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SUBSTANTIVE CHANGES NOTED IN STRIKE/UNDERLINE Changes Made Since 3/11/21 Noted in Green DRAFT 7/16/21

# **Changes Made Since 3/11/21:**

- Line 59, 2(1) Revised "Class II well" to ensure definition is consistent with WOGCC's definition.
- Line 105, 2(r) Restored definition to address stringency concern.
- Line 224, 2(mm)(v) Moved passages to Section 9(b)(xiii) to address stringency concern.
- Line 380, 3(e) Restored passage to address stringency concern.
- Line 412, 4(a)(iv)(D) Added "states" to address stringency concern and corrected cross-reference.
- Line 415, 4(b) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 419, 4(c) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 460, 4(e) Corrected Department to Administrator for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 465, 5(a) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 484, 6(a) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 564, 6(c) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 567, 6(d) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority; Removed passage since Class VI permits do not expire.
- Line 580, 7(a) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 592, 7(b) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 597, 7(d) Removed passage referring to expiration dates to address EPA comment.
- Line 614, 8(b) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 640, 9(b)(ii) Removed passages since Class VI permits do not expire.
- Line 729, 9(b)(xii) Added passages formerly located at 2(mm)(v) and revised to address stringency concern.
- Line 768, 9(b)(xv) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 852, 9(b)(xxii) Removed passage as Wyoming Class VI permits do not convert to other classes but terminate and are issued under the new class.
- Line 912, 9(b)(xxviii)(C) Restored last sentence to address stringency concern.
- Line 962, 9(f) and 9(f)(i) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 977, 9(h) Revised (h) and removed (i)-(ii) to address stringency concern.
- Line 1093, 10(b)(xi)(C) Revised to address clarity concern.
- Line 1158, 10(b)(xx) Revised to address clarity concern.
- Line 1218, 10(b)(xxxvi) Added "states" to address stringency concern.
- Line 1256, 11(a)(iv) Revised to address stringency concern.
- Line 1284, 11(c)(ii) Restored passage to address stringency concern.
- Line 1398, 13(c)(v) Revised passage to address stringency concern.
- Line 1661, 15(b)(ii) Corrected capitalization error.
- Line 1747, 15(f)(ii)(B)-(B)(II) Revised to address clarity concern.

- Line 1804, 16(b)(ii) Corrected "approve" to "evaluate" for alignment with Administrator's authority.
- Line 2221, 21(b) Revised to address stringency concern.
- Line 2575, 24(e)(ii) Corrected capitalization error.
- Line 2584, 25(a) Revised to address stringency concern.
- Line 2675, 25(e)(ii) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 2851, 26(e)(iii)(C) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 3246, 27(b)(i)(R) Revised to address stringency concern.
- Line 3319, 27(f) Corrected Administrator to Director for alignment with statutory authority.
- Line 3325, 27(g) Corrected Department to Administrator for alignment with statutory authority.

**CHAPTER 24** 1 2 3 **Class VI Injection Wells and Facilities** 4 **Underground Injection Control Program** 5 6 Section 1. Authority. 7 8 These regulations are promulgated pursuant to Wyoming Statutes (W.S.) §§ 35-11-101 through 9 2005, specifically § 313. 10 11 Section 2. **Definitions.** 12 13 The following definitions supplement the definitions contained in Section § 35-11-103 of the 14 Wyoming Environmental Quality Act. 15 "Abandoned well" means a well whose use has been permanently discontinued or 16 that is in a state of disrepair such that it cannot be used for its intended purpose or for 17 18 observation purposes. Temporary or intermittent cessation of injection operations is not 19 abandonment. 20 21 (b) "Aquifer" means a zone, stratum, or group of strata that can store and transmit 22 water in sufficient quantities for a specific use. 23 24 "Area of review" means the subsurface three-dimensional extent of the carbon 25 dioxide plume, associated pressure front, and displaced fluids, as well as the overlying 26 formations, and surface area above that delineated region. 27 28 "Background" means the constituents or parameters and the concentrations or (d) 29 measurements that describe water quality and water quality variability prior to the underground 30 injection. 31 32 "Bore/casing annulus" means the space between the wellbore and the well casing. (e) 33 34 "Carbon dioxide plume" means the underground extent, in three dimensions, of (f) 35 an injected carbon dioxide stream. 36 37 (g) "Carbon dioxide stream" means carbon dioxide, plus associated substances 38 derived from the source materials and any processing, and any substances added to the stream to 39 enable or improve the injection process. Within this Chapter, the term "carbon dioxide stream" 40 does not include any carbon dioxide stream that meets the definition of a hazardous waste under 40 C.F.R. § 261.3. 41 42 43 "Casing" means a pipe or tubing of appropriate material, of varying diameter and (h)

weight, lowered into a borehole during or after drilling to support the sides of the hole to prevent

the walls from caving, to prevent loss of drilling mud into porous ground, or to prevent water,

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gas, or other fluid from entering or leaving the hole.

(i) "Casing/tubing annulus" means the space between the well casing and the tubing.

(j) "Cementing" means sealing the annular space around the outside of a casing string using a specially formulated mixture to hold the casing in place and prevent any movement of fluid in this annular space. Cementing also includes operations to seal the well at the time of abandonment.

(k) "Class I well" means a well used to inject hazardous or non-hazardous industrial, commercial, or municipal waste beneath the lowermost formation containing, within one-quarter (1/4) mile of the well bore, an underground source of drinking water.

(k)(1) "Class II <u>Ww</u>ell" <u>shall-means</u> any <u>non-commercial</u> <u>commercial or non-commercial</u> well used to dispose of water <u>and/</u>or fluids directly associated with the production of oil <u>and/</u>or gas, any well used to inject fluids or gas for enhanced oil recovery, or any well used for the storage of liquid hydrocarbons. <u>Non-hazardous gas plant wastes may be disposed of in a Class II well pending Environmental Protection Agency co-approval, as defined in Wyoming Oil and Gas Conservation Commission Rules and Regulations, Chapter 1, Section 2.</u>

(1)(m) "Class V facility" means any property that contains an injection well, drywell, or subsurface fluid distribution system that is not defined as a Class I, II, III, IV, or VI well in this chapter these Regulations. The A Class V facility includes all systems of collection, treatment, and control that are associated with the subsurface disposal underground injection. Class V injection wells are described in Water Quality Rules and Regulations Chapter 27.

(m)(n) "Class VI well" means a well injecting a carbon dioxide stream for geologic sequestration, beneath the lowermost formation containing a USDW; or a well used for geologic sequestration of carbon dioxide that has been granted a waiver of the injection depth requirements pursuant to requirements of Section 10 of this chapter; or, a well used for geologic sequestration of carbon dioxide that has received an expansion to the areal extent of an existing Class II enhanced oil recovery or enhanced gas recovery aquifer exemption pursuant to Section 5 of this chapter. Class VI wells are regulated under this chapter. that is used for injecting a carbon dioxide stream for geologic sequestration that:

(i) Is not experimental in nature and injects a carbon dioxide stream for geologic sequestration, beneath the lowermost formation containing an underground source of drinking water;

(ii) Has been granted a waiver of the injection depth requirements pursuant to requirements of Section 15 of this Chapter; or

(iii) Has received an expansion to the areal extent of an existing Class II enhanced oil recovery or enhanced gas recovery aquifer exemption pursuant to Section 16 of this Chapter.

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- (o) "Confining zone" means a geological formation, group of formations, or part of a formation stratigraphically overlying the injection zone(s) that act(s) as a barrier to fluid movement. For Class VI wells operating under an injection depth waiver, confining zone means a geologic formation, group of formations, or part of a formation stratigraphically overlying and underlying the injection zone(s) that acts as a barrier to fluid movement.
- "Contaminant" means any pollution; wastes; or physical, chemical, biological, or (p) radiological substance or matter in water.
- (q) "Corrective action" means the use of Administrator-approved methods to ensure that wells within the area of review do not serve as conduits for the movement of fluids into geologic formations other than those authorized under the permit.
- "Duly authorized representative" means a specific individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity. The authorization shall be made in writing by a responsible corporate officer and shall be submitted to the Administrator.
- "Endanger" means to expose to actions or activities that could pollute an (s) underground source of drinking water.
- "Exempted aquifer" means an aquifer or a portion thereof that meets the criteria (t) in the definition of underground source of drinking water but that has been exempted according to the procedures in Section 16 of this Chapter.
- "Fact sheet" means a document briefly setting forth the principal facts and the significant factual, legal, methodological, and policy questions considered in preparing the draft permit.
- "Geologic sequestration project" means an injection well or wells used to emplace (v) a carbon dioxide stream into an injection zone for geologic sequestration. It includes the subsurface three-dimensional extent of the carbon dioxide plume, associated pressure front, and displaced fluid, as well as the surface area above that delineated region.
- "Groundwater" means subsurface water that fills available openings in rock or soil materials such that they may be considered water saturated under hydrostatic pressure.
- "Groundwaters of the State" are all bodies of underground water that are wholly or partially within the boundaries of the State.
  - "Hazardous waste" means a hazardous waste as defined in 40 C.F.R. § 261.3. (y)
  - "Indian lands" and "Indian country" means: (z)

136 All land within the limits of any Indian reservation under the jurisdiction 137 of the United States Government, notwithstanding the issuance of any patent, and, including 138 rights-of-way running through the reservation; 139 140 All dependent Indian communities within the borders of the United States 141 whether within the original or subsequently acquired territory thereof, and whether within or 142 without the limits of a state; and 143 144 (iii) All Indian allotments, the Indian titles to which have not been 145 extinguished, including rights-of-way running through the same. 146 147 "Injectate" means the material injected through any underground injection (aa) facility. 148 149 150 "Injection zone" means a geologic formation, group of formations, or part of a 151 formation that is of sufficient areal extent, thickness, porosity, and permeability to receive carbon dioxide through a well or wells associated with a geologic sequestration project. 152 153 154 "Log" means a written record progressively describing the strata and geologic and hydrologic character thereof to include electrical, radioactivity, radioactive tracer, temperature, 155 156 cement bond and similar surveys, a lithologic description of all cores, and test data. 157 158 "Long string casing" means a casing that is continuous from at least the top of the (dd) 159 injection interval to the surface and that is cemented in place. 160 "Packer" means a device lowered into a well to produce a fluid-tight seal. 161 (ee) 162 163 "Plugging" means the act or process of stopping the flow of water, oil, or gas into 164 or out of a formation through a borehole or well penetrating that formation. 165 "Plugging record" means a systematic listing of permanent or temporary 166 167 abandonment of water, oil, gas, test, exploration, and waste injection wells. A plugging record 168 may contain a well log, description of amounts and types of plugging material used, the method 169 employed for plugging, a description of formations that are sealed, and a graphic log of the well 170 showing formation location, formation thickness, and location of plugging structures. 171 172 "Plume stabilization" has been achieved when the carbon dioxide stream that has 173 been injected subsurface essentially no longer expands vertically or horizontally and poses no 174 threat to underground sources of drinking water, human health, safety, or the environment, as 175 demonstrated by a minimum of three (3) consecutive years of monitoring data. 176 177 "Post-injection site care" means the monitoring, measurement, 178 verification, and other actions (including corrective action) needed to ensure that USDW's 179

underground sources of drinking water are not endangered, following the elosure cessation of

injection, and plugging and abandonment of injection wells until plume stabilization has been

DRAFT 7/16/21 181 achieved and certified by the Administrator, as required under Section 47 24 of this eChapter. 182 183 "Pressure front" means the zone of elevated pressure that is created by the (ii)184 injection of the carbon dioxide stream into the subsurface. The pressure front of a carbon dioxide plume refers to a zone where there is a pressure differential sufficient to cause movement of 185 186 injected fluids or formation fluid if a migration pathway or conduit existed. 187 188 "Radioactive waste" means any waste that contains radioactive material in (kk) 189 concentrations that exceed those listed in 10 C.F.R. Part 20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 2. 190 191 (11)"Receiver" means any zone, interval, formation, or unit in the subsurface into 192 which a carbon dioxide stream is injected. 193 194 (mm) "Responsible corporate officer" means a president, secretary, treasurer, or vice 195 president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person who 196 performs similar policy- or decision-making functions for the corporation. 197 198 (i) For a corporation, "responsible corporate officer" means: 199 200 (A) A president, secretary, treasurer, or vice president of the 201 corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person who performs similar 202 policy- or decision-making functions for the corporation; or 203 204 The manager of one (1) or more manufacturing, production, or (B) 205 operating facilities employing more than 250 persons or having gross annual sales or 206 expenditures exceeding \$25 million (in second quarter 1980 dollars), if authority to sign 207 documents has been assigned or delegated to the manager in accordance with corporate 208 procedures. 209 210 (ii) For a partnership, "responsible corporate officer" means a general partner. 211 212 (iii) For a sole proprietorship, "responsible corporate officer" means the 213 proprietor. 214 215 For a municipality, state, federal or other public agency, "responsible (iv) 216 corporate officer" means the principal executive officer or ranking elected official. For the 217 purposes of this definition, a principal executive officer of a federal agency includes: 218 219 The chief executive officer of the agency; or (A) 220 221 A senior executive officer having responsibility for the overall (B) 222 operations of a principal geographic unit of the agency, such as a Regional Administrator. 223 224 (moving to Section 9(b)(xiii)(v) A corporation, municipality, state, federal or 225 other public agency may authorize an individual or a position that does not meet the

requirements corporate offi	of subparagraphs (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv) of this paragraph to act as a "responsible cer."
	(A) To authorize a responsible corporate officer:
	(I) A person who meets the requirements of subparagraph (i
(ii), (iii), or (i	v) of this paragraph shall authorize the responsible corporate officer in writing;
position of pl	(II) The authorization shall specify an individual or a position assibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity, such as the ant manager, operator of a well or a well field, superintendent, or position of sponsibility; and
the Administ	(III) The corporation shall submit the written authorization to
operation of t no longer acc requirements	(B) If an authorization under subparagraph (A) of this subparagraph urate because a different individual or position has responsibility for the overall he facility, the corporation shall notify the Administrator that the authorization is urate or shall submit to the Administrator a new authorization satisfying the of subparagraph (A) of this subparagraph prior to or together with any reports, or applications to be signed by an authorized representative.
(nn) from an injec	"Secondarily affected aquifer" means an aquifer affected by migration of fluid tion facility that does not directly discharge into the secondarily affected aquifer
(oo) injection site 24(b)(iii) of t	"Site closure" occurs when a geologic sequestration project is released from pocare responsibilities and the Administrator certifies site closure pursuant to Secthis Chapter.
(pp)	"Surface casing" means the first string of well casing to be installed in the well
(qq) discharge into	"Underground injection" means a well injection, a subsurface discharge, a pareceiver, or the subsurface emplacement of fluids through a well.
(rr) portions there	"Underground source of drinking water" or "USDW" means an aquifer or of that is not an exempted aquifer and:
	(i) Supplies any public water system; or
system, and	(ii) Contains a sufficient quantity of groundwater to supply a public water
	(A) Currently supplies drinking water for human consumption; or

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272			(B) Contains fewer than 10,000 mg/L total dissolved solids.
273			
274	(ss)	"Wate	r quality management area" means the area delineated for the protection of
275	water quality	under a	Department-approved plan developed under Sections 303, 208, or 201 of
276	the Clean Wa	ter Act,	33 U.S.C. § 1251 <i>et seq.</i> as amended.
277			
278	(tt)	"Well"	"means:
279			
280		(i)	An opening, excavation, shaft, or hole in the ground allowing or used for
281	underground	injectior	n or monitoring;
282		(::)	An immunos de dalcheler en
283		(ii)	An improved sinkhole; or
284		(:::)	A substruction fluid distribution system
285 286		(iii)	A subsurface fluid distribution system.
287	(uu)	"Wall	plug" means a watertight and gastight seal installed in a borehole or well to
288	prevent move		
289	prevent move	ment or	itulus.
290	(vv)	"Wall	stimulation" means any process used to clean the wellbore, enlarge
291	` /		pore space in the interval to be injected and includes surging, jetting,
292			nd hydraulic fracturing.
293	olusting, ucia	izing, an	in hydraume maetaring.
294	(ww)	"Work	cover" means to pull the tubing, packer, or any downhole hardware from the
295			ace, or refurbish it prior to placing that hardware back in service, or to enter
296	the hole with	_	
297	<b>11010</b> ((1111	wiij wiii	
298	(xx)	"Welll	head protection area" means the area delineated for the protection of a
299	\ /		tilizing a groundwater source under a Department-approved plan developed
300	•		428 of the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300h-7, or Section 1453 o
301	-		nter Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300j-13.
302		Ü	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
303	Section	n 3.	Applicability.
304			
305	(a)	Constr	ruction, installation, operation, monitoring, testing, plugging, post-injection
306	site care, and	modific	ation of any Class VI well shall be allowed only in accordance with this
307	Chapter.		
308			
309	(b)	This cl	hapter applies to all Class VI wells.
310			
311		(i)	This Chapter applies to owners, operators, and permittees of Class VI
312	wells.		
313			
314		(ii)	This Chapter applies to any Class I industrial, Class II, or Class V
315	experimental	or demo	onstration carbon dioxide injection project that is converted to a Class VI

316 317			ass II, or Class V injection well may be converted to a Class VI well it pursuant to this Chapter.
318	by obtaining a Class	v i perm	nt pursuant to this Chapter.
319	(A)	To con	evert a permitted Class I, Class II, or Class V injection well to a
320	Class VI well, the app		1
321	Class vi well, the app	meant s	nian.
322		(I)	Apply for a Class VI permit;
323		(1)	Apply for a class vi perinit,
324		(II)	Demonstrate to the Administrator that the well was engineered and
325	constructed to meet the	` /	rements of Section 14(a) of this Chapter; and
326	constructed to meet ti	ie requi	rements of Section 14(a) of this Chapter, and
327		(III)	In lieu of meeting the requirements of Section 14(b) and Section
	17(a) of this Chapter	` /	
328			strate to the Administrator that the well will ensure protection of
329	USDWs and will not	endange	er any USDW.
330	( <b>D</b> )	A.C. T	2 1 10 2011
331	(B)		December 10, 2011, owners or operators of Class I wells previously
332		-	geologic sequestration and Class V experimental technology wells
333		_	erimental purposes that will continue injection of carbon dioxide for
334	the purpose of geolog	ac seque	estration shall obtain a Class VI permit.
335		(C)	
336		(C)	If the Administrator determines that a converted Class I, Class II,
337			not endanger any USDWs, the Administrator may exempt the well
338	from the requirement	s of Sec	tion 14(b)(i)-(vii) and Section 17(a)(i)-(v) of this Chapter.
339	( ) <b>m</b>		
340	` ′	•	of carbon dioxide for purposes of a project for enhanced recovery of
341			d by the Wyoming Oil and Gas Conservation Commission is not
342			nis Chapter unless the operator converts to geologic sequestration
343	upon the cessation of oil and gas recovery operations or as otherwise required by the		
344	Commission or Direc	tor.	
345			
346	(d) For ov	ners or	operators of Class II wells described in W.S. § 35-11-313(c):
347			
348	` '		irector's determination of primary purpose and increased risk to a
349	USDW shall include,	at a min	nimum, an evaluation of the following criteria:
350			
351		(A)	Increase in reservoir pressure within the injection zone(s).
352			
353		(B)	Increase in carbon dioxide injection rates.
354			
355		(C)	Decrease in reservoir production rates.
356			
357		(D)	Distance between the injection zone(s) and USDWs.
358			•
359		(E)	Suitability of the Class II area of review delineation.
360			•

361		(F)	Quality of abandoned well plugs within the area of review.
362			
363		(G)	The owner's and/or operator's plan for recovery of carbon dioxide
364	at the cessation of	f injection.	
365		~~	
366		(H)	The source and properties of the injected carbon dioxide.
367		<b>(T)</b>	
368	<b>A.1</b> • • • • •	(I)	Any additional site-specific factors as determined by the
369	Administrator.		
370	<b>/**</b> >		
371	(ii)		wner or operator may apply for a Class VI permit upon
372			and Gas Conservation Commission supervisor, or by the
373		regulation	of a Class II enhanced recovery operation be transferred to the
374	Department.		
375	<b>/:::</b>	. A	
376	(iii	*	where or operator of a Class II enhanced recovery operation shall
377	11 *		within thirty (30) days of receipt of written notice from the Director
378	that a Class VI pe	rmit is req	uirea.
379	(a) Th		ants to maintain and implement approved plans, and maintain
380		-	ents to maintain and implement approved plans, and maintain
381			ility, are directly enforceable regardless of whether the requirements
382	are conditions of	<u>me permit.</u>	
383 384	Section 4.	Proce	essing Permits.
385	Section 4.	11000	assing 1 crimes.
386			
387	(a) Th	e followin	g permit processing procedures are applicable to all Class VI
388	permits:	e ronowing	5 permit processing procedures are appricable to an elass vi
389	permis.		
390	(i)	The a	pplicant shall submit the permit application to the Division in a
391	format required by		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
392	Tormat required o	y the ridin	inistrator.
393	(ii)	) Withi	n sixty (60) days of submission of an application, the Administrator
394	\ /		nation of completeness. An application shall be determined
395			trator receives an application and any supplemental information
396	-		pliance with this Chapter. The completeness of any application for a
397	•	-	bendently of the status of any other permit application or permit for
398	the same facility of		endentry of the status of any other permit application of permit for
399	the same facility (	or activity.	
400	(iii	i) Re_cu	bmittal of information by an applicant for an incomplete application
401	`	*	ribed in this Section.
<del>1</del> 01	win restart the pro	occas utacl	noed in this section.
402			
402 403	Gv		e end of any 60-day review period where an application is determined
402 403 404	(iv complete, the Adı	() At the	e end of any 60-day review period where an application is determined shall:

