CHAPTER 24 1 2 3 **Class VI Injection Wells and Facilities** 4 **Underground Injection Control Program** 5 6 Section 1. **Authority and Purpose.** 7 8 These regulations are promulgated pursuant to Wyoming Statutes (W.S.) §§ 35-11-101 through 9 2005, specifically § 313, and no person shall sequester carbon dioxide unless authorized by an 10 Underground Injection Control (UIC) permit issued by the Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ). The injection of carbon dioxide for purposes of a project for enhanced recovery of oil or 11 12 other minerals approved by the Wyoming Oil and Gas Conservation Commission shall not be 13 subject to the provisions of this regulation unless the operator converts to geologic sequestration 14 upon the cessation of oil and gas recovery operations or as otherwise required by the 15 Commission or Director. 16 These rules and regulations also provide financial assurance for the purposes specified in § 35-17 18 11-313. 19 20 Section 2. **Definitions.** The following definitions supplement these the definitions 21 contained in Section § 35-11-103 of the Wyoming Environmental Quality Act. 22 23 "Abandoned well" means a well whose use has been permanently discontinued or (a) 24 that is in a state of disrepair such that it cannot be used for its intended purpose or for 25 observation purposes. Temporary or intermittent cessation of injection operations is not 26 abandonment. 27 28 "Aquifer" means a zone, stratum, or group of strata that can store and transmit (b) 29 water in sufficient quantities for a specific use. 30 "Area of review" means the subsurface three-dimensional extent of the carbon 31 (c) 32 dioxide plume, associated pressure front, and displaced fluids, as well as the overlying 33 formations, and surface area above that delineated region. The area of review is based on 34 available site characterization, monitoring, and operational data as set forth in Section 8 of this 35 chapter. 36 37 "Background" means the constituents or parameters and the concentrations or (d) 38 measurements that describe water quality and water quality variability prior to the subsurface 39 discharge underground injection. 40 41

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an injected carbon dioxide stream.

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"Bore/casing annulus" means the space between the wellbore and the well casing.

"Carbon dioxide plume" means the underground extent, in three dimensions, of

(g) "Carbon dioxide stream" means carbon dioxide, plus associated substances derived from the source materials and any processing, and any substances added to the stream to enable or improve the injection process. Within this Chapter, the term "carbon dioxide stream" This chapter does not apply to include any carbon dioxide stream that meets the definition of a hazardous waste under 40 C.F.R. Part § 261.3.

- (h) "Casing" means a pipe or tubing of appropriate material, of varying diameter and weight, lowered into a borehole during or after drilling in order to support the sides of the hole and thus to prevent the walls from caving, to prevent loss of drilling mud into porous ground, or to prevent water, gas, or other fluid from entering or leaving the hole.
 - (i) "Casing/tubing annulus" means the space between the well casing and the tubing.
- (j) "Cementing" means to seal sealing the annular space around the outside of a casing string using a specially formulated mixture to hold the casing in place and prevent any movement of fluid in this annular space. Cementing also includes operations to seal the well at the time of abandonment.
- (k) "Class I well" means a well used to inject hazardous or non-hazardous industrial, commercial, or municipal waste beneath the lowermost formation containing, within one- quarter (1/4) mile of the well bore, an underground source of drinking water.
- (k)(1) "Class II <u>Wwell</u>" shall means any <u>commercial</u> or non-commercial well used to dispose of water <u>and</u>/or fluids directly associated with the production of oil <u>and</u>/or gas, any well used to inject fluids or gas for enhanced oil recovery, or any well used for the storage of liquid hydrocarbons. Non-hazardous gas plant wastes may be disposed of in a Class II well pending Environmental Protection Agency co approval, as defined in Wyoming Oil and Gas Conservation Commission Rules and Regulations, Chapter 1, Section 2.
- (1)(m) "Class V facility" means any property that contains an injection well, drywell, or subsurface fluid distribution system that is not defined as a Class I, II, III, IV, or VI well in this chapter these Regulations. The A Class V facility includes all systems of collection, treatment, and control that are associated with the subsurface disposal underground injection. Class V injection wells are described in Water Quality Rules and Regulations Chapter 27.
- (m)(n) "Class VI well" means a well injecting a carbon dioxide stream for geologic sequestration, beneath the lowermost formation containing a USDW; or a well used for geologic sequestration of carbon dioxide that has been granted a waiver of the injection depth requirements pursuant to requirements of Section 10 of this chapter; or, a well used for geologic sequestration of carbon dioxide that has received an expansion to the areal extent of an existing Class II enhanced oil recovery or enhanced gas recovery aquifer exemption pursuant to Section 5 of this cChapter. Class VI wells are regulated under this chapter. that is used for injecting a carbon dioxide stream for geologic sequestration that:

90 (i) Is not experimental in nature and injects a carbon dioxide stream for 91 geologic sequestration, beneath the lowermost formation containing an underground source of 92 drinking water; 93 94 Has been granted a waiver of the injection depth requirements pursuant to 95 requirements of Section 15 of this Chapter; or 96 97 (iii) Has received an expansion to the areal extent of an existing Class II 98 enhanced oil recovery or enhanced gas recovery aquifer exemption pursuant to Section 16 of this 99 Chapter. 100 101 (n)(o) "Confining zone" means a geological formation, group of formations, or part of a 102 formation stratigraphically overlying the injection zone(s) that act(s) as a barrier to fluid 103 movement. For Class VI wells operating under an injection depth waiver, confining zone means 104 a geologic formation, group of formations, or part of a formation stratigraphically overlying and 105 underlying the injection zone(s) that acts as a barrier to fluid movement. 106 107 (o)(p) "Contaminant" means any pollution; wastes; or physical, chemical, biological, or 108 radiological substance or matter in water. 109 110 (p)(q) "Corrective action" means the use of Administrator-approved methods to ensure 111 that wells within the area of review do not serve as conduits for the movement of fluids into 112 geologic formations other than those to be authorized under the permit. 113 114 "Draft permit" means a document indicating the tentative decision by the (a) 115 Department to issue or deny, modify, revoke and reissue, or terminate a permit. A notice of 116 intent to terminate a permit and a notice of intent to deny a permit are types of draft permits. A 117 denial of a request for modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination is not a draft 118 permit. A draft permit for issuance shall contain all conditions and content, compliance sched-119 ules and monitoring requirements required by this chapter. 120 121 "Duly authorized representative" means a specific individual or a position having (r) 122 responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity. The authorization 123 shall be made in writing by a responsible corporate officer and shall be submitted to the 124 Administrator. 125 126 "Endangerment" means exposure to expose to actions or activities that could (s) 127 pollute an Uunderground Source of Ddrinking Wwater (USDW). 128 "Exempted aquifer" means an "aquifer" or a portion thereof that meets the criteria 129 (t) 130 in the definition of "underground source of drinking water" but that has been exempted 131 according to the procedures in Section $\frac{5(c)}{16}$ 16 of this eChapter. 132 133 "Experimental technology" means a technology that has not been proven feasible

under the conditions in which it is being tested.

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137	(v)(u) "Fact sheet" means a document briefly setting forth the principal facts and the
138	significant factual, legal, methodological, and policy questions considered in preparing the draft
139	permit. Fact sheets for Class VI wells are incorporated into the public notice.
140	
141	(w) "Fault" means a surface or zone of rock fracture along which there has been
142	displacement.
143	•
144	(x) "Flow rate" means the volume per time unit given to the flow of gases or other
145	fluid substance that emerges from an orifice, pump, turbine or passes along a conduit or channel.
146	The succession was contained and contained, planner, the contained of plants of the contained of the contain
147	(y) "Fluid" means any material that flows or moves, whether semisolid, liquid,
148	sludge, gas or any other form or state.
149	studge, gas of any other form of state.
150	(z) "Formation" means a body of consolidated or unconsolidated rock characterized
	lacksquare
151	by a degree of lithologic homogeneity that is prevailingly, but not necessarily, tabular and is
152	mappable on the earth's surface or traceable in the subsurface.
153	
154	(aa) "Formation fluid" means fluid present in a formation under natural conditions as
155	opposed to introduced fluids, such as drilling mud.
156	
157	(bb)(v) "Geologic sequestration project" means an injection well or wells used to emplace
158	a carbon dioxide stream into an injection zone for geologic sequestration. It includes the subsurface
159	three-dimensional extent of the carbon dioxide plume, associated pressure front, and displaced
160	fluid, as well as the surface area above that delineated region. (Reference Section 35-11-103(e) of
161	the Wyoming Environmental Quality Act for definitions of geologic sequestration, geologic
162	sequestration site, and geologic sequestration facilities.)
	sequestration site, and geologic sequestration facilities.)
163	
164	(ce)(w) "Groundwater" means subsurface water that fills available openings in rock or
165	soil materials such that they may be considered water saturated under hydrostatic pressure.
166	
167	$\frac{\text{(dd)}(x)}{\text{(Solution)}}$ "Groundwaters of the State" are all bodies of underground water that are wholly
168	or partially within the boundaries of the State.
169	
170	(ee)(y) "Hazardous waste" means a hazardous waste as defined in 40 C.F.R. § 261.3.
171	
172	(z) "Indian lands" and "Indian country" means:
173	
174	(i) All land within the limits of any Indian reservation under the jurisdiction
175	of the United States Government, notwithstanding the issuance of any patent, and, including
176	rights-of-way running through the reservation;
177	
178	(ii) All dependent Indian communities within the borders of the United States
179	whether within the original or subsequently acquired territory thereof, and whether within or
180	without the limits of a state; and

182	(iii) All Indian allotments, the Indian titles to which have not been
183	extinguished, including rights-of-way running through the same.
184	
185	(ff) "Individual permit" means a permit issued for a specific facility operated by an
186	individual operator, company, municipality, or agency. An individual permit may be established
187	as an area permit and include multiple points of discharge that are all operated by the same
188	person.
189	Passan
190	(gg)(aa) "Injectate" means the material injected through any underground injection
191	facility after it has received whatever pretreatment is done.
192	racinely arter it has received whatever protestations is done.
193	(hh)(bb) "Injection zone" means a geologic formation, group of formations, or part
194	of a formation that is of sufficient areal extent, thickness, porosity, and permeability to receive
195	carbon dioxide through a well or wells associated with a geologic sequestration project.
196	carbon dioxide unough a wen or wens associated with a geologic sequestration project.
197	(ii) "Lithology" means the description of rocks on the basis of their physical and
198	chemical characteristics.
199	chemical characteristics.
200	(jj)(cc) "Log" means to make a written record progressively describing the strata and
200	geologic and hydrologic character thereof to include electrical, radioactivity, radioactive tracer,
202	temperature, cement bond and similar surveys, a lithologic description of all cores, and test data.
202	temperature, cement bond and similar surveys, a nunologic description of an cores, and test data.
203	(kk)(dd) "Long string casing" means a casing that is continuous from at least the
204	top of the injection interval to the surface and that is cemented in place.
205	top of the injection interval to the surface and that is cemented in place.
200	(II) "Long term stewardship" means after release of financial assurance, upon site
208	closure, where the sequestration site may require periodic monitoring, measurement, or
208	verification of plume stabilization over an indefinite period of time.
210	vermeation of plume station over an indefinite period of time.
210	(mm) "Mechanical integrity" means the sound and unimpaired condition of all
212	components of the well or facility or system for control of a subsurface discharge and associated
212	activities.
213 214	activities.
	(nn) "Over an an amount on" manns the aversary on an amount on of any facility on activity
215	(nn) "Owner or operator" means the owner or operator of any facility or activity
216	subject to regulation under the Resource Conservation Recovery Act (RCRA) or an approved
217	state program; the Safe Drinking Water Act Underground Injection Control (UIC) program
218	administered by the US EPA or a state; the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
219	(NPDES)or an authorized state program; or the Clean Water Act Section 404 Dredge and Fill
220	permit program.
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222	(oo)(ee) "Packer" means a device lowered into a well to produce a fluid-tight seal.
223	
224	(pp) "Permit" means a Wyoming Underground Injection Control permit, unless
225	otherwise specified.
226	
227	(gg) "Permittee" means the named permit holder.

(rr)(ff) "Plugging" means the act or process of stopping the flow of water, oil, or gas into or out of a formation through a borehole or well penetrating that formation.

(ss)(gg) "Plugging record" means a systematic listing of permanent or temporary abandonment of water, oil, gas, test, exploration, and waste injection wells, and A plugging record may contain a well log, description of amounts and types of plugging material used, the method employed for plugging, a description of formations that are sealed, and a graphic log of the well showing formation location, formation thickness, and location of plugging structures.

(tt)(hh) "Plume stabilization" means has been achieved when the carbon dioxide stream that has been injected subsurface essentially no longer expands vertically or horizontally and poses no threat to USDWs underground sources of drinking water, human health, safety, or the environment, as demonstrated by a minimum of three (3) consecutive years of monitoring data.

(uu) "Point of compliance" means a point at which the permittee shall meet all permit and regulatory requirements.

(vv) "Point of injection" means the last accessible sampling point prior to a fluid being released into the subsurface environment through a Class VI injection well.

(ww)(ii) "Post-injection site care" means the monitoring, measurement, verification, and other actions (including corrective action) needed to ensure that USDW's underground sources of drinking water are not endangered, following the closure cessation of injection, and plugging and abandonment of injection wells until plume stabilization has been achieved and certified by the Administrator, as required under Section 17 24 of this chapter.

(xx) "Pressure" means the total load or force per unit area acting on a surface.

(yy)(jj) "Pressure front" means the zone of elevated pressure that is created by the injection of the carbon dioxide stream into the subsurface. The pressure front of a carbon dioxide plume refers to a zone where there is a pressure differential sufficient to cause movement of injected fluids or formation fluid if a migration pathway or conduit were to existed.

(zz)—"Public hearing" means a non-adversary hearing held by the Administrator or Director of the Department. The hearing is conducted pursuant to Chapter 9 of the Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality Rules of Practice and Procedure.

(aaa)(kk) "Radioactive waste" means any waste that contains radioactive material in concentrations that exceed those listed in 10 C₂F₂R₂ Part 20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 2 as of March 27, 2006.

(bbb)(11) "Receiver" means any zone, interval, formation, or unit in the subsurface into which a carbon dioxide stream is injected.

273 "Responsible corporate officer" means a president, secretary, treasurer, or (ccc)(mm) 274 vice president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person 275 who performs similar policy- or decision-making functions for the corporation. 276 (formerly located at Section 5(h)(i))(i) For a corporation-, a "responsible 277 278 corporate officer" means: 279 280 (formerly located at Section 5(h)(i)(A))(A) A president, secretary, 281 treasurer, or vice president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any 282 other person who performs similar policy- or decision-making functions for the corporation; or 283 284 (formerly located at Section 5(h)(i)(B))(B) The manager of one (1) or 285 more manufacturing, production, or operating facilities employing more than 250 persons or 286 having gross annual sales or expenditures exceeding \$25 million (in second quarter 1980) 287 dollars), if authority to sign documents has been assigned or delegated to the manager in 288 accordance with corporate procedures. 289 290 (formerly located at Section 5(h)(ii))(ii) For a partnership or sole 291 proprietorship, "responsible corporate officer" - by a means a general partner, or the proprietor, 292 respectively; 293 294 (formerly located at Section 5(h)(ii))(iii) For a partnership or sole proprietorship -, "responsible corporate officer" means by a general partner or the proprietor, 295 296 respectively; 297 298 (formerly located at Section 5(h)(iii))(iv) For a municipality, state, federal or 299 other public agency—, "responsible corporate officer" means by either the principal executive 300 officer or ranking elected official. For the purposes of this section definition, a principal 301 executive officer of a Ffederal agency includes: 302 303 (formerly located at Section 5(h)(iii)(A))(A) The chief executive officer of 304 the agency; or 305 306 (formerly located at Section 5(h)(iii)(B))(B) A senior executive officer 307 having responsibility for the overall operations of a principal geographic unit of the agency (e.g., 308 Regional Administrators of EPA), such as a Regional Administrator. 309 310 "Secondarily affected aquifer" means any an aquifer affected by migration (ddd)(nn) 311 of fluids from an injection facility, when the aquifer is not directly discharged into that does not 312 directly discharge into the secondarily affected aguifer. 313 314 "Site closure" means the point/time, as certified by the Administrator (eee)(00) following the requirements of Section 17 of this chapter, at which time the owner or operator of 315 316 occurs when a geologic sequestration project is released from post-injection site care responsibilities and the Administrator certifies site closure pursuant to Section 24(b)(iii) of this 317 318 Chapter.

319	
320	(fff) "Stratum" (plural strata) means a single sedimentary bed or layer, regardless of
321	thickness, that consists of generally the same kind of rock material.
322	
323	(ggg) "Subsurface discharge" means a discharge into a receiver.
324	(555) Substitute disentings into a disenting into a receiver.
325	(hhh)(pp) "Surface casing" means the first string of well casing to be installed in the
326	well.
	Well.
327	(''') 67D ' ' C 14 C 4 22 C 14 C 4 41 41 CC' ' 4
328	(iii) "Transmissive fault or fracture" means a fault or fracture that has sufficient
329	permeability and vertical extent to allow fluids to move beyond the confining zone.
330	
331	(jjj)(qq) "Underground injection" means a well injection, a subsurface discharge, a
332	discharge into a receiver, or the subsurface emplacement of fluids through a well.
333	
334	(kkk)(rr) "USDW" or "Underground source of drinking water" or "USDW" means
335	those an aquifers or portions thereof that meet the definition at 40 CFR144.3 as of November 15,
336	1984. is not an exempted aquifer and:
337	150 11 as not an onomptod addition and
338	(i) Supplies any public water system; or
339	(1) Supplies any public water system, or
340	(ii) Contains a sufficient quantity of groundwater to supply a public water
341	system, and
342	
343	(A) Currently supplies drinking water for human consumption; or
344	
345	(B) Contains fewer than 10,000 mg/L total dissolved solids.
346	
347	(III) "US EPA Administrator" means the Administrator of US EPA in Washington,
348	D.C.
349	
350	(mmm) "Vadose Zone" means the unsaturated zone in the earth, between the land
351	surface and the top of the first saturated aquifer. The vadose zone contains water at less than
352	saturated conditions.
353	
354	(nnn)(ss) "Water quality management area" means the area delineated for the
355	protection of water quality under a Department-approved plan developed under Sections 303,
356	208, and/or 201 of the Federal Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. § 1251 et seq. as amended.
357	
358	(ooo)(tt) "Well" means an opening, excavation, shaft, or hole in the ground
359	allowing or used for an underground injection, or for monitoring, or an improved sinkhole; or a
360	subsurface fluid distribution system.:
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362	(i) An ananing exceptation shoft or halo in the ground allowing or used for
	(i) An opening, excavation, shaft, or hole in the ground allowing or used for
363	underground injection or monitoring;
364	

