiwebstore.org/publications/item.cgi?af9eaacd-f8b0-4d7c-bfa7-
(vi)	<u> </u>
	Materials for Well Cementing. 25th Edition, (2019), referred to as "API", available at https://www.apiwebstore.org/publications/item.cgi?82493435-2ad8131cb56;
(vii	,
	ment and Stop-collar Testing, (2020), referred to as "API RP 10D-2", available webstore.org/publications/item.cgi?7ad6705a-954e-476c-b520-47cbbdce9f06;
	i) American Petroleum Institute Recommended Practice, API RP 10B-2, actice for Testing Well Cements, (2019), referred to as "API RP 10B-2", www.apiwebstore.org/publications/item.cgi?3c1808c7-6312-4b8d-b3de-
(ix)	American Petroleum Institute Recommended Practice, API RP 14B, n, Repair, and Operation of Subsurface Safety Valve Systems, (2012), referred

3389	to as "API RP 14 B", available at https://www.apiwebstore.org/publications/item.cgi?a1711f10-
3390	<u>0121-4c12-936c-471c97a19f93;</u>
3391	
3392	(x) <u>American Petroleum Institute Specification</u> , <u>API Spec 5CT</u> , <u>Specification</u>
3393	for Casing and Tubing, (2019), referred to as "API Specification 5CT", available at
3394	https://www.apiwebstore.org/publications/item.cgi?5b345884-5a3a-4889-8066-60f93e467f29;
3395	
3396	(xi) <u>American Petroleum Institute Recommended Practice, API RP 5C1,</u>
3397	Recommended Practices for Care and Use of Casing and Tubing, (2020), referred to as "API RP
3398	5C1", available at https://www.apiwebstore.org/publications/item.cgi?010058af-29b1-412c-
3399	<u>b892-ec3e5583c534</u> ; and
3400	
3401	(xii) <u>American Petroleum Institute Specification, API Spec 11D1, Packers and</u>
3402	Bridge Plugs, (2015), referred to as "API Specification 11D1", available at
3403	https://www.apiwebstore.org/publications/item.cgi?4828a454-0fea-451b-a61b-18304836ea91.
3404	
3405	(b) <u>For these rules incorporated by reference:</u>
3406	
3407	(i) The Environmental Quality Council has determined that incorporation of
3408	the full text in these rules would be cumbersome or inefficient given the length or nature of the
3409	<u>rules;</u>
3410	
3411	(ii) This Chapter does not incorporate later amendments or editions of
3412	incorporated codes, standards, rules, and regulations; and
3413	
3414	(iii) All incorporated codes, standards, rules, and regulations are available for
3415	public inspection at the Department's Cheyenne office. Contact information for the Cheyenne
3416	office may be obtained at http://deq.wyoming.gov or from (307) 777-7937.
3417	

	Major Risk (Feature, Event, or Process)
1	Mineral Rights Infringement (Trespass)
1.1	Leakage migrates into mineral zone or hydraulic front impacts recoverable mineral zone; causes may include plume migration different than modeled.
1.2	Post injection discovery of recoverable minerals.
	New technology (or economic conditions) enables recovery of previously un-
1.3	economically recoverable minerals.
1.4	Act of God (e.g. seismic event).
1.5	Formation fluid impact due to CO ₂ injection.
1.6	Address also contributing causes 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.5, 4.3, and 4.4
2	Water Quality Contamination
2.1	Leakage of CO ₂ outside permitted area.
2.2	Leakage of drilling fluid contaminates potable water aquifer.
2.3	Rock/acid water (i.e. geochemistry) interaction contaminates potable water by
2.3	carryover of dissolved contaminants.
2.4	Act of God (e.g. seismic event).
2.5	Formation fluid impact due to CO ₂ injection.
2.6	See also contributing causes 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.5, 4.3, and 4.4
3	Single Large Volume CO ₂ Release to the Surface – Asphyxiation/Health/Ecological
3.1	Overpressurization (i.e. induced).
3.2	Caprock/reservoir failure.
2.2	Well blowout (e.g. at surface or bore failure below ground), includes monitoring
3.3	wells – Causes could include seal failure (e.g. well, drilling or injection equipment).
2.4	Major mechanical failure of distribution system or storage facilities above ground or
3.4	below ground (i.e. near the surface).
3.5	Orphan well failure (e.g. well not identified prior to injection).
3.6	Sabotage/Terrorist attack (e.g. on surface infrastructure).
3.7	Act of God (e.g. major seismic event)
4	Low Level CO ₂ Release to Surface – Ecological damage due to low-level releases;
4	potential asphyxiation of human or ecological receptors
4.1	Overpressurization (i.e. induced).
4.2	Caprock/reservoir failure (e.g. Plume migrates along fault line/fissure to surface).
4.3	Incomplete geological seal (e.g. inaccurate characterization of sub-surface geology).
4.4	Well seal failure (e.g. well, drilling or injection equipment) including monitor wells
4.5	Mechanical failure of distribution system or storage facilities above or below ground
4.5	(e.g. near surface).
4.6	Orphan wells (e.g. well not identified prior to injection).
4.7	Induced seismicity leading to leakage.
4.8	Act of God (e.g. seismic event).
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Appendix A. Risk Activity Table

	Major Risk (Feature, Event, or Process)
5	Storage Rights Infringement (CO ₂ or other entrained contaminant gases) – Form of Mineral Rights Infringement
5.1	Leakage migrates into adjacent pore space; causes may include plume migrates faster than modeled.
5.2	Post injection decision (e.g. due to new technology or changed economic conditions) to store gas in adjacent pore space.
5.3	Acts of God affecting storage capacity of pore space.
5.4	Formation fluid impact due to CO ₂ injection.
5.5	Will also require primary contributing causes 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.5, 4.3, and 4.4
6	Modified Surface Topography (subsidence or uplift) Resulting in
	Property/Infrastructure Damage
6.1	Induced Seismicity – Pressure from geochemistry induced reactivation of historic fault or dissolution of material caused by subsidence.
6.2	Formation fluid impact due to CO ₂ injection.
7	Entrained Contaminant (Non-CO ₂) Releases
7.1	Change in CO ₂ composition/properties (e.g. concentration of contaminate in CO ₂
	supply increases).
7.2	Microbial activity initiated by injection process or composition.
	Will also require primary contributing causes 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.5, 4.3, and 4.4
8	Accidents/Unplanned Events (Typical Insurable Events)
8.1	Surface infrastructure damage
8.2	Saline water releases from surface storage impoundment.

Risk Activity Table (continued)