406	\	denial;
407		
408 409	\	peration;
410		tion 27 of this Chapter, and
411	` ' 1	non 27 or this Chapter, and
412		y states or Tribes provided
413	` ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	states of Thoes provided
414	1	
415		inate, revoke, or reissue a
416	<u>₹</u>	
417		
418		•
419	(c) Prior to issuing a permit for a Class VI well, the Adn	ninistrator <u>Director</u> shall
420	420 consider:	
421	421	
422	122 (i) The final area of review based on modeling, u	using data obtained during
423	logging and testing of the well and the formation as required by sub	paragraphs (b)(xviii),
424	(b)(xix), (b)(xxvii), and (b)(xxviii) of Section 10 of this Chapter;	
425	125	
426		
427		
428	· / · /	
429		
430		s Chapter;
431		
432		required by subparagraph
433	1 /	
434		1 4 4 4 1
435	1	nat meet the requirements of
436	<b>1</b> '	
437 438		nd corrective action plan
439	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<u> -</u>
440		
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442	•	ing and testing of the wen
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444		erminated either in response
445		<u> </u>
446		apon me i immonator s
447		
448		r terminate a permit shall be
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451 If the Administrator decides a petition to modify, revoke and reissue, or 452 terminate a permit is not justified, the Administrator shall send the petitioner a brief written 453 response giving the reason for the decision. A petition for modification, revocation and 454 reissuance, or termination shall be considered denied if the Administrator takes no action within 455 sixty (60) days after receiving the written request. 456 457 Denials of petitions for modification, revocation and reissuance, or (iii) 458 termination are not subject to public notice and comment. 459 460 The Department Administrator shall review each permit at least once every five (5) years to determine whether it should be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated. 461 462 463 Section 5. **Denying Permits.** 464 465 (a) The Administrator Director may deny a permit for any of the following reasons: 466 467 (i) The application is incomplete; 468 The project, if constructed or operated, will violate applicable state surface 469 (ii) 470 or groundwater standards; 471 472 The application proposes the construction or operation of a project that (iii) 473 does not meet the requirements of this Chapter; 474 475 (iv) The permitted facility would be in conflict with or is in conflict with a 476 State-approved local wellhead protection plan, State-approved local source water protection plan, 477 or State-approved water quality management plan; or 478 479 Other justifiable reasons necessary to carry out the provisions of the (v) 480 Wyoming Environmental Quality Act. 481 482 Section 6. **Modifying Permits.** 483 484 (a) The Administrator Director may modify a permit when: 485 486 Any material or substantial alterations or additions to the facility occur 487 after permitting that justify the application of different permit conditions; 488 489 Any modification in the operation of the facility is capable of causing or 490 increasing pollution in excess of applicable standards or permit conditions; 491 492 Information warranting modification is discovered after the operation has 493 begun that would have justified the application of different permit conditions at the time of 494 permit issuance; 495

496		(iv)	Regula	ations or standards upon which the permit was based changed after
497	the permit wa	s issued	;	
498	-			
499		(v)	Cause	exists for termination, as described in this Section, but the
500	Department d	letermine	es that i	modification is appropriate;
501	•			
502		(vi)	Modif	ication is necessary to comply with applicable statutes, standards, or
503	regulations;	, ,		
504	,			
505		(vii)	The pe	ermit is transferred; or
506		` '	1	
507		(viii)	The A	dministrator determines that permit changes are necessary based on:
508		` /		1 6
509			(A)	Area of review reevaluations under Section 13(c)(i) of this
510	Chapter;		` /	
511	,,			
512			(B)	Amendments to the testing and monitoring plan under Section
513	20(b)(xi) of th	his Chan	` /	81
514		T	,	
515			(C)	Amendments to the injection well-plugging plan under Section
516	23(c) of this (	Chapter:	(-)	
517	(1) 11 1111	r		
518			(D)	Amendments to the post-injection site care and site closure plan
519	under Section	24(a)(i	` /	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
520		()(-	. ,	
521			(E)	Amendments to the emergency and remedial response plan under
522	Section 25(a)	of this (	` /	
523	2		I	,
524			(F)	A review of monitoring or testing results; or
525			(- )	
526			(G)	A determination that the injectate is a hazardous waste as defined
527	in 40 CFR § 2	261.3.	(-)	
528	10 0 8 -			
529	(b)	The A	dminist	rator may make minor modifications to permits with the consent of
530	` '			rator shall notify the permittee of minor modifications to its permit,
531	1			ecome final twenty (20) days from the date of receipt of such notice.
532	Minor modifi			• • • •
533	1,11101 1110 0111			- , .
534		(i)	Correc	et typographical errors;
535		(-)		7, 6-4,
536		(ii)	Requi	re more frequent monitoring or reporting by the permittee;
537		(11)	rioquii	ar more mequality momentum of reporting of the permittee,
538		(iii)	Chang	ge an interim compliance date in a schedule of compliance, provided
539	the new date i	` ′	_	120 days after the date specified in the existing permit and does
540				of the final compliance date requirement;

(iv) Allow for a permit transfer and change in ownership or operational control of a facility where the Administrator determines that no other change in the permit is necessary, provided that a written agreement containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage, and liability between the current and new permittees has been submitted to the Administrator;

(v) Change quantities or types of fluids injected that are within the capacity of the facility as permitted and, in the judgment of the Administrator, would not interfere with the operation of the facility or its ability to meet conditions described in the permit and would not change its classification;

(vi) Change construction requirements approved by the Administrator pursuant to Section 9(b)(xxix)(A)-(C) of this Chapter, provided that the alteration complies with the requirements of this Chapter;

(vii) Amend a well-plugging plan that has been updated under Section 23 of this Chapter; or

(ix) Amend a Class VI injection well testing and monitoring plan, well-plugging plan, post-injection site care and site closure plan, or emergency and remedial response plan where the modifications merely clarify or correct the plan.

(c) The Administrator <u>Director</u> may modify a permit to resolve issues that could lead to the revocation or termination of the permit under Section 7(a) of this Chapter.

(d) When the Administrator <u>Director</u> modifies a permit, only the conditions that are being modified shall be reopened when a new draft permit is prepared. All other aspects of the existing, unmodified permit shall remain in effect for the duration of the modified permit and the modified permit shall expire on the date when the original permit would have expired. Suitability of the facility location shall not be considered unless new information or standards indicate that a threat to human health, safety, or the environment exists that was unknown at the time of permit issuance.

(e) The Administrator may require the submission of a new application to modify a permit.

# Section 7. Terminating, Revoking, and Reissuing Permits.

(a) The Administrator <u>Director</u> may terminate a permit or revoke and reissue a permit for any of the following reasons:

(i) Noncompliance with terms and conditions of the permit;

(ii) Failure in the application or during the issuance process to disclose fully

all relevant facts, or misrepresentation of any relevant facts at any time; or 587

- (iii) A determination that the activity threatens human health, safety, or the environment and can only be regulated to acceptable levels by a permit modification or termination.
- (b) As part of any notice of intent to terminate a permit, the <u>Administrator Director</u> shall order the permittee to proceed with reclamation within a reasonable time period.
  - (c) A revoked permit may be reissued only if a new application is submitted.
- (d) When a permit is revoked and reissued, the entire permit is reopened as if the permit has expired and is being reissued, except that suitability of the facility location shall not be considered unless new information or standards indicate that a threat to human health, safety, or the environment exists that was unknown at the time of permit issuance. During any revocation and reissuance proceeding, the permittee shall comply with all conditions of the existing permit until a new final permit is issued.

### **Section 8.** Transferring Permits.

(a) To transfer a permit:

- (i) The proposed permit transferee shall apply in writing as though that person were the original applicant for the permit; and
- (ii) The proposed permit transferee shall agree to be bound by all of the terms and conditions of the permit.
  - (b) Transfer of a permit is allowed only upon approval by the Administrator Director.
- (c) When a permit transfer occurs pursuant to this section, the permit rights of the previous permittee automatically terminate.
- (d) Transfer shall not be allowed if the permittee is in noncompliance with any term and conditions of the permit unless the transferee agrees to bring the facility back into compliance with the permit.
- (e) A permit may be transferred by modifying the permit or by revoking and reissuing the permit to identify the new permittee and incorporate the requirements of this Chapter and the Wyoming Environmental Quality Act, W.S. § 35-11-101 *et seq*.

#### **Section 9. Permit Conditions.**

(a) Permit conditions shall be incorporated either expressly or by reference. If incorporated by reference, a specific citation to the incorporated conditions shall be given in the

631 permit. 632 633 All permits issued under this Chapter shall contain the following conditions: (b) 634 635 (i) A requirement that the permittee complies with all conditions of the 636 permit, and a statement that any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of these regulations and is grounds for enforcement action, permit termination, revocation and reissuance, 637 638 or modification, or for denial of a permit renewal application; 639 640 A requirement that if the permittee wishes to continue injection activity 641 after the expiration date of the permit, the permittee shall apply to the Administrator for, and 642 obtain, a new permit prior to expiration of the existing permit; 643 644 A stipulation that it shall not be a defense for a permittee in an (ii) 645 enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in 646 order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit; 647 648 (iii) A requirement that the permittee shall take all reasonable steps to 649 minimize or correct any adverse impact on the environment resulting from noncompliance with 650 this permit; 651 652 A requirement that the permittee properly operates and maintains all (iv) facilities and systems of treatment and control, and related appurtenances, that are installed or 653 654 used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. Proper operation 655 and maintenance includes effective performance, adequate funding and operator staffing and 656 training, and adequate laboratory and process controls including appropriate quality assurance 657 procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar 658 systems only when necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit; 659 660 A stipulation that the filing of a request by the permittee, or at the 661 instigation of the Administrator, for a permit modification, revocation, termination, or notification of planned changes or anticipated non-compliance, shall not stay any permit 662 663 condition: 664 665 A stipulation that the permit does not convey any property rights of any (vi) sort, or any exclusive privilege; 666 667 668 A stipulation that the permittee shall furnish to the Administrator, within a (vii) 669 specified time, any information that the Administrator requests to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit, or to determine compliance 670 671 with the permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Administrator, upon request, copies of 672 records required to be kept by the permit; 673 674 (viii) A requirement that the permittee shall allow the Administrator, or an

authorized representative of the Administrator, upon the presentation of credentials, during

676 normal working hours, to enter the premises where a regulated facility is located, or where 677 records are kept under the conditions of this permit, and: 678 679 Inspect the discharge and related facilities, practices, or operations (A) 680 regulated or required under this permit; 681 682 (B) Review and copy reports and records required by the permit; 683 684 (C) Collect fluid samples for analysis for the purposes of ensuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Wyoming Environmental Quality Act of 685 any substances or parameters at any location; 686 687 688 (D) Measure and record water levels; 689 690 (E) Collect resource data as defined by W.S. § 6-3-414; and 691 692 (F) Perform any other function authorized by law or regulation. 693 694 (ix)A requirement that: 695 696 (A) If the facility is located on property not owned by the permittee, 697 the permittee shall also secure from the landowner upon whose property the facility is located 698 permission for Department personnel and their invitees to enter the premises where the facility is 699 located, or where records are kept under the conditions of this permit, and collect resource data as defined by W.S. § 6-3-414, inspect and photograph the facility, collect samples for analysis, 700 701 review records, and perform any other function authorized by law or regulation. The permittee 702 shall secure and maintain such access for the duration of the permit and the post-injection site 703 care and site closure period; and 704 705 If the facility cannot be directly accessed using public roads, the (B) 706 permittee shall also secure permission for Department personnel and their invitees to enter and 707 cross all properties necessary to access the facility. The permittee shall secure and maintain such 708 access for the duration of the permit and the post-injection site care and site closure period; 709 710 A requirement that the permittee furnishes any information necessary to (x) 711 establish a testing and monitoring pursuant to Section 20 of this Chapter. Conditions shall 712 specify: 713 714 (A) Required monitoring including type, intervals, and frequency 715 sufficient to yield data that are representative of the monitored activity including when 716 appropriate, continuous monitoring; 717 718 (B) Requirements concerning the proper use, maintenance, and 719 installation, of monitoring equipment or methods, including biological monitoring methods; and

721 722	(C) Reporting and notice requirements based upon the impact of the regulated activity and as specified in Section 22 of this Chapter. Reporting shall be no less
723	frequent than specified in Section 22 of this Chapter;
724	request than specified in Section 22 of this Chapter,
725	(xi) A requirement that all samples and measurements taken for the purpose of
726	monitoring shall be representative of the monitored activity and that records of all monitoring
727	information be retained by the permittee;
728	miormation of retained by the permittee,
729	(xii) A requirement that all applications, reports, and other information
730	submitted to the Administrator contain the certifications required in Section 10(d) of this Chapter
731	by a responsible corporate officer;
732	,
733	(A) A corporation, municipality, state, federal or other public agency
734	responsible corporate officer, as defined in Section 2(mm) of this Chapter, may authorize an
735	individual or a position that does not meet the requirements of subparagraphs (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv)
736	of Section 2(mm) to act as a "duly authorized representative." To authorize a duly authorized
737	representative:
738	
739	(I) A person who meets the requirements of subparagraph (i),
740	(ii), (iii), or (iv) of Section 2(mm) shall authorize the duly authorized representative in writing;
741	
742	(II) The authorization shall specify an individual or a position
743	having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity, such as the
744	position of plant manager, operator of a well or a well field, superintendent, or position of
745	equivalent responsibility; and
746	
747	(III) The corporation shall submit the written authorization to
748	the Administrator.
749	
750	(B) If an authorization under subparagraph (A) of this subparagraph is
751	no longer accurate because a different individual or position has responsibility for the overall
752	operation of the facility, the eorporation responsible corporate official shall notify the
753	Administrator that the authorization is no longer accurate or shall submit Administrator a new
754	authorization satisfying the requirements of subparagraph (A) of this subparagraph prior to or
755	together with any reports, or information, or applications to be signed by a duly authorized
756	<u>representative.</u>
757	
758	(xiii) A requirement that the permittee give advance notice to the Administrator
759	as soon as possible of any planned physical alteration or additions, other than authorized
760	operation and maintenance, to the permitted facility and receive authorization from the
761	Administrator prior to implementing the proposed alteration or addition;
762	
763	(xiv) A requirement that any modification that may result in a violation of a

permit condition shall be reported to the Administrator, and any modification that will result in a

violation of a permit condition shall be reported to the Administrator through the submission of a

764

766	new or amended permit application;
767	
768 769	(xv) A requirement that any transfer of a permit shall first be approved by the Administrator Director, and that no transfer will be approved if the facility is not in compliance
770	with the existing permit unless the proposed permittee agrees to bring the facility into
771	compliance;
772	tomp names,
773	(xvi) A requirement that monitoring results shall be reported at the intervals
774	specified in the permit;
775	
776	(xvii) A requirement that reports of compliance or non compliance, or any
777	progress reports on interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule (if one
778	is required by the Administrator) shall be submitted no later than thirty (30) days following each
779	schedule date;
780	
781	(xix)(xviii) The following reporting and mitigation requirements:
782	(mi) mis rono (mis ropormis mis mis mis roquitomonis)
783	(A) If any monitoring or other information indicates that any
784	contaminant, the injected carbon dioxide stream, displaced formation fluids, or associated
785	pressure front may endanger a USDW or threaten human health, safety, or the environment, the
786	permittee shall:
787	permittee shari.
	(I) Immediately accessing at instant
788	(I) Immediately cease injection;
789 790	(II) Take all steps reasonably necessary to identify and
790 791	
	characterize any release;
792	(III) Qualty matify the Administration within towards, form (24)
793	(III) Orally notify the Administrator within twenty-four (24)
794	hours of discovering the condition; and
795	
796	(IV) Provide a written report to the Administrator within five (5)
797	days of discovering the condition. The written report shall contain:
798	
799	(1.) A description of the endangerment and its cause;
800	
801	(2.) The period of endangerment, including exact dates
802	and times, and, if the endangerment has not been controlled, the anticipated time it is expected to
803	continue; and
804	
805	(3.) The steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and
806	prevent reoccurrence of the endangerment;
807	
808	(B) If the permittee discovers any noncompliance with a permit
809	condition or a requirement of this Chapter that may cause fluid migration into or between
810	USDWs, any malfunction of the injection system that may cause fluid migration into or between

811	USDWs, or any excursion, the permittee shall:
812	$(T) \qquad (24)$
813	(I) Orally notify the Administrator within twenty-four (24)
814	hours of discovering the condition;
815	
816	(II) Provide a written report to the Administrator within five (5)
817	days of discovering the condition, which shall contain:
818	
819	(1.) A description of the noncompliance, malfunction, or
820	excursion and its cause;
821	
822	(2.) The period of noncompliance, malfunction, or
823	excursion, including exact dates and times, and, if the noncompliance, malfunction, or excursion
824	has not been controlled, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and
825	
826	(3.) The steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and
827	prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance, malfunction, or excursion.
828	province recommendation of the money manufacture, or enterestable
829	(III) If an excursion is discovered, provide written notice to all
830	surface owners, mineral claimants, mineral owners, lessees, and other owners of record of
831	subsurface interests within thirty (30) days of discovering the excursion; and
832	subsurface interests within unity (50) days of discovering the excursion, and
833	(IV) Implement the emergency and remedial response plan approved by
834	the Administrator;
835	the Administrator,
	(vv)(viv) A requirement that the normittee report all instances of
836	(xx)(xix) A requirement that the permittee report all instances of
837	noncompliance not already required to be reported under subparagraph (b)(xix)(B)of this
838	Section, at the time monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information
839	listed in subparagraph (b)(xix)(B)(II) of this Section;
840	
841	(xxi)(xx) A requirement that if the permittee becomes aware that it failed to
842	submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit
843	application or in any report to the Administrator, the permittee shall promptly submit such facts
844	or information;
845	
846	$\frac{(xxii)(xxi)}{(xxi)}$ A requirement that the injection facility meet construction
847	requirements outlined in Section 14 of this Chapter, that the permittee submit a notice of
848	completion of construction to the Administrator, and that the permittee allows the Administrator
849	to inspect the facility upon completion of construction and prior to commencing any
850	underground injection activity;
851	
852	(xxiii)(xxii) A requirement that the permittee notifies the Administrator before
853	conversion or abandonment of the facility;
854	• /
855	(xxiv)(xxiii) A requirement that injection shall not commence until construction

856 857	is complete, and that construction is complete when:
358	(A) The permittee has submitted a notice of completion of construction
359	to the Administrator; and
360	
361	(B) The Administrator has inspected or reviewed the injection well and
362 363	found it is in compliance with the conditions of the permit;
364	(I) Within thirteen (13) days of the date of the notice in
365	subparagraph (xxii) of this paragraph, the Administrator shall provide notice to the permittee of
366	the intent to inspect or review the injection well. The notice shall include a reasonable time
367	period in which the Administrator shall inspect or review the well; but
368	period in which the rediministrator shall inspect of review the well, out
369	(II) If the Administrator does not provide the notice required by
370	subparagraph (I) of this subparagraph, the requirement for prior inspection or review is waived,
371	and the permittee may commence injection;
372	and the permittee may commence injection,
373	(xxv)(xxiv) A requirement that the permittee shall establish mechanical
374	integrity prior to commencing injection or on a schedule determined by the Administrator and
375	that thereafter, the permittee shall maintain mechanical integrity as defined in Section 19 of this
376	Chapter;
377	
378	(xxvi)(xxv) A requirement that if the Administrator determines that a Class VI
379	well lacks mechanical integrity and gives written notice of the determination to the permittee, the
880	permittee shall:
381	
382	(A) Cease injection into the well within forty-eight (48) hours of
383	receipt of the Administrator's determination unless the Administrator requires immediate
384	cessation;
385	
386	(B) Perform any construction, operation, monitoring, reporting, and
387	corrective action that the Administrator requires to prevent the movement of fluid into or
388	between USDWs caused by the lack of mechanical integrity, or plug the well pursuant to the
389	requirements of Section 23 of this Chapter if allowed by the Administrator; and
390	
391	(C) Not resume injection into the well until the Administrator provides
392	written notice that the permittee has demonstrated mechanical integrity pursuant to Section 19 of
393	this Chapter.
394	
395	(xxvii)(xxvi) A requirement that, for any Class VI well that lacks mechanical
396	integrity, injection operations are prohibited until the permittee shows to the satisfaction of the
397	Administrator under Section 19 of this Chapter that the well has mechanical integrity;
398	
399	(xxviii)(xxvii)- A requirement that the permittee comply with a well-
900	plugging plan that meets the requirements of Section 23 of this Chapter, which shall be