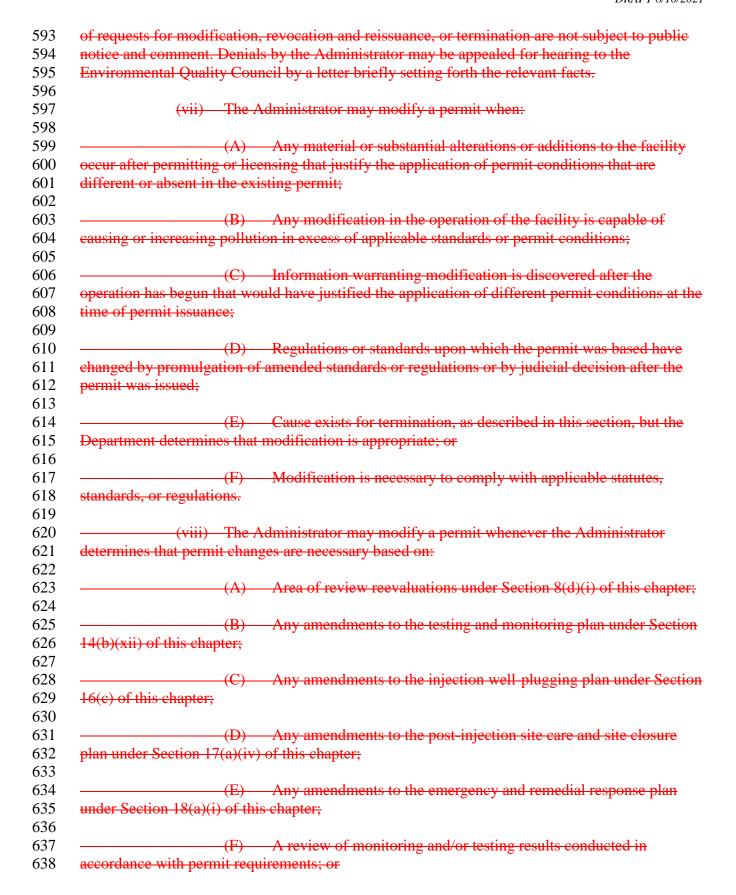
365	(ii) An improved sinkhole; or
366	
367	(iii) A subsurface fluid distribution system.
368	
369	(ppp) "Well injection" means the subsurface emplacement of fluids through a well.
370	
371	(qqq)(uu) "Well plug" means a watertight and gastight seal installed in a borehole or
372	well to prevent movement of fluids.
373	
374	(rrr)(vv) "Well stimulation" means several any processes used to clean the
375	wellbore, enlarge channels, and or increase pore space in the interval to be injected and includes
376	surging, jetting, blasting, acidizing, and hydraulic fracturing.
377	
378	(sss) "Well monitoring" means the measurement by on-site instruments or laboratory
379	methods, of the quality of water in a well.
380	
381	(ttt)(ww) "Workover" means to pull the tubing, packer, or any downhole hardware
382	from the well and inspect, replace, or refurbish it prior to placing that hardware back in service,
383	or to enter the hole with any drilling tool.
384	
385	(uuu)(xx) "Wellhead protection area" means the area delineated for the protection of
386	a public water supply utilizing a groundwater source under a Department-approved plan
387	developed pursuant to Section 1528 1428 of the federal Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. §
388	300h-7, or Section 1453 of the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. § 300j-13.
389	
390	Section 3. Applicability.
391	
392	(formerly located at Section 4(a)(ii))(a) Construction, installation, operation,
393	monitoring, testing, plugging, post-injection site care, and modification to, or of, any Class VI
394	well shall be allowed only in accordance with these regulations this Chapter.
395	
396	(a)(b) These regulations shall apply This chapter applies to all Class VI wells used to
397	inject carbon dioxide streams for the purpose of geologic sequestration.
398	
399	(i) This Chapter applies to owners, operators, and permittees of Class VI
400	wells.
401	
402	(b)(ii) In addition, these regulations shall apply to owners and operators of This
403	Chapter applies to any Class I industrial, Class II, or Class V experimental or demonstration
404	carbon dioxide injection projects who seek to apply for a Class VI geologic sequestration permit
405	for their well or wells. that is converted to a Class VI well. A permitted Class I, Class II, or Class
406	V injection well may be converted to a Class VI well by obtaining a Class VI permit pursuant to
407	this Chapter.
408	mis compress

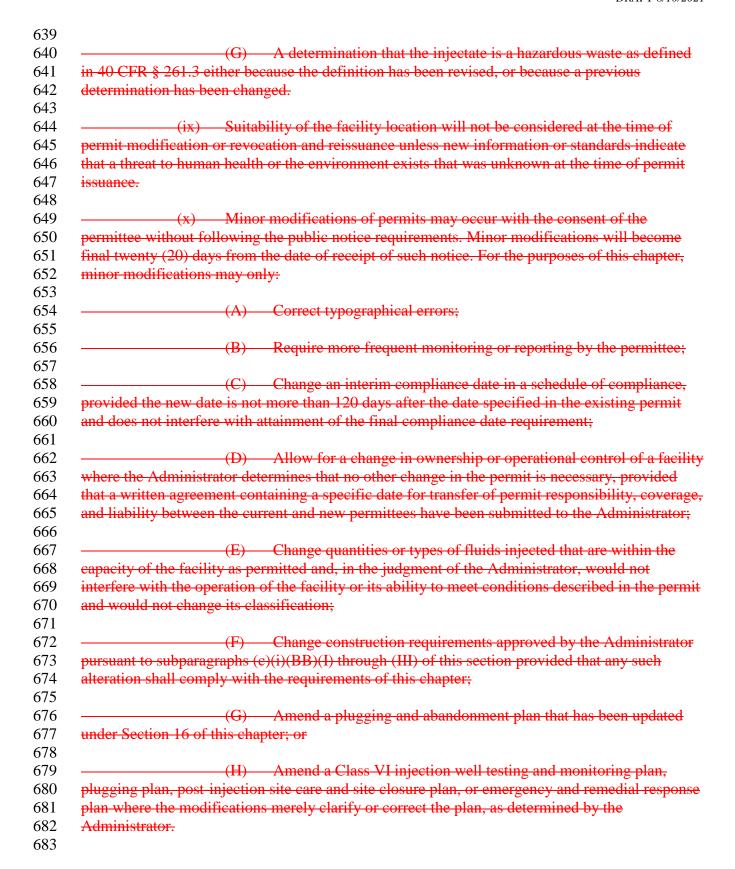
409	(i)(A) Owners and/or operators of To convert a permitted Class I, Class	
410	II, or Class V injection well(s) seeking to convert their well(s) to a Class VI well, the applicant	
411	shall:	
412		
413	(i)(I) aApply for a Class VI permit; and	
414		
415	(i)(II) shall dDemonstrate to the Administrator that the well(s)	
416	was/were engineered and constructed to meet the requirements outlined in Section 9(a) of	
417	Section 14(a) of of these regulations this Chapter; and	
418	beetion 1 (u) of these regulations this entapter, and	
419	(i)(III) ensure protection of USDWs, Iin lieu of meeting the	
420	requirements of Section 9(b) 14(b) and Section 11(a) 17(a) of this eChapter, demonstrate to the	
421	Administrator that the well will ensure protection of USDWs and will not endanger any USDW.	
422	Administrator that the wen win ensure protection of OSDWs and win not endanger any OSDW.	
422 423	(i)(D) DryAfter December 10, 2011, express on energtons of either Class I	
	(i)(B) By After December 10, 2011, owners or operators of either Class I	
424	wells previously permitted for the purpose of geologic sequestration or and Class V experimenta	П
425	technology wells no longer being used for experimental purposes that will continue injection of	
426	carbon dioxide for the purpose of geologic sequestration must shall apply for obtain a Class VI	
427	permit.	
428		
429	(ii)(C) If the Administrator determines that a converted Class I, Class II,	
430	or Class V injection well will not endanger any USDWs will not be endangered, such wells are	
431	exempt, at the Administrator's discretion, may exempt the well from the requirements of Section	1
432	$9\underline{14}$ (b)(i) through - (vii) and Section $\underline{11}\underline{17}$ (a)(i) through - (v) of this eChapter.	
433		
434	(formerly located at Section 1)(c) The injection of carbon dioxide for purposes of a	
435	project for enhanced recovery of oil or other minerals approved by the Wyoming Oil and Gas	
436	Conservation Commission shall is not be subject to the provisions of this regulation Chapter	
437	unless the operator converts to geologic sequestration upon the cessation of oil and gas recovery	
438	operations or as otherwise required by the Commission or Director.	
439		
440	(c)(d) For owners and or operators of Class II operations wells described in W.S. § 35-	
441	11-313(c):	
442		
443	(i) The Director's determination of primary purpose and increased risk to a	
444	USDW shall include, at a minimum, an evaluation of the following criteria:	
445		
446	(A) Increase in reservoir pressure within the injection zone(s).	
447	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
448	(B) Increase in carbon dioxide injection rates.	
449	(= / ==================================	
450	(C) Decrease in reservoir production rates.	
451	(c) 2 colonic in reservoir production rates.	
452	(D) Distance between the injection zone(s) and USDWs.	
453	(D) Distance between the injection zone(s) and Obb 11s.	
454	(E) Suitability of the Class II area of review delineation.	
. J T	(L) Durationity of the Class II area of Teview definedion.	

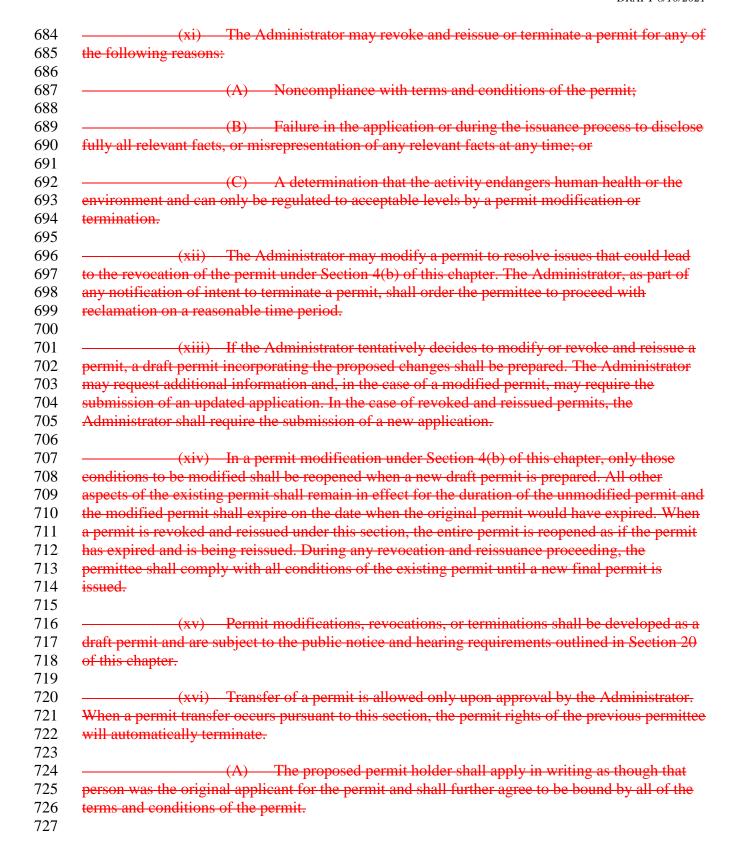
by the Oil a at regulation	Quality of abandoned well plugs within the area of review. The owner's and/or operator's plan for recovery of carbon dioxide. The source and properties of the injected carbon dioxide. Any additional site-specific factors as determined by the one and/or operator may apply for a Class VI permit upon and Gas Conservation Commission supervisor, or by the of a Class II enhanced recovery operation be transferred to the
of injection. (H) (I) i) An own by the Oil and the regulation	The source and properties of the injected carbon dioxide. Any additional site-specific factors as determined by the oner and/or operator may apply for a Class VI permit upon and Gas Conservation Commission supervisor, or by the
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	of a class if chilaneed recovery operation be transferred to the
ii) An ou	
ii) An ox	
	oner and/or operator of a Class II enhanced recovery operation shall
*	within thirty (30) days of receipt of written notice from the Director
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hese regulat	ions do not apply to the injection of any carbon dioxide stream that
_	ardous waste.
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ompliance v	with a permit during its term constitutes compliance, for purposes of
	the SDWA. However, a permit may be modified, revoked and
	g its term for cause as set forth in Section 4 of this chapter.
he requirem	ents to maintain and implement approved plans, and maintain
-	ility, are directly enforceable regardless of whether the requirements
the permit.	
*	
l. Permi	ts Required; Processing of Permits; Requirements Applicable to
ermits requi i	red.
*	rs or operators of Class VI wells must obtain a permit in accordance
tions. Class	VI wells are not authorized by rule to inject.
	ruction, installation, operation, monitoring, testing, plugging, post-
	fication to, or of, any Class VI well shall be allowed only in
these regula	tions.
225 Tuliu (1	one from Class VI wells shall be restricted to the second
	ons from Class VI wells shall be restricted to those receivers rbon Commercial) or Class VI groundwaters by the Department
	hese regulation of a hazion of a hazion of a hazion of a hazion ompliance via Part C of tinated durin the requirement of the permit. I. Permit requirement of the permit requirement of the permit. Owner the permit of the permit of the permit requirement of the permit requirement of the permit of the permit requirement requirement of the permit requirement of the permit requirement requirement requirement requirement requirement requirement requirement req

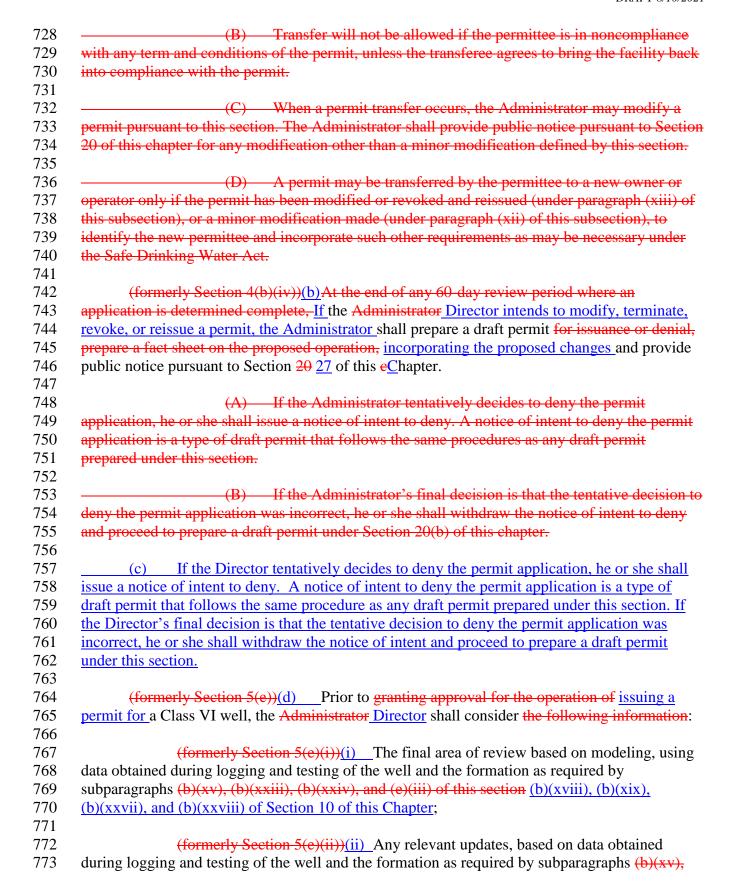
	(iv) A separate p	permit to construct is not required under Water Quality Rules
and Regulation	ns Chapter 3 for any	Class VI facility.
	(v) Parmits for (Class VI wells shall be issued for the operating life of the
		t injection site care period until the geologic sequestration
•	•	h Department rules and regulations.
project is close	od in accordance with	in Department rules and regulations.
	(vi) Permits may	be issued for individual Class VI wells and shall not be
issued on an ar	rea basis for multiple	e points of discharge operated by the same person.
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	shall be reviewed by the Department at least once every five
* * *		hould be modified, revoked and reissued, terminated or a
minor modifica	ation made pursuant	to this chapter.
	(viii) Sections of a	permit applications filed under this chapter that represent
	•	signed, and dated by a licensed professional engineer as
	S. § 33-29-601.	ngmon, and dated by a meetised protessional engineer as
required by W	.5. \$ 55 27 001.	
	(ix) Sections of	permit applications filed under this chapter that represent
		ed, and dated by a licensed professional geologist as required
by W.S. § 33-4	_	
•		
(b) (a)	The following Pper	mit processing procedures are applicable to all Class VI
facilities, indiv	vidual, and general p	ermits:
	(b)(i)(i) The	applicant shall submit the permit application to the Division in
a format requir	red by the Administr	rator.
		nin sixty (60) days of submission of the an application, the
		determination of completeness. An application shall be
		ministrator receives an application and any supplemental
		e compliance with these regulations this Chapter. The
_		or a permit shall be judged independently of the status of any
other permit ap	pplication or permit	for the same facility or activity.
	· · · · · · 	ubmittal of information by an applicant for an incomplete
application wil	ll begin <u>restart</u> the pr	rocess described in this <u>sS</u> ection.
	· / · / 	ne end of any 60-day review period where an application is
	-	trator shall prepare a fact sheet on the proposed operation and
provide public	-notice pursuant to S	Section of this hapter.:
	(1 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
	(b)(iv) (A)	Pprepare a draft permit for issuance or denial;
	(b)(iv) (B)	Perepare a fact sheet on the proposed operation: and
	 	I D ICDAIC A TACENICCE OIL THE DIODOSCO ODCIATION . : And

	(b)(iv)	(C) Pprovide p	ublic notice purs	uant to Section 20	-27 of this
eChapter-; and	. , , , ,	1	1		
	(forme	erly (b)(xxxiv))(D)	Notify in wr	iting, A list of the	contacts,
submitted to the Ac		or, for those any stat			
		stration project base			
		B) of this section pu		*	U 1
and.	, (0)(11)(1	<u>pu</u>		10(0)(1111111) 01 0	<u>ans chapter</u> ,
<u> </u>					
	(A)	If the Administrate	or tentatively dec	ides to deny the n	ermit
annlication he or s	\ /	sue a notice of inter	•	• 1	
1 1 ·		permit that follows (•		• 1
11 /1		permit that ronows t	.ne same proceut	ares as any trait p	CHIIII
prepared under this	- section.				
	(D)	TC41 A 1 1 1 4 4	, , 11		
1 1 1	\$ 7	If the Administrate			
· 1	L	vas incorrect, he or s			tent to deny
and proceed to prep	pare a draf	t permit under Secti	on 20(b) of this	cnapter.	
(v)	The A	dministrator may de	ny an individual	permit for any of	the following
reasons:					
	(A)	The application is	incomplete;		
	(B)	The project, if cons	structed and/or c	perated, will violε	ate applicable
state surface or gro	undwater	standards;			
	(C)	The application pro	oposes the const i	ruction or operatic	on of a project
that does not meet t	the require	ements of this chapt	e r;	-	
	•	•			
	(D)	The permitted facil	lity would be in-	eonflict with or is	in conflict
with a State-approv		vellhead protection			
		oved water quality			
protection plan, or	State appr	oved water quarity	management pra	ii, 01	
	(F)	Other justifiable re	acone nacaceary	to carry out the pu	rovisions of
the Wyoming Envi			asons necessary	to carry out the pr	lovisions of
the wyoming Envi	ronnichtar	Quanty Act.			
(**)	Domoit	s may be modified,	marvalrad and mair	and on towningt	ad aithan in
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<i>'</i>	
		ny interested person			
		owever, permits may	•		
		ecified in Section 4(r. All requests sha	III be in
writing and shall co	ontain fact	s or reasons support	ing the request.		
		If the Administrate			
petitioner shall be s	ent a brie t	f written response g	iving the reason	for the decision. /	\ request for
		reissuance, or termi			
		within sixty (60) d			









(b)(xxiii), (b)(xxiv), and (e)(iii) of this section, (b)(xviii), (b)(xix), (b)(xxvii), and (b)(xxviii) of Section 10 of this Chapter, to the information on the geologic structure and hydrogeologic properties of the proposed storage site and overlying formations, submitted to satisfy the requirements of subparagraph (b)(ix) of this section (b)(xi) of Section 10 of this Chapter;

(formerly Section 5(e))(iii) The results of the formation testing program required by paragraph (b)(xvii) of this section subparagraph (b)(xix) of Section 10 of this Chapter;

(formerly Section 5(e))(iv)(iv) Final injection well construction procedures that meet the requirements of Section 9 14 of this eChapter;

(formerly Section 5(e))(v)(v) Any updates to the proposed area of review and corrective action plan, testing and monitoring plan, injection well-plugging plan, post-injection site care and site closure plan, or the emergency and remedial response plan submitted under paragraph (b)(xxx) of this section Section 10(b) of this chapter, which that are necessary to address new information collected during logging and testing of the well and the formation as required by all paragraphs of this section; and Section 10 of this Chapter.

(formerly Section 4(b)(vi))(e) Permits may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated either in response to a petition from any interested person (including the permittee) or upon the Administrator 's initiative. However, permits may only be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for the reasons specified in Section 4(b) of this chapter.