901 902	incorporated into the permit; and
903 904	(xxix)(xxvii) Conditions that implement the requirements of Section 14 of this Chapter. The conditions shall:
905 906 907	(A) Require all wells to achieve compliance with the requirements of Section 14 of this Chapter according to a compliance schedule established as a permit condition;
908 909 910	(B) Prohibit construction from commencing until a permit has been issued containing construction requirements;
911 912 913 914 915 916	(C) Require that all wells comply with the construction requirements of Section 14 of this Chapter prior to commencing injection operations; Changes in construction plans during construction may be approved by the Administrator as minor modifications. No such changes may be physically incorporated into construction of the well prior to approval of the modification by the Administrator.
917 918 919	(D) Include a corrective action plan as set forth in Section 13 of this Chapter;
920 921 922	(E) Require that all wells comply with the operational requirements of Section 14 of this Chapter;
923 924 925 926 927 928 929	(F) Establish any maximum injection volumes and pressures necessary to ensure that fractures are not initiated in the confining zone, to ensure that injected fluids do not migrate into any underground source of drinking water, to ensure that formation fluids are not displaced into any underground source of drinking water, and to ensure compliance with the operating requirements;
930 931 932	(G) Establish monitoring and reporting requirements set forth in Sections 20 and 22 of this Chapter. The permittee shall be required to identify types of tests and methods used to generate the monitoring data; and
933 934 935 936	(H) Require the permittee to comply with the financial responsibility requirements set forth in Section 26 of this Chapter.
937 938 939 940	(c) Permits for Class VI wells shall be issued for the operating life of the facility and extend through the post-injection site care period until the Administrator certifies site closure pursuant to Section 24(b)(iii) of this Chapter.
941 942 943	(d) Permits may be issued for individual Class VI wells and shall not be issued on an area basis for multiple points of discharge operated by the same person.
943 944 945	(e) Permits may specify a schedule of compliance leading to compliance with permit conditions, this Chapter, and the Wyoming Environmental Quality Act, W.S. § 35-11-101 <i>et seq</i>

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- (i) Schedules of compliance shall require compliance as soon as possible, and in no case later than three (3) years after the effective date of the permit.
- (ii) If a permit establishes a schedule of compliance that exceeds one (1) year from the date of permit issuance, the schedule shall set forth interim requirements and the dates for their achievement. The time between interim dates shall not exceed one (1) year unless, the time necessary for completion of any interim requirement is more than one (1) year and is not readily divisible into stages for completion, and in that case, the permit shall specify interim dates for the submission of reports of progress toward completion of the interim requirements and indicate a projected completion date.
- The compliance schedule shall require the permittee to submit progress reports no later than thirty (30) days following each interim date and the final date of compliance.
  - (f) The Administrator Director shall include in permits, on a case-by-case basis:
- Conditions for monitoring, schedules of compliance, and any additional conditions necessary to prevent the migration of fluids into underground sources of drinking water. The Administrator Director shall evaluate what conditions are necessary and shall establish these conditions when issuing, modifying, or revoking and reissuing permits; and
- (ii) In addition to conditions required in all permits the Administrator shall establish cConditions in permits as required on a case-by-case basis, to provide for and ensure compliance with all applicable requirements of the SDWA and 40 CFR Parts 144, 145, 146, and 124-this Chapter and the Wyoming Environmental Quality Act, W.S. § 35-11-101 et seq.
- To the extent possible under Section 9 of this Chapter, modified or revoked and (g) reissued permits, shall incorporate all of the permit conditions required by this Section.
- When they meet the requirements of this Chapter and are approved by the (h) Administrator, the following all plans shall be incorporated into the permit:
  - Stimulation programs required by Section 10(b)(xx) of this Chapter; and
- Injection and monitoring well plugging plans required by Sections 10(b)(xxxi) and 23(b) of this Chapter.

#### Section 10. Permit Application.

- It is the operator's responsibility to apply for and obtain a permit in accordance with these regulations. Each application shall be submitted with all supporting data.
  - (b) In addition to the requirements of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(ii), a complete application

991	for a Class VI well sha	ıll include:
992		
993	* *	A brief description of the nature of the business and the activities to be
994	conducted that require	the applicant to obtain a permit under this Chapter;
995		
996	(ii)	The name, address, and telephone number of the operator, and the
997	operator's ownership s	tatus and status as a federal, state, private, public, or other entity;
998		
999	(iii)	Up to four Standard Industrial Classification codes that best reflect the
1000	principal products or s	ervices provided by the facility;
1001		
1002	(iv)	The name, address, and telephone number of the facility;
1003		•
1004	(v)	The location of the geologic sequestration project identified by section,
1005	township, range, and c	ounty, noting which sections (if any) include Indian lands;
1006	1, 0,	
1007	(vi)	Within the area of review, a listing and status of all permits or construction
1008		with the geologic sequestration project received or applied for under any of
1009		s or corresponding state programs:
1010		
1011		(A) Hazardous Waste Management under the Resource Conservation
1012	and Recovery Act, 42	· ·
1013	,	1.7
1014		(B) UIC Program under the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300f
1015	et seq.;	
1016	1.,	
1017		(C) National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System under the Clean
1018	Water Act, 33 U.S.C.	•
1019	.,	,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
1020		(D) Prevention of Significant Deterioration program under the Clean
1021	Air Act, 42 U.S.C. § 7	. ,
1022	7 m 7 let, 12 0.5.e. 5 7	To I et beg.,
1023		(E) Nonattainment program under the Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. § 7401
1024	et seq.;	(2) Tronactamment program under the Clean Fin Fiet, 12 C.S.C. § 7 101
1025	ci seq.,	
1025		(F) National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants pre-
1027		under the Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. § 7401 et seq.;
1027	construction approvar	under the Clean An Act, 42 U.S.C. § 7401 et seq.,
1029		(G) Dredge and fill permitting program under section 404 of the Clean
1025	Water Act, 33 U.S.C.	
1030	vv ater Act, 33 U.S.C.	8 1231 et sey.,
1031	(vii)	Within the area of review, a list of other relevant permits associated with
1032	` ,	tion project that the applicant is required to obtain;
1033	me geologic sequestia	non project that the applicant is required to obtain,
	(*.223)	A statement of whether the geologic sequestration project is within a state-
1035	(viii)	A statement of whether the geologic sequestration project is within a state-

1036 1037	approved water quality management plan area, a state-approved wellhead protection area or a state-approved source water protection area;			
1037	state-approved source	c water	protecti	on area,
1039	(ix)	A mar	s chowii	ng the injection well(s) for which a permit is sought and the
1037	` ,			with Section 13 of this Chapter;
1040	applicable area of lev	riew, co	1151516111	with Section 13 of this Chapter,
1041		(A)	Withir	the area of review, the map shall list the number, or name
1042	and location of:	(A)	VV IUIII	The area of feview, the map shall list the number, of name
1043	and location of.			
1044			(I)	All injection wells, producing wells, abandoned wells,
1045	plugged wells, dry ho	oles or	` '	
1040	plugged wells, dry lic	nes, or	ucep su	angraphic boreholes,
1047			(II)	All state or EDA enproved subsurface cleanup sites:
1048			(11)	All state- or EPA-approved subsurface cleanup sites;
1049			(III)	All water quality management plan areas, wallhead
1050	mustaction areas and	0011400	(III)	All water quality management plan areas, wellhead
1051	protection areas, and	source	water pi	rotection areas;
1052			$(\mathbf{I}\mathbf{V})$	All surface hadies of water appines mines (surface and
1055	subsurface) quarries	and w	(IV)	All surface bodies of water, springs, mines (surface and
1054	subsurface), quarries	, and wa	ater wer	15,
1055			$(\mathbf{V})$	Other partinent gurfage feetures including structures
1050	intended for human		(V)	Other pertinent surface features, including structures
1057	intended for human of	ccupan	cy,	
1058			(1/1)	Dooderand
1059			(VI)	Roads; and
1060			(VII)	State and Indian recognistion boundaries
1061			(VII)	State and Indian reservation boundaries;
1062		(B)	The or	oplicant shall include on this map all relevant information of
1063	public record or know	` /		1
1065	public record of know	vii to tii	е аррпс	ant, and
1065		(C)	The m	ap shall also show known or suspected faults;
1067		(C)	THE III	ap shall also show known of suspected faults,
1068	(x)	A mar	a deline	ating the area of review that:
1069	(A)	Amap	deline	ating the area of review that.
1009		(A)	Moote	the requirements of Section 13 of this Chapter;
1070		(A)	Miccis	the requirements of Section 13 of this Chapter,
1071		( <b>D</b> )	Is boss	ed upon modeling;
1072		(B)	18 Dast	ed upon modering,
1073		(C)	Heac	all available data, including data available from any logging
1074	and testing of walls v	` /		cent to (within one (1) mile of) the area of review; and
1075	and testing of wens v	viuiiii ai	nu aujac	tent to (within one (1) nine of) the area of feview, and
1070		(D)	Descri	ibes the area of review by township, range, and section to the
1077	nearest ten (10) acres	` /		inder the general land survey system;
1078	nearest ten (10) acres	, as ues	cribeu t	muci the general fand survey system,
1079	(xi)	For th	a descri	ption required by W.S. 35-11-313(f)(ii)(A), sufficient
1000	(AI)	i Oi III	c acscii	phon required by w.s. 33-11-313(1)(11)(A), sufficient

1081 information on the geologic structure and reservoir properties of the proposed storage site and 1082 overlying formations, including: 1083 1084 Isopach maps of the proposed injection and confining zone s, a 1085 structural contour map aligned with the top of the proposed injection zone, and at least two (2) geologic cross-sections of the area of review reasonably perpendicular to each other and showing 1086 the geologic formations from the surface to total depth; 1087 1088 1089 (B) Location, orientation, and properties of known or suspected faults and fractures that may transect the confining zone s in the area of review and a determination 1090 1091 that they will not allow fluid movement; 1092 1093 Information on seismic history that has affected the proposed area 1094 of review including knowledge of previous seismic events and history of these events, the 1095 presence and depth of seismic sources, and a determination that the seismicity will not allow 1096 fluid movement out of the injection zone; 1097 1098 (D) Data sufficient to demonstrate the effectiveness of the injection and confining zones, including: 1099 1100 1101 (I) Data on the depth, areal extent, thickness, mineralogy, 1102 porosity, vertical permeability, and capillary pressure of the injection and confining zones within 1103 the area of review; and 1104 1105 (II)A description of geologic changes based on field data that may include geologic cores, outcrop data, seismic surveys, well logs, and names and lithologic 1106 1107 descriptions; 1108 1109 (E) Geomechanical information on fractures, stress, ductility, rock 1110 strength, and in situ fluid pressures within the confining zone; and 1111 1112 (F) Geologic and topographic maps and cross-sections illustrating 1113 regional geology, hydrogeology, and the geologic structure of the local area; 1114 1115 A list of all wells and other drill holes within and adjacent to (within one (xii) 1116 (1) mile) the area of review. The list shall include a description of each well and drill hole type, 1117 construction, date drilled, location, depth, record of plugging and completion, and any additional information the Administrator requires; 1118 1119 1120 (xiii) A list of the identity and location of all known wells within and adjacent to 1121 (within one (1) mile) the area of review that penetrate the confining or injection zone;

lateral limits of all USDWs in the area of review; the location of water wells and springs in the

area of review; the positions relative to the injection zones of all USDWS, water wells, and

(xiv) Maps and stratigraphic cross-sections indicating the general vertical and

11221123

1126 1127	springs in the area of	review	, and the direction of water movement (if known);	
1127	(xv)	For th	e characterization required by W.S. 35-11-313(f)(ii)(B), information	
1129	` /		classify the receiver and any secondarily affected aquifers under	
1130	Water Quality Rules			
1131	The state of the s		Summons Chapter of	
1132	(xvi)	Basel	ine geochemical data on subsurface formations, including all	
1133	USDWs in the area of		<del>-</del>	
1134			,	
1135	(xvii)	Propo	sed operating data, including:	
1136	,	1		
1137		(A)	Average and maximum daily rate and volume and mass and total	
1138	anticipated volume ar	nd mas	s of the carbon dioxide stream;	
1139	1			
1140		(B)	Average and maximum surface injection pressure;	
1141		` ′	J 1	
1142		(C)	The source of the carbon dioxide stream; and	
1143				
1144		(D)	An analysis of the chemical and physical characteristics of the	
1145	carbon dioxide stream	n and a	ny other substances proposed for inclusion in the injectate stream;	
1146	and			
1147				
1148		(E)	Anticipated duration of the proposed injection periods;	
1149				
1150	(xviii)	The c	ompatibility of the carbon dioxide stream with fluids in the injection	
1151	zone and minerals in	both th	e injection and the confining zones, based on the results of the	
1152	formation testing prog	gram, a	and with the materials used to construct the well;	
1153				
1154	(xix)	Propo	sed formation testing program to obtain an analysis of the chemical	
1155	and physical characteristics of the injection zone and confining zone and that meets the			
1156	requirements of Section	on 16 c	of this Chapter;	
1157				
1158	(xx)	Propo	sed stimulation program, a description of stimulation fluids to be	
1159	used, and a determina	tion th	at stimulation will not allow fluid movement out of the injection	
1160	<u>zone</u> ;			
1161				
1162	(xxi)	Propo	sed procedure that outlines steps to conduct injection operations;	
1163				
1164	(xxii)	A wel	llbore schematic of the subsurface construction details and surface	
1165	wellhead construction	of the	injection and monitoring wells;	
1166				
1167	(xxiii)	A den	nonstration, to the satisfaction of the Administrator, that the injection	
1168	wells will be sited in	areas w	vith a suitable geologic system that meets the requirements of Section	
1169	12(a) of this Chapter,	includ	ing:	
1170				

1171 1172 1173	(A) Identification and characterization of additional zones, if they exist, that will impede vertical fluid movement, allow for pressure dissipation, and provide additional opportunities for monitoring, mitigation, and remediation; and
1174 1175 1176 1177	(B) Identification of vertical faults and fractures that transect the zones identified in subparagraph (A) of this subparagraph;
1177 1178 1179	(xxiv) Injection well design and construction procedures that meet the requirements of Section 14 of this Chapter, including the information listed in Section 14(c)(ii)
1180 1181	of this Chapter;
1182 1183	(xxv) Proposed area of review and corrective action plan that meets the requirements under Section 13 of this Chapter;
1184 1185 1186	(xxvi) The status of corrective action on wells in the area of review;
1187 1188 1189	(xxvii) All available logging and testing program data on the wells required by Section 17 of this Chapter;
1190 1191	(xxviii) A demonstration of mechanical integrity required by Section 19 of this Chapter;
1192 1193 1194	(xxix) A demonstration, satisfactory to the Administrator, that the applicant has met the financial responsibility requirements of Section 26 of this Chapter;
1195 1196 1197	(xxx) A written financial assurance cost estimate required by Section 26(b) of this Chapter;
1198 1199 1200 1201 1202 1203 1204	(xxxi) An applicant applying for a Class VI well permit must obtain A public liability insurance certificate to cover the geologic sequestration activities for which a permit is sought. that, in addition to meeting the requirements of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(ii)(O), demonstrates that the public liability insurance policy meets the requirements of Section 26(l)(i)(B) of this Chapter; identifies each facility by name, address, and EPA Identification Number; and identifies the amounts and types of coverage for each facility;
1205 1206 1207	(xxxii) Proposed testing and monitoring plan required by Section 20 of this Chapter;
1208 1209 1210	(xxxiii) Proposed injection and monitoring wells plugging plan required by Section 23 of this Chapter;
1211 1212 1213	(xxxiv) Proposed post-injection site care and site closure plan required by Section 24(a) of this Chapter;
1214 1215	(xxxv) Proposed emergency and remedial response plan required by Section 25 of

1210	tms Chapter;		
1217			
1218		(xxxvi)	
1219	pursuant to si	ubparagra	aphs (b)(v) and (b)(ix)(A)(VII) of this Section; and
1220		,	
1221		(xxxvii	Any other information requested by the Administrator.
1222	(2)	A 11	lications for namelta monarta or information submitted to the
1223	(c)		olications for permits, reports, or information submitted to the
1224 1225	Administrato	r snan be	signed by a responsible corporate officer.
1223 1226	(4)	The one	plication shall contain the following certification by the responsible
1227	(d)		ng the application:
1227	corporate off	icei sigili	ng the application.
1229	"I cer	tify unde	r penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared
1230		•	supervision in accordance with a system designed to ensure that qualified
1231	-		ther and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the
1232			o manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the
1233			nation submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate,
1234			vare that there are significant penalties for submitting false information,
1235			ty of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."
1236	meraamg me	Possicin	ty or time and imprisonment for time wing violations.
1237	(e)	Section	as of permit applications that represent engineering work shall be sealed,
1238	\ /		licensed professional engineer as required by W.S. § 33-29-601.
1239	<i>C</i> ,	•	
1240	(f)	Section	as of permit applications that represent geologic work shall be sealed,
1241	signed, and d	ated by a	licensed professional geologist as required by W.S. § 33-41-115.
1242		•	
1243	Section	on 11.	Prohibitions.
1244			
1245	(a)	Pursuai	nt to the provisions of W.S. § 35-11-301(a), no person shall:
1246			
1247			Discharge into, construct, operate, or modify any Class VI well unless
1248	permitted pur	rsuant to	this Chapter;
1249			
1250		, ,	Discharge or inject to any zone except the authorized injection zone as
1251	described in t	the permi	t;
1252		<b></b>	~
1253		, ,	Conduct any injection activity in a manner that results in a violation of any
1254	permit condit	tion or the	at conflicts with any representations made in a permit application;
1255		<i>(</i> ' \	
1256	::. <i>.</i> :	, ,	Construct, operate, maintain, convert, plug, abandon, or conduct any other
1257	· ·	•	manner that allows the movement of fluid containing any contaminant into
1258			of drinking water, if the presence of that contaminant may cause a violation
1259	oi any primai	ry arınkır	ng water regulation contained in 40 C.F.R. Part 141, Subparts E, F, and G,

or may otherwise adversely affect human health, safety, or the environment;. The applicant for a

1259

permit shall have the burden of showing that the requirements of this paragraph are met.

(v) Inject any hazardous waste that has been banned from land disposal pursuant to Wyoming Hazardous Waste Rules, Chapter 1;

(vi) Construct a new, operate an existing, or maintain an existing Class V well for non-experimental geologic sequestration.

(b) Class VI wells shall inject only to receivers classified by the Department pursuant to Water Quality Rules and Regulations, Chapter 8, as Class V (Hydrocarbon Commercial) or Class VI groundwaters. No Class VI well shall inject to any Class I, Class II, Class III, Class IV, or unclassified groundwaters.

 (c) The Administrator shall designate and protect as underground sources of drinking water, all aquifers and parts of aquifers that meet the definition of "underground source of drinking water" in Section 2 of this Chapter, except to the extent there is expansion to the areal extent of an existing Class II enhanced oil recovery or enhanced gas recovery aquifer exemption for the exclusive purpose of Class VI injection for geologic sequestration under Section 16 of this Chapter.

(i) The Administrator may identify underground sources of drinking water by narrative description, illustrations, maps, or other means.

 (ii) Other than EPA-approved aquifer exemption expansions that meet the requirements of Section 16 of this Chapter, new aquifer exemptions shall not be issued for Class VI injection wells. Even if an aquifer has not been specifically identified by the Administrator, it is an underground source of drinking water if it meets the definition in Section 2 of this Chapter.

# Section 12. Minimum Criteria for Siting Class VI Wells.

(a) All Class VI wells shall be sited in areas with a suitable geologic system. The geologic system shall be comprised of:

(i) An injection zone of sufficient areal extent, thickness, porosity, and permeability to receive the total anticipated volume of the carbon dioxide stream; and

(ii) Confining zones that are free of transmissive faults or fractures and of sufficient areal extent and integrity to contain the injected carbon dioxide stream and displaced formation fluids and allow injection at proposed maximum pressures and volumes without initiating or propagating fractures in the confining zone s or causing non-transmissive faults to become transmissive.

(b) Owners or operators of Class VI wells must shall identify and characterize additional zones, if they exist, that will impede vertical fluid movement, allow for pressure dissipation, and provide additional opportunities for monitoring, mitigation, and remediation.

1306 Vertical fFaults and fractures that transect these zones must shall be identified. 1307 1308 Area of Review Delineation and Corrective Action. Section 13. 1309 1310 The owner or operator of a Class VI well shall prepare, maintain, and comply 1311 with a plan to delineate the area of review for a proposed geologic sequestration project, reevaluate the delineation, and perform corrective action that meets the requirements of this 1312 1313 Section and is approved by the Administrator. The area of review shall be based on 1314 computational modeling that accounts for the physical and chemical properties of all phases of the injected carbon dioxide stream. The area of review shall never be less than the area of 1315 1316 potentially affected groundwater. An area of review and corrective action plan shall include the 1317 following information: 1318 1319 The method for delineating the area of review that meets the requirements (i) of paragraph (b) of this Section, including the name, version and availability of the model that 1320 will be used, assumptions that will be made, and the site characterization data on which the 1321 1322 model will be based; 1323 1324 (ii) A description of: 1325 1326 (A) The monitoring and operational conditions that would warrant a re-1327 evaluation of the area of review prior to the next scheduled re-evaluation as determined by the minimum fixed frequency established in paragraph (c) of this Section. 1328 1329 1330 (B) How monitoring and operational data (e.g., injection rate and pressure) will be used to evaluate the area of review; and 1331 1332 1333 How corrective action will be conducted to meet the requirements 1334 of paragraph (b)(v) of this Section, including: 1335 What corrective action will be performed prior to injection; 1336 (I) 1337 1338 (II)What, if any, portions of the area of review will have 1339 corrective action addressed on a phased basis and how the phasing will be determined; 1340 1341 (III)How corrective action will be adjusted if there are changes 1342 in the area of review; and 1343 1344 (IV) How site access will be ensured for future corrective action. 1345 1346 Owners or operators of Class VI wells shall perform the following actions to delineate the area of review, identify all wells that require corrective action, and perform 1347 1348 corrective action on those wells: 1349

Predict, using existing site characterization, monitoring and operational

1350

(i)

1351 1352	data, and computation	al mod	eling:
1353		(A)	The projected lateral and vertical migration of the carbon dioxide
1354	plume and formation	` /	n the subsurface from the commencement of injection activities until
1355	the plume movement		<del>-</del>
1356	the prame movement	couses,	
1357		(B)	The pressure differentials, demonstrating that pressure differentials
1358	sufficient to cause the	` /	ment of injected fluids or formation fluids into a USDW or to
1359			alth, safety, or the environment will not be present, or until the end
1360			nined by the Administrator;
1361	1		•
1362		(C)	The potential need for brine removal; and
1363			•
1364		(D)	The long-term effects of pressure buildup if brine is not removed.
1365			
1366	(ii)	Use m	odeling that:
1367			
1368		(A)	Is based on:
1369			
1370			(I) Detailed geologic data available or collected to characterize
1371	the injection zone, con	nfining	zone, and any additional zones; and
1372			
1373			(II) Anticipated operating data, including injection pressures,
1374	rates and total volume	es over	the proposed operational life of the facility;
1375		(D)	
1376	1' '' '' 1'	(B)	Takes into account any relevant geologic heterogeneities, other
1377	discontinuities, data q	uality,	and their possible impact on model predictions; and
1378		(C)	
1379	4:C: -: -1 4 4:	(C)	Considers potential migration through faults, fractures, and
1380	artificial penetrations.		
1381 1382	(;;;)	Llaina	methods approved by the Administrator identify all paratrations
1383	(iii)		methods approved by the Administrator, identify all penetrations, ned wells and underground mines, in the area of review that may
1384			and provide a description of each well's type, construction, date
1385	-	_	d of plugging and completion, and any additional information the
1386	Administrator may re-		d of plugging and completion, and any additional information the
1387	Administrator may re-	quire,	
1388	(iv)	Detern	nine which abandoned wells in the area of review have been
1389	` '		vents the movement of:
1390	r-555-5 m a maimer t	in pro	· Janes and i distanti dis
1391		(A)	Carbon dioxide that may endanger USDWs or otherwise threaten
1392	human health, safety,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1393	,,		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1394		(B)	Displaced formation fluids, or other fluids, including the use of
1395	materials compatible	with the	e carbon dioxide stream, that may endanger USDWs or otherwise

1396 1397	threaten human health, safety, or the environment; and			
1398 1399 1400 1401 1402 1403	(v) Owners or operators of Class VI wells shall Pperform corrective action on any wells in the area of review that the owner or operator determines require that are determined to need corrective action corrective action, using methods designed to prevent the movement of fluid into or between USDWs including use of materials compatible with the carbon dioxide stream, where appropriate.			
1404 1405 1406 1407 1408	(c) At a fixed frequency, not to exceed two (2) years during the operational life of the facility or five (5) years during the post-injection site care period (until site closure) as specified in the area of review and corrective action plan, or when monitoring and operational conditions warrant, owners or operators shall:			
1409 1410 1411	(i) Re-evaluate the area of review in the same manner specified in subparagraph (b)(i) of this Section;			
1412 1413 1414	(ii) Identify all wells in the re-evaluated area of review that require corrective action in the same manner specified in subparagraph (b)(iv) of this Section;			
1415 1416 1417 1418	(iii) Perform corrective action on wells requiring corrective action in the reevaluated area of review in the same manner specified in subparagraph (b)(v) of this Section; and			
1419 1420 1421 1422	(iv) Submit an amended area of review and corrective action plan, or demonstrate to the Administrator through monitoring data and modeling results that no change to the area of review and corrective action plan is needed.			
1423 1424	(A) Amendments to the area of review and corrective action plan shall be subject to approval of the Administrator.			
1425 1426 1427 1428	(B) Amendments to the area of review shall be incorporated into the permit.			
1429 1430 1431	(C) Amendments to the area of review are subject to the permit modification requirements of Section 6 of this Chapter.			
1432 1433	Section 14. Construction and Operation Standards for Class VI Wells.			
1434 1435	(a) The owner or operator shall design, construct, and complete all Class VI wells to meet the construction standards in this Section and to:			
1436 1437 1438 1439	(i) Prevent the movement of fluids into or between USDWs or into any unauthorized zones;			
1439	(ii) Allow the use of appropriate testing devices and workover tools; and			

1441			
1442	(iii)	Allow	continuous monitoring of the annulus space between the injection
1443	tubing and long strin		ı v
1444		5 6	
1445	(b) Casin	g and ce	ement or other materials used in the construction of each Class VI
1446	, ,		uctural strength and be designed for the life of the well.
1447			6
1448	(i)	All we	ell materials must shall be compatible with fluids with which the
1449	` '		come into contact, and shall meet or exceed the following
1450			n materials by: the American Petroleum Institute, ASTM
1451			standards acceptable to the Administrator.
1452	,	1	1
1453		(A)	American Petroleum Institute Specification 5CT;
1454			
1455		(B)	American Petroleum Institute RP 5C1;
1456			
1457		<u>(C)</u>	American Petroleum Institute RP 10B-2;
1458			
1459		(D)	American Petroleum Institute Specification 10A;
1460			
1461		<u>(E)</u>	American Petroleum Institute RP 10D-2;
1462			
1463		<u>(F)</u>	American Petroleum Institute Specification 11D1;
1464			
1465		<u>(G)</u>	American Petroleum Institute RP 14B; and
1466			
1467		<u>(H)</u>	American Petroleum Institute RP 14C.
1468			
1469	(ii)		asing and cementing program shall be designed to prevent the
1470	movement of fluids i	nto or b	etween USDWs.
1471	444		
1472	(iii)		ow the Administrator to determine and specify casing and cementing
1473	_	ner or o	perator shall provide the following information in a construction
1474	design plan:		
1475		(	
1476		(A)	Depth to the injection zone;
1477 1478		( <b>D</b> )	Injection processrs automal processes internal processes and avial
	loodings	(B)	Injection pressure, external pressure, internal pressure, and axial
1479 1480	loading;		
1481		(C)	Hole size;
1482		(0)	HOIC SIZC,
1483		(D)	Size and grade of all casing strings (wall thickness, external
1484	diameter, nominal wa	` /	ngth, joint specification and construction material), including
1485	whether the casing is	_	
		, 01	

1486			
1487		(E)	Corrosiveness of the carbon dioxide stream and formation fluids;
1488			
1489		(F)	Down-hole temperatures and pressures;
1490			
1491		(G)	Lithology of injection and confining zones;
1492			
1493		(H)	Type or grade of cement and additives; and
1494			
1495		(I)	Quantity, chemical composition, and temperature of the carbon
1496	dioxide stream.		
1497			
1498	(iv)	Casing	g shall extend through the base of the lowermost USDW above the
1499	injection zone and be	cement	ted to the surface through the use of a single or multiple strings of
1500	casing and cement.		
1501			
1502	(v)	At leas	st one (1) long string casing, using a sufficient number of
1503	centralizers, shall be s	set to cr	reate a cement bond through the overlying and underlying confining
1504	zones.		
1505			
1506		(A)	The long string casing shall:
1507			
1508			(I) Extend to the injection zone;
1509			
1510			(II) Be cemented by circulating cement to the surface in one (1)
1511	or more stages; and		
1512			
1513			(III) Be isolated by placing cement or other isolation techniques
1514	as necessary to provid	le adeqi	uate isolation of the injection zone and provide for protection of
1515	USDWs, human healt	h, safet	y, and the environment.
1516			
1517		(B)	Circulation of cement may be accomplished by staging. The
1518	Administrator may ap	prove a	an alternative method of cementing in cases where the cement
1519	cannot be recirculated	l to the	surface if the owner or operator demonstrates by using logs that the
1520	cement does not allow	v fluid 1	movement behind the wellbore.
1521			
1522	(vi)	Cemer	nt and cement additives shall be suitable for use with the carbon
1523	dioxide stream and fo	rmation	n fluids, and be of sufficient quality and quantity to maintain
1524	integrity over the ope		
1525		Č	
1526	(vii)	The in	tegrity and location of the cement shall be verified using technology
1527	capable of evaluating		t quality radially with sufficient resolution to identify the location of
1528			as of missing cement to ensure that USDWs are not endangered and
1529			d the environment are protected. The owner or operator shall

		CBL) to the Administrator with an evaluation, certified by a licensed censed professional geologist, of the following:
	<u>(A)</u>	Quantitative estimations of the cement compressive strength;
	<u>(B)</u>	A bond index; and
	<u>(C)</u>	Qualitative interpretation of the cement-to-formation bond.
(c) A	ll owners a	nd operators of Class VI wells shall inject fluids through tubing with
a packer set at a d Administrator.	depth oppo	site a cemented interval at the location approved by the
contact and must	e compatib shall meet	ng and packer materials used in the construction of each Class VI ble with fluids with which the materials may be expected to come into or exceed the following standards developed for such materials by
the American Pet the Administrator		titute, ASTM International, or comparable standards acceptable to
the Hammstrato.	•• <u>•</u>	
	<u>(A)</u>	American Petroleum Institute Specification 5CT;
	(D)	A CONTRACTOR DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF TH
	<u>(B)</u>	American Petroleum Institute RP 5C1;
	(C)	American Petroleum Institute RP 10B-2;
	<u>(C)</u>	Timetream Ferroream Institute 14 102 2,
	<u>(D)</u>	American Petroleum Institute Specification 10A;
	<u>(E)</u>	American Petroleum Institute RP 10D-2;
		A ' D I I I' ( 0 'C' (' 11D1
	<u>(F)</u>	American Petroleum Institute Specification 11D1;
	( <b>G</b> )	American Petroleum Institute RP 14B; and
	(0)	Timorican Porotesin Montato III Tip, and
	<u>(H)</u>	American Petroleum Institute RP 14C.
(ii	*	Administrator shall determine and specify requirements for tubing
and packer based	on the foll	owing information:
	(A)	Depth of setting;
	(A)	Deput of setting,
	(B)	Characteristics of the carbon dioxide stream (e.g., chemical
content, corrosive	` '	perature, and density) and formation fluids;
		·
	(C)	Maximum proposed injection pressure;

1575		(D)	Maximum proposed annular pressure;
1576			
1577		(E)	Maximum proposed injection rate (intermittent or continuous) and
1578	volume of the carbon	dioxid	e stream;
1579			
1580		(F)	Size of tubing and casing; and
1581			
1582		(G)	Tubing tensile, burst, and collapse strengths.
1583			
1584	Section 15.	Class	VI Injection Depth Waiver Requirements.
1585			
1586	(a) An ow	vner or	operator seeking a waiver of the requirement to inject below the
1587	lowermost USDW sh	all subi	mit a supplemental report concurrent with the permit application.
1588	The report shall conta	ain the	following:
1589	-		-
1590	(i)	A den	nonstration that the injection zones are laterally continuous, are not
1591	USDWs, and are not	hydrau	lically connected to USDWs; do not outcrop within the area of
1592	review; have adequat	e inject	tivity, volume, and sufficient porosity to safely contain the injected
1593	carbon dioxide and fo	ormatio	on fluids; and have appropriate geochemistry;
1594			
1595	(ii)	A den	nonstration that the injection zones are bounded by laterally
1596	continuous, imperme	able co	nfining units above and below the injection zones adequate to
1597	prevent fluid movem	ent and	pressure buildup outside of the injection zones;
1598	-		
1599	(iii)	A den	nonstration that the confining units are free of transmissive faults and
1600	fractures;		_
1601			
1602	(iv)	A cha	racterization of the regional fracture properties and a demonstration
1603	that the fractures will	not int	erfere with injection, serve as conduits, or endanger USDWs;
1604			
1605	(v)	A con	nputer model demonstrating that USDWs above and below the
1606	injection zone will no	ot be en	dangered as a result of fluid movement. The modeling shall be done
1607	in conjunction with th	he area	of review determination described in Section 13 of this Chapter, is
1608	subject to the require	ments o	of Section 13(b) of this Chapter, and shall be periodically reevaluated
1609	as required by Sectio	n 13(c)	of this Chapter;
1610			
1611	(vi)	A den	nonstration that well design and construction, in conjunction with the
1612	waiver, will ensure is	solation	of the injectate in lieu of the requirements of Section 14(a)(i) of this
1613	chapter and will meet	t the we	ell construction requirements of paragraph (f) of this Section;
1614	_		
1615	(vii)	A des	cription of how the monitoring and testing and any additional plans
1616	will be tailored to thi		gic sequestration project to ensure protection of USDWs above and
1617	below the injection ze	_	• •
1618	-		
1619	(viii)	Inform	nation on the location of all public water supplies affected,

1620 1621	reasonably likely to be affected, or served by USDWs in the area of review; and
1622	(iv) Any other information requested by the Administrator
	(ix) Any other information requested by the Administrator.
1623 1624	(b) To inform the EDA Decional Administrator's decision on whether to count of
	(b) To inform the EPA Regional Administrator's decision on whether to grant a
1625 1626	waiver of the injection depth requirements of 40 C.F.R. §§ 144.6, 146.5(f), and 146.86(a)(1), the
1627	Administrator shall submit to the EPA Regional Administrator documentation of the following:
	(i) An avaluation of the following information as it relates to siting
1628 1629	(i) An evaluation of the following information as it relates to siting,
1630	construction, and operation of a geologic sequestration project with a waiver:
1631	(A) The integrity of the upper and lower confining units;
1632	(A) The integrity of the upper and lower confining units;
1633	(B) The suitability of the injection zone(s) (including lateral continuity,
1634	
1635	lack of transmissive faults and fractures, and knowledge of current or planned artificial
1636	penetrations into the injection zone(s) or formations below the injection zone);
1637	(C) The potential capacity of the geologic formation(s) to sequester
1638	carbon dioxide, accounting for the availability of alternative injection sites;
1639	carbon dioxide, accounting for the availability of alternative injection sites,
1640	(D) All other site characterization data, the proposed emergency and
1641	remedial response plan, and a demonstration of financial responsibility;
1642	remedia response plan, and a demonstration of financial responsionity,
1643	(E) Community needs, demands, and supply from drinking water
1644	resources;
1645	Tobodices,
1646	(F) Planned needs and potential and future use of USDWs and non-
1647	USDW aquifers in the area;
1648	
1649	(G) Planned or permitted water, hydrocarbon, or mineral resource
1650	exploitation potential of the proposed injection formation(s) and other formations both above and
1651	below the injection zone to determine if there are any plans to drill through the formation to
1652	access resources in or beneath the proposed injection zone(s) or formation(s);
1653	
1654	(H) The proposed plan for securing alternative resources or treating
1655	USDW formation waters in the event of contamination related to the Class VI injection activity;
1656	and
1657	
1658	(I) Any other applicable considerations or information requested by
1659	the Administrator;
1660	
1661	(ii) Consultation with the public water system supervision directors of all
1662	Sstates and Tribes having jurisdiction over lands within the area of review of a well for which a
1663	waiver is sought; and
1664	

1665	(iii) Any varietan varivan malatad information submitted by a making varian
1665	(iii) Any written waiver-related information submitted by a public water
1666	system supervision director to the Department.
1667	
1668	(c) Concurrent with the Class VI permit application public notice process pursuant to
1669	Section 27 of this Chapter, the Administrator shall give public notice that an injection depth
1670	waiver request has been submitted. The notice shall clearly state:
1671	
1672	(i) The depth of the proposed injection zone(s);
1673	
1674	(ii) The location of the injection wells;
1675	
1676	(iii) The name and depth of all USDWs within the area of review;
1677	
1678	(iv) A map of the area of review;
1679	\
1680	(v) The names of any public water supplies affected, reasonably likely to be
1681	affected, or served by the USDWs in the area of review; and
1682	arrected, or served by the CSB in the area of fevrew, and
1683	(vi) The results of any consultation between the UIC program and the Public
1684	Water System Supervision Directors within the area of review.
1685	water bystem supervision Directors within the area of review.
1686	(d) Following the injection depth waiver application public notice, the Administrator
1687	of the Water Quality Division of the Department of Environmental Quality shall provide all the
1688	information received through the waiver application process to the US EPA Regional
1689	Administrator. Based on the information provided, the US EPA Regional Administrator shall
1690	provide written concurrence or non-concurrence regarding waiver issuance.
1691	
1692	(i) If the US EPA Regional Administrator requires additional information to
1693	make a decision, the Administrator of the Water Quality Division of the Department of
1694	Environmental Quality shall provide the information. The US EPA Regional Administrator may
1695	require public notice of the new information.
1696	
1697	(ii) The Administrator of the Water Quality Division of the Department of
1698	Environmental Quality shall not issue a depth injection waiver without receipt of written
1699	concurrence from the US EPA Regional Administrator.
1700	
1701	(e) If an injection depth waiver is issued, within thirty (30) days of issuance, the EPA
1702	shall post the following information on the Office of Water's website:
1703	
1704	(i) The depth of the proposed injection zone(s);
1705	(1) The deput of the proposed injection zone(s),
1705	(ii) The location of the injection wells;
1707	(ii) The location of the injection wens,
1707	(iii) The name and depth of all USDWs within the area of review;
	(iii) The hame and deput of an OSD ws within the area of feview,
1709	

1710	(iv) A map of the area of review;
1711	
1712	(v) The names of any public water supplies affected, reasonably likely to be
1713	affected, or served by the USDWs in the area of review; and
1714	
1715	(vi) The date of waiver issuance.
1716	
1717	(f) Upon receipt of a waiver of the requirement to inject below the lowermost USDW
1718	for geologic sequestration, the owner or operator of a Class VI well shall comply with the
1719	following:
1720	
1721	(i) All requirements of Sections 13, 17, 18, 19, 22, 23, 25, and 26 of this
1722	Chapter;
1723	
1724	(ii) All the requirements of Section 14 of this Chapter with the following
1725	modified requirements:
1726	•
1727	(A) In lieu of meeting the requirements of Section 14(a)(i) of this
1728	Chapter, the Class VI well shall be constructed and completed to prevent the movement of fluids
1729	into any unauthorized zones, including USDWs;
1730	
1731	(B) In lieu of meeting the requirements of Section 14(b) and 14(b)(i) of
1732	this Chapter, the casing and cementing program shall prevent the movement of fluids into any
1733	unauthorized zones including USDWs; and
1734	
1735	(C) The casing shall extend through the base of the nearest USDW
1736	directly above the injection zone and shall be cemented to the surface or, at the Administrator's
1737	discretion, at another formation above the injection zone and below the nearest USDW above the
1738	injection zone;
1739	<del>-</del>
1740	(iii) All the requirements of Section 20 of this Chapter with the following
1741	modified requirements:
1742	
1743	(A) The owner or operator shall monitor the groundwater quality,
1744	geochemical changes, and pressure in the first USDWs immediately above and below the
1745	injection zone(s) and in any other formation at the discretion of the Administrator; and
1746	injection zone(s) and in any other formation at the discretion of the radininistrator, and
1747	(B) The owner or operator shall conduct testing and monitoring in the
1748	injection zone(s) to track the extent of the carbon dioxide plume and the presence or absence of
1749	elevated pressure (e.g., the pressure front) in the injection zone(s) by using: direct methods and
1750	indirect methods (e.g., seismic, electrical, gravity, or electromagnetic surveys and down-hole
1751	carbon dioxide detection tools) unless the Administrator determines, based on site-specific
1752	geology, that such methods are not appropriate;
1753	5001051, that sach inchious are not appropriate,
1754	(I) Direct methods, and
1157	(1) Direct methods, and

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water;

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- Indirect methods (e.g., seismic, electrical, gravity, or (II)electromagnetic surveys and down-hole carbon dioxide detection tools) unless the Administrator determines, based on site-specific geology, that such methods are not appropriate;
- All requirements of Section 24 of this Chapter with the following (iv) modified requirements:
- (A) The owner or operator shall monitor the groundwater quality, geochemical changes and pressure in the first USDWs immediately above and below the injection zone and in any other formations at the discretion of the Administrator; and
- (B) Testing and monitoring in the injection zone(s) to track the extent of the carbon dioxide plume and the presence or absence of elevated pressure (e.g., the pressure front) by using direct methods and indirect methods (e.g., seismic, electrical, gravity, or electromagnetic surveys and down-hole carbon dioxide detection tools) unless the Administrator determines, based on site-specific geology, that such methods are not appropriate; and
- Any additional requirements imposed by the Administrator to ensure protection of USDWs above and below the injection zone(s).