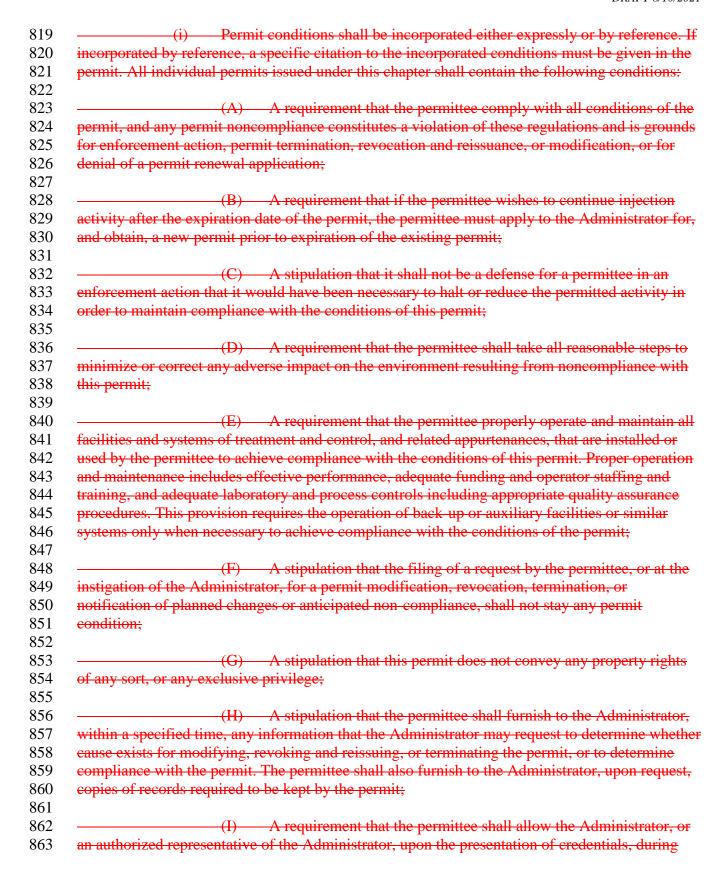
(formerly Section 4(b)(vi))(i) All requests petitions to modify, revoke and reissue, or terminate a permit shall be in writing and shall contain facts or reasons supporting the request.

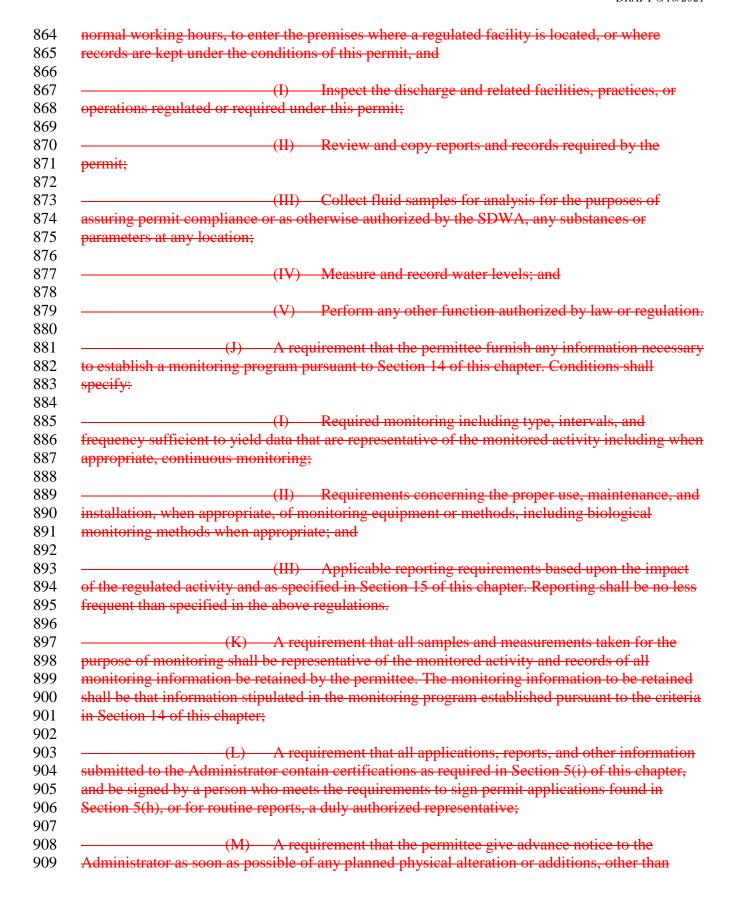
(formerly Section 4(b)(vi)(A))(ii) If the Administrator decides the a petition to modify, revoke and reissue, or terminate a permit is not justified, the Administrator shall send the petitioner shall be sent a brief written response giving the reason for the decision. A request petition for modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination shall be considered denied if the Administrator takes no action within sixty (60) days after receiving the written request.

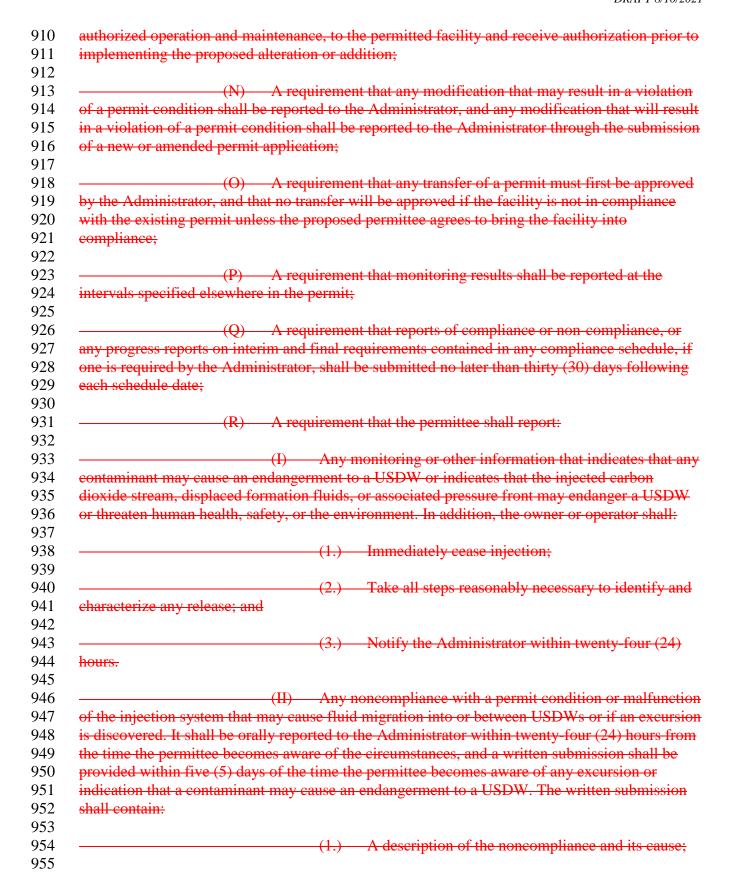
(formerly Section 4(b)(vi)(A))(iii) Denials of requests petitions for modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination are not subject to public notice and comment. Denials by the Administrator may be appealed for hearing to the Environmental Quality Council by a letter briefly setting forth the relevant facts.

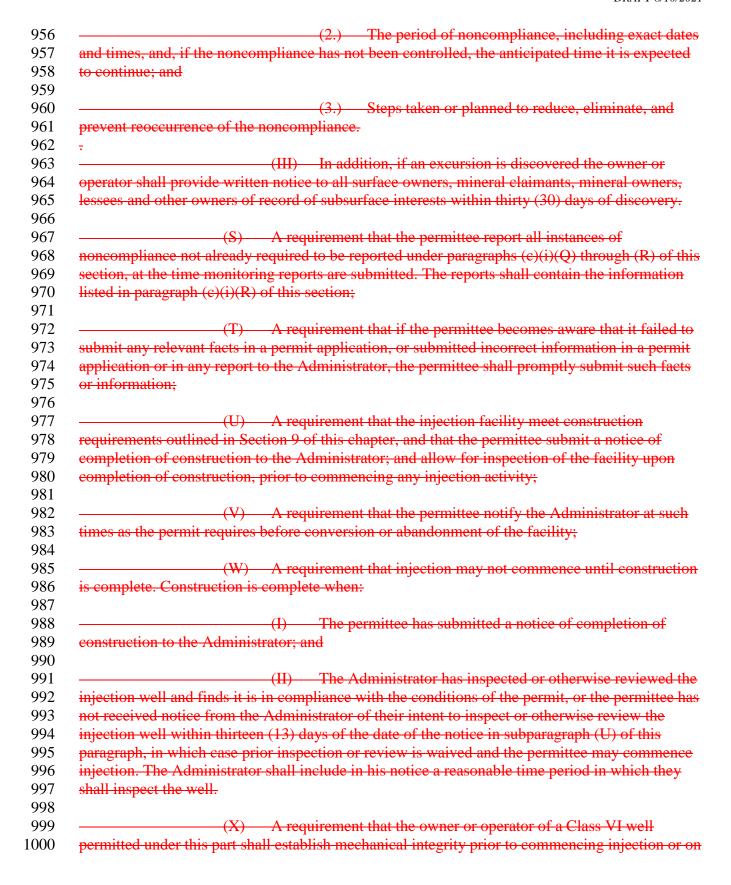
(formerly Section 4(a)(vii))(f)Each permit shall be reviewed by tThe Department Administrator shall review each permit at least once every five (5) years to determine whether it should be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated or a minor modification made pursuant to this chapter.

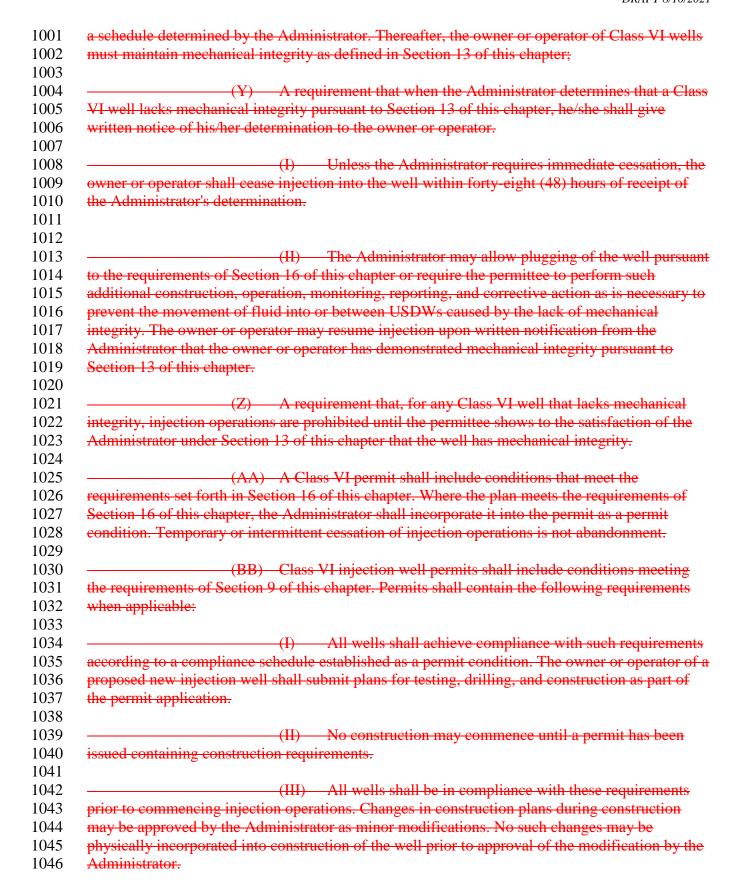
(c) Permit conditions.