#### Section 16. **Expansion to the Areal Extent of Existing Class II Injection Well Aquifer Exemptions for Class VI Injection Wells.**

- (a) The owner or operator of a Class II enhanced oil recovery or enhanced gas recovery well that requests an expansion of the areal extent of an existing aquifer exemption for the exclusive purpose of Class VI injection for geologic sequestration shall define (by narrative description, illustrations, maps, or other means) and describe (in geographic and/or geometric terms such as vertical and lateral limits and gradient that are clear and definite) all aquifers or parts thereof that are requested to be designated as exempted using the criteria in subparagraphs (b)(i)(A)-(C) of this Section.
- The Administrator may consider a request from an owner or operator of permitted Class II injection well to convert its well to a Class VI well and expand the areal extent of the existing Class II enhanced oil recovery or enhanced gas recovery aquifer exemption for the exclusive purpose of Class VI injection for geologic sequestration.
- The Administrator may approve the request if the existing aquifer (i) exemption and the well meet the following conditions:
  - (A) The groundwater does not currently serve as a source of drinking
- (B) The total dissolved solids content of the groundwater is more than 3,000 mg/L and less than 10,000 mg/L; and

1801			$(\mathbf{C})$	The groundwater is not reasonably expected to supply a public
1802	water system	l <b>.</b>		
1803	-			
1804		(ii)	The A	Administrator may approve evaluate a request to expand the areal
1805	extent of an a	aquifer e		on of a Class II enhanced oil recovery or enhanced gas recovery well
1806	for the purpo	se of Cla	ass VI i	njection if the Administrator:
1807	1 1			
1808			(A)	Determines that the request meets the criteria for exemptions in
1809	subparagraph	ns (b)(i)(	, ,	of this Section;
1810	1 6 1	. , . , .		
1811			(B)	Determines that the proposed injection operation will not at any
1812	time endange	er USDV	` /	iding non-exempted portions of the injection formation; and
1813	8			
1814			(C)	Considers, in making the determinations required by
1815	subparagraph	ıs (b)(ii)		of this Section, the following:
1816	2 F	(-)()	() (-)	
1817				(I) Current and potential future use of the USDWs to be
1818	exempted as	drinking	water	• •
1819	r		,	,
1820				(II) The predicted extent of the injected carbon dioxide plume,
1821	and any mob	ilized flu	uids tha	at may result in degradation of water quality over the lifetime of the
1822	•			ct, as informed by computational modeling performed pursuant to
1823	Section 13(b)			
1824		)(1) O1 til	ть спар	
1825				(III) Whether the areal extent of the expanded aquifer exemption
1826	is of sufficien	nt size to	accour	nt for any possible revisions to the computational model during
1827				eview, pursuant to Section 13(c) of this Chapter; and
1828	recvardation	or the th	01 10	view, parsuant to section 13(e) of this enapter, and
1829				(IV) Any information submitted to support an injection depth
1830	waiver reque	st mursu:	ant to S	ection 15 of this Chapter.
1831	warver reque	or pursu.	unit to B	cetton 15 of this enapter.
1832	(c)	Appro	vals un	der this Section are not final until:
1833	(0)	rippro	vais an	der tills section are not illiar altai.
1834		(i)	The A	Administrator submits the request as a revision to the state-
1835	administered	` '		40 C.F.R. Part 147 or as a substantial revision of a state program
1836	under 40 C.F			
1837	under 40 C.1	.ic. g 14	J.J2, ai	iu
1838		(ii)	FPΔ a	approves the revision.
1839		(11)	LIAC	approves the revision.
1840	Socti	on 17.	Loggi	ing, Sampling, and Testing Prior to Injection Well Operation.
1841	Section	JII I / •	Luggi	ng, bampang, and resume ratio to injection wen operation.
1842	(a)	During	o the dr	rilling and construction of a Class VI injection well, the owner or
1843	` '		_	te logs, surveys, and tests to determine or verify the depth, thickness,
1844				logy, and salinity of any formation fluids in all relevant geologic
1077	POTOSITY, DELI	meaumil	y, muioi	ozy, and sammy or any rormanon mulas m an relevant ecologic

1845 1846			Il meets the construction requirements of Section 14 of this Chapter	
	and to establish accurate baseline data against which future measurements may be compared.			
1847			submit to the Administrator a descriptive report prepared by a	
1848		-	that includes an interpretation of the results of the logs and tests. At a	
1849	minimum, the logs a	nd tests	s shall include:	
1850				
1851	(i)		ation checks measured during drilling on all holes constructed by	
1852			ubsequently enlarged by reaming or another method. Deviation	
1853			ly frequent intervals to determine the location of the borehole and to	
1854		venues	for fluid movement in the form of diverging holes are not created	
1855	during drilling;			
1856				
1857	(ii)	Befor	re and upon installation of the surface casing:	
1858				
1859		(A)	Resistivity, spontaneous potential, and caliper logs before the	
1860	casing is installed; an	nd		
1861				
1862		(B)	A cement bond and variable density log, or other approved device	
1863	to evaluate cement q	uality r	adially with sufficient resolution to identify channels, voids, or other	
1864	areas of missing cem	ent and	d a temperature log after the casing is set and cemented;	
1865				
1866	(iii)	Befor	re and upon installation of the long string casing:	
1867				
1868		(A)	Resistivity, spontaneous potential, porosity, caliper, gamma ray,	
1869	fracture finder logs,	and any	other logs the Administrator requires for the given geology before	
1870	the casing is installed	d; and		
1871	C			
1872		(B)	A cement bond and variable density log, and a temperature log	
1873	after the casing is set	and ce	, <del>, ,</del> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
1874	C			
1875	(iv)	Tests	designed to demonstrate the internal and external mechanical	
1876	integrity of injection			
1877		,	, and the second	
1878		(A)	A pressure test with liquid or gas;	
1879		\ /	r · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1880		(B)	A tracer survey, such as oxygen-activation logging;	
1881		(2)	11 the of survey, such as only gen activation to gging,	
1882		(C)	A temperature or noise log; and	
1883		(0)	Tree inperaction of noise rog, and	
1884		(D)	A casing inspection log; and	
1885		(5)	11 casing inspection 105, and	
1886	(v)	Anv	alternative methods that provide equivalent or better information and	
1887	` '	•	d by the Administrator.	
1888	and are required of a	771010	= 0, 111 1 1011111100110011	
1889	(b) The o	wner o	r operator shall take whole cores or sidewall cores of the injection	
1007	(0)	** 1101 0	i operator shall take whole cores or side wan cores or the injection	

1890 zone and confining system as well as formation fluid samples from the injection zone(s). 1891 1892 The owner or operator shall submit to the Administrator a detailed report (i) 1893 prepared by a log analyst that includes: 1894 1895 (A) Well log analyses (including well logs); 1896 1897 (B) Core analyses; and 1898 1899 (C) Formation fluid sample information. 1900 1901 (ii) The Administrator may accept data from cores and fluid samples from 1902 nearby wells if the owner or operator can demonstrate that such data are representative of 1903 conditions in the wellbore. 1904 1905 The owner or operator shall record the formation fluid temperature, formation 1906 fluid pH and conductivity, reservoir pressure, and static fluid level of the injection zone(s). 1907 1908 The owner or operator shall determine fracture pressures of the injection and 1909 confining zones and verify hydrogeologic and geo-mechanical characteristics of the injection 1910 zone by conducting a pressure fall-off test, any other test requested by the Administrator, and: 1911 1912 (i) A pump test; or 1913 1914 (ii) Injectivity tests. 1915 1916 The owner or operator shall provide the Administrator with the opportunity to 1917 witness all logging and testing by this section. The owner or operator shall submit a schedule of 1918 such activities to the Administrator prior to conducting the first test and shall notify the 1919 Administrator of any changes to the schedule thirty (30) days prior to the next scheduled test. 1920 1921 Section 18. **Injection Well Operating Requirements.** 1922 1923 (a) The owner or operator shall ensure that injection pressure does not exceed ninety 1924 percent (90%) of the fracture pressure of the injection zone(s) to ensure that the injection does 1925 not initiate new fractures or propagate existing fractures in the injection zone(s). 1926 1927 In no case may injection pressure cause movement of injection or (i) 1928 formation fluids in a manner that endangers a USDW, or otherwise threatens human health, 1929 safety, or the environment. 1930 1931 In no case may injection pressure initiate fractures in the confining zone s

or cause the movement of injectate or formation fluids that endangers a USDW or otherwise

threatens human health, safety, or the environment.

1932

1933

1935 Injection of the carbon dioxide stream between the outermost casing protecting 1936 USDWs and the wellbore is prohibited. 1937 1938 The owner or operator shall fill the annulus between the tubing and the long string 1939 casing with a non-corrosive fluid approved by the Administrator. The owner or operator shall maintain on the annulus a pressure that exceeds the operating injection pressure, unless the 1940 1941 Administrator determines that such requirement might harm the integrity of the well or endanger 1942 USDWs. 1943 1944 Other than during periods of well workover or maintenance approved by the (d) 1945 Administrator in which the sealed tubing-casing annulus is, by necessity, disassembled for 1946 maintenance or corrective procedures, the owner or operator shall maintain mechanical integrity 1947 of the injection well at all times. 1948 1949 (e) The owner or operator shall install and use continuous recording devices to 1950 monitor: 1951 1952 Injection pressure; and (i) 1953 1954 (ii) Injection rate, volume, and temperature of the carbon dioxide stream. 1955 1956 (f) The owner or operator shall install and use continuous recording devices to 1957 monitor the pressure on the annulus between the tubing and the long string casing and annulus 1958 fluid volume. 1959 1960 The owner or operator shall install, test, and use alarms and automatic surface (g) 1961 shut-off systems or, at the discretion of the Administrator, use down-hole shut-off systems (e.g., 1962 automatic shut-off, check valves) or other mechanical devices that provide equivalent protection, 1963 designed to alert the operator and shut-in the well when operating parameters such as injection 1964 rate, injection pressure, or other parameters approved by the Administrator diverge beyond 1965 ranges or gradients specified in the permit. 1966 1967 If an automatic shutdown is triggered or a loss of mechanical integrity is 1968 discovered, the owner or operator shall immediately investigate and identify as expeditiously as 1969 possible the cause. If, upon such investigation, the well appears to be lacking mechanical 1970 integrity, or if monitoring required under paragraphs (e), (f), and (g) of this Section otherwise 1971 indicates that the well may be lacking mechanical integrity, the owner or operator shall: 1972 1973 (i) Immediately cease injection; 1974 1975 Take all steps reasonably necessary to determine whether there may have (ii) 1976 been a release of the injected carbon dioxide stream or formation fluids into any unauthorized 1977 zone: 1978

Notify the Administrator within twenty-four (24) hours;

1979

(iii)

1980			
1981		(iv)	Restore and demonstrate mechanical integrity to the satisfaction of the
1982	Administrator	as soo	n as practicable and prior to resuming injection; and
1983			
1984		(v)	Notify the Administrator when injection can be expected to resume.
1985	<b>G</b>	40	
1986	Section	n 19.	Mechanical Integrity.
1987		4 (7)	T.T. 111
1988	(a)	A Cla	ss VI well has mechanical integrity if:
1989		<i>(</i> ')	
1990		(i)	There is no significant leak in the casing, tubing, or packer; and
1991		···	
1992	11	(ii)	There is no significant fluid movement into a USDW through channels
1993	adjacent to the	e injecti	on wellbore.
1994	4.	TF.	
1995	(b)		aluate the absence of significant leaks under subparagraph (a)(i) of this
1996		-	perators shall, following an initial annulus pressure test, continuously
1997			ssure, rate, injected volumes, and pressure on the annulus between tubing,
1998	long string cas	sing, an	d annulus fluid volume as specified in Section 18(e)-(f) of this Chapter.
1999			
2000	(c)		st once per year, the owner or operator shall use one (1) of the following
2001		termine	e the absence of significant fluid movement under subparagraph (a)(ii) of
2002	this Section:		
2003		<i>(</i> ')	
2004		(i)	An approved tracer survey such as an oxygen-activation log; or
2005		(**)	
2006		(ii)	A temperature or noise log.
2007	(1)	TC	
2008	(d)	-	nired by the Administrator, at a frequency specified in the testing and
2009	0.1		ired in Section 20 of this Chapter, the owner or operator shall run a casing
2010	inspection log	to dete	ermine the presence or absence of corrosion in the long-string casing.
2011		7771 A	
2012			dministrator may require any other test to evaluate mechanical integrity
2013			he Administrator may allow the use of a test to demonstrate mechanical
2014			nose listed in paragraph (c) of this Section with the written approval of the
2015			or. To obtain approval, the Administrator shall submit a written request to
2016		aminis	strator that shall set forth the proposed test and all technical data supporting
2017	its use.		
2018	(f)	T.,	durating and avaluating the tests answered in this section on the test
2019	(f)		ducting and evaluating the tests enumerated in this section or others to be
2020			nistrator, the owner or operator and the Administrator shall apply methods
2021	and standards	genera	lly accepted in the industry.
2022		<i>(</i> ;)	When the common on another manufacture and the manufacture of the second
2023	40040 40 41 - A 1	(i)	When the owner or operator reports the results of mechanical integrity
2024	tests to the Ad	umnisti	rator, the owner or operator shall include a description of the test s and the

2025 methods used. 2026 2027 In making an evaluation, the Administrator shall review monitoring and (ii) 2028 other test data submitted since the previous evaluation. 2029 2030 The Administrator may require additional or alternative tests if the results (g) 2031 presented by the owner or operator under paragraph (e) of this Section are not satisfactory to the 2032 Administrator to demonstrate that there is no significant leak in the casing, tubing or packer and 2033 that there is no significant movement of fluid into or between USDWs resulting from the 2034 injection activity. 2035 2036 Section 20. **Testing and Monitoring Requirements.** 2037 2038 The owner or operator of a Class VI well shall prepare, maintain, and comply (a) 2039 with a testing and monitoring plan to verify that the geologic sequestration project is operating as 2040 permitted and is not endangering USDWs. The testing and monitoring plan shall be submitted 2041 with the permit application, shall be subject to Administrator approval, and shall include a 2042 description of how the owner or operator will meet the requirements of this Section, including 2043 accessing sites for all necessary monitoring and testing during the life of the project. 2044 2045 In addition to the requirements of W.S. § 35-11-313, Testing and monitoring associated with geologic sequestration projects must shall, at a minimum, include: 2046 2047 2048 (i) Plans and procedures for environmental surveillance and excursion 2049 detection, prevention, and control programs, including a monitoring plan to: 2050 (A) Assess the migration of the injected carbon dioxide; and 2051 2052 2053 (B) Ensure the retention of the carbon dioxide in the geologic 2054 sequestration site. 2055 2056 Analysis of the carbon dioxide stream with sufficient frequency to yield (i) 2057 data representative of its chemical and physical characteristics; 2058 2059 (ii) Installation and use, except during well workovers, of continuous 2060 recording devices to monitor: 2061 2062 (A) Injection pressure; 2063 2064 (B) Injection rate and volume; 2065 2066 (C) Pressure on the annulus between the tubing and the long string 2067 casing; 2068 2069 (D) The annulus fluid volume added; and

2070 2071 2072 2073	casing;	(E)	The pressure on the annulus between the tubing and the long string
2074 2075 2076 2077 2078	at least quarterly to en	oitting, nsure th	sion monitoring of the well materials for loss of mass, loss of and other signs of corrosion, which shall be performed and recorded nat the well components meet the minimum standards for material t forth in Section 14(b) of this Chapter by:
2079 2080	contact with the carbo	(A) on diox	Analyzing coupons of the well construction materials placed in ide stream;
2081 2082 2083	the material used in the	(B) he well	Routing the carbon dioxide stream through a loop constructed with and inspecting the materials in the loop; or
2084 2085 2086		(C)	Using an alternative method approved by the Administrator;
2087 2088 2089 2090 2091		zones th	dic monitoring of the groundwater quality and geochemical changes nat may be a result of carbon dioxide movement or displaced nrough the confining zones or additional zones. The monitoring wells
2092 2093 2094 2095			Use specific information about the geologic sequestration project, volume, geology, the presence of artificial penetrations, and other the location and number of monitoring wells; and
2093 2096 2097 2098 2099 2100		3(b) of	Use baseline geochemical data that have been collected under napter and any modeling results in the area of review evaluation this Chapter to establish the monitoring frequency and spatial ells;
2100 2101 2102 2103	(v) 19(c) at least once pe		nonstration of external mechanical integrity pursuant to Section antil the well is plugged;
2104 2105 2106 2107	(vi) requirements of Secti monitoring plan;		uired by the Administrator, a casing inspection log pursuant to d) of this Chapter at a frequency established in the testing and
2108 2109 2110	(vii) flow dynamics at leas Administrator based	st once	ssure fall-off test that identifies reservoir conditions with respect to every five (5) years, unless more frequent testing is required by the specific information;
2111 2112	(viii)	Testin	ng and monitoring to track the extent of the carbon dioxide plume,

the position of the pressure front, and surface displacement using:

2115	(A) Direct methods in the injection zone(s); and
2116	
2117	(B) Indirect methods in the injection zone (e.g., seismic, electrical,
2118	gravity, or electromagnetic surveys and/or down-hole carbon dioxide detection tools) unless the
2119	Administrator determines, based on site-specific geology, that such methods are not appropriate;
2120	
2121	(ix) At the Administrator's discretion, bBased on site-specific conditions,
2122	surface air monitoring and/or soil gas monitoring to detect movement of carbon dioxide that
2123	could endanger a USDW, or otherwise threaten human health, safety, or the environment.;
2124	
2125	(A) The surface air or soil gas monitoring plan shall:
2126	
2127	(I) Be based on potential risks to USDWs, and modeling
2128	within the area of review;
2129	
2130	(II) Use baseline data to establish the monitoring frequency and
2131	spatial distribution of surface air monitoring or soil gas monitoring; and
2132	
2133	(III) Specify how the proposed monitoring will yield useful
2134	information for the area of review delineation and the potential movement of fluid:
2135	
2136	(1.) Containing any contaminant into USDWs in
2137	exceedance of any primary drinking water regulation under 40 C.F.R. Part 141; or
2138	
2139	(2.) Which may otherwise adversely affect human
2140	health, safety, or the environment;
2141	·
2142	(B) If an owner or operator demonstrates that monitoring employed
2143	under 40 C.F.R. §§ 98.440 to 98.449 accomplishes the goals of subparagraph (b)(ix)(A) of this
2144	Section, the Administrator shall approve the use of monitoring employed under 40 C.F.R. §§
2145	98.440 to 98.449. An owner or operator who uses monitoring employed under 40 C.F.R. §§
2146	98.440 to 98.449 to meet the requirements of this Section shall comply with 40 C.F.R. §§ 98.440
2147	to 98.449;
2148	
2149	(x) Any additional monitoring, as required by the Administrator, necessary to
2150	support, upgrade, and improve computational modeling of the area of review re-evaluation
2151	required under Section 13(c) of this Chapter and as necessary to demonstrate that there is no
2152	movement of fluid containing any contaminant into USDWs in exceedance of any primary
2153	drinking water regulation under 40 C.F.R. Part 141, Subparts E, F, and G, or which could
2154	otherwise adversely affect human health, safety, or the environment;
2155	
2156	(xi) The owner or operator shall periodically review the testing and monitoring
2157	plan to incorporate monitoring data collected under this Section, operational data collected under
2158	Section 18 of this Chapter, and the most recent area of review reevaluation performed under
2159	Section 13 of this Chapter. The owner or operator shall review the testing and monitoring plan at

2160 least once every five (5) years. Based on this review, the owner or operator shall submit an 2161 amended testing and monitoring plan or demonstrate to the Administrator that no amendment to 2162 the testing and monitoring plan is needed. Any amendments to the testing and monitoring plan 2163 are subject to approval by the Administrator, shall be incorporated into the permit, and are 2164 subject to the permit modification requirements of Section 6 of this Chapter. Amended plans or demonstrations shall be submitted to the Administrator as follows: 2165 2166 2167 (A) Within one (1) year of an area of review reevaluation; 2168 2169 (B) Following any significant changes to the facility, such as addition 2170 of monitoring wells or newly permitted injection wells within the area of review; or 2171 2172 (C) When required by the Administrator; and 2173 2174 (xii) A quality assurance and surveillance plan for all testing and monitoring 2175 requirements. 2176 2177 (c) The owner or operator shall create and retain records of all monitoring 2178 information that include: 2179 2180 (i) The date, time, and exact place, of sampling or measurements; 2181 2182 (ii) The individuals who performed the sampling or measurements; 2183 2184 (iii) The dates analyses were performed; 2185 2186 (iv) The individuals who performed the analyses; 2187 2188 The analytical techniques or methods used; and (v) 2189 2190 (vi) The results of such analyses. 2191 2192 Section 21. **Record Retention.** 2193 2194 An owner or operator of a Class VI well shall maintain records according to the (a) 2195 following schedules: 2196 2197 Calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings (i) 2198 for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by this permit, and 2199 records of all data used to complete the application for this permit, for a period of at least three 2200 (3) years from the date of the sample, measurement, report, or application. This period may be 2201 extended by request of the Administrator at any time; 2202 2203 The nature and composition of all injected fluids until three (3) ten (10) (ii) 2204 years after the completion of any plugging and abandonment procedures under Section 23 of this

2205 2206	Chapter;
2207 2208 2209	(iii) All modeling inputs and data used to support area of review reevaluations under Section 13 of this Chapter shall be retained for ten (10) years;
2210 2211 2212 2213	(iv) The well-plugging report required by Section 23 of this Chapter, the site closure report required by Section 24 of this Chapter, and any post-injection site care data, (including data and information used to establish the post-injection site care time frame) shall be retained for ten (10) years following site closure;
2214 2215 2216 2217	(v) All data used to complete permit applications shall be retained for the life of the geologic sequestration project and for ten (10) years following site closure; and
2217 2218 2219 2220	(vi) All other monitoring records required by a permit shall be retained for a period of ten (10) years following site closure.
2221 2222 2223 2224	(b) The Administrator may require the owner or operator to deliver the records to the Administrator at the conclusion of the record retention period. The owner or operator must deliver the records to the Administrator at the conclusion of the retention period, and the records must thereafter be retained at a location designated by the Administrator for that purpose.
2225 2226	Section 22. Reporting and Notice Requirements.
2227 2228 2229	(a) The owner or operator shall provide the following reports to the Administrator, for each Class VI well:
<ul><li>2230</li><li>2231</li><li>2232</li><li>2233</li><li>2234</li></ul>	(i) Semi-annual reports. Semi-annual reports required by the permit shall be submitted to the Administrator within thirty (30) days following the end of the period covered in the report and shall contain:
2235 2236 2237	(A) Any changes to the physical, chemical, and other relevant characteristics of the carbon dioxide stream from the proposed operating data;
2238 2239 2240	(B) Monthly average, maximum, and minimum values for injection pressure, flow rate and volume, and annular pressure;
2241 2242 2243	(C) A description of any event that exceeds operating parameters for annulus pressure or injection pressure as specified in the permit;
2244 2245 2246	(D) A description of any event that triggers a shutdown device required pursuant to Section 18(g) of this Chapter, and the response taken;
2247 2248	(E) The monthly volume of the carbon dioxide stream injected over the reporting period and project cumulatively;

2250			(F)	Monthly annulus fluid volume added; and
2251				
2252			(G)	The results of monitoring required by Section 20 of this Chapter;
2253				
2254		(ii)	Repor	ts, within thirty (30) days, of receiving the results, of:
2255				
2256			(A)	Periodic tests of mechanical integrity;
2257				
2258			(B)	Any other test of the injection well conducted by the owner or
2259	operator if red	quired by	y the A	dministrator; and
2260				
2261			(C)	Any well workover; and
2262				
2263		(iii)	Repor	ts, within twenty-four (24) hours, of:
2264				
2265			(A)	Any evidence that the injected carbon dioxide stream or associated
2266	pressure front	t may ca	use an	endangerment to a USDW;
2267	_			
2268			(B)	Any noncompliance with a permit condition, or malfunction of the
2269	injection syste	em, whi	ch may	cause fluid migration into or between USDWs;
2270	3		•	
2271			(C)	Any triggering of a shut-off system, either down-hole or at the
2272	surface;		` /	
2273	,			
2274			(D)	Any release of carbon dioxide to the atmosphere or biosphere
2275	indicated by t	he surfa	` /	or soil gas monitoring or other monitoring technologies required by
2276	Section 14(b)			
2277	(1)			
2278			(E)	Any failure to maintain mechanical integrity.
2279			(2)	Timy randre to maintain moonamour mogney.
2280	(b)	Owner	s or on	erators shall notify the Administrator in writing thirty (30) days in
2281	advance of:	O WHEI	o or op	erations shall notify the realismistration in writing timely (50) days in
2282	davance or.			
2283		(i)	Any n	lanned well workover;
2284		(1)	7 my p	minica wen workever,
2285		(ii)	Δηνη	lanned stimulation activities, other than stimulation for formation
2286	testing condu	` /		ion 10 of this Chapter; and
2287	testing condu	cica and	ici Scci	ion 10 of this Chapter, and
2288		(iii)	Δηνιο	ther planned test of the injection well conducted by the owner or
2289	operator	(111)	Ally 0	their planned test of the injection wen conducted by the owner or
2290	operator.			
2290	(c)	Owner	e or or	arotors shall submit all required reports, submittals, and notifications
2291	` '			erators shall submit all required reports, submittals, and notifications d to EPA (in an electronic format acceptable to EPA).
	to both the At	ammistr	atui all	i to El A (ill all electronic format acceptable to EFA).
2293	(4)	Ovvence		aretare shall submit a varitten report to the Administrator of all
2294	(d)	Owner	s or op	erators shall submit a written report to the Administrator of all

2295 remedial work concerning the failure of equipment or operational procedures that resulted in a 2296 violation of a permit condition at the completion of the remedial work. 2297 2298 For any aborted or curtailed operation, the owner or operator shall submit to the 2299 Administrator a complete report within thirty (30) days of complete termination of the discharge 2300 or associated activity. 2301 2302 Section 23. Injection Well-plugging. 2303 2304 Prior to well-plugging, the owner or operator shall flush each Class VI injection 2305 well with a buffer fluid, determine bottom hole reservoir pressure, and perform a final external 2306 mechanical integrity test in accordance with Section 19 of this Chapter. 2307 2308 (b) The owner or operator of a Class VI well shall prepare, maintain, update on the 2309 same schedule as the update to the area of review delineation, and comply with a well-plugging plan that is approved by the Administrator. The well-plugging plan shall include the following 2310 information: 2311 2312 2313 (i) Appropriate test or measure to determine bottom hole reservoir pressure; 2314 2315 Appropriate testing methods to ensure final external mechanical integrity as specified in Section 19 of this Chapter; 2316 2317 2318 (iii) The type and number of plugs to be used; 2319 2320 The placement of each plug including the elevation of the top and bottom (iv) 2321 of each plug; 2322 2323 The type and grade and quantity of material, suitable for use with the (v) 2324 carbon dioxide stream, to be used in plugging; and 2325 2326 A description of the method of placement of the plugs. (vi) 2327 2328 Any amendments to the injection well-plugging plan are subject to approval by 2329 the Administrator, shall be incorporated into the permit if approved, and are subject to the permit 2330 modification requirements of Section 6 of this Chapter. 2331 2332 The owner or operator shall notify the Administrator, in writing, at least sixty (60) (d) 2333 days before plugging a well. 2334 2335 If any changes have been made to the original well-plugging plan, the (i) 2336 owner or operator shall also provide the revised well-plugging plan with notice of its intent to 2337 plug the well.

The Administrator may allow a shorter notice period.

23382339

(ii)

2340 2341 (e) Within sixty (60) days after completion of plugging and abandonment of a well or 2342 well field, the owner or operator shall submit to the Administrator a final report that includes: 2343 2344 (i) Certification of completion in accordance with approved plans and 2345 specifications by a licensed professional engineer or a licensed professional geologist; and 2346 2347 (ii) Certification of accuracy by the owner or operator and by the person who 2348 performed the plugging operation (if other than the owner or operator). 2349 2350 Section 24. **Post-injection Site Care and Site Closure.** 2351 2352 The owner or operator of a Class VI well shall prepare, maintain, update on the 2353 same schedule as the update to the area of review delineation, and comply with a plan for post-2354 injection site care and site closure that meets the requirements of subparagraph (a)(ii) of this 2355 Section and is approved by the Administrator. 2356 2357 (i) The post-injection site care and site closure plan is subject to approval by the Administrator in consultation with EPA. 2358 2359 2360 (ii) The post-injection site care and site closure plan shall include the 2361 following information: 2362 2363 (A) A demonstration containing substantial evidence that the geologic sequestration project will no longer pose a risk of endangerment to USDWs and will not harm or 2364 present a risk to human health, safety, or the environment at the end of the post-injection site 2365 2366 care timeframe. The demonstration shall be based on significant, site-specific data and 2367 information, including all data and information collected pursuant to Sections 10 and 12 of this 2368 Chapter; 2369 2370 The site closure plan shall address all reclamation, monitoring, and (B) 2371 remediation sufficient to show that the carbon dioxide stream injected into the geologic 2372 sequestration site will not harm human health, safety, the environment, or drinking water 2373 supplies; 2374 2375 Detailed plans for post-injection monitoring, verification, 2376 maintenance, and mitigation; 2377 2378 The pressure differential between pre-injection and predicted post-(D) 2379 injection pressures in the injection zone; 2380 2381 The predicted position of the carbon dioxide plume and associated (E) 2382 pressure front at the time when plume movement has ceased and pressure differentials sufficient 2383 to cause the movement of injected fluids or formation fluids into a USDW are no longer present,

as demonstrated in the area of review evaluation required under Section 13(b)(i) of this Chapter;

2385				
2386		(F)	A descr	iption of post-injection monitoring locations, methods, and
2387	proposed frequency;			
2388				
2389		(G)		osed schedule for submitting post-injection site care
2390	monitoring results pur	rsuant t	o Section	n 22(c) of this Chapter;
2391				
2392		(H)	The dur	ration of the post-injection site care timeframe that ensures
2393	compliance with subp	aragrap	oh (A) of	this paragraph;
2394				
2395		(I)		ults of computational modeling performed pursuant to
2396	delineation of the area	a of rev	iew unde	er Section 13 of this Chapter;
2397				
2398		(J)	The pre	dicted timeframe for pressure decline:
2399				
2400				Within the injection zone and any other zones such that
2401	formation fluids may	not be	forced in	to any USDWs; or
2402				
2403			(II)	To pre-injection pressures;
2404				
2405		(K)	-	dicted rate of carbon dioxide plume migration within the
2406	injection zone, and th	e predi	cted time	frame for the cessation of migration;
2407				
2408		(L)		iption of the site-specific processes that will result in
2409		_	ading im	mobilization by capillary trapping, dissolution, and
2410	mineralization at the s	site;		
2411				
2412		(M)	-	dicted rate of carbon dioxide trapping in the immobile
2413	capillary phase, disso	lved ph	ase, and	mineral phase;
2414				
2415		(N)		ults of laboratory analyses, research studies, and field or
2416	site-specific studies to	o verify	the info	mation required in subparagraphs (J) and (K) of this
2417	paragraph;			
2418				
2419		(O)		cterization of the confining zones including a
2420				nsmissive faults, fractures, and micro-fractures and of
2421	appropriate thickness.	, perme	ability, a	nd integrity to impede fluid (including carbon dioxide and
2422	formation fluids) mov	ement;		
2423				
2424		(P)	The pre	sence of potential conduits for fluid movement, including
2425		-	•	onitoring wells associated with the proposed geologic
2426				jects in proximity to the predicted or modeled final extent
2427	of the carbon dioxide	plume	and area	of elevated pressure;
2428				
2429		(Q)	A descr	iption of the well construction and an assessment of the

quality of plugs of all abandoned wells within the area of review;					
	(R)	The distance between the injection zone and the nearest USDWs			
above and below the injection zone; and					
	(S)	Any additional site-specific factors required by the Administrator.			
(iii)	Inform	mation submitted to support the demonstration in subparagraph (a)(ii)			
of this Section shall r	neet th	e following criteria:			
	(A)	All analyses and tests performed shall be accurate, reproducible,			
and performed in acc	ordanc	e with industry standards;			
	(B)	Estimation techniques shall be appropriate;			
	<i>(</i> ~ )				
	(C)	EPA-certified test protocols shall be used where available;			
	(D)				
11.1	` ′	Predictive models shall be appropriate and tailored to the site			
· •		he carbon dioxide stream and injection, and site conditions over the			
life of the geologic se	equestra	ation project;			
	(E)	Duradictive and delected the colling to divide a suictive information			
(	` /	Predictive models shall be calibrated using existing information			
•		m Class I, Class II, Class V experimental technology, or Class VI			
well sites) where sun	ilcient (	data are available,			
	(E)	Pagganghly conservative values and modeling assumptions shall			
he used and disclosed	` /	Reasonably conservative values and modeling assumptions shall Administrator whenever values are estimated on the basis of known,			
mstorical information	1 IIIstca	d of site-specific measurements,			
	(G)	An analysis shall be performed to identify and assess aspects of the			
nost-injection site car	` /	frame demonstration that contribute significantly to uncertainty. The			
owner or operator shall conduct sensitivity analyses to determine the effect that significant					
-		·			
	(H)	An approved quality assurance and quality control plan shall			
address all aspects of	` /				
	(I)	Any additional criteria required by the Administrator shall be met.			
	` /	J J			
(iv)	Upon	cessation of injection, owners or operators of Class VI wells shall			
` '	-	ost-injection site care and site closure plan or demonstrate to the			
	_	toring data and modeling results that no amendment to the plan is			
		the post-injection site care and site closure plan shall be:			
-		<u>-</u>			
	(A)	Subject to approval by the Administrator;			
	above and below the  (iii) of this Section shall r  and performed in acc  conditions, composit life of the geologic se  (which may be obtain well sites) where suff  be used and disclosed historical information  post-injection site car owner or operator sha uncertainty may cont  address all aspects of  (iv) either submit an ame Administrator througe	(R) above and below the injection (S)  (iii) Inform of this Section shall meet the section section section (B)  (C)  (D)  (conditions, composition of the life of the geologic sequestre (E)  (which may be obtained from well sites) where sufficient section sites and disclosed to the historical information instead owner or operator shall conduct the section site care times owner or operator shall conduct the section shall conduct the section site care times owner or operator shall conduct the section shall shall shall see the section shall conduct the section shall shall see the section shall conduct the section shall see the section shall			

2475			
2476	(	(B)	Incorporated into the permit; and
2477		(C)	Subject to the manniture difference manipulation of Section Cof
2478		(C)	Subject to the permit modification requirements of Section 6 of
2479	this Chapter.		
2480	(**)	The on	when an analystan may amend the most injection site some and site
2481 2482			where or operator may amend the post-injection site care and site
		-	perator shall re-submit the post-injection site care and closure plan
2483 2484	for the Administrator's	appro	val within thirty (30) days of amending the plan.
2485	(vi) I	[]non t	receipt of the Administrator's approval of the post injection site core
2485			receipt of the Administrator's approval of the post-injection site care her or operator shall submit the proposed cost estimate for
2487			d verification of plume stabilization required by Section 26(i) of
2488	this Chapter.	ing, an	d verification of plaine stabilization required by Section 20(1) of
2489	uns Chapter.		
2490	(b) The own	ner or	operator shall monitor the site following the cessation of injection
2491	* *		e carbon dioxide plume and pressure front and demonstrate that
2492	USDWs are not being 6		
2493	OBD WE are not being t	ciidaiig	50104.
2494	(i) T	The ov	vner or operator shall continue to conduct monitoring as specified in
2495			post-injection site care and site closure plan until the Administrator
2496	1.1		to Section 24(b)(iii) of this Chapter.
2497	r		- (c)()
2498	(ii)	The ov	vner or operator may request that the post-injection site care and site
2499			uce the frequency of monitoring, and the Administrator may
2500	-		ner or operator demonstrates that the plan should be revised.
2501	11 1		1
2502	(iii) I	Prior to	o certification of site closure, the owner or operator shall
2503	demonstrate to the Adn	ninistr	ator, based on monitoring, other site-specific data, and modeling
2504			with site performance, that no additional monitoring is needed to
2505	ensure that the geologic	c sequ	estration project does not, and is not expected to endanger a USDW
2506			health, safety, or the environment. In addition, the owner or
2507	operator shall demonstr	rate, b	ased on the best available understanding of the site including
2508	monitoring data and mo	odeling	g, that all other site closure standards and requirements have been
2509	met.		
2510			
2511	(iv) I	If the c	owner or operator does not demonstrate that the requirements of
2512	subparagraph (b)(iii) of	f this S	Section have been met, the owner or operator shall continue post-
2513	injection site care.		
2514			
2515			vner or operator shall notify the Administrator, in writing, at least
2516	•	-	est for site closure. At this time, if any changes have been made to
2517			e care and site closure plan, the owner or operator shall also provide
2518	the revised plan. The A	dmini	strator may allow a shorter notice period.

2520 Post-injection site care shall be continue for a period-of not less than ten 2521 (10) years after the date when all wells excluding monitoring wells have been appropriately plugged and abandoned, all subsurface operations and activities have ceased and all surface 2522 equipment and improvements have been removed or appropriately abandoned, or so long 2523 2524 thereafter as necessary to obtain a completion and release certificate from the Administrator certifying that plume stabilization has been achieved without the use of control equipment based 2525 2526 on a minimum of three (3) consecutive years of monitoring data. that meets the criteria of W.S. § 2527 35-11-313(f)(vi)(F). 2528 2529 After the Administrator has certified site closure, the owner or operator shall plug 2530 monitoring wells in a manner approved by the Administrator that will not allow movement of 2531 injection or formation fluids. 2532 2533 (d) The owner or operator shall submit a site closure report within ninety (90) days 2534 after completion of all closure operations. The report shall include: 2535 2536 (i) Documentation of injection and monitoring well-plugging that meets the 2537 requirements of Section 23 of this Chapter and paragraph (c) of this Section 2538 2539 A copy of a survey plat that has been submitted to the local zoning (ii) 2540 authority designated by the Administrator, and: 2541 2542 (A) The plat shall indicate the location of the injection well(s) and 2543 monitoring wells relative to permanently surveyed benchmarks; and 2544 2545 (B) The owner or operator shall also submit a copy of the plat to the 2546 US EPA Regional Administrator; 2547 2548 Documentation of appropriate notification and information to the State, (iii) 2549 local and tribal authorities that have authority over drilling activities to enable them to impose 2550 appropriate conditions on subsequent drilling activities that may penetrate the injection and 2551 confining zones; 2552 2553 (iv) Proof that the owner or operator has: 2554 2555 Published notice of the application for site closure, including a 2556 mechanism to request a public hearing, in a newspaper of general circulation in each county of the proposed operation at weekly intervals for four (4) consecutive weeks; and 2557 2558 2559 (B) Mailed notice of the application for site closure to all surface 2560 owners, mineral claimants, mineral owners, lessees, and other owners of record of subsurface 2561 interests that are located within one (1) mile of the proposed boundary of the geologic

(v) Records of the nature, composition, and volume of the carbon dioxide

sequestration site; and

2565 stream. 2566 2567 Each owner or operator of a Class VI injection well must shall record a notation (e) on the deed to the facility property or any other document that is normally examined during title 2568 2569 search that will in perpetuity provide notice to any potential purchaser of the property, and shall 2570 file an affidavit in accordance with W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(vi)(G), that includes the following information: 2571 2572 2573 (i) The fact that land has been used to sequester carbon dioxide; 2574 2575 (ii) The name of the State agency, local authority, or Tribe with which the survey plat was filed, as well as the address of the EPA regional office to which it was 2576 2577 submitted; and 2578 2579 The volume of fluid injected, the injection zone or zones into which it was 2580 injected, and the period over which injection occurred. 2581 2582 Section 25. **Emergency and Remedial Response.** 2583 2584 All owners or operators of a Class VI well shall develop, and maintain, and (a) 2585 comply with an emergency and remedial response plan that describes actions to be taken to 2586 address movement of the injectate or formation fluids that endangers a USDW or threatens 2587 human health, safety, or the environment during construction, operation, closure, and post-2588 closure periods. 2589 2590 The emergency and remedial response plan shall be reviewed and updated, (i) 2591 as necessary, on the same schedule as the update to the area of review delineation. 2592 2593 Any amendments to the emergency and remedial response plan shall be (ii) 2594 subject to approval by the Administrator, shall be incorporated into the permit, and are subject to 2595 the permit modification requirements of Section 6 of this Chapter. Amendments to the 2596 emergency and remedial response plan shall be submitted to the Administrator as follows: 2597 2598 (A) Within one (1) year of an area of review reevaluation; 2599 2600 Following any significant changes to the facility, such as addition 2601 of injection or monitoring wells; or 2602 2603 (C) When required by the Administrator. 2604 2605 The emergency and remedial response plan shall account for the entire (iii)

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2608 2609 action in the area of review is phased.