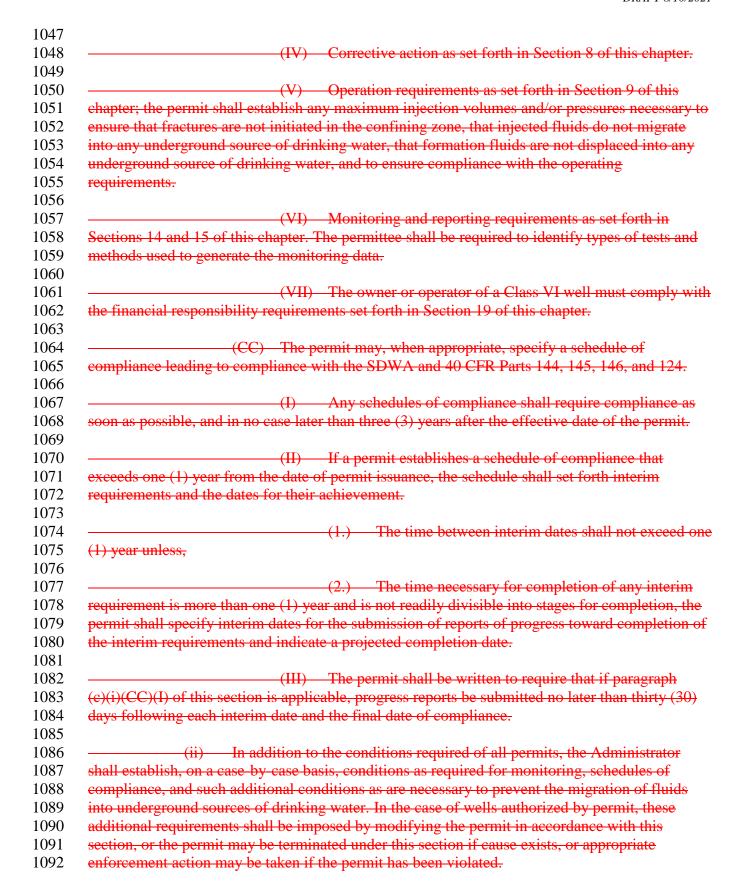


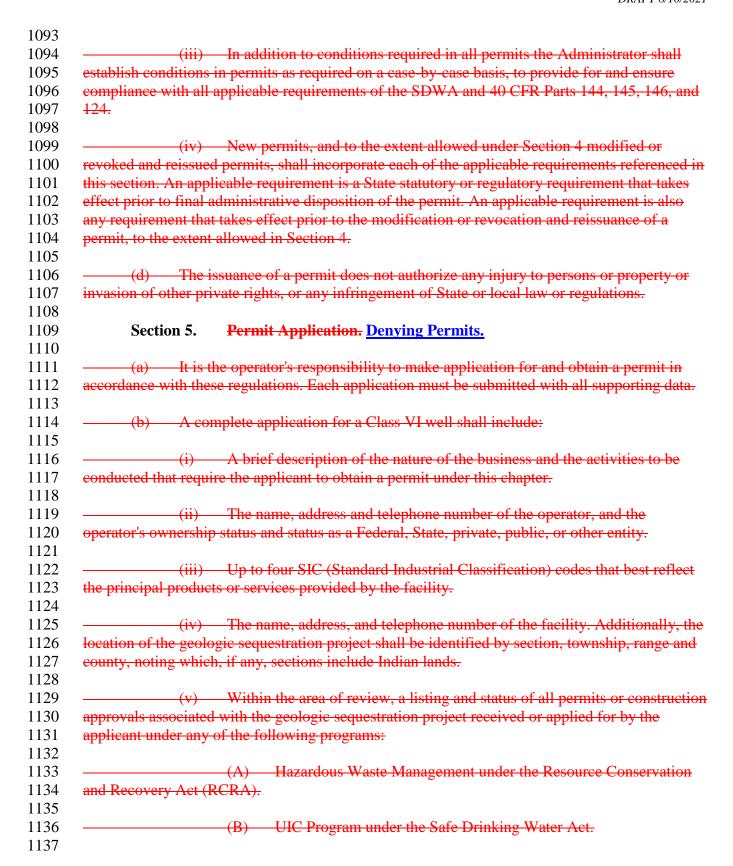


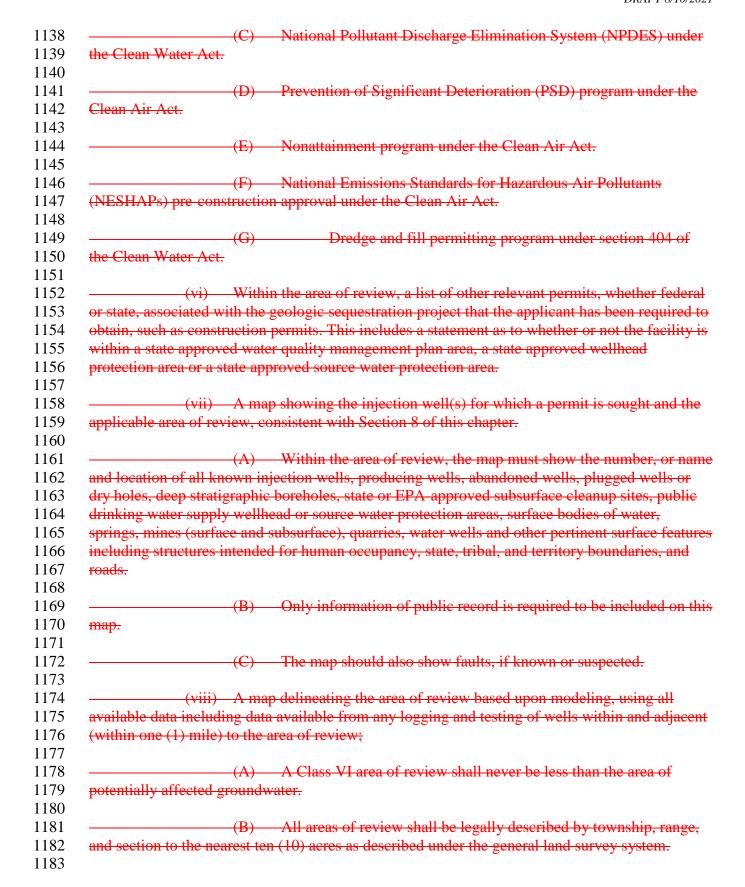


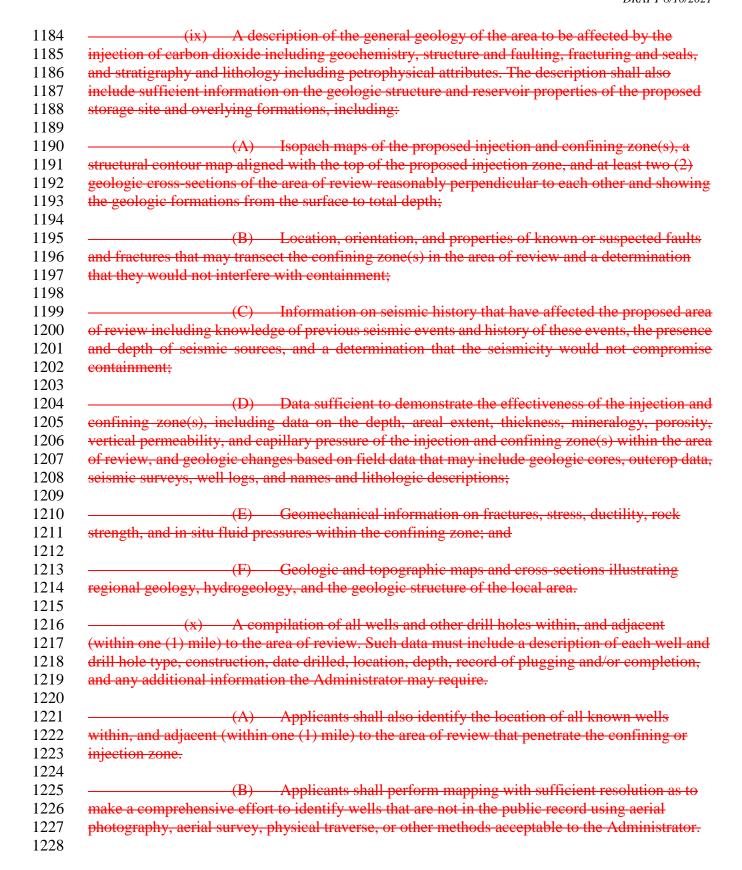


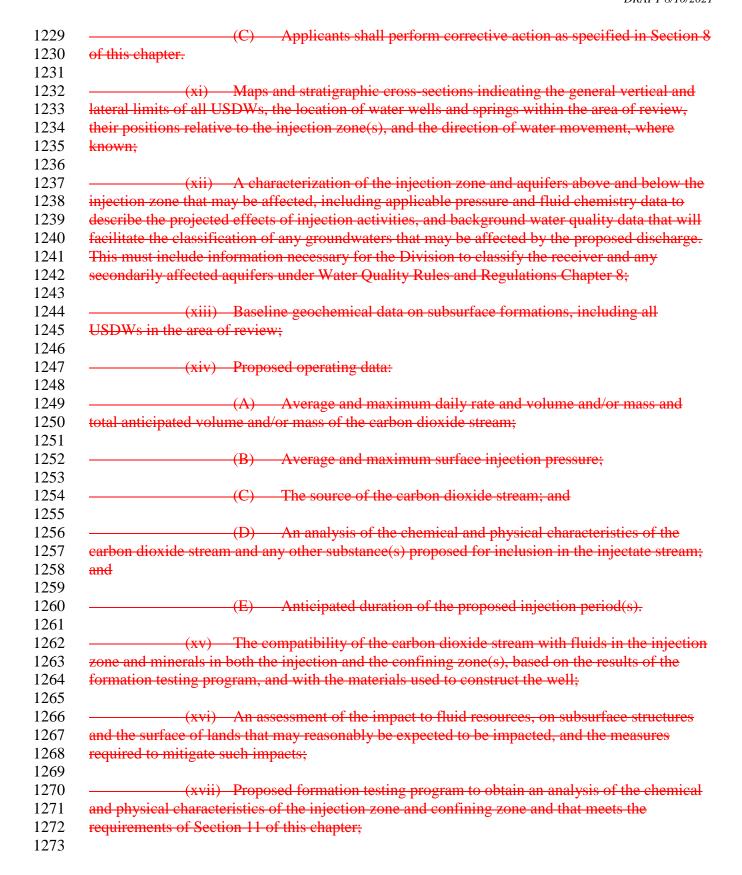


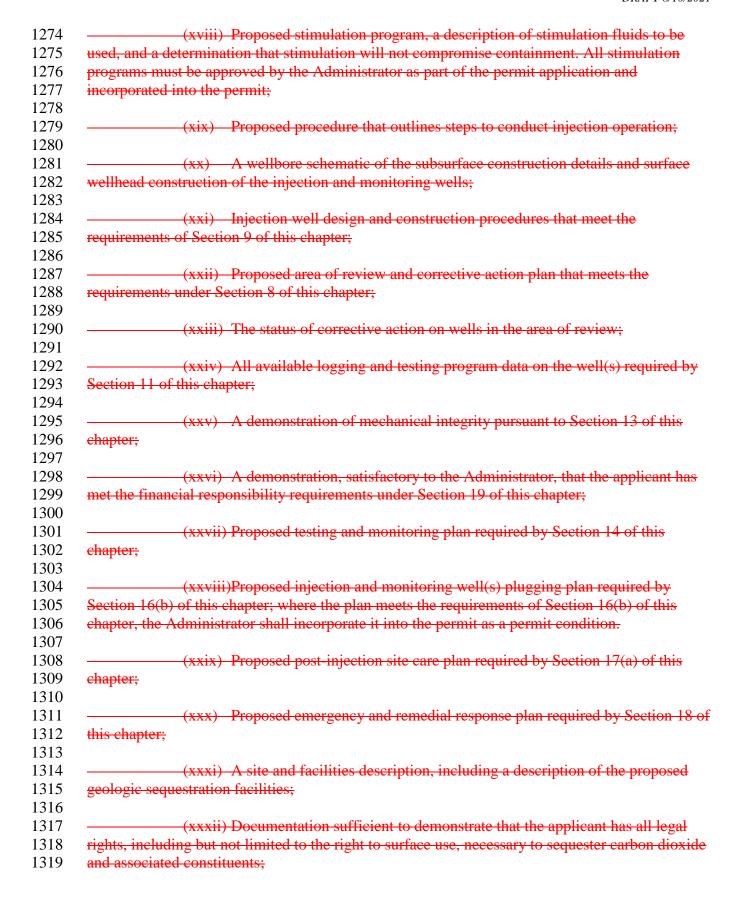


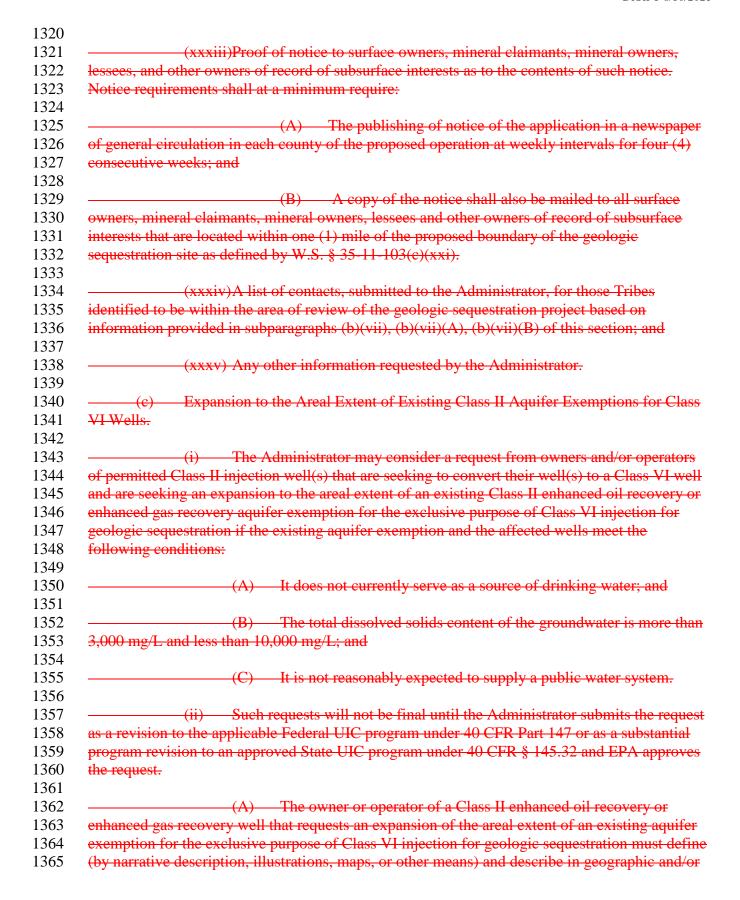


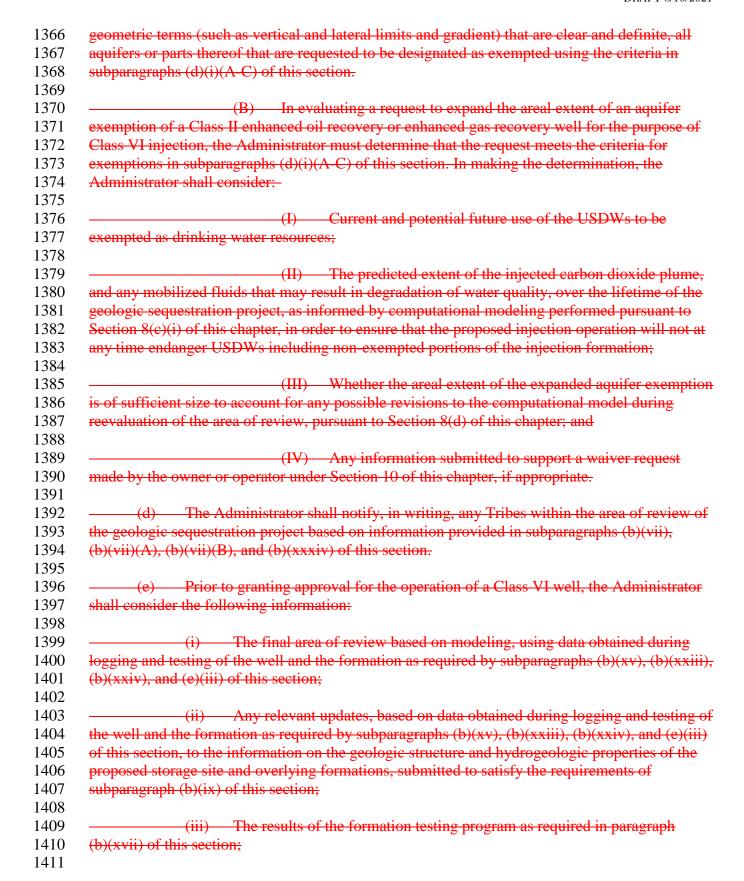


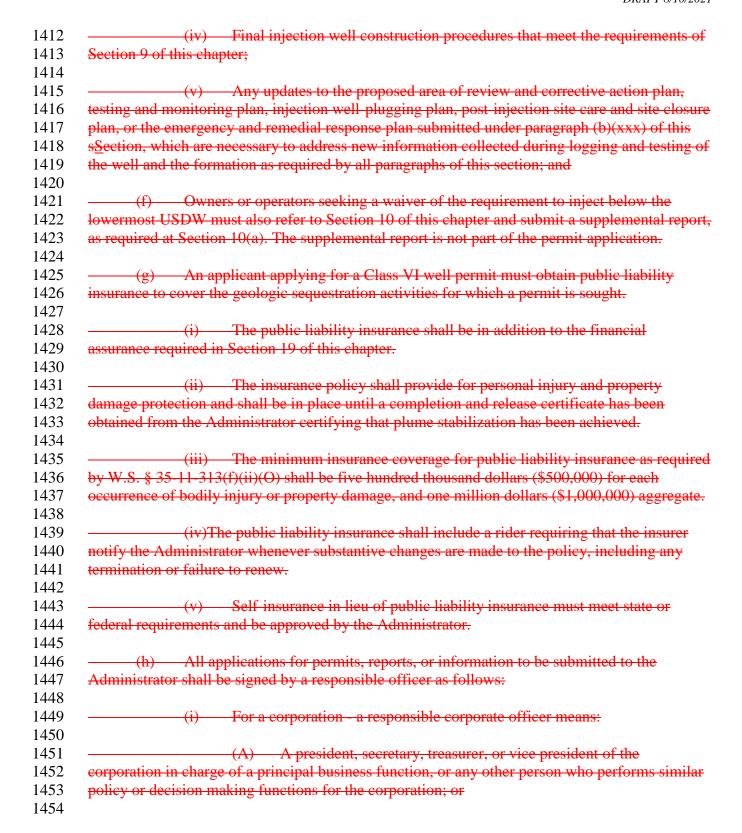


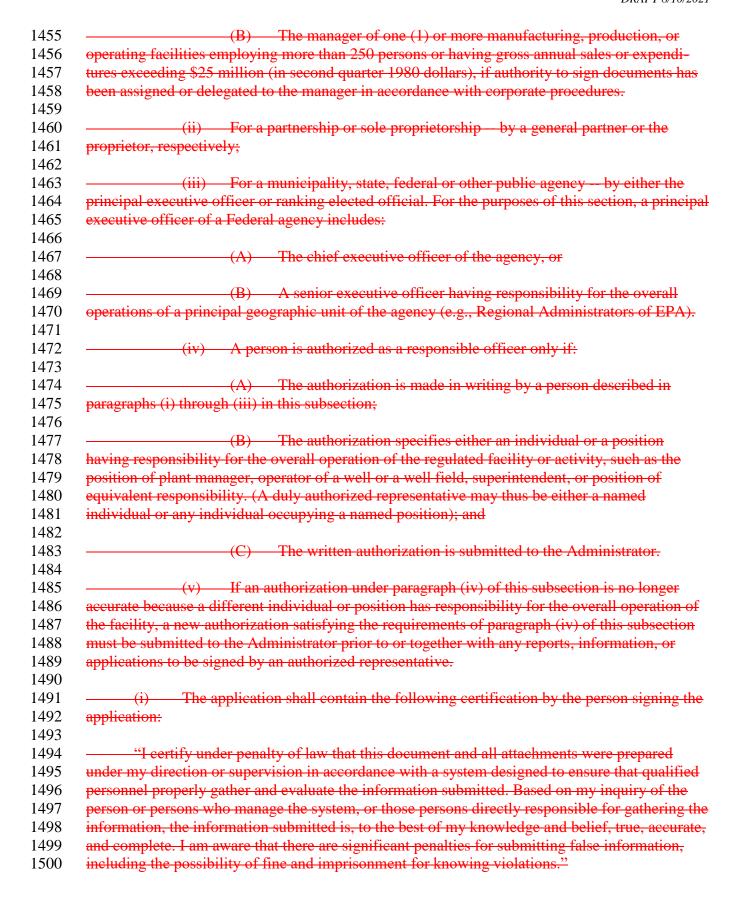












1501 1502 (j) All data used to complete permit applications shall be kept by the applicant for the 1503 life of the geologic sequestration project and for ten (10) years following site closure. 1504 (formerly Section 4(b)(v))(a) The Administrator Director may deny an individual permit 1505 1506 for any of the following reasons: 1507 1508 (formerly Section 4(b)(v)(A))(i) The application is incomplete; 1509 1510 (formerly Section 4(b)(v)(B))(ii) The project, if constructed or operated, will 1511 violate applicable state surface or groundwater standards; 1512 1513 (formerly Section 4(b)(v)(C))(iii) The application proposes the construction or 1514 operation of a project that does not meet the requirements of this eChapter; 1515 1516 (formerly Section 4(b)(v)(a)(D))(iv) The permitted facility would be in conflict 1517 with or is in conflict with a State-approved local wellhead protection plan, State-approved local 1518 source water protection plan, or State-approved water quality management plan; or 1519 1520 (formerly Section 4(b)(v)(a)(E)(v) Other justifiable reasons necessary to carry 1521 out the provisions of the Wyoming Environmental Quality Act. 1522 1523 Section 6. **Prohibitions.** Modifying Permits. 1524 1525 In addition to the requirements in W.S. § 35-11-301(a), no person shall: 1526 1527 (i) Discharge into, construct, operate, or modify any Class VI well unless 1528 permitted pursuant to this chapter; 1529 1530 (ii) Discharge to any zone except the authorized discharge zone as described 1531 in the permit; 1532 1533 (iii) Conduct any authorized injection activity in a manner that results in a 1534 violation of any permit condition, representations made in the application, or the request for 1535 coverage under the individual permit. A permit condition supersedes any application content. 1536 (iv) Construct, operate, maintain, convert, plug, abandon, or conduct any other 1537 1538 injection activity in a manner that allows the movement of fluid containing any contaminant into 1539 underground sources of drinking water, if the presence of that contaminant may cause a violation of any primary drinking water regulation under 40 CFR Part 141 or may otherwise adversely 1540 1541 affect the health of persons. The applicant for a permit shall have the burden of showing that the 1542 requirements of this paragraph are met. 1543 1544 (b) If any water quality monitoring of an underground source of drinking water 1545 indicates the movement of any contaminant into the underground source of drinking water, 1546 except as authorized under this chapter, the Administrator shall prescribe such additional

1547 requirements for construction, corrective action, operation, monitoring, or reporting (including 1548 closure of the injection well) as are necessary to prevent such movement. In the case of wells 1549 authorized by permit, these additional requirements shall be imposed by modifying the permit in 1550 accordance with Section 4 of this chapter, or the permit may be terminated under Section 4 of this chapter if cause exists, or appropriate enforcement action may be taken if the permit has 1551 1552 been violated. 1553 1554 (c) No person shall inject any hazardous waste that has been banned from land 1555 disposal pursuant to Wyoming Hazardous Waste Rules Chapter 1. 1556 1557 (d) The construction of new, or operation or maintenance of any existing Class V 1558 wells for non experimental geologic sequestration is prohibited. 1559 1560 (e) The Administrator may identify (by narrative description, illustrations, maps, or 1561 other means) and shall protect as underground sources of drinking water, all aquifers and parts of 1562 aquifers that meet the definition of "underground source of drinking water" in Section 2, except to the extent there is expansion to the areal extent of an existing Class II enhanced oil recovery or 1563 enhanced gas recovery aquifer exemption for the exclusive purpose of Class VI injection for 1564 geologic sequestration under Section 5(c) of this chapter. Other than EPA-approved aquifer 1565 1566 exemption expansions that meet the criteria set forth in Section 5(c) of this chapter, new aquifer exemptions shall not be issued for Class VI injection wells. Even if an aquifer has not been 1567 1568 specifically identified by the Administrator, it is an underground source of drinking water if it 1569 meets the definition in Section 2 of this chapter. 1570 1571 The Administrator Director may modify a permit (formerly Section 4(b)(vii))(a) 1572 when: 1573 1574 (formerly Section 4(b)(vii)(A)(i) Any material or substantial 1575 alterations or additions to the facility occur after permitting or licensing that justify the 1576 application of different permit conditions that are different or absent in the existing permit; 1577 1578 (formerly Section 4(b)(vii)(B)(ii) Any modification in the operation of 1579 the facility is capable of causing or increasing pollution in excess of applicable standards or 1580 permit conditions; 1581 1582 (formerly Section 4(b)(vii)(C)(iii) Information warranting modification 1583 is discovered after the operation has begun that would have justified the application of different 1584 permit conditions at the time of permit issuance; 1585 1586 (formerly Section 4(b)(vii)(D)(iv) Regulations or standards upon which 1587 the permit was based have changed by promulgation of amended standards or regulations or by judicial decision after the permit was issued; 1588 1589 1590 (formerly Section 4(b)(vii)(E)(v) Cause exists for termination, as

described in this sSection, but the Department determines that modification is appropriate; or

1591

1593	(formerly Section 4(b)(vii)(F)(vi)Modification is necessary to comply
1594	with applicable statutes, standards, or regulations-;
1595	
1596	(formerly Section 4(b)(xvi))(vii) Transfer of a permit is allowed only upon
1597	approval by the Administrator. When a permit transfer occurs pursuant to this section, the permit
1598	rights of the previous permittee will automatically terminate. The permit is transferred; or
1599	
1600	(formerly Section 4(b)(viii)(viii) The Administrator may modify a permit
1601	whenever the Administrator determines that permit changes are necessary based on:
1602	when the more and the permit than got the more sum of the con-
1603	(formerly Section 4(b)(viii)(A)(A) Area of review reevaluations under
1604	Section $\frac{8(d)(i)}{13(c)(i)}$ of this e <u>C</u> hapter;
1605	beetion o(a)(1) <u>15(c)(1)</u> of time contained,
1606	(formerly Section 4(b)(viii)(B)(B) Any aAmendments to the testing and
1607	monitoring plan under Section $\frac{14(b)(xii)}{20(b)(xi)}$ 20(b)(xi) of this eChapter;
1608	monitoring plan under section $\frac{1+(0)(xii)}{20(0)(xi)}$ of this echapter,
1609	(formerly Section 4(b)(viii)(C)(C) Any aAmendments to the injection
1610	well-plugging plan under Section $\frac{16(e)}{23(c)}$ of this eChapter;
1611	wen-prugging plan under Section 10(c) 25(c) of this echapter,
1612	(formerly Section 4(b)(viii)(D)(D) Any a Amandments to the post
1613	(formerly Section 4(b)(viii)(D)(D) Any a Amendments to the post-
	injection site care and site closure plan under Section $\frac{17(a)(iv)}{24(a)(iv)}$ of this e <u>C</u> hapter;
1614	(f 1 - C 1 1 / - 1 / - 1 / - 1 / - 1 / - 1 / - 1 / 1 / 1 / 1 / 1 /
1615	(formerly Section 4(b)(viii)(E)(E) Any aAmendments to the emergency
1616	and remedial response plan under Section 18(a)(i) 25(a) of this eChapter;
1617	
1618	(formerly Section 4(b)(viii)(F)(F) A review of monitoring and/or
1619	testing results conducted in accordance with permit requirements ; or
1620	
1621	(formerly Section $4(b)(viii)(G)(G)$) A determination that the injectate is a
1622	hazardous waste as defined in 40 CFR § 261.3 either because the definition has been revised, or
1623	because a previous determination has been changed.
1624	
1625	formerly Section 4(b)(x)(b) The Administrator may make Mminor modifications of to
1626	permits may occur with the consent of the permittee. without following the public notice
1627	requirements. The Administrator shall notify the permittee of Mminor modifications to its
1628	permit, and the modifications will shall become final twenty (20) days from the date of receipt of
1629	such notice. For the purposes of this chapter, mMinor modifications may only:
1630	
1631	formerly Section $4(b)(x)(A)(i)$ Correct typographical errors;
1632	
1633	formerly Section $4(b)(x)(B)(ii)$ Require more frequent monitoring or
1634	reporting by the permittee;
1635	
1636	formerly Section $4(b)(x)(C)(iii)$ Change an interim compliance date in a
1637	schedule of compliance, provided the new date is not more than 120 days after the date specified

in the existing permit and does not interfere with attainment of the final compliance date requirement;

formerly Section 4(b)(x)(D)(iv) Allow for a permit transfer and change in ownership or operational control of a facility where the Administrator determines that no other change in the permit is necessary, provided that a written agreement containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage, and liability between the current and new permittees have has been submitted to the Administrator;

formerly Section 4(b)(x)(E)(v) Change quantities or types of fluids injected that are within the capacity of the facility as permitted and, in the judgment of the Administrator, would not interfere with the operation of the facility or its ability to meet conditions described in the permit and would not change its classification;

formerly Section 4(b)(x)(F)(vi) Change construction requirements approved by the Administrator pursuant to subparagraphs (c)(i)(BB)(I) through (III) of this section Section 9(b)(xxix)(A)-(C) of this Chapter, provided that any such the alteration shall complyies with the requirements of this eChapter;

formerly Section 4(b)(x)(G)(vii) Amend a well-plugging and abandonment plan that has been updated under Section $16\ 23$ of this eChapter; or

formerly Section 4(b)(x)(H)(ix) Amend a Class VI injection well testing and monitoring plan, well-plugging plan, post-injection site care and site closure plan, or emergency and remedial response plan where the modifications merely clarify or correct the plan, as determined by the Administrator.

formerly Section 4(b)(xii)(c) The Administrator Director may modify a permit to resolve issues that could lead to the revocation or termination of the permit under Section 4(b) 7(a) of this eChapter. The Administrator, as part of any notification of intent to terminate a permit, shall order the permittee to proceed with reclamation on a reasonable time period.

(formerly Section 4(b)(xiv)(d) When the Administrator Director modifies a permit, In a permit modification under Section 4(b) of this chapter, only those the conditions to be that are being modified shall be reopened when a new draft permit is prepared. All other aspects of the existing, unmodified permit shall remain in effect for the duration of the unmodified permit and the modified permit shall expire on the date when the original permit would have expired. When a permit is revoked and reissued under this section, the entire permit is reopened as if the permit has expired and is being reissued. During any revocation and reissuance proceeding, the permittee shall comply with all conditions of the existing permit until a new final permit is issued. (formerly Section 4(b)(ix)) Suitability of the facility location will shall not be considered at the time of permit modification or revocation and reissuance unless new information or standards indicate that a threat to human health, safety, or the environment exists that was unknown at the time of permit issuance.

formerly Section (4)(b)(xiii)(e) If the Administrator tentatively decides to modify or

1684 revoke and reissue a permit, a draft permit incorporating the proposed changes shall be prepared. 1685 The Administrator may request additional information and, in the case of a modified permit, may 1686 require the submission of an updated a new application to modify a permit. In the case of 1687 revoked and reissued permits, the Administrator shall require the submission of a new 1688 application. 1689 1690 Minimum Criteria for Siting Class VI Wells. Terminating, Revoking, Section 7. 1691 and Reissuing Permits. 1692 1693 Owners or operators of Class VI wells must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the 1694 Administrator that the wells will be sited in areas with a suitable geologic system. The geologic 1695 system must be comprised of: 1696 1697 (i) An injection zone of sufficient areal extent, thickness, porosity, and 1698 permeability to receive the total anticipated volume of the carbon dioxide stream; and 1699 1700 (ii) A confining zone(s) that is free of transmissive faults or fractures and of sufficient areal extent and integrity to contain the injected carbon dioxide stream and displaced 1701 1702 formation fluids and allow injection at proposed maximum pressures and volumes without 1703 initiating or propagating fractures in the confining zone(s) or causing non-transmissive faults to 1704 become transmissive. 1705 1706 (b) Owners or operators of Class VI wells must identify and characterize additional 1707 zones, if they exist, that will impede vertical fluid movement, allow for pressure dissipation, and 1708 provide additional opportunities for monitoring, mitigation, and remediation. Vertical faults and 1709 fractures that transect these zones must be identified. 1710 1711 (formerly Section 4(b)(xi)(a) The Administrator Director may terminate a permit or 1712 revoke and reissue or terminate a permit for any of the following reasons: 1713 1714 (formerly Section 4(b)(xi)(A)(i) Noncompliance with terms and conditions 1715 of the permit; 1716 1717 (formerly Section 4(b)(xi)(B)(ii) Failure in the application or during the 1718 issuance process to disclose fully all relevant facts, or misrepresentation of any relevant facts at 1719 any time; or 1720 1721 (formerly Section 4(b)(xi)(C)(iii) A determination that the activity endangers 1722 threatens human health, safety, or the environment and can only be regulated to acceptable levels 1723 by a permit modification or termination. 1724 1725 (formerly Section 4(b)(xii)(b) The Administrator may modify a permit to resolve issues

that could lead to the revocation of the permit under Section 4(b) of this chapter. The Administrator, aAs part of any notification notice of intent to terminate a permit, the Director shall order the permittee to proceed with reclamation on within a reasonable time period.

1726 1727

1728

(formerly Section 4(b)(xiii))(c) If the Administrator tentatively decides to modify or revoke and reissue a permit, a draft permit incorporating the proposed changes shall be prepared. The Administrator may request additional information and, in the case of a modified permit, may require the submission of an updated application. In the case of revoked and reissued permits, the Administrator shall require the submission of A revoked permit may be reissued only if a new application is submitted.

(formerly Section 4(b)(xiv))(d) In a permit modification under Section 4(b) of this eChapter, only those conditions to be modified shall be reopened when a new draft permit is prepared. All other aspects of the existing permit shall remain in effect for the duration of the unmodified permit and the modified permit shall expire on the date when the original permit would have expired. When a permit is revoked and reissued under this section, the entire permit is reopened as if the permit has expired and is being reissued, except that suitability of the facility location shall not be considered unless new information or standards indicate that a threat to human health, safety, or the environment exists that was unknown at the time of permit issuance. During any revocation and reissuance proceeding, the permittee shall comply with all conditions of the existing permit until a new final permit is issued.

Section 8. Area of Review Delineation and Corrective Action. Transferring Permits.

- (a) The area of review is based on computational modeling that accounts for the physical and chemical properties of all phases of the injected carbon dioxide stream. The owner or operator will re-evaluate the area of review at least every two (2) years during the operational life of the facility, and then no less frequently than every five (5) years through the post-injection site care period until the geologic sequestration project is closed in accordance with department rules and regulations.
- (b) The owner or operator of a Class VI well must prepare, maintain, and comply with a plan to delineate the area of review for a proposed geologic sequestration project, reevaluate the delineation, and perform corrective action that meets the requirements of this section and is acceptable to the Administrator. As a part of the permit application for approval by the Administrator, the owner or operator must submit an area of review and corrective action plan that includes the following information:
- (i) The method for delineating the area of review that meets the requirements of paragraph (c) of this section, including the name, version and availability of the model to be used, assumptions that will be made, and the site characterization data on which the model will be based:

(ii) A description of:

(A) The monitoring and operational conditions that would warrant a reevaluation of the area of review prior to the next scheduled re-evaluation as determined by the minimum fixed frequency established in paragraph (a) of this section.

1776	(B) How monitoring and operational data (e.g., injection rate and
1777	pressure) will be used to evaluate the area of review; and
1778	
1779	(C) How corrective action will be conducted to meet the requirements
1780	of paragraph (c)(v) of this section, including:
1781	
1782	(I) What corrective action will be performed prior to injection;
1783	
1784	(II) What, if any, portions of the area of review will have
1785	corrective action addressed on a phased basis, and how the phasing will be determined;
1786	
1787	(III) How corrective action will be adjusted if there are changes
1788	in the area of review; and
1789	
1790	(IV) How site access will be ensured for future corrective action.
1791	
1792	(c) Owners or operators of Class VI wells must perform the following actions to
1793	delineate the area of review, identify all wells that require corrective action, and perform
1794	corrective action on those wells:
1795	
1796	(i) Predict, using existing computational modeling:
1797	(c)
1798	(A) The projected lateral and vertical migration of the carbon dioxide
1799	plume and formation fluids in the subsurface from the commencement of injection activities until
1800	the plume movement ceases;
1801	p
1802	(B) The pressure differentials, and demonstrate that pressure
1803	differentials sufficient to cause the movement of injected fluids or formation fluids into a USDW
1804	or to otherwise threaten human health, safety, or the environment will not be present (or for a
1805	fixed time period as determined by the Administrator);
1806	,
1807	(C) The potential need for brine removal, and;
1808	
1809	(D) The long-term effects of pressure buildup if brine is not removed.
1810	
1811	(ii) The modeling must:
1812	
1813	(A) Be based on:
1814	
1815	(I) Detailed geologic data available or collected to characterize
1816	the injection zone, confining zone and any additional zones; and
1817	
1818	(II) Anticipated operating data, including injection pressures,
1819	rates and total volumes over the proposed operational life of the facility.
1820	

1821	(B) Take into account any relevant geologic heterogeneities, other
1822	discontinuities, data quality, and their possible impact on model predictions; and
1823	
1824	(C) Consider potential migration through faults, fractures, and artificial
1825	penetrations.
1826	
1827	(iii) Using methods approved by the Administrator, identify all penetrations,
1828	including active and abandoned wells and underground mines, in the area of review that may
1829	penetrate the confining zone. Provide a description of each well's type, construction, date drilled.
1830	location, depth, record of plugging and/or completion, and any additional information the
1831	Administrator may require; and
1832	
1833	(iv) Determine which abandoned wells in the area of review have been
1834	plugged in a manner that prevents the movement of:
1835	plugged in a mainer that prevents the movement of.
1836	(A) Carbon dioxide that may endanger USDWs or otherwise threaten
1837	human health, safety, or the environment; or
1838	numan nearth, safety, of the environment, of
1839	(B) Displaced formation fluids, or other fluids, including the use of
1840	materials compatible with the carbon dioxide stream, that may endanger USDWs or otherwise
1841	threaten human health, safety, or the environment.
1842	threaten numan nearth, sarety, of the environment.
1843	(v) Owners or operators of Class VI wells that are determined to need
1844	corrective action using methods that are approved by the Administrator, must perform corrective
1845	action on all wells in the area of review to prevent the movement of fluid into or between
1846	USDWs including use of materials compatible with the carbon dioxide stream, where
1847	
1848	appropriate.
1849	(d) At a fixed frequency not to exceed two (2) years during the energtional life of the
1850	(d) At a fixed frequency, not to exceed two (2) years during the operational life of the facility, or five (5) years during the post-injection site care period (until site closure) as specified
1851	
	in the area of review and corrective action plan, or when monitoring and operational conditions
1852	warrant, owners or operators must:
1853	(i) De evaluate the error of review in the same manner are sifted in represent
1854	(i) Re-evaluate the area of review in the same manner specified in paragraph
1855	(c)(i) of this section;
1856	
1857	(ii) Identify all wells in the re-evaluated area of review that require corrective
1858	action in the same manner specified in paragraph (c)(iv) of this section;
1859	
1860	(iii) Perform corrective action on wells requiring corrective action in the
1861	reevaluated area of review in the same manner specified in paragraph (c)(v) of this section; and
1862	
1863	(iv) Submit an amended area of review and corrective action plan or
1864	demonstrate to the Administrator through monitoring data and modeling results that no change to
1865	the area of review and corrective action plan is needed.

1867	(A) Any amendments to the area of review and corrective action plan
1868	must be approved by the Administrator;
1869	
1870	(B) Any amendments to the area of review must be incorporated into
1871	the permit; and
1872	
1873	(C) Any amendments to the area of review are subject to the permit
1874	modification requirements of Section 4 of this chapter, as appropriate.
1875	institution requirements of Section 1 of this enapter, as appropriate.
1876	(e) The emergency and remedial response plan (as required by Section 18 of this
1877	chapter) and a demonstration of financial responsibility (as described by Section 19 of this
1878	chapter) must account for the entire area of review (as modified), regardless of whether or not
1879	corrective action in the area of review is phased.
1880	corrective action in the area of review is phased.
1881	(f) All modeling inputs and data used to support area of review reevaluations under
1882	paragraph (d) of this section shall be retained for ten (10) years.
1883	paragraph (d) or this section shall be retained for ten (10) years.
1884	(a) To transfer a permit:
1885	(a) 10 transier a permit.
1886	(formerly Section 4(b)(xvi))(A)(i) The proposed permit holder transferee shall
1887	apply in writing as though that person was were the original applicant for the permit; and
1888	appry in writing as though that person was were the original applicant for the permit, and
1889	(formerly Section 4(b)(xvi))(A)(ii) The proposed permit transferee shall further
1890	agree to be bound by all of the terms and conditions of the permit.
1891	agree to be bound by all of the terms and conditions of the permit.
1892	(formerly Section 4(b)(xvi))(b) Transfer of a permit is allowed only upon approval
1893	by the Administrator Director.
1894	by the Frankistrator <u>Director</u> .
1895	$\frac{\text{(formerly Section 4(b)(xvi))(c)}}{\text{When a permit transfer occurs pursuant to this}}$
1895 1896	section, the permit rights of the previous permittee will automatically terminate.
1890 1897	section, the permit rights of the previous permittee will automatically terminate.
1898	(formerly Section $4(b)(xvi)(B)(d)$ Transfer will shall not be allowed if the permittee is
1899	in noncompliance with any term and conditions of the permit ₅ unless the transferee agrees to
1900	bring the facility back into compliance with the permit.
1900	orning the facility back into comphance with the permit.
1901	(formerly Section 4(b)(xvi))(D)(e) A permit may be transferred by modifying the
1902	permit or by revoking and reissuing the permit the permittee to a new owner or operator only if
1903 1904	the permit has been modified or revoked and reissued (under paragraph (xiii) of this subsection),
1904 1905	
1905 1906	or a minor modification made (under paragraph (xii) of this subsection), to identify the new
1906 1907	permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the Safe Drinking
1907 1908	Water Act the requirements of this Chapter and the Wyoming Environmental Quality Act, W.S.
1908 1909	§ 35-11-101 et seq.
	Section 0 Construction and Operation Standards for Class VI Wells Descrit
1910	Section 9. Construction and Operation Standards for Class VI Wells. Permit
1911	Conditions.

1867

1913	(a) The owner or operator must ensure that all Class VI wells are designed, at a
1914	minimum, to the construction standards set forth by the Department and the Wyoming Oil and
1915	Gas Conservation Commission, as applicable, and constructed and completed to:
1916	
1917	(i) Prevent the movement of fluids into or between USDWs or into any
1918	unauthorized zones;
1919	
1920	(ii) Permit the use of appropriate testing devices and workover tools; and
1921	
1922	(iii) Permit continuous monitoring of the annulus space between the injection
1923	tubing and long string casing.
1924	
1925	(b) Casing and cement or other materials used in the construction of each Class VI
1926	well must have sufficient structural strength and be designed for the life of the well.
1927	
1928	(i) All well materials must be compatible with fluids with which the materials
1929	may be expected to come into contact, and meet or exceed standards developed for such
1930	materials by the American Petroleum Institute, ASTM International, or comparable standards
1931	acceptable to the Administrator.
1932	
1933	(ii) The casing and cementing program must be designed to prevent the
1934	movement of fluids into or between USDWs.
1935	
1936	(iii) In order to allow the Administrator to determine and specify casing and
1937	cementing requirements, the owner or operator must provide the following information:
1938	or operator provide the roll of an analysis of the roll of the rol
1939	(A) Depth to the injection zone;
1940	()
1941	(B) Injection pressure, external pressure, internal pressure, and axial
1942	loading;
1943	10 man 19
1944	(C) Hole size;
1945	(2) 2222,
1946	(D) Size and grade of all casing strings (wall thickness, external
1947	diameter, nominal weight, length, joint specification and construction material), including
1948	whether the casing is new, or used;
1949	
1950	(E) Corrosiveness of the carbon dioxide stream and formation fluids;
1951	()
1952	(F) Down-hole temperatures and pressures;
1953	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
1954	(G) Lithology of injection and confining zones;
1955	(-/ J. 1. 1. 1. 6)
1956	(H) Type or grade of cement and additives; and
1957	() () () () () () () () () ()

1958	(I) Quantity, chemical composition, and temperature of the carbon
1959	dioxide stream.
1960	
1961	(iv) Casing must extend through the base of the lowermost USDW above the
1962	injection zone and be cemented to the surface through the use of a single or multiple strings of
1963	casing and cement.
1964	
1965	(v) At least one (1) long string casing, using a sufficient number of
1966	centralizers, must be set in a manner so as to create a cement bond through the overlying and/or
1967	underlying confining zones(s). The long string casing must extend to the injection zone, must be
1968	cemented by circulating cement to the surface in one (1) or more stages, and must be isolated by
1969	placing cement and/or other isolation techniques as necessary to provide adequate isolation of
1970	the injection zone and provide for protection of USDWs, human health, safety, and the
1971	environment.
1972	
1973	(A) Circulation of cement may be accomplished by staging. The
1974	Administrator may approve an alternative method of cementing in cases where the cement
1975	cannot be recirculated to the surface, provided the owner or operator can demonstrate by using
1976	logs that the cement does not allow fluid movement behind the wellbore.
1977	
1978	(vi) Cement and cement additives must be suitable for use with the carbon
1979	dioxide stream and formation fluids and of sufficient quality and quantity to maintain integrity
1980	over the operating life of the well.
1981	
1982	(vii) The integrity and location of the cement shall be verified using technolog
1983	capable of evaluating cement quality radially with sufficient resolution to identify the location of
1984	channels, voids, or other areas of missing cement to ensure that USDWs are not endangered and
1985	that human health, safety, and the environment are protected.
1986	
1987	(c) All owners and operators of Class VI wells must inject fluids through tubing with
1988	a packer set at a depth opposite a cemented interval at the location approved by the
1989	Administrator.
1990	
1991	(i) Tubing and packer materials used in the construction of each Class VI
1992	well must be compatible with fluids with which the materials may be expected to come into
1993	contact and must meet or exceed standards developed for such materials by the American
1994	Petroleum Institute, ASTM International, or comparable standards acceptable to the
1995	Administrator.
1996	
1997	(ii) In order for the Administrator to determine and specify requirements for
1998	tubing and packer, the owner or operator must submit the following information:
1999	
2000	(A) Depth of setting;
2001	
2002	(B) Characteristics of the carbon dioxide stream (e.g., chemical
2003	content, corrosiveness, temperature, and density) and formation fluids;

2004 2005 (C) Maximum proposed injection pressure; 2006 2007 (D) Maximum proposed annular pressure; 2008 2009 (E) Maximum proposed injection rate (intermittent or continuous) and volume of the carbon dioxide stream: 2010 2011 2012 (F) Size of tubing and casing; and 2013 2014 (G) Tubing tensile, burst, and collapse strengths. 2015 2016 (formerly Section 4(c)(i))(a) Permit conditions shall be incorporated either expressly or 2017 by reference. If incorporated by reference, a specific citation to the incorporated conditions must 2018 shall be given in the permit. 2019 2020 (formerly Section 4(c)(i))(b) All individual permits issued under this eChapter shall 2021 contain the following conditions: 2022 2023 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(A))(i) A requirement that the permittee comply 2024 complies with all conditions of the permit, and a statement that any permit noncompliance 2025 constitutes a violation of these regulations and is grounds for enforcement action, permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification, or for denial of a permit renewal 2026 2027 application; 2028 2029 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(B)) A requirement that if the permittee wishes to 2030 continue injection activity after the expiration date of the permit, the permittee must apply to the 2031 Administrator for, and obtain, a new permit prior to expiration of the existing permit; 2032 2033 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(C))(ii) A stipulation that it shall not be a defense 2034 for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the 2035 permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit; 2036 2037 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(D))(iii) A requirement that the permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or correct any adverse impact on the environment resulting from 2038 2039 noncompliance with this permit; 2040 2041 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(E))(iv) A requirement that the permittee properly 2042 operates and maintains all facilities and systems of treatment and control, and related 2043 appurtenances, that are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the 2044 conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance includes effective performance, 2045 adequate funding and operator staffing and training, and adequate laboratory and process 2046 controls including appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the 2047 operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems only when necessary to achieve 2048 compliance with the conditions of the permit; 2049

2050 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(F))(v) A stipulation that the filing of a request by 2051 the permittee, or at the instigation of the Administrator, for a permit modification, revocation, 2052 termination, or notification of planned changes or anticipated non-compliance, shall not stay any 2053 permit condition; 2054 2055 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(G))(vi) A stipulation that this the permit does not 2056 convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege; 2057 2058 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(H))(vii) A stipulation that the permittee shall furnish 2059 to the Administrator, within a specified time, any information that the Administrator may 2060 requests to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating 2061 the permit, or to determine compliance with the permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the 2062 Administrator, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by the permit; 2063 2064 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(I))(viii) A requirement that the permittee shall allow 2065 the Administrator, or an authorized representative of the Administrator, upon the presentation of 2066 credentials, during normal working hours, to enter the premises where a regulated facility is 2067 located, or where records are kept under the conditions of this permit, and: 2068 2069 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(I)(I)(A) Inspect the discharge and related 2070 facilities, practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; 2071 2072 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(I)(II)(B)) Review and copy reports and records 2073 required by the permit; 2074 2075 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(I)(III))(C) Collect fluid samples for analysis for 2076 the purposes of assuring ensuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the SDWA, Wyoming Environmental Quality Act of any substances or parameters at any location; 2077 2078 2079 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(I)(IV))(D) Measure and record water levels; and 2080 2081 **(E)** Collect resource data as defined by W.S. § 6-3-414; and 2082 2083 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(I)(V))(F) Perform any other function 2084 authorized by law or regulation. 2085 2086 (ix) A requirement that: 2087 2088 (A) If the facility is located on property not owned by the permittee, 2089 the permittee shall also secure from the landowner upon whose property the facility is located 2090 permission for Department personnel and their invitees to enter the premises where the facility is located, or where records are kept under the conditions of this permit, and collect resource data 2091 2092 as defined by W.S. § 6-3-414, inspect and photograph the facility, collect samples for analysis,

review records, and perform any other function authorized by law or regulation. The permittee

shall secure and maintain such access for the duration of the permit and the post-injection site