(b) If any monitoring data or other information indicate that any contaminant, the

area of review delineated pursuant to Section 13 of this Chapter, regardless of whether corrective

2610		xide stream, displaced formation fluids, or associated pressure front may		
2611	C	or threaten human health, safety, or the environment, the owner or operator		
2612	shall:			
2613				
2614	(i)	Immediately cease injection;		
2615				
2616	(ii)	Take all steps reasonably necessary to identify and characterize any		
2617	release;			
2618				
2619	(iii)	Orally notify the Administrator within twenty-four (24) hours of		
2620	discovering the con-	dition; and		
2621				
2622	(iv)	Provide a written report to the Administrator within five (5) days of		
2623	discovering the con-	dition. The written report shall contain:		
2624				
2625		(A) A description of the noncompliance and its cause;		
2626				
2627		(B) The period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times,		
2628	and, if the noncomp	cliance has not been controlled, the anticipated time it is expected to continue;		
2629	and			
2630				
2631		(C) Steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent		
2632	reoccurrence of the	noncompliance.		
2633				
2634	(c) If an	owner or operator discovers any noncompliance with a permit condition or a		
2635		Chapter that may cause fluid migration into or between USDWs, any		
2636		njection system that may cause fluid migration into or between USDWs, or		
2637		owner or operator shall:		
2638	•	•		
2639	(i)	Orally notify the Administrator within twenty-four (24) hours of		
2640	discovering the con-			
2641	C			
2642	(ii)	Provide a written report to the Administrator within five (5) days of		
2643	discovering the con-	dition, which shall contain:		
2644		<del></del>		
2645		(A) A description of the noncompliance, malfunction, or excursion and		
2646	its cause;	(12)		
2647	100 00000,			
2648		(B) The period of noncompliance, malfunction, or excursion, including		
2649	exact dates and time	es, and, if the noncompliance, malfunction, or excursion has not been		
2650	controlled, the anticipated time it is expected to continue;			
2651	tomonou, mo unite	-parte and a to expected to contained,		
2652		(C) Steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent		
2653	reoccurrence of the	noncompliance, malfunction, or excursion.		

- (iii) If an excursion is discovered, provide written notice to all surface owners, mineral claimants, mineral owners, lessees, and other owners of record of subsurface interests within thirty (30) days of discovering the excursion; and
- (iv) Implement the emergency and remedial response plan approved by the Administrator.
- (d) The Administrator may allow the owner or operator to resume injection prior to implementing the emergency and remedial response plan if the owner or operator demonstrates that the injection operation will not endanger USDWs or otherwise threaten human health, safety, or the environment.
- (e) If any water quality monitoring of a USDW indicates the movement of any contaminant into the USDW, except as authorized under this Chapter, the Administrator shall prescribe any additional requirements for construction, corrective action, operation, monitoring, reporting, or closure of the injection well that are necessary to prevent further movement, and:
- (i) If the well responsible for the movement is authorized by permit, these additional requirements shall be imposed by modifying the permit; or
- (ii) The <u>Administrator Director</u> may terminate or revoke and reissue the permit pursuant to Section 7 of this Chapter.

# Section 26. Financial Responsibility.

- (a) Owners or operators of Class VI wells shall establish, demonstrate, and maintain financial responsibility for all applicable phases of the geologic sequestration project, including complete site reclamation in the event of default. The phases of a geologic sequestration project are:
  - (i) Permitting/characterization;
  - (ii) Testing and monitoring, pursuant to Section 20 of this Chapter;
- (iii) Operations, including injection and well-plugging, pursuant to Sections 18 and 23 of this Chapter;
- (iv) Post-injection site care, including plume stabilization, monitoring, measurement, verification, corrective action, and other actions needed to ensure that underground sources of drinking water are not endangered from the time of well-plugging until site closure is certified by the Administrator and above ground-reclamation is completed, pursuant to Section 24 of this Chapter; and
  - (v) Emergency and remedial response pursuant to Section 25 of this Chapter.

2700 2701	(b) The owner or operator shall develop and annually update in accordance with paragraph (f) of this Section, a written financial assurance cost estimate.			
2702 2703	1 11	(i)	The fi	nancial assurance cost estimate shall include the cost in current
2704	dollars of:			
2705 2706	41-4	<b></b>	(A)	Performing corrective action on other wells in the area of review
2707	tnat require co	orrective	e action	under Section 13 of this Chapter;
2708 2709			(B)	Plugging the injection wells under Section 23 of this Chapter;
2710 2711 2712	Chantari		(C)	Post-injection site care and site closure under Section 24 of this
	Chapter;			
2713 2714			(D)	Testing and monitoring under Section 20 of this Chapter; and
2715 2716			(E)	Emergency and remedial response under Section 25 of this
2710	Chapter		(E)	Emergency and remedial response under Section 25 of this
2717 2718	Chapter.			
2718 2719		(ii)	The fi	nancial accurrance acet actimate shall consider the following events:
		(11)	THE II	nancial assurance cost estimate shall consider the following events:
2720			(1)	Contamination of underground sources of water including
2721	dminizina vyata		(A)	Contamination of underground sources of water including,
2722	drinking water	r suppii	es;	
2723			( <b>D</b> )	Minaral rights infringements
2724			(B)	Mineral rights infringement;
2725			(C)	Cincle laws values release of earlier disvide that impacts human
2726	hoolth and oof		(C)	Single large-volume release of carbon dioxide that impacts human
2727	nearm and sar	ety or ti	iai caus	ses ecological damage;
2728			(D)	I are level leakeness of contain distribute the conformation that imments
2729	levene on the olith	ad a a f	(D)	Low-level leakage of carbon dioxide to the surface that impacts
2730	numan neam	and sar	ety or t	hat causes ecological damage;
2731			(E)	Storage rights infringement;
2732			(E)	Storage rights intringement;
2733			(E)	
2734	. 1	1	(F)	Property and infrastructure damage, including changes to surface
2735	topography ar	ia struci	tures;	
2736			(C)	Enterior 1 and minor of materials of a standard of and a standard
2737	1' '1		(G)	Entrained contaminant releases of contaminants other than carbon
2738	dioxide;			
2739			(T.T.)	
2740			(H)	Accidents and unplanned events;
2741			<b>(T</b> )	XX/ 11
2742			(I)	Well capping and permitted abandonment; and
2743			<b>(T)</b>	D 1.01 10.112 1.22
2744			(J)	Removal of above-ground facilities and site reclamation.

2790						
2791	(v) Self-insurance (i.e., Financial Test and Corporate Guarantee);					
2792						
2793	(vi) Escrow account;					
2794						
2795	(vii) Any other instrument(s) satisfactory to the Administrator.					
2796						
2797	(iv) <u>Cash; or</u>					
2798						
2799	(v) <u>Federally Insured Certificates of Deposit.</u>					
2800						
2801	(d) The qualifying instruments shall be sufficient to cover the cost of the financial					
2802	assurance cost estimate required in paragraph (b) of this Section.					
2803						
2804	(e) The qualifying financial responsibility instruments shall comprise protective					
2805	conditions of coverage that include at a minimum cancellation, renewal, continuation provisions					
2806	specifications on when the provider becomes liable following a notice of cancellation, and					
2807	requirements for the provider to meet a minimum rating, minimum capitalization, and the ability					
2808	to pass the bond rating test when applicable.					
2809						
2810	(formerly Section 19(i)(i))(i) Cancellation—An owner or operator must shall					
2811	provide that their financial mechanism may not cancel, terminate or fail to renew except for					
2812	failure to pay such financial instrument. If there is a failure to pay the financial instrument, the					
2813	financial institution may elect to cancel, terminate, or fail to renew the instrument by sending					
2814	notice by certified mail to the owner or operator and the Administrator. The cancellation must					
2815	not be final for 120 days after receipt of cancellation notice. The owner or operator must provide					
2816	an alternate financial responsibility demonstration within sixty (60) days of notice of					
2817	cancellation, and if an alternate financial responsibility demonstration is not acceptable (or					
2818	possible), any funds from the instrument being cancelled must be released within sixty (60) days					
2819	of notification by the Administrator.					
2820						
2821	(formerly Section 19(i)(i))(A) If there is a failure to pay the financial					
2822	instrument, the financial institution may elect to cancel, terminate, or fail to renew the instrumen					
2823	by sending notice by certified mail to the owner or operator and the Administrator Director;					
2824						
2825	(formerly Section 19(i)(i))(B) The cancellation shall not be final for 120					
2826	days after receipt of cancellation notice;					
2827						
2828	(formerly Section 19(i)(i))(C) The owner or operator must provide an					
2829	alternate financial responsibility demonstration Wwithin sixty (60) days of notice of cancellation					
2830	the owner or operator shall provide to the Director an alternate financial responsibility					
2831	demonstration that meets the requirements of paragraphs (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g) of this Section;					
2832	<u>and</u>					
2833						
2834	(formerly Section 19(i)(i))(D) If an alternate financial responsibility					

2835 demonstration is not acceptable (or possible), any funds from the instrument being cancelled 2836 must shall be released within sixty (60) days of notification by the Administrator Director. 2837 2838 Owners or operators shall renew all financial instruments, if an instrument 2839 expires, for the entire term of the geologic sequestration project. The instrument may be 2840 automatically renewed as long as, at a minimum, the owner or operator has the option of renewal 2841 at the face amount of the expiring instrument. 2842 2843 (iii) Cancellation, termination, or failure to renew may not occur and the financial instrument shall remain in full force and effect in the event that on or before the date of 2844 2845 expiration: 2846 2847 (A) The Administrator deems the facility abandoned. 2848 2849 (B) The permit is terminated, revoked, or a new permit is denied. 2850 2851 (C) Closure is ordered by the Administrator Director, a U.S. district 2852 court, or other court of competent jurisdiction. 2853 2854 (D) The owner or operator is named as debtor in a voluntary or 2855 involuntary proceeding under Title 11 (Bankruptcy), U.S. Code. 2856 2857 (E) The amount due is paid. 2858 2859 (f) The qualifying financial responsibility instruments are subject to approval by the Director. The use and length of pay-in-periods for trust funds and escrow accounts are also 2860 2861 subject to approval by the Director. 2862 2863 No Class VI permit shall be issued until and unless the Director has (i) 2864 considered and approved the financial responsibility demonstration for all phases of the geologic 2865 sequestration project. 2866 2867 The Director may negotiate a satisfactory financial responsibility (ii) demonstration or deny a demonstration. 2868 2869 2870 The owner or operator shall provide any updated information related to 2871 financial responsibility instruments on an annual basis, and if there are any changes, the Director shall evaluate the financial responsibility demonstration and determine whether the instruments 2872 2873 used are adequate. The owner or operator shall maintain financial responsibility requirements 2874 regardless of the status of the Director's review of the financial responsibility demonstration. 2875 2876 The owner or operator shall provide an adjustment of the financial 2877 assurance cost estimate to the Administrator within sixty (60) days of receiving notice that the 2878 Administrator has determined that a demonstration of financial assurance is not adequate to

cover the cost of corrective action, injection well-plugging, post-injection site care and site

closure, and emergency and remedial response.

(v) During all phases of the geologic sequestration project, the owner or operator shall adjust the financial assurance cost estimate for inflation within sixty (60) days prior to the anniversary date of the establishment of the financial instruments used to comply with this Section and provide this adjustment to the Administrator. The owner or operator shall also provide to the Administrator written updates of adjustments to the cost estimate within sixty (60) days of any amendments to the area of review and corrective action plan, the injection well-plugging plan, the post-injection site care and site closure plan, the emergency and remedial response plan, and mitigation or reclamation costs that the State may incur as a result of any default by the permit holder.

(vi) Any decrease or increase to the financial assurance cost estimate shall be subject to approval by the Administrator. During all phases of the geologic sequestration project, the owner or operator shall revise the cost estimate no later than sixty (60) days after the Administrator has approved a request to modify the area of review and corrective action plan, the injection well-plugging plan, the post-injection site care and site closure plan, or the emergency and response plan, if the change in the plan increases the cost. If the change to the plan decreases the cost, any withdrawal of funds is subject to approval by the Administrator. Any decrease to the value of the financial assurance instrument is subject to approval by the Administrator.

(vii) Whenever the current financial assurance cost estimate increases to an amount greater than the face amount of a financial instrument currently in use, the owner or operator, within sixty (60) days after the increase, shall either cause the face amount to be increased to an amount at least equal to the current financial assurance cost estimate and submit evidence of such increase to the Administrator, or the owner or operator shall obtain other financial responsibility instruments to cover the increase. Whenever the current financial assurance cost estimate decreases, the face amount of the financial assurance instrument may be reduced to the amount of the current financial assurance cost estimate only after the owner or operator has received written approval from the Administrator.

(g) The owner or operator may demonstrate financial responsibility by using one (1) or multiple qualifying financial instruments for specific phases of the geologic sequestration project, subject to the following requirements:

(i) Owners or operators that propose to demonstrate financial assurance with surety bonds shall meet the following requirements:

(A) A corporate surety shall not be considered good and sufficient unless:

(I) It is licensed to do business in the State;

(II) The estimated bond amount does not exceed the limit of risk as provided for in W.S. § 26-5-110, nor raise the total of all bonds held by the applicant

under tl	hat surety above three (3) times the limit of risk; and
	(III) The surety agrees:
	(1.) Not to cancel bond unless the Department gives
prior w	ritten approval of a good and sufficient replacement surety with transfer of the liability
hat has	s accrued against the operator on the permit area, site, or facility;
	(2.) To be jointly and severally liable with the permittee
owner.	or operator.
<u> </u>	or operator.
	(3.) To provide immediate written notice to the
<u>Departr</u>	ment and operator once it becomes unable or may become unable due to any action filed
<u>against</u>	it to fulfill its obligations under the bond.
1 (1	(B) If for any reason the surety becomes unable to fulfill its obligations
	he bond, the operator shall provide the required notice. Failure to comply with this
provisio	on shall result in suspension of the permit.
	(C) The surety bond shall be submitted on a Wyoming Department of
Enviror	nmental Quality form.
	<u></u>
	(ii) Owners or operators that propose to demonstrate financial assurance with
cash, or	r government securities, or a combination of both, shall meet the following requirements:
	(A) Securities that are unencumbered shall only include those that are
	States government securities or state government securities that are acceptable to the
	or. Government securities shall be endorsed to the order of the Department and placed in
•	sion of the Department. Possession shall be in the form of the cash value of the irrevocable
	r the full amount of the reclamation obligation and payable to the Department and
<u>rederall</u>	y insured.
	(B) An owner or operator shall satisfy the requirements of this
subsect	ion by establishing an irrevocable trust that conforms to the requirements below and
	ting an originally signed duplicate of the trust agreement to the Director for consideration
	(I) The irrevocable trust shall be submitted to the Director on
	oming Department of Environmental Quality Irrevocable Trust Form and be signed by
	ner, operator, or guarantor as principal and the financial institution as Trustee, and made
<u>payable</u>	e to the Department;
TTe 14 1	(II) The Trustee shall be a bank organized to do business in the
	States that has the authority to act as a trustee and whose trust operations is regulated and
<u>examın</u>	ed by a federal agency;

)	(III) The irrevocable trust shall be cash funded for the full				
	amount of the financial assurance obligation to be provided in the irrevocable trust before it may				
2	be approved to satisfy the requirements of financial assurance in lieu of a bond. For purposes of				
3	this subsection, "the full amount of the financial assurance obligation to be provided" means the				
	amount of coverage required to be provided by paragraphs (b) and (i) of this Section, less the				
	amount of financial assurance obligation that is being provided by other financial assurance				
	mechanisms being used to demonstrate financial assurance by the owner, operator, or guarantor;				
	(IV) Any bond may be canceled by the surety only after ninety				
	(90) days written notice to the Director, and upon receipt of the Director's written consent, which				
	may be granted only when the requirements of the irrevocable trust have been fulfilled; and				
	(V) Irrevocable trust forfeiture proceedings shall occur only				
	after the Department provides notice to the owner or operator and trustee pursuant to W.S. 35-				
	11-701 that a violation exists and the Environmental Quality Council has approved the request of				
	the Director to begin forfeiture proceedings.				
	(iii) Owners or operators that propose to demonstrate financial assurance with				
	irrevocable letters of credit shall meet the following conditions:				
	(A) The irrevocable letter of credit shall be payable to the Department				
	in part or in full upon demand and receipt from the Director of a notice of forfeiture issued in				
	accordance with paragraph (t) of this Section;				
	(B) The irrevocable letter of credit shall not be in excess of ten percent				
	of the issuing or supporting bank's capital surplus account as shown on a balance sheet liabilities				
	certified by a certified public accountant;				
	(C) The Discrete colour and the letters of an disc				
	(C) The Director shall not accept standby letters of credit;				
	(D) The Director shall not accept letters of credit from a bank for any				
	person, on all permits held by that person, in excess of the limitations imposed by W.S. §13-3-				
	402; and				
	(E) The irrevocable letter of credit shall provide that:				
	(2)				
	(I) The bank will give prompt notice to the owner or operator				
	and the Director of any notice received or action filed alleging the insolvency or bankruptcy of				
	the bank or alleging any violations of regulatory requirements that could result in suspension or				
	revocation of the bank's charter or license to do business;				
	(II) In the event the bank becomes unable to fulfill its				
	obligations under the letter of credit for any reason, notice shall be given immediately to the				
	owner or operator and the Director; and				

3015	(III) Upon the incapacity of a bank by reason of bankruptcy,						
3016	insolvency, or suspension or revocation of its charter or license, the owner or operator shall be						
3017	deemed to be without performance bond coverage in violation of the Act. The Director shall						
3018	issue a notice of violation against any owner or operator who is without bond coverage,						
3019	specifying a reasonable period to replace bond coverage, not to exceed ninety (90) days. During						
3020	this period the Director or the Director's designated representative shall conduct weekly						
3021	inspections to ensure continuing compliance with other permit requirements, the regulations and						
3022	the Act. If the notice is not abated in accordance with the schedule, a cessation order shall be						
3023	issued.						
3024							
3025	(IV) The irrevocable letter of credit may be cancelled by the						
3026	surety only after ninety (90) days notice to the Director, and upon receipt of the Director's						
3027	written consent, which may be granted only when the requirements of the bond have been						
3028	fulfilled.						
3029							
3030	(F) The irrevocable letter may only be issued by a bank organized to						
3031	do business in the U.S. that identifies by name, address, and telephone number an agent upon						
3032	whom any process, notice or demand required or permitted by law to be served upon the bank						
3033	may be served.						
3034							
3035	(I) If the bank fails to appoint or maintain an agent in this						
3036	State, or whenever any such agent cannot be reasonably found, then the Director shall be an						
3037	agent for such bank upon whom any process, notice or demand may be served for the purpose of						
3038	this Chapter. In the event of any such process, the Director shall immediately cause one copy of						
3039	such process, notice or demand to be forwarded by registered mail to the bank at its principal						
3040	place of business. The Director shall keep a record of all processes, notices, or demands served						
3041	upon him under this paragraph, and shall record therein the time of such service and his action						
3042	with reference thereto.						
3043							
3044	(II) Nothing herein contained shall limit or affect the right to						
3045	serve any process, notice or demand required or permitted by law to be served upon the bank in						
3046	any other manner now or hereafter permitted by law.						
3047							
3048	(h) The owner or operator shall maintain financial responsibility and resources until:						
3049							
3050	(i) <u>The Administrator receives the site closure report and certifies site</u>						
3051	<u>closure.</u>						
3052	(A) When the conditions of W.C. 8.25 11 212(f)(vi)(T) have been mate						
3053	(A) When the conditions of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(vi)(F) have been met, the owner or operator may submit a written request to the Administrator to release the retained						
3054 3055	financial assurance instruments; and						
3056	inancial assurance instruments, and						
3057	(B) The Administrator shall evaluate the request within sixty (60) days						
JUJ 1	(D) The ranninguator shall evaluate the request within sixty (00) days						

of the receipt of the financial assurance release request.

60	(I) If the Administrator finds the
61	owner or operator has demonstrated the requirements of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(vi)(F) have been
62	met, the Administrator shall prepare a draft recommendation to the Director to approve the
63	request and provide public notice pursuant to Section 27 of this Chapter.
64	
65	(II) <u>Re-submittal of information by an operator for an</u>
56	incomplete demonstration of the requirements of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(vi)(F) will restart the
57	process described in this subsection.
8	
9	(III) <u>If the Administrator finds the owner or operator has not</u>
	demonstrated the requirements of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(vi)(F) have been met, the Administrator
	shall prepare a draft recommendation to the Director to deny the request.
	(C) After receiving public comment and holding a hearing (if a hearing
	is held) pursuant to Section 27 of this Chapter, the Director shall determine whether the operator
	has demonstrated the requirements of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(vi)(F) have been met.
	(I) <u>If the Director finds the owner or operator has</u>
	demonstrated the requirements of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(vi)(F) have been met, the Director shall
	notify the owner or operator and request the State Treasurer to release that portion of the final
	financial assurance instruments. The State Treasurer shall then return the financial assurance
	instruments constituting that portion of the financial assurance so retained.
	(II) If the Director finds the owner or operator has not
	demonstrated the requirements of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(vi)(F) have been met, the Director shall
	notify the owner or operator by registered mail within a reasonable time after the request is filed.
	The notice shall state the reasons for denial and shall recommend corrective actions.
	(ii) The owner or operator meets the requirements for release from a financial
	instrument in the following circumstances:
	(A) The owner or operator has completed the phase of the geologic
	sequestration project for which the financial instrument was required and has fulfilled all its
	financial obligations as determined by the Director, including obtaining financial responsibility
	for the next phase of the geologic sequestration project, if required;
	(B) The owner or operator has submitted a replacement financial
	instrument and received written approval from the Director accepting the new financial
	instrument and releasing the owner or operator from the previous financial instrument; or
	(C) The owner or operator has submitted a revised financial assurance
	cost estimate for the remaining phases of the geologic sequestration project. The revised
	financial assurance cost estimate may demonstrate that a partial release of the financial
	instrument is warranted and will still provide adequate financial assurance for the remainder of
L	the geologic sequestration project. Partial release of the financial instrument is at the discretion

3105 of the Director.

(i) Within a reasonable time following certification of site closure by the Administrator, plume stabilization, the completion of all remediation work, and release of all other financial assurance instruments, the owner or operator shall submit a proposed cost estimate for measurement, monitoring, and verification of plume stabilization. The Administrator shall evaluate and determine whether the proposed cost estimate is adequate.

(j) The owner or operator shall notify the Director by certified mail of adverse financial conditions, such as bankruptcy, that may affect its ability to complete injection well-plugging and post-injection site care and site closure.

(i) The owner or operator shall notify the Director by certified mail of the commencement of a voluntary or involuntary proceeding under Title 11 (Bankruptcy), U.S. Code, naming the owner or operator or the third-party provider of a financial responsibility instrument as debtor, within ten (10) days after commencement of the proceeding.

(ii) An owner or operator who fulfills the requirements of this Section by obtaining an irrevocable trust fund, surety bond, or irrevocable letter of credit shall be deemed to be without the required financial assurance in the event of:

(A) Bankruptcy of the trustee or issuing institution;

(B) A suspension or revocation of the authority of the trustee institution to act as trustee of the institution issuing the irrevocable trust fund, surety bond, or irrevocable letter of credit; or

(C) If the license to do business in Wyoming of the surety issuing financial assurance is suspended or revoked.

(iii) Within sixty (60) days after such an event the owner or operator shall establish other financial assurance that meets the requirements of paragraphs (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g) of this Section.

(k) The Department shall conduct bond forfeiture proceedings pursuant to W.S. § 35-11-421. If the forfeited financial assurance instrument is inadequate to cover the costs of the closure, mitigation, reclamation, measurement, monitoring, verification, and pollution control, the Department may request that the Attorney General bring suit to recover costs against the owner, operator, or permittee.

(l) The owner or operator shall obtain and maintain public liability insurance for a geologic sequestration project.

(i) The public liability insurance <u>policy</u> shall be in addition to the financial assurance required in Section 19 of this chapter.:

3150						
3151	(A) The insurance policy shall provide for personal injury and property					
3152	damage protection and shall be in place until a completion and release certificate has been					
3153	obtained from the Administrator certifying that plume stabilization has been achieved. Include					
3154	coverage for the major risks identified in Appendix A to this Chapter;					
3155						
3156	(B) <u>Provide minimum coverage that:</u>					
3157						
3158	(I) Accounts for site-specific risk factor and bond adjustment					
3159	factor calculations, based on the previous year's information; and					
3160						
3161	(formerly Section 5(g)(iii))(II) The minimum insurance					
3162	coverage for public liability insurance as required by W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(ii)(O) shall be five					
3163	hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) for each occurrence of bodily injury or property damage,					
3164	and one million dollars (\$1,000,000) aggregate. Is at least \$15 million per occurrence with an					
3165	annual aggregate of at least \$45 million, exclusive of legal defense costs; and					
3166						
3167	(formerly Section 5(g)(iv))(C) The public liability insurance shall					
3168	iInclude a rider that requiringes that the insurer to notify the Administrator whenever substantive					
3169	changes are made to the policy, including any termination or failure to renew.					
3170						
3171	(ii) The owner or operator shall recalculate the minimum coverage amount of					
3172	the public liability insurance policy annually and at the same time that the owner or operator					
3173	updates the financial assurance cost estimate pursuant to paragraph (b) of this Section. The					
3174	owner or operator shall submit a copy of the current public liability insurance policy annually					
3175	and at the same time that the owner or operator submits an updated financial assurance cost					
3176	estimate pursuant to subparagraph (b)(viii) of this Section.					
3177						
3178	(iii) The owner or operator shall maintain the public liability insurance policy					
3179	until the Administrator certifies that plume stabilization has been achieved.					
3180						
3181	Section 27. Public Participation, Public Notice and Public Hearing Requirements.					
3182						
3183	(a) The Administrator shall give public notice if a draft permit has been prepared,					
3184	after receiving a financial assurance release request pursuant to Section 26(h)(i)(A) of this					
3185	Chapter and finding the operator has met the requirements of W.S. 35-11-313(f)(vi)(F), or if a					
3186	hearing has been scheduled.					
3187						
3188	(i) Public notice of the preparation of a draft permit shall allow at least sixty					
3189	(60) days for public comment.					
3190						
3191	(ii) Public notice of a hearing or recommendation to release financial					
3192	assurance after certifying site closure shall be given at least thirty (30) days before the hearing.					
3193						
3194	(iii) Public notice of a hearing may be given at the same time as public notice					

of the draft permit or of a draft recommendation to release financial assurance after certifying			
ite closure, a	and the two noti	ces may be combined.	
(b) Public notice shall be given by:			
	` '	ling a copy of the notice, a copy of the fact sheet, the permit	
ipplication (i	f any), and the	draft permit (if any) to the following persons:	
	(A)	The applicant, by certified or registered mail;	
	` '	The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 8 Drinking	
Water Progra	ım, by mail;		
	( <b>a</b> )		
	` '	The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Underground	
njection Cor	ntrol Program, b	y mail;	
	(D)	W ' C IFILD	
	(D)	Wyoming Game and Fish Department;	
	(E)	W ' G / F '	
	(E)	Wyoming State Engineer;	
	(F)	State Historical Preservation Officer;	
	(C)	Wysening Oil and Cas Consequation Commission.	
	(G)	Wyoming Oil and Gas Conservation Commission;	
		Wyoming Denoutment of Environmental Quality, Land Quality	
Siviai an .	(П)	Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality, Land Quality	
Jivision,			
	<b>(I</b> )	Wyoming State Geological Survey;	
	(1)	w youning state deological survey,	
	(I)	Wyoming Water Development Office;	
	(3)	w youning water Development Office,	
	( <b>K</b> )	Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality, Air Quality	
Division:	(11)	w youning Department of Environmental Quanty, An Quanty	
)1V1S1O11,			
	(I)	Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality, Solid and	
Hazardous W	` /		
Tazardous VV	aste Division, t	and	
	(M)	U.S. Army Corps of Engineers;	
	(111)	C.S. Timiy Corps of Engineers,	
	(N)	Federal agencies with jurisdiction over fish, shellfish, and wildlife	
esources and	` ′	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	(O)	The Advisory Council on Historic Preservation;	
	` '	*	
	(b)  Application (in the program of	(i) Provide application (if any), and the complex special (A)  (A)  (B)  Water Program, by mail;  (C)  njection Control Program, by  (D)  (E)  (F)  (G)  (H)  Division;  (I)  (J)  (K)	

3239			(P)	Any Tribes with Indian reservations and Indian lands identified
3240	pursuant to S	ections	10(b)(v	v) and 10(b)(ix)(A)(VII) of this Chapter;
3241				
3242			(Q)	Persons on the mailing list developed by the Department, including
3243	those who re	quest in	writing	g to be on the list and participants in hearings in that area who request
3244	to be on "are			
3245			6	, ·
3246			(R)	Any unit of state or local government having jurisdiction over the
3247	area where th	ne facilit	` /	oposed to be located.
3248			., P-	
3249		(ii)	Publi	shing the notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the location
3250	of the facility	` /		
3251		, F		
3252		(iii)	At the	e discretion of the Administrator, any other method reasonably
3253	expected to 9	` /		ce of the proposed action to the persons potentially affected by it,
3254		-		any other forum or medium to elicit public participation.
3255	meraams pre	755 10104	505 01 0	any outer rotain of medium to enert paone participation.
3256	(c)	All pu	ıblic no	otices issued under this chapter shall contain the following minimum
3257	information:	1 111 PV	20110 110	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
3258				
3259		(i)	Name	e and address of the Department;
3260		(1)	1 (4111)	and address of the Department,
3261		(ii)	Name	e and address of the owner, operator, permittee, or permit applicant,
3262	and, if differe	` /		ity or activity regulated by the permit;
3263	,	,		, activity garanter, act pre,
3264		(iii)	A bri	ef description of the business conducted at the facility or activity
3265	described in	` /		lication, described in the draft permit, or subject to regulation under
3266	this Chapter;	-		r,
3267	,			
3268		(iv)	The t	type and quantity of wastes, fluids, or pollutants that are proposed to
3269	be or are being	` /		ed, disposed of, injected, emitted, or discharged;
3270			, 5001	ou, unspectou or, injectou, emittou, or unservingou,
3271		(v)	A bri	ef summary of the basis for the draft permit conditions, including
3272	references to			autory or regulatory provisions;
3273	10101011000	шрршчи.	010 0000	worly of regulatory providence,
3274		(vi)	Reaso	ons why any requested variances or alternatives to required standards
3275	do or do not	` /		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
3276	do or do not	appear j	astimoc	*,
3277		(vii)	Name	e, address and telephone number of a person from whom interested
3278	persons may	` /		information, including copies of the draft permit, statement of basis,
3279	fact sheet, an			
3280	race sirect, an	a the up	prication	on, und
3281		(viii)	A bri	ef description of comment procedures, including:
3282		( )	11011	
3283			(A)	Procedures to request a hearing;
			(1 1)	1 1011 dates to request a noming,

3284			
3285		(B)	The beginning and ending dates of the comment period;
3286			
3287		(C)	The address where comments may be submitted; and
3288			
3289		(D)	Other procedures that the public may use to participate in the final
3290	permit decision.		
3291			
3292			the information required in paragraph (c) of this Section, any notice
3293	for a hearing sha	ll contain tl	ne following:
3294			
3295	(i	) Refer	rence to the date of previous public notices relating to the permit;
3296			
3297	(i	i) Date,	time, and place of hearing; and
3298			
3299	,	*	ef description of the nature and purpose of the hearing, including
3300	applicable rules	and procedu	ares.
3301			
3302		-	nent shall provide an opportunity for the applicant, permittee, owner,
3303	_	_	person to submit written comments regarding any aspect of a permit
3304	or to request a h	earing.	
3305			
3306	(i	*	ng the public comment period, any interested person may submit
3307			aft permit and may request a hearing. Requests for hearings shall be
3308	made in writing	to the Adm	inistrator and shall state the reasons for the request.
3309			
3310	,	*	Administrator shall hold a hearing whenever the Administrator finds,
3311	on the basis of re	equests, a si	gnificant degree of public interest in a draft permit.
3312			
3313	`	*	Administrator may hold a hearing whenever a hearing may clarify
3314	issues involved i	n a permit o	decision.
3315			
3316	,	· .	public comment period shall automatically extend to the close of any
3317	hearing. The Ad	ministrator	may also extend the comment period by so stating at the hearing.
3318			
3319			strator <u>Director</u> shall render a decision on the draft permit within sixty
3320		-	of the public comment period if no hearing is held. If a hearing is
3321		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ector shall make a decision on any Department hearing as soon as
3322	practicable after	receipt of the	he transcript or after the expiration of the time set to receive written

(g) At the time a final decision is issued, the Department Administrator shall respond in writing to comments received during the public comment period or during the hearing held by the Department. This response shall:

3322 3323

3324

3325

3326

3327 3328 comments.

3329	3.7	Specify any changes that have been made to the permit and the reasons for
3330	the changes; and	
3331	***	
3332		Briefly describe and respond to all comments stating a technical or
3333	regulatory concern that	is within the authority of the Department to regulate.
3334	G 41 40	
3335	Section 28.	Incorporation by Reference.
3336	(a) These m	also in some custs by unforced so the following statutes, unless and usculations.
3337 3338	(a) These rule in effect as of July 1, 2	ales incorporate by reference the following statutes, rules, and regulations
3339	in effect as of July 1, 2	<u>020.</u>
3340	(i)	10 C.F.R. Part 20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 2, available at
3341	http://www.ecfr.gov;	10 C.I.R. I art 20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 2, available at
3342	nttp.//www.ccm.gov,	
3343	(ii)	40 C.F.R. §§ 98.440 to 98.449, available at http://www.ecfr.gov;
3344	(11)	το C.1 .R. χχ 70.440 to 70.447, available at http://www.cen.gov,
3345	(iii)	40 C.F.R. 141, Subparts E, F, and G, available at: http://www.ecfr.gov;
3346	(111)	10 c.i. it. 171, Suspans 2, 1, and 3, available at. http://www.ceir.gov,
3347	(iv)	40 C.F.R. § 261.3 available at: http://www.ecfr.gov;
3348	(11)	The civilian is a civil with the civilian in t
3349	(v)	American Petroleum Institute Recommended Practice, API RP 14C,
3350		e for Analysis, Design, Installation and Testing of Safety Systems for
3351	'	acilities, Recommended Practice 14C, (2018), referred to as "API RP
3352		s://www.apiwebstore.org/publications/item.cgi?af9eaacd-f8b0-4d7c-bfa7-
3353	2c39a409f892;	
3354		
3355	(vi)	American Petroleum Institute Specification, API Spec 10A, Specification
3356	for Cements and Mater	rials for Well Cementing. 25th Edition, (2019), referred to as "API
3357	Specification 10A", av	ailable at https://www.apiwebstore.org/publications/item.cgi?82493435-
3358	f281-45d8-af82-07ad8	<u>131cb56;</u>
3359		
3360	(vii)	American Petroleum Institute Recommended Practice, API RP 10D-2,
3361	Centralizer Placement	and Stop-collar Testing, (2020), referred to as "API RP 10D-2", available
3362	at https://www.apiweb	store.org/publications/item.cgi?7ad6705a-954e-476c-b520-47cbbdce9f06;
3363		
3364	(viii)	American Petroleum Institute Recommended Practice, API RP 10B-2,
3365	Recommended Practice	e for Testing Well Cements, (2019), referred to as "API RP 10B-2",
3366	available at https://ww	w.apiwebstore.org/publications/item.cgi?3c1808c7-6312-4b8d-b3de-
3367	291ef79704c5;	
3368		
3369	(ix)	American Petroleum Institute Recommended Practice, API RP 14B,
3370	Design, Installation, R	epair, and Operation of Subsurface Safety Valve Systems, (2012), referred
3371	to as "API RP 14 B", a	vailable at https://www.apiwebstore.org/publications/item.cgi?a1711f10-
3372	0121-4c12-936c-471c9	7a19f93:

3374	(x) <u>American Petroleum Institute Specification</u> , API Spec 5CT, Specification
3375	for Casing and Tubing, (2019), referred to as "API Specification 5CT", available at
3376	https://www.apiwebstore.org/publications/item.cgi?5b345884-5a3a-4889-8066-60f93e467f29;
3377	
3378	(xi) American Petroleum Institute Recommended Practice, API RP 5C1,
3379	Recommended Practices for Care and Use of Casing and Tubing, (2020), referred to as "API RP
3380	5C1", available at https://www.apiwebstore.org/publications/item.cgi?010058af-29b1-412c-
3381	b892-ec3e5583c534; and
3382	
3383	(xii) American Petroleum Institute Specification, API Spec 11D1, Packers and
3384	Bridge Plugs, (2015), referred to as "API Specification 11D1", available at
3385	https://www.apiwebstore.org/publications/item.cgi?4828a454-0fea-451b-a61b-18304836ea91.
3386	
3387	(b) For these rules incorporated by reference:
3388	
3389	(i) The Environmental Quality Council has determined that incorporation of
3390	the full text in these rules would be cumbersome or inefficient given the length or nature of the
3391	<u>rules;</u>
3392	
3393	(ii) This Chapter does not incorporate later amendments or editions of
3394	incorporated codes, standards, rules, and regulations; and
3395	
3396	(iii) All incorporated codes, standards, rules, and regulations are available for
3397	public inspection at the Department's Cheyenne office. Contact information for the Cheyenne
3398	office may be obtained at http://deq.wyoming.gov or from (307) 777-7937.
3399	

	Major Risk (Feature, Event, or Process)			
1	Mineral Rights Infringement (Trespass)			
1.1	Leakage migrates into mineral zone or hydraulic front impacts recoverable mineral zone; causes may include plume migration different than modeled.			
1.2	Post injection discovery of recoverable minerals.			
1.2	New technology (or economic conditions) enables recovery of previously un-			
1.3	economically recoverable minerals.			
1.4	Act of God (e.g. seismic event).			
1.5	Formation fluid impact due to CO <sub>2</sub> injection.			
1.6	Address also contributing causes 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.5, 4.3, and 4.4			
2	Water Quality Contamination			
2.1	Leakage of CO <sub>2</sub> outside permitted area.			
2.2	Leakage of drilling fluid contaminates potable water aquifer.			
2.3	Rock/acid water (i.e. geochemistry) interaction contaminates potable water by			
2.3	carryover of dissolved contaminants.			
2.4	Act of God (e.g. seismic event).			
2.5	Formation fluid impact due to CO <sub>2</sub> injection.			
2.6	See also contributing causes 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.5, 4.3, and 4.4			
3	Single Large Volume CO <sub>2</sub> Release to the Surface – Asphyxiation/Health/Ecological			
3.1	Overpressurization (i.e. induced).			
3.2	Caprock/reservoir failure.			
3.3	Well blowout (e.g. at surface or bore failure below ground), includes monitoring			
5.5	wells – Causes could include seal failure (e.g. well, drilling or injection equipment).			
3.4	Major mechanical failure of distribution system or storage facilities above ground or			
	below ground (i.e. near the surface).			
3.5	Orphan well failure (e.g. well not identified prior to injection).			
3.6	Sabotage/Terrorist attack (e.g. on surface infrastructure).			
3.7	Act of God (e.g. major seismic event)			
4	Low Level CO <sub>2</sub> Release to Surface – Ecological damage due to low-level releases;			
	potential asphyxiation of human or ecological receptors			
4.1	Overpressurization (i.e. induced).			
4.2	Caprock/reservoir failure (e.g. Plume migrates along fault line/fissure to surface).			
4.3	Incomplete geological seal (e.g. inaccurate characterization of sub-surface geology).			
4.4	Well seal failure (e.g. well, drilling or injection equipment) including monitor wells			
4.5	Mechanical failure of distribution system or storage facilities above or below ground			
7.5	(e.g. near surface).			
4.6	Orphan wells (e.g. well not identified prior to injection).			
4.7	Induced seismicity leading to leakage.			
4.8	Act of God (e.g. seismic event).			

Appendix A. Risk Activity Table

	Major Risk (Feature, Event, or Process)			
5	Storage Rights Infringement (CO <sub>2</sub> or other entrained contaminant gases) – Form of Mineral Rights Infringement			
5.1	Leakage migrates into adjacent pore space; causes may include plume migrates faster than modeled.			
5.2	Post injection decision (e.g. due to new technology or changed economic conditions) to store gas in adjacent pore space.			
5.3	Acts of God affecting storage capacity of pore space.			
5.4	Formation fluid impact due to CO <sub>2</sub> injection.			
5.5	Will also require primary contributing causes 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.5, 4.3, and 4.4			
6	Modified Surface Topography (subsidence or uplift) Resulting in			
U	Property/Infrastructure Damage			
6.1	Induced Seismicity – Pressure from geochemistry induced reactivation of historic			
	fault or dissolution of material caused by subsidence.			
6.2	Formation fluid impact due to CO <sub>2</sub> injection.			
7	Entrained Contaminant (Non-CO <sub>2</sub> ) Releases			
7.1	Change in CO <sub>2</sub> composition/properties (e.g. concentration of contaminate in CO <sub>2</sub>			
/.1	supply increases).			
7.2	Microbial activity initiated by injection process or composition.			
	Will also require primary contributing causes 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.5, 4.3, and 4.4			
8	Accidents/Unplanned Events (Typical Insurable Events)			
8.1	Surface infrastructure damage			
8.2	Saline water releases from surface storage impoundment.			

Risk Activity Table (continued)