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care and site closure period; and

2096 2097 (B) If the facility cannot be directly accessed using public roads, the permittee shall also secure permission for Department personnel and their invitees to enter and 2098 2099 cross all properties necessary to access the facility. The permittee shall secure and maintain such 2100 access for the duration of the permit and the post-injection site care and site closure period; 2101 2102 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(J)(x)A requirement that the permittee furnishes 2103 any information necessary to establish a testing and monitoring program pursuant to Section 14 2104 20 of this eChapter. Conditions shall specify: 2105 2106 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(J)(I))(A) Required monitoring including type, 2107 intervals, and frequency sufficient to yield data that are representative of the monitored activity 2108 including when appropriate, continuous monitoring; 2109 2110 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(J)(II)(B)) Requirements concerning the proper 2111 use, maintenance, and installation, when appropriate, of monitoring equipment or methods, 2112 including biological monitoring methods when appropriate; and 2113 2114 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(J)(III))(C) Applicable rReporting and notice 2115 requirements based upon the impact of the regulated activity and as specified in Section 15 22 of 2116 this eChapter. Reporting shall be no less frequent than specified in the above regulations. Section 2117 22 of this Chapter; 2118 2119 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(K))(xi) A requirement that all samples and 2120 measurements taken for the purpose of monitoring shall be representative of the monitored 2121 activity and that records of all monitoring information be retained by the permittee. The 2122 monitoring information to be retained shall be that information stipulated in the monitoring 2123 program established pursuant to the criteria in Section 14 of this chapter; 2124 2125 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(L))(xii) A requirement that all applications, reports, 2126 and other information submitted to the Administrator contain the certifications as required in 2127 Section 5(i) 10(d) of this eChapter by a responsible corporate officer, and be signed by a person 2128 who meets the requirements to sign permit applications found in Section 5(h), or for routine 2129 reports, a duly authorized representative; 2130 2131 (A) A responsible corporate officer, as defined in Section 2(mm) of this Chapter, may authorize an individual or a position that does not meet the requirements of 2132 2133 subparagraphs (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv) of Section 2(mm) to act as a "duly authorized representative." (formerly located at Section 5(h)(iv)) A person is authorized To authorize as a responsible officer 2134 2135 duly authorized representative only if: 2136 2137 (formerly located at Section 5(h)(iv)(A))(I) The authorization is 2138 made in writing by a person described in paragraphs (i) through (iii) in this subsection A person 2139 who meets the requirements of subparagraph (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv) of Section 2(mm) shall

authorize the duly authorized representative in writing;

2142 (formerly located at Section 5(h)(iv)(B))(II) The authorization 2143 shall specifies specify either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall 2144 operation of the regulated facility or activity, such as the position of plant manager, operator of a 2145 well or a well field, superintendent, or position of equivalent responsibility. (A duly authorized 2146 representative may thus be either a named individual or any individual occupying a named 2147 position); and 2148 2149 (formerly located at Section 5(h)(iv)(B))(III) responsible corporate officer shall submit the written authorization is submitted to the 2150 2151 Administrator. 2152 2153 (formerly located at Section 5(h)(v))(B) If an authorization under 2154 paragraph (iv) of this subsection subparagraph (A) of this subparagraph is no longer accurate 2155 because a different individual or position has responsibility for the overall operation of the facility, a new authorization satisfying the requirements of paragraph (iv) of this subsection must 2156 2157 be submitted to the responsible corporate official shall notify the Administrator that the 2158 authorization is no longer accurate or shall submit to the Administrator a new authorization 2159 satisfying the requirements of subparagraph (A) of this subparagraph prior to or together with 2160 any reports, or information, or applications to be signed by an duly authorized representative. 2161 2162 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(M))(xiii) A requirement that the permittee give 2163 advance notice to the Administrator as soon as possible of any planned physical alteration or 2164 additions, other than authorized operation and maintenance, to the permitted facility and receive 2165 authorization from the Administrator prior to implementing the proposed alteration or addition; 2166 2167 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(N))(xiv) A requirement that any modification that may result in a violation of a permit condition shall be reported to the Administrator, and any 2168 modification that will result in a violation of a permit condition shall be reported to the 2169 2170 Administrator through the submission of a new or amended permit application; 2171 2172 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(O))(xv) A requirement that any transfer of a permit must shall first be approved by the Administrator Director, and that no transfer will be approved 2173 2174 if the facility is not in compliance with the existing permit unless the proposed permittee agrees 2175 to bring the facility into compliance; 2176 2177 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(P))(xvi) A requirement that monitoring results shall be reported at the intervals specified elsewhere in the permit; 2178 2179 2180 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(O))(xvii) A requirement that reports of compliance or 2181 non-compliance, or any progress reports on interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule, (if one is required by the Administrator,) shall be submitted no later than 2182 2183 thirty (30) days following each schedule date; 2184 2185 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(R))(xviii) A requirement that the permittee shall report

The following reporting and mitigation requirements:

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2188	(formerly Section $4(c)(i)(R)(I)(A)$ If Aany monitoring or other
2189	information that indicates that any contaminant, may cause an endangerment to a USDW or
2190	indicates that the injected carbon dioxide stream, displaced formation fluids, or associated
2191	pressure front may endanger a USDW or threaten human health, safety, or the environment.
2192	addition, the owner or operator permittee shall:
2193	dudition, the owner or operator permittee shair.
2194	(formerly Section $4(c)(i)(R)(I)(1.)$) Immediately cease injection;
2195	(tormerly bection 4(c)(1)(1c)(1)(1.))(1) infliction,
2196	(formerly Section $4(c)(i)(R)(I)(2.)$)(II) Take all steps
2197	reasonably necessary to identify and characterize any release; and
2198	reasonably necessary to identify and characterize any release, and
2199	(formerly Section 4(c)(i)(R)(I)(3.))(III) Orally Nnotify the
2200	Administrator within twenty-four (24) hours- of discovering the condition; and
2200	Administrator within twenty-rour (24) hours: or discovering the condition, and
2201	formerly Section 4(c)(i)(R)(II))(IV) Provide a written submission
2202	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	report shall be provided to the Administrator within five (5) days of the time the permittee
2204	becomes aware of discovering any excursion or indication that a contaminant may cause an
2205	endangerment to a USDW the condition. The written submission report shall contain:
2206	formally Castian $A(a)(i)(D)(H)(1)(1)$ A description
2207	formerly Section $4(c)(i)(R)(II)(1.)$ A description
2208	of the noncompliance endangerment and its cause;
2209	
2210	formerly Section $4(c)(i)(R)(II)(2.)(2.)$ The period of
2211	noncompliance endangerment, including exact dates and times, and, if the noncompliance
2212	endangerment has not been controlled, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and
2213	
2214	formerly Section 4(c)(i)(R)(II)(3.))(3.) The Seteps taken or
2215	planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance endangerment;
2216	
2217	formerly Section 4(c)(i)(R)(II))(B) If the permittee discovers Aany
2218	noncompliance with a permit condition or a requirement of this Chapter that may cause fluid
2219	migration into or between USDWs, or any malfunction of the injection system that may cause
2220	fluid migration into or between USDWs, or if any excursion, is discovered the permittee shall:
2221	
2222	formerly Section 4(c)(i)(R)(II))(I) It shall be oOrally reported to
2223	<u>notify</u> the Administrator within twenty-four (24) hours from the time the permittee becomes
2224	aware of the circumstances, of discovering the condition;
2225	
2226	formerly Section 4(c)(i)(R)(II))(II) and Provide a written
2227	submission report to the Administrator shall be provided within five (5) days of the time the
2228	permittee becomes aware of any excursion or indication that a contaminant may cause an
2229	endangerment to a USDW. discovering the condition, which The written submission shall
2230	contain:
2231	
2232	formerly Section $4(c)(i)(R)(II)(1.)$ A description of the
2233	noncompliance, malfunction, or excursion and its cause;

2234 2235 formerly Section 4(c)(i)(R)(H)(2.)(2.)The period of 2236 noncompliance, malfunction, or excursion, including exact dates and times, and, if the 2237 noncompliance, malfunction, or excursion has not been controlled, the anticipated time it is 2238 expected to continue; and 2239 2240 formerly Section 4(c)(i)(R)(II)(3.)(3.) The Ssteps taken or 2241 planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance, malfunction, or 2242 excursion. 2243 2244 formerly Section 4(c)(i)(R)(III))(III) In addition, iIf an excursion is 2245 discovered, the owner or operator shall provide written notice to all surface owners, mineral 2246 claimants, mineral owners, lessees, and other owners of record of subsurface interests within 2247 thirty (30) days of discovery, discovering the excursion; and 2248 2249 formerly Section 18(b)(v)(IV) Implement the emergency and 2250 remedial response plan approved by the Administrator; 2251 2252 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(S))(xix) A requirement that the permittee report all 2253 instances of noncompliance not already required to be reported under paragraphs (c)(i)(Q) 2254 through (R) subparagraph (b)(xix)(B) of this sSection, at the time monitoring reports are 2255 submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed in paragraph (c)(i)(R) subparagraph 2256 (b)(xix)(B)(II) of this section; 2257 2258 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(T)(xx)A requirement that if the permittee becomes 2259 aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Administrator, the permittee shall 2260 promptly submit such facts or information; 2261 2262 2263 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(U))(xxi) A requirement that the injection facility 2264 meet construction requirements outlined in Section 9 14 of this eChapter, and that the permittee submit a notice of completion of construction to the Administrator, and that the permittee allows 2265 for the Administrator to inspection of the facility upon completion of construction, and prior to 2266 2267 commencing any underground injection activity; 2268 2269 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(V))(xxii) A requirement that the permittee notify notifies the Administrator at such times as the permit requires before conversion or abandonment 2270 2271 of the facility. Conversion refers to converting a Class VI well to a Class I, II or V well. The permittee shall apply for a permit for Class I and V as specified in WQR Chapter 27 or Class II 2272 2273 through the Wyoming Oil and Gas Conservation Commission. Upon receipt of the Class I, II or 2274 V permit, the permittee shall request the permit be terminated as outlined in Section 4(d); 2275

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commence until construction is complete, and that Construction is complete when:

(formerly Section 4(c)(i)(W))(xxiii) A requirement that injection may shall not

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DRAFT 8/10/2021 2279 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(W)(I)(A)) The permittee has submitted a notice 2280 of completion of construction to the Administrator; and 2281 2282 (formerly Section 4(e)(i)(W)(II))(B) The Administrator has inspected or 2283 otherwise reviewed the injection well and finds found it is in compliance with the conditions of 2284 the permit; 2285 2286 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(W)(II))(I) Within thirteen (13) days of 2287 the date of the notice in subparagraph (xxii) of this paragraph, the Administrator shall provide 2288 notice to the permittee of the or the permittee has not received notice from the Administrator of 2289 their intent to inspect or otherwise review the injection well. within thirteen (13) days of the date 2290 of the notice in subparagraph (U) of this paragraph, The notice shall include a reasonable time 2291 period in which the Administrator shall inspect or review the well; but 2292 2293 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(W)(II))(II) If the Administrator does not 2294 provide the notice required by subparagraph (I) of this subparagraph, the requirement for in 2295 which case prior inspection or review is waived, and the permittee may commence injection. The Administrator shall include in his notice a reasonable time period in which they shall inspect 2296 2297 the well. 2298 2299 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(X))(xxiv) A requirement that the owner or 2300 operator of a Class VI well permitted under this part permittee shall establish mechanical integrity prior to commencing injection or on a schedule determined by the Administrator, and 2301 2302 that Tthereafter, the owner or operator of a Class VI wells permittee must shall maintain 2303 mechanical integrity as defined in Section 13 19 of this eChapter; 2304 2305 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(Y))(xxv) A requirement that when if the Administrator determines that a Class VI well lacks mechanical integrity pursuant to Section 13 2306

(formerly Section 4(c)(i)(Y))(xxv) A requirement that when if the Administrator determines that a Class VI well lacks mechanical integrity pursuant to Section 13 of this chapter, he/she shall and gives written notice of his/her the determination to the owner or operator.permittee, the permittee shall:

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(formerly Section 4(c)(i)(Y)(I)(A) Unless the Administrator requires immediate cessation, the owner or operator shall cCease injection into the well within forty-eight (48) hours of receipt of the Administrator's determination-unless the Administrator requires immediate cessation;

(formerly Section 4(c)(i)(Y)(II)(B) The Administrator may allow plugging of the well pursuant to the requirements of Section 16 of this chapter or require the permittee to perform such additional any construction, operation, monitoring, reporting, and corrective action as is necessary that the Administrator requires to prevent the movement of fluid into or between USDWs caused by the lack of mechanical integrity, or plug the well pursuant to the requirements of Section 23 of this Chapter if allowed by the Administrator; and

(formerly Section 4(c)(i)(Y)(II)(C) The owner or operator may resume injection upon written notification from the Administrator Not resume injection into the

2324 well until the Administrator provides written notice that the owner or operator permittee has 2325 demonstrated mechanical integrity pursuant to Section 13 19 of this eChapter. 2326 2327 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(Z))(xxvi) A requirement that, for any Class VI 2328 well that lacks mechanical integrity, injection operations are prohibited until the permittee shows 2329 to the satisfaction of the Administrator under Section 13 19 of this eChapter that the well has 2330 mechanical integrity: 2331 2332 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(AA))(xxvii) A Class VI permit shall 2333 include conditions that meet the requirements set forth in Section 16 of this chapter. Where the plan meets the requirements of Section 16 of this chapter, A requirement that the permittee 2334 2335 comply with a well-plugging plan that meets the requirements of Section 23 of this Chapter, 2336 which the Administrator shall be incorporated it into the permit as a permit condition; and 2337 Temporary or intermittent cessation of injection operations is not abandonment. 2338 2339 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(BB))(xxviii) **Class VI injection well** 2340 permits shall include cConditions meeting that implement the requirements of Section 9 14 of this eChapter. Permits shall contain the following requirements when applicable The conditions 2341 2342 shall: 2343 2344 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(BB)(I))(A) Require Aall wells shall to 2345 achieve compliance with such the requirements of Section 14 of this Chapter according to a compliance schedule established as a permit condition.; The owner or operator of a proposed 2346 2347 new injection well shall submit plans for testing, drilling, and construction as part of the permit 2348 application. 2349 2350 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(BB)(II))(B) Prohibit No construction may from commenceing until a permit has been issued containing construction requirements: 2351 2352 2353 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(BB)(III))(C) Require that Aall 2354 wells shall be in compliance comply with these construction requirements of Section 14 of this 2355 Chapter prior to commencing injection operations. Changes in construction plans during construction may be approved by the Administrator as minor modifications. No such changes 2356 2357 may be physically incorporated into construction of the well prior to approval of the modification 2358 by the Administrator. 2359 2360 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(BB)(IV))(D) Include a Corrective 2361 action plan as set forth in Section 8 13 of this eChapter.; 2362 2363 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(BB)(V))(E) Require that all wells comply 2364 with the Ooperational requirements as set forth in of Section 9 14 of this eChapter; 2365 2366 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(BB)(V))(F) the permit shall eEstablish

any maximum injection volumes and for pressures necessary to ensure that fractures are not initiated in the confining zone, to ensure that injected fluids do not migrate into any underground

2367

source of drinking water, to ensure that formation fluids are not displaced into any underground source of drinking water, and to ensure compliance with the operating requirements.

(formerly Section 4(c)(i)(BB)(VI))(G) Establish

 Mmonitoring and reporting requirements as set forth in Sections 14-20 and 15 22 of this eChapter. The permittee shall be required to identify types of tests and methods used to generate the monitoring data; and

(formerly Section 4(c)(i)(BB)(VII)))(H) The owner or operator of a Class VI well must Require the permittee to comply with the financial responsibility requirements set forth in Section 19 26 of this eChapter.

(formerly Section 4(a)(v)(c) Permits for Class VI wells shall be issued for the operating life of the facility and extend through the post-injection site care period until the geologic sequestration project is closed in accordance with Department rules and regulations Administrator certifies site closure pursuant to Section 24(b)(iii) of this Chapter.

(formerly Section 4(a)(vi)(d) Permits may be issued for individual Class VI wells and shall not be issued on an area basis for multiple points of discharge operated by the same person.

(formerly Section 4(c)(i)(CC))(e) The pPermits may, when appropriate, specify a schedule of compliance leading to compliance with the SDWA and 40 CFR Parts 144, 145, 146, and 124 permit conditions, this Chapter, and the Wyoming Environmental Quality Act, W.S. § 35-11-101 et seq.

(formerly Section 4(c)(i)(CC)(I)(i) Any sSchedules of compliance shall require compliance as soon as possible, and in no case later than three (3) years after the effective date of the permit.

(formerly Section 4(e)(i)(CC)(II))(ii) If a permit establishes a schedule of compliance that exceeds one (1) year from the date of permit issuance, the schedule shall set forth interim requirements and the dates for their achievement. (formerly Section 4(e)(i)(CC)(II)(1.)) The time between interim dates shall not exceed one (1) year unless, (formerly Section 4(e)(i)(CC)(II)(2.)) The time necessary for completion of any interim requirement is more than one (1) year and is not readily divisible into stages for completion, and in that case, the permit shall specify interim dates for the submission of reports of progress toward completion of the interim requirements and indicate a projected completion date.

(formerly Section 4(e)(i)(III))(iii) The permit compliance schedule shall be written to require that if paragraph (e)(i)(CC)(I) of this section is applicable, the permittee to submit progress reports be submitted no later than thirty (30) days following each interim date and the final date of compliance.

(formerly Section 4(e)(ii))(f) In addition to the conditions required of all permits, tThe Administrator Director shall establish include in permits, on a case-by-case basis;

(formerly Section 4(c)(ii))(i)—cConditions as required for monitoring, schedules of compliance, and such any additional conditions as are necessary to prevent the migration of fluids into underground sources of drinking water. In the case of wells authorized by permit, these additional requirements shall be imposed by modifying the permit in accordance with this section, or the permit may be terminated under this section if cause exists, or appropriate enforcement action may be taken if the permit has been violated. The Director shall evaluate what conditions are necessary and shall establish these conditions when issuing, modifying, or revoking and reissuing permits; and

(formerly Section 4(c)(iii))(ii) In addition to conditions required in all permits the Administrator shall establish eConditions in permits as required on a case by case basis, to provide for and ensure compliance with all applicable requirements of the SDWA and 40 CFR Parts 144, 145, 146, and 124 this Chapter and the Wyoming Environmental Quality Act, W.S. § 35-11-101 et seq.

(formerly Section 4(c)(iv))(g) New permits, and tTo the extent allowed possible under Section 4 9 of this Chapter, modified or revoked and reissued permits, shall incorporate each of the applicable requirements referenced all of the permit conditions required in by this sSection. An applicable requirement is a State statutory or regulatory requirement that takes effect prior to final administrative disposition of the permit. An applicable requirement is also any requirement that takes effect prior to the modification or revocation and reissuance of a permit, to the extent allowed in Section 4.

(h) When they meet the requirements of this Chapter and are approved by the Administrator, all plans shall be incorporated into the permit.

(formerly Section 5(b)(xviii)) Proposed stimulation program, a description of stimulation fluids to be used, and a determination that stimulation will not compromise containment. All stimulation programs must be approved by the Administrator as part of the permit application and incorporated into the permit;

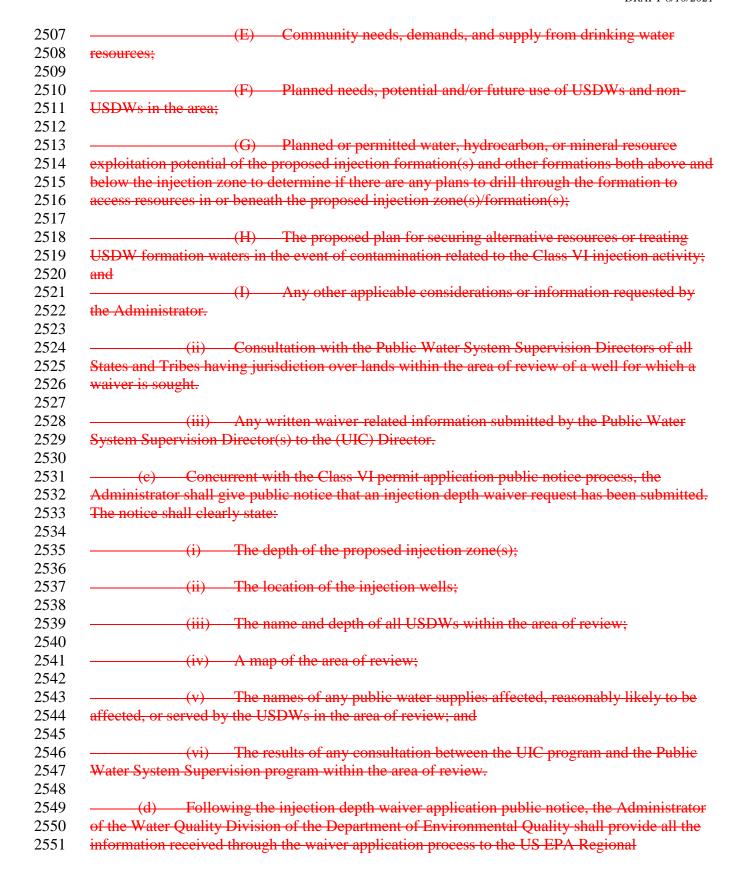
(formerly Section 5(b)(xxviii)) Proposed injection and monitoring well(s) plugging plan required by Section 16(b) of this chapter; where the plan meets the requirements of Section 16(b) of this chapter, the Administrator shall incorporate it into the permit as a permit condition.

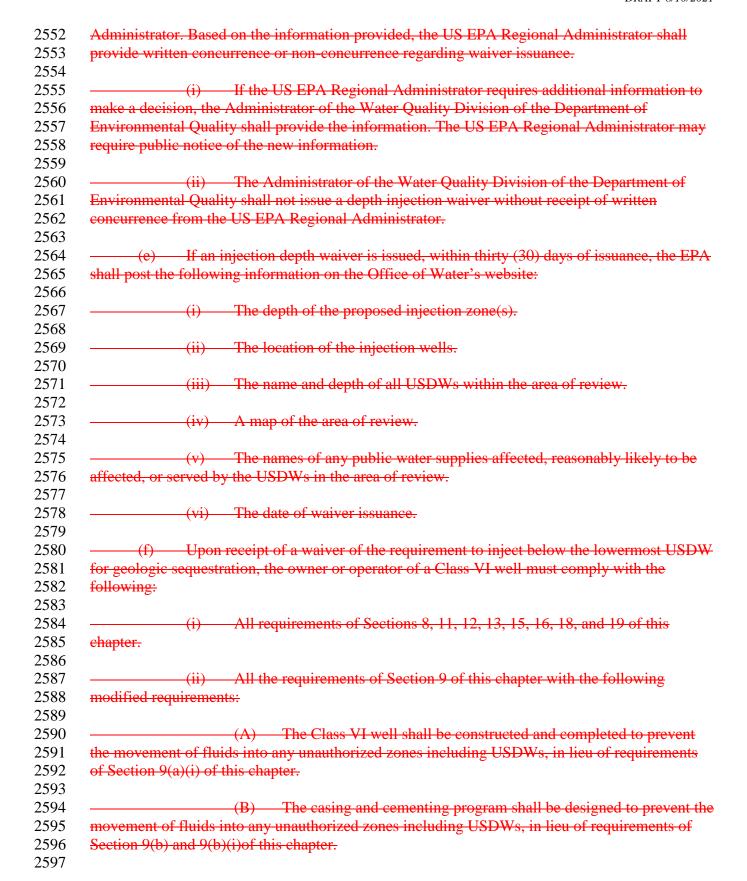
Section 10. Class VI Injection Depth Waiver Requirements. Permit Application.

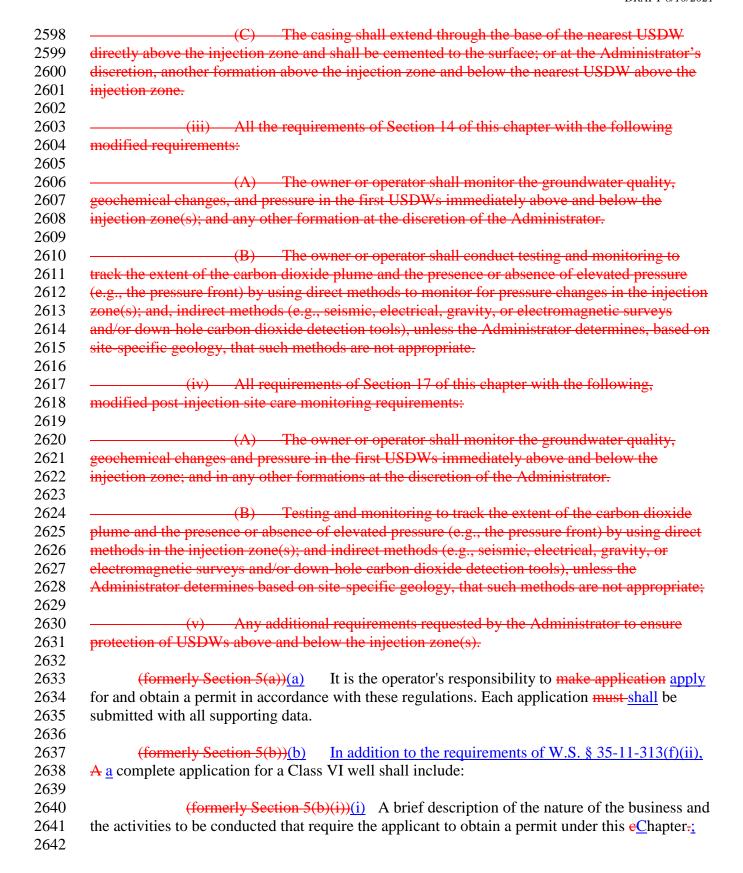
(a) The owner and/or operator seeking a waiver of the requirement to inject below the lowermost USDW shall submit a supplemental report concurrent with the permit application. The report shall contain the following:

(i) A demonstration that the injection zones are laterally continuous, is not a USDW, and is not hydraulically connected to USDWs; does not outcrop within the area of review; has adequate injectivity, volume, and sufficient porosity to safely contain the injected carbon dioxide and formation fluids; and has appropriate geochemistry.

	ii) A demonstration that the injection zones are bounded by laterally
continuous, imp	ermeable confining units above and below the injection zones adequate to
	evement and pressure buildup outside of the injection zones; and that the
) is/are free of transmissive faults and fractures. The report shall further
•	regional fracture properties and contain a demonstration that the fractures will
	h injection, serve as conduits, or endanger USDWs.
not interfere wi	in injection, serve as conduits, or changer obbws.
	iii) A computer model demonstrating that USDWs above and below the
	rill not be endangered as a result of fluid movement. The modeling shall be done
	with the area of review determination, as described in Section 8 of this chapter,
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
•	requirements, as described in Section 8(c) of this chapter, and periodic
reevaluation, as	described in Section 8(d) of this chapter.
	iv) A demonstration that well design and construction, in conjunction with the
	A demonstration that well design and construction, in conjunction with the
	ure isolation of the injectate in lieu of the requirements of Section 9(a)(i) of this
cnapter and wil	meet the well construction requirements of paragraph (f) of this section.
	a) A decomption of how the manufacture and task 1 1100 1 1
	v) A description of how the monitoring and testing and any additional plans
	to this geologic sequestration project to ensure protection of USDWs above and
below the inject	Ion zone.
	vi) Information on the location of all public water supplies affected,
reasonably like	y to be affected, or served by USDWs in the area of review.
	"\ A
	vii) Any other information requested by the Administrator.
(b) 7	's inform the EDA Decional Administrator's decision on whether to exert a
	To inform the EPA Regional Administrator's decision on whether to grant a
	ection depth requirements of 40 CFR §§ 144.6, 146.5(f), and 146.86(a)(1), the
Administrator r	nust submit, to the EPA Regional Administrator, documentation of the following:
	An analysis of the fall and a late of the fall and a late of the l
	An evaluation of the following information as it relates to siting,
construction, ar	d operation of a geologic sequestration project with a waiver:
	(A) The integrity of the upper and lower confining units;
	(D) The quitability of the injection zone(s) (a.g. letomal continuity leads
a C 4mam aver ! = = !	(B) The suitability of the injection zone(s) (e.g., lateral continuity; lack
	faults and fractures; knowledge of current or planned artificial penetrations into
tne injection zo	ne(s) or formations below the injection zone);
	(C) The notential consoity of the coelesis formation(s) to secure to
	(C) The potential capacity of the geologic formation(s) to sequester
carbon dioxide,	accounting for the availability of alternative injection sites;
	(D) All other site characterization data, the proposed emergency and
	LLU ALL Other cite energeterization data, the proposed emergency and







2643	(tormerly Section 5(b)(ii))(ii) The name, address, and telephone number of the
2644	operator, and the operator's ownership status and status as a Ffederal, Sstate, private, public, or
2645	other entity . ;
2646	
2647	(formerly Section 5(b)(iii))(iii) Up to four SIC (Standard Industrial
2648	Classification) codes that best reflect the principal products or services provided by the facility.
2649	
2650	(formerly Section 5(b)(iv))(iv) The name, address, and telephone number of
2651	the facility-;
2652	
2653	(formerly Section 5(b)(iv))(v) Additionally, tThe location of the geologic
2654	sequestration project shall be identified by section, township, range, and county, noting which, if
2655	any, sections (if any) include Indian lands-;
2656	
2657	(formerly Section 5(b)(v))(vi) Within the area of review, a listing and status of all
2658	permits or construction approvals associated with the geologic sequestration project received or
2659	applied for by the applicant under any of the following programs or corresponding state
2660	programs:
2661	
2662	(formerly Section $5(b)(v)(A)$)(A) Hazardous Waste Management
2663	under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)., 42 U.S.C. § 6901 et seq.;
2664	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
2665	$\frac{\text{(formerly Section 5(b)(v)(B))}}{\text{(B)}}$ UIC Program under the Safe
2666	Drinking Water Act., 42 U.S.C. § 300f et seq.;
2667	
2668	(formerly Section $5(b)(v)(C)$)(C) National Pollutant Discharge
2669	Elimination System (NPDES) under the Clean Water Act-, 33 U.S.C. § 1251 et seg.;
2670	
2671	(formerly Section $5(b)(v)(D)(D)$ Prevention of Significant
2672	Deterioration (PSD) program under the Clean Air Act., 42 U.S.C. § 7401 et seq.;
2673	
2674	(formerly Section $5(b)(v)(E)$) (E) Nonattainment program under the
2675	Clean Air Act., 42 U.S.C. § 7401 et seq.;
2676	erount in the tight to the seeding
2677	$\frac{\text{(formerly Section 5(b)(v)(F))}}{\text{(F)}}$ National Emissions Standards for
2678	Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPs) pre-construction approval under the Clean Air Act., 42
2679	U.S.C. § 7401 et seq.;
2680	
2681	(formerly Section $5(b)(v)(G)(G)$) Dredge and fill permitting program
2682	under section 404 of the Clean Water Act., 33 U.S.C. § 1251 et seq.;
2683	and seed of the clear water real, 33 old. S. 1231 of bey.
2684	(formerly Section 5(b)(vi))(vii) Within the area of review, a list of other
2685	relevant permits, whether federal or state, associated with the geologic sequestration project that
2686	the applicant has been is required to obtain: such as construction permits.

2688	(formerly Section 5(b)(vi))(viii) This includes aA statement as to of whether
2689	or not the facility geologic sequestration project is within a state-approved water quality
2690	management plan area, a state_approved wellhead protection area or a state_approved source
2691	water protection area-;
2692	white provides many
2693	(formerly Section $5(b)(vii)$)(ix) A map showing the injection well(s) for
2694	which a permit is sought and the applicable area of review, consistent with Section 8 13 of this
2695	eChapter-;
2696	<u>C</u> napter.,
2697	(formerly Section 5(b)(vii)(A))(A) Within the area of review, the map
2698	
	must shall show list the number, or name and location of:
2699	
2700	(formerly Section 5(b)(vii)(A))(I) aAll known injection wells,
2701	producing wells, abandoned wells, plugged wells, or dry holes, or deep stratigraphic boreholes;
2702	
2703	(formerly Section 5(b)(vii)(A))(II) All state or EPA-approved
2704	subsurface cleanup sites;
2705	
2706	(formerly Section 5(b)(vii)(A))(III) All public drinking water
2707	supply water quality management plan areas, wellhead protection areas, or and source water
2708	protection areas;
2709	
2710	(formerly Section 5(b)(vii)(A))(IV) All surface bodies of water,
2711	springs, mines (surface and subsurface), quarries, and water wells; and
2712	
2713	(formerly Section 5(b)(vii)(A))(V) Other pertinent surface
2714	features, including structures intended for human occupancy;
2715	reactives, meridaing structures intended for number occupancy,
2716	(formerly Section 5(b)(vii)(A))(VI) Roads; and
2717	(tornierry section 3(b)(vir)(vr)) Roads, and
	(formarly Castion 5(h)(vii)(A))(VII) a State tribal and torritory
2718	(formerly Section 5(b)(vii)(A))(VII) sState, tribal, and territory
2719	and Indian reservation boundaries, and roads.;
2720	
2721	(formerly Section 5(b)(vii)(B))(B) Only information The applicant shall
2722	<u>include on this map all relevant information</u> of public record is required to be included on this
2723	map. or known to the applicant; and
2724	
2725	$\frac{\text{(formerly Section 5(b)(vii)(C))}}{\text{(C)}}$ The map should shall also show
2726	known or suspected faults, if known or suspected.;
2727	
2728	(formerly Section 5(b)(viii))(x) A map delineating the area of review that:
2729	
2730	(A) Meets the requirements of Section 13 of this Chapter;
2731	7-1/
2732	(formerly Section 5(b)(viii))(B) Is based upon modeling;
2733	(Totalett) Social S(S)(Tall)(<u>D)</u> To based apon modering,

2734	(formerly Section 5(b)(viii))(C) using Uses all available data,
2735	including data available from any logging and testing of wells within and adjacent to (within one
2736	(1) mile of) to the area of review; and
2737	
2738	(formerly Section 5(b)(viii)(B))(D) All areas of review shall be legally
2739	described Describes the area of review by township, range, and section to the nearest ten (10)
2740	acres, as described under the general land survey system;
2741	acres, as described under the general land survey system.
2742	(formerly Section 5(b)(ix)(xi) For the description required by W.S. 35-11-
2743	313(f)(ii)(A), A description of the general geology of the area to be affected by the injection of
2744	carbon dioxide including geochemistry, structure and faulting, fracturing and seals, and
2745	stratigraphy and lithology including petrophysical attributes. The description shall also include
2746	sufficient information on the geologic structure and reservoir properties of the proposed storage
2747	site and overlying formations, including:
2748	
2749	$\frac{\text{(formerly Section 5(b)(ix)(A)}(A)}{\text{Isopach maps of the proposed}}$
2750	injection and confining zone(s), a structural contour map aligned with the top of the proposed
2751	injection zone, and at least two (2) geologic cross-sections of the area of review reasonably
2752	perpendicular to each other and showing the geologic formations from the surface to total depth;
2753	
2754	(formerly Section 5(b)(ix)(B)(B) Location, orientation, and properties
2755	of known or suspected faults and fractures that may transect the confining zone(s) in the area of
2756	review and a determination that they would will not interfere with containment allow fluid
2757	movement;
2758	
2759	(formerly Section $5(b)(ix)(C)(C)$ Information on seismic history that
2760	have has affected the proposed area of review including knowledge of previous seismic events
2761	and history of these events, the presence and depth of seismic sources, and a determination that
2762	the seismicity would will not compromise containment allow fluid movement out of the injection
2763	zone;
2764	_ ,
2765	(formerly Section $5(b)(ix)(D)(D)$ Data sufficient to demonstrate the
2766	effectiveness of the injection and confining zone(s), including:
2767	offectiveness of the injection and comming zone(s), including.
2768	(formerly Section $5(b)(ix)(D)(I)$ dData on the depth, areal
2769	extent, thickness, mineralogy, porosity, vertical permeability, and capillary pressure of the
2770	injection and confining zone(s) within the area of review; and
	injection and comming zone (s) within the area of feview, and
2771	(former de Costion 5(h)(ie)(D)(H) A description of contain
2772	(formerly Section 5(b)(ix)(D)(II) A description of geologic
2773	changes based on field data that may include geologic cores, outcrop data, seismic surveys, well
2774	logs, and names and lithologic descriptions;
2775	
2776	(formerly Section 5(b)(ix)(E)(E) Geomechanical information on
2777	fractures, stress, ductility, rock strength, and in situ fluid pressures within the confining zone;
2778	and
2779	

2780 (formerly Section 5(b)(ix)(F)(F) Geologic and topographic maps and 2781 cross-sections illustrating regional geology, hydrogeology, and the geologic structure of the local 2782 area.; 2783 2784 (formerly Section 5(b)(x)(xii)) A compilation list of all wells and other drill holes 2785 within, and adjacent to (within one (1) mile) to the area of review. Such data must The list shall 2786 include a description of each well and drill hole type, construction, date drilled, location, depth, 2787 record of plugging and or completion, and any additional information the Administrator may 2788 requires.; 2789 2790 (formerly Section 5(b)(x)(A)(xiii) Applicants shall also identify A list 2791 of the identity and the location of all known wells within, and adjacent to (within one (1) mile) to the area of review that penetrate the confining or injection zone-; 2792 2793 2794 (formerly Section 5(b)(x)(B) Applicants shall perform mapping with 2795 sufficient resolution as to make a comprehensive effort to identify wells that are not in the public 2796 record using aerial photography, aerial survey, physical traverse, or other methods acceptable to 2797 the Administrator. 2798 2799 (formerly Section 5(b)(x)(C) Applicants shall perform corrective action as 2800 specified in Section 8 of this chapter. 2801 2802 (formerly Section 5(b)(xi))(xiv) Maps and stratigraphic cross-sections 2803 indicating the general vertical and lateral limits of all USDWs in the area of review; the location 2804 of water wells and springs within the area of review; their positions relative to the injection 2805 zone(s) of all USDWS, water wells, and springs in the area of review, and the direction of water 2806 movement, where (if known); 2807 2808 (formerly Section 5(b)(xii))(xv) A For the characterization required by W.S. 2809 35-11-313(f)(ii)(B), of the injection zone and aquifers above and below the injection zone that 2810 may be affected, including applicable pressure and fluid chemistry data to describe the projected effects of injection activities, and background water quality data that will facilitate the 2811 2812 classification of any groundwaters that may be affected by the proposed discharge. This must 2813 include information necessary for the Division to classify the receiver and any secondarily 2814 affected aquifers under Water Quality Rules and Regulations Chapter 8; 2815 2816 (formerly Section 5(b)(xiii))(xvi) Baseline geochemical data on subsurface 2817 formations, including all USDWs in the area of review; 2818 2819 (formerly Section 5(b)(xiv))(xvii) Proposed operating data, including: 2820 2821 (formerly Section 5(b)(xiv)(A))(A) Average and maximum daily rate 2822 and volume and/or mass and total anticipated volume and/or mass of the carbon dioxide stream; 2823 2824 $\frac{\text{(formerly Section 5(b)(xiv)(B))}}{\text{(B)}}$ Average and maximum surface 2825 injection pressure;

2826	
2827	(formerly Section $5(b)(xiv)(C)$)(C) The source of the carbon dioxide
2828	stream; and
2829	
2830	(formerly Section $5(b)(xiv)(D)$)(D) An analysis of the chemical and
2831	physical characteristics of the carbon dioxide stream and any other substance(s) proposed for
2832	1 1
	inclusion in the injectate stream; and
2833	
2834	(formerly Section 5(b)(xiv)(E))(E) Anticipated duration of the proposed
2835	injection period(s).;
2836	
2837	$\frac{\text{(formerly Section 5(b)(xv))}}{\text{(xviii)}}$ The compatibility of the carbon dioxide
2838	stream with fluids in the injection zone and minerals in both the injection and the confining
2839	zone(s), based on the results of the formation testing program, and with the materials used to
2840	construct the well;
2841	
2842	(formerly Section 5(b)(xvi)) An assessment of the impact to fluid resources, on
2843	subsurface structures and the surface of lands that may reasonably be expected to be impacted,
2844	and the measures required to mitigate such impacts;
2845	γ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2846	(formerly Section 5(b)(xvii)(xix) Proposed formation testing program to
2847	obtain an analysis of the chemical and physical characteristics of the injection zone and
2848	confining zone and that meets the requirements of Section 11 16 of this eChapter;
2849	comming zone and that meets the requirements of Section 11 10 of this cenapter,
2850	(formerly Section 5(b)(xviii)(xx) Proposed stimulation program, a description
2851	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	of stimulation fluids to be used, and a determination that stimulation will not compromise
2852	containment allow fluid movement out of the injection zone. All stimulation programs must be
2853	approved by the Administrator as part of the permit application and incorporated into the permit;
2854	
2855	$\frac{\text{(formerly Section 5(b)(xix)(xxi)}}{\text{Proposed procedure that outlines steps to}}$
2856	conduct injection operations;
2857	
2858	(formerly Section $5(b)(xx)(xxii)$ A wellbore schematic of the subsurface
2859	construction details and surface wellhead construction of the injection and monitoring wells;
2860	
2861	(formerly Section 7(a))(xxiii) Owners or operators of Class VI wells must
2862	A demonstrateion, to the satisfaction of the Administrator, that the <u>injection</u> wells will be sited in
2863	areas with a suitable geologic system. The geologic system must be comprised of that meets the
2864	requirements of Section 12(a) of this Chapter, including:
2865	
2866	(formerly Section 7(b))(A) Owners or operators of Class VI wells must
2867	iIdentifyication and characterizeation of additional zones, if they exist, that will impede vertical
2868	fluid movement, allow for pressure dissipation, and provide additional opportunities for
2869	monitoring, mitigation, and remediation; and
2870	momoring, magadon, and remediation., and
- 0,0	

2871 (formerly Section 7(b))(B) Identification of Vertical faults and 2872 fractures that transect these zones must be identified; in subparagraph (A) of this subparagraph; 2873 2874 (formerly Section 5(b)(xxi))(xxiv) Injection well design and construction 2875 procedures that meet the requirements of Section 9 14 of this eChapter, including the information 2876 listed in Section 14(c)(ii) of this Chapter: 2877 2878 (formerly Section 5(b)(xxii))(xxv) Proposed area of review and corrective 2879 action plan that meets the requirements under Section § 13 of this eChapter; 2880 2881 (formerly Section 5(b)(xxiii))(xxvi) The status of corrective action on wells in 2882 the area of review; 2883 2884 (formerly Section 5(b)(xxiv))(xxvii) All available logging and testing program data on the well(s) required by Section 11 17 of this eChapter: 2885 2886 2887 (formerly Section 5(b)(xxv))(xxviii) A demonstration of mechanical integrity 2888 pursuant to required by Section 13 19 of this eChapter; 2889 2890 (formerly Section 5(b)(xxvi))(xxix) A demonstration, satisfactory to the 2891 Administrator, that the applicant has met the financial responsibility requirements under of 2892 Section 19 26 of this eChapter; 2893 2894 (formerly Section 19(c)(i))(xxx) The A written financial assurance cost 2895 estimate required by Section 26(b) of this Chapter; for the various phases of the sequestration 2896 project shall consider the following events: 2897 2898 (formerly Section 5(g))(xxxi) An applicant applying for a Class VI well permit must 2899 obtain A public liability insurance certificate to cover the geologic sequestration activities for which a permit is sought. that, in addition to meeting the requirements of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(ii)(O), 2900 2901 demonstrates that the public liability insurance policy meets the requirements of Section 2902 26(l)(i)(B) of this Chapter; identifies each facility by name, address, and EPA Identification 2903 Number; and identifies the amounts and types of coverage for each facility; 2904 2905 (formerly Section 5(b)(xxvii)(xxxii) Proposed testing and monitoring plan 2906 required by Section 14 20 of this eChapter; 2907 2908 (formerly Section 5(b)(xxviii)(xxxiii) Proposed injection and monitoring 2909 well(s) plugging plan required by Section 16(b) 23 of this eChapter; where the plan meets the 2910 requirements of Section 16(b) of this chapter, the Administrator shall incorporate it into the 2911 permit as a permit condition. 2912 2913 (formerly Section 5(b)(xxix)(xxxiv) Proposed post-injection site care and site 2914 closure plan required by Section $\frac{17(a)}{24(a)}$ 24(a) of this eChapter: 2915

(formerly Section 5(b)(xxx)(xxxv) Proposed emergency and remedial response plan required by Section 18 25 of this eChapter;

(formerly Section 5(b)(xxxiv)(xxxvi) A list of contacts, submitted to the Administrator, for those states or Tribes on Indian lands identified pursuant to be within the area of review of the geologic sequestration project based on information provided in-subparagraphs (b)(vii), (b)(vii)(A), (b)(vii)(B) (b)(v) and (b)(ix)(A)(VII) of this sSection; and

(formerly Section 5(b)(xxxv)(xxxvii) Any other information requested by the Administrator.

(formerly Section 5(h))(c) All applications for permits, reports, or information to be submitted to the Administrator shall be signed by a responsible corporate officer as follows:

(formerly Section 5(i))(d) The application shall contain the following certification by the person responsible corporate officer signing the application:

"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to ensure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."

(formerly Section 4(a)(viii))(e) Sections of permit applications filed under this chapter that represent engineering work shall be sealed, signed, and dated by a licensed professional engineer as required by W.S. § 33-29-601.

(formerly Section 4(a)(ix))(f) Sections of permit applications filed under this chapter that represent geologic work shall be sealed, signed, and dated by a licensed professional geologist as required by W.S. § 33-41-115.

Section 11. Logging, Sampling, and Testing Prior to Injection Well Operation. Prohibitions.

(a) During the drilling and construction of a Class VI injection well, the owner or operator must run appropriate logs, surveys and tests to determine or verify the depth, thickness, porosity, permeability, and lithology of, and the salinity of any formation fluids in all relevant geologic formations in order to ensure conformance with the injection well construction requirements under Section 9 of this chapter, and to establish accurate baseline data against which future measurements may be compared. The owner or operator must submit to the Administrator a descriptive report prepared by a knowledgeable log analyst that includes an interpretation of the results of such logs and tests. At a minimum, such logs and tests must include:

2962	(i) Deviation checks measured during drilling on all holes constructed by
2963	drilling a pilot hole that is subsequently enlarged by reaming or another method. Such checks
2964	must be at sufficiently frequent intervals to determine the location of the borehole and to ensure
2965	that vertical avenues for fluid movement in the form of diverging holes are not created during
2966	drilling; and
2967	
2968	(ii) Before and upon installation of the surface casing:
2969	
2970	(A) Resistivity, spontaneous potential, and caliper logs before the
2971	casing is installed; and
2972	
2973	(B) A cement bond and variable density log, or other approved device
2974	to evaluate cement quality radially with sufficient resolution to identify channels, voids, or other
2975	areas of missing cement, and a temperature log, after the casing is set and cemented.
2976	
2977	(iii) Before and upon installation of the long string casing:
2978	
2979	(A) Resistivity, spontaneous potential, porosity, caliper, gamma ray,
2980	fracture finder logs, and any other logs the Administrator requires for the given geology before
2981	the casing is installed; and
2982	
2983	(B) A cement bond and variable density log, and a temperature log
2984	after the casing is set and cemented.
2985	
2986	(iv) Test(s) designed to demonstrate the internal and external mechanical
2987	integrity of injection wells, which may include:
2988	integral of injection were, which may mercure.
2989	(A) A pressure test with liquid or gas;
2990	(11) IT pressure test with inquite of gas,
2991	(B) A tracer survey, such as oxygen-activation logging;
2992	(b) It traces survey, such as oxygen activation logging,
2993	(C) A temperature or noise log; and
2994	(c) It temperature of noise log, and
2995	(D) A cosing inspection log
2996	(D) A casing inspection log.
2990	(v) Any alternative methods that provide equivalent or better information and
2998	that are required of, and/or approved by the Administrator.
2999	
3000	(b) The owner or operator must take whole cores or sidewall cores of the injection
3001	zone and confining system, and formation fluid samples from the injection zone(s), and submit to
3002	the Administrator a detailed report prepared by a log analyst that includes:
3003	
3004	(i) Well log analyses (including well logs);
3005	
3006	(ii) Core analyses; and
3007	

3008 (iii) Formation fluid sample information. 3009 The Administrator may accept data from cores and fluid samples from 3010 3011 nearby wells if the owner or operator can demonstrate that such data are representative of 3012 conditions in the wellbore. 3013 3014 (c) The owner or operator must record the formation fluid temperature, formation 3015 fluid pH and conductivity, reservoir pressure, and static fluid level of the injection zone(s). 3016 3017 The owner or operator must determine fracture pressures of the injection and confining zones and verify hydrogeologic and geo-mechanical characteristics of the injection 3018 3019 zone by conducting a pressure fall-off test, any other information requested by the Administrator; 3020 and. 3021 3022 (i) A pump test; or 3023 3024 (ii) Injectivity tests. 3025 3026 The owner or operator must provide the Administrator with the opportunity to 3027 witness all logging and testing by this section. The owner or operator must submit a schedule of 3028 such activities to the Administrator prior to conducting the first test and notify the Administrator 3029 of any changes to the schedule thirty (30) days prior to the next scheduled test. 3030 3031 (formerly Section 6(a))(a) In addition to the requirements in Pursuant to the 3032 provisions of W.S. § 35-11-301(a), no person shall: 3033 3034 (formerly Section 6(a)(i))(i) Discharge into, construct, operate, or modify any Class VI well unless permitted pursuant to this eChapter; 3035 3036 3037 (formerly Section 6(a)(ii))(ii) Discharge or inject to any zone except the 3038 authorized discharge injection zone as described in the permit; 3039 3040 (formerly Section 6(a)(iii))(iii) Conduct any authorized injection activity in 3041 a manner that results in a violation of any permit condition, or that conflicts with any 3042 representations made in the a permit application; or the request for coverage under the 3043 individual permit. A permit condition supersedes any application content. 3044 3045 Construct, operate, maintain, convert, plug, (formerly Section 6(a)(iv))(iv) abandon, or conduct any other injection activity in a manner that allows the movement of fluid 3046 3047 containing any contaminant into underground sources of drinking water, if the presence of that 3048 contaminant may cause a violation of any primary drinking water regulation under contained in 3049 40 C.F.R. Part 141, Subparts E, F, and G, or may otherwise adversely affect the human health of 3050 persons, safety, or the environment. The applicant for a permit shall have the burden of showing 3051 that the requirements of this paragraph are met. 3052 3053 (formerly Section 6(c))(v) No person shall iInject any hazardous waste that has been

banned from land disposal pursuant to Wyoming Hazardous Waste Rules, Chapter 1-;

(formerly Section 6(d))(vi) The eConstruction of a new, or operatione an existing, or maintenance maintain of any an existing Class V wells for non-experimental geologic sequestration-is prohibited.

(formerly Section 4(a)(iii))(b) Injections from Class VI wells shall be restricted inject only to those receivers defined classified by the Department pursuant to Water Quality Rules and Regulations, Chapter 8, as Class V (Hydrocarbon Commercial) or Class VI groundwaters by the Department pursuant to Water Quality Rules and Regulations Chapter 8. No Class VI well shall inject to any Class I, Class II, Class III, Class IV, or unclassified groundwaters.

(formerly Section 6(e))(c) The Administrator may identify (by narrative description, illustrations, maps, or other means) and shall designate and protect as underground sources of drinking water, all aquifers and parts of aquifers that meet the definition of "underground source of drinking water" in Section 2 of this Chapter, except to the extent there is expansion to the areal extent of an existing Class II enhanced oil recovery or enhanced gas recovery aquifer exemption for the exclusive purpose of Class VI injection for geologic sequestration under Section 5(c) 16 of this eChapter. Other than EPA approved aquifer exemption expansions that meet the criteria set forth in Section 5(c) of this chapter, new aquifer exemptions shall not be issued for Class VI injection wells. Even if an aquifer has not been specifically identified by the Administrator, it is an underground source of drinking water if it meets the definition in Section 2 of this chapter.

(formerly Section 6(e))(i) The Administrator may identify underground sources of drinking water (by narrative description, illustrations, maps, or other means).

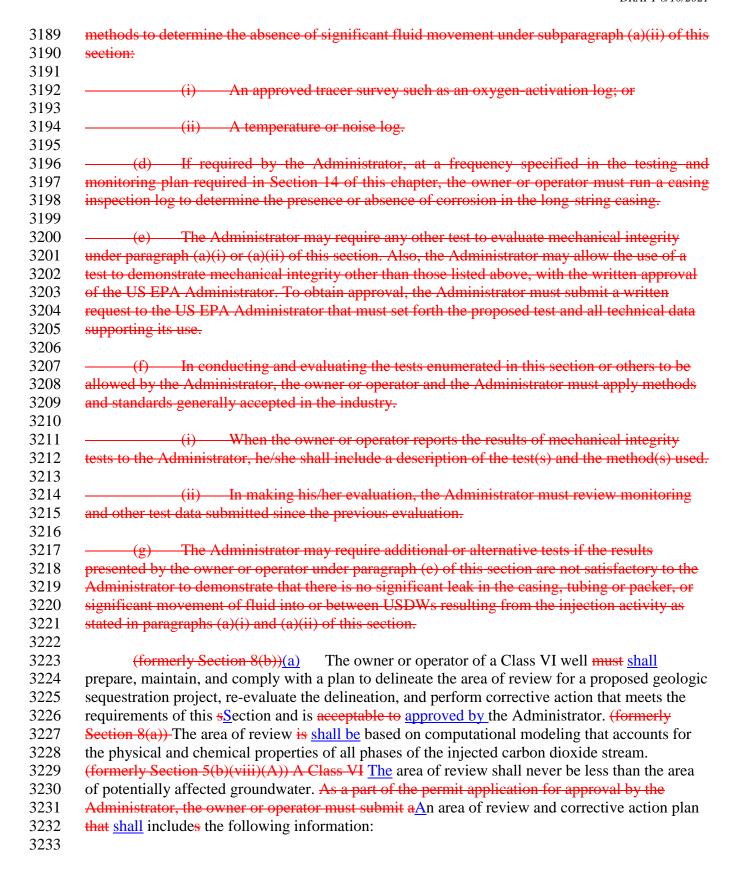
(formerly Section 6(e))(ii) Other than EPA-approved aquifer exemption expansions that meet the criteria set forth in requirements of Section 5(e) 16 of this eChapter, new aquifer exemptions shall not be issued for Class VI injection wells. Even if an aquifer has not been specifically identified by the Administrator, it is an underground source of drinking water if it meets the definition in Section 2 of this eChapter.

Section 12. <u>Injection Well Operating Requirements.</u> <u>Minimum Criteria for Siting Class VI Wells.</u>

- (a) The owner or operator must ensure that injection pressure does not exceed ninety (90) percent of the fracture pressure of the injection zone(s) so as to ensure that the injection does not initiate new fractures or propagate existing fractures in the injection zone(s).
- (i) In no case may injection pressure cause movement of injection or formation fluids in a manner that endangers a USDW, or otherwise threatens human health, safety, or the environment.

3099	(ii) In no case may injection pressure initiate fractures in the confining zone(s)
3100	or cause the movement of injectate or formation fluids that endangers a USDW or otherwise
3100	threatens human health, safety, or the environment.
3101	threatens numan nearth, safety, or the environment.
3102	(b) Injection of the carbon dioxide stream between the outermost casing protecting
	USDWs and the wellbore is prohibited.
3104	USDWS and the wendore is promoned.
3105	(a) The assument on an area of the fill the annulus between the tubing and the lang string
3106 3107	(c) The owner or operator must fill the annulus between the tubing and the long string
3107	easing with a non-corrosive fluid approved by the Administrator. The owner or operator must
3108	maintain on the annulus a pressure that exceeds the operating injection pressure, unless the
	Administrator determines that such requirement might harm the integrity of the well or endanger
3110	USDWs.
3111	
3112 3113	(d) Other than during periods of well workover or maintenance approved by the Administrator in which the sealed tubing casing annulus is, by necessity, disassembled for
3114	maintenance or corrective procedures, the owner or operator must maintain mechanical integrity
3115	of the injection well at all times.
3116	
3117	(e) The owner or operator must install and use continuous recording devices to
3118	monitor:
3119	(i) Indication agreement at 1
3120	(i) Injection pressure; and
3121	(ii) Determine and to manage of the earlier discriminations
3122	(ii) Rate, volume, and temperature of the carbon dioxide stream.
3123	
3124	(f) The owner or operator must install and use continuous recording devices to
3125	monitor the pressure on the annulus between the tubing and the long string casing and annulus
3126	fluid volume.
3127	
3128	(g) The owner or operator must install, test, and use alarms and automatic surface
3129	shut off systems, or at the discretion of the Administrator use down hole shut off systems (e.g.,
3130	automatic shut off, check valves), or other mechanical devices that provide equivalent
3131	protection, designed to alert the operator and shut-in the well when operating parameters such as
3132	injection rate, injection pressure, or other parameters approved by the Administrator diverge
3133	beyond ranges and/or gradients specified in the permit.
3134	
3135	(h) If an automatic shutdown is triggered or a loss of mechanical integrity is
3136	discovered, the owner or operator must immediately investigate and identify as expeditiously as
3137	possible the cause. If, upon such investigation, the well appears to be lacking mechanical
3138	integrity, or if monitoring required under paragraphs (e), (f), and (g) of this section otherwise
3139	indicates that the well may be lacking mechanical integrity, the owner or operator must:
3140	
3141	(i) Immediately cease injection;
3142	

3143	(ii) Take all steps reasonably necessary to determine whether there may have
3144	been a release of the injected carbon dioxide stream or formation fluids into any unauthorized
3145	zone;
3146	Zone,
3147	(iii) Notify the Administrator within twenty four (24) hours;
3148	(III) Notify the Administrator within twenty four (24) nours,
	(iv) Destant and demonstrate mechanical integrity to the action of the
3149	(iv) Restore and demonstrate mechanical integrity to the satisfaction of the
3150	Administrator as soon as practicable and prior to resuming injection; and
3151	
3152	(v) Notify the Administrator when injection can be expected to resume.
3153	
3154	(formerly Section 7(a))(a) Owners or operators of All Class VI wells must shall
3155	demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Administrator that the wells will be sited in areas with a
3156	suitable geologic system. The geologic system must shall be comprised of:
3157	
3158	(formerly Section 7(a)(i))(i) An injection zone of sufficient areal extent,
3159	thickness, porosity, and permeability to receive the total anticipated volume of the carbon
3160	dioxide stream; and
3161	
3162	(formerly Section 7(a)(ii))(ii) A cConfining zone(s) that is are free of transmissive
3163	faults or fractures and of sufficient areal extent and integrity to contain the injected carbon
3164	dioxide stream and displaced formation fluids and allow injection at proposed maximum
3165	pressures and volumes without initiating or propagating fractures in the confining zone(s) or
3166	causing non-transmissive faults to become transmissive.
3167	eausing non transmissive radits to become transmissive.
3168	(formerly Section 7(a))(b) Owners or operators of Class VI wells must shall identify
3169	and characterize additional zones, if they exist, that will impede vertical fluid movement, allow
3170	
	for pressure dissipation, and provide additional opportunities for monitoring, mitigation, and
3171	remediation. Vertical fFaults and fractures that transect these zones must shall be identified.
3172	God's 12 Mala ball of Arragen to Direction 1 Ground
3173	Section 13. Mechanical Integrity. Area of Review Delineation and Corrective
3174	Action.
3175	
3176	(a) A Class VI well has mechanical integrity if:
3177	
3178	(i) There is no significant leak in the casing, tubing, or packer; and
3179	
3180	(ii) There is no significant fluid movement into a USDW through channels
3181	adjacent to the injection wellbore.
3182	
3183	(b) To evaluate the absence of significant leaks under paragraph (a)(i) of this section,
3184	owners or operators must, following an initial annulus pressure test, continuously monitor
3185	injection pressure, rate, injected volumes, and pressure on the annulus between tubing and long
3186	string casing and annulus fluid volume as specified in Section 12 (e) and (f) of this chapter;
3187	same casing and annulus field votable as specified in section 12 (e) and (i) of this chapter,
3188	(c) At least once per year, the owner or operator must use one (1) of the following
2100	(c) It least once per year, the owner of operator mast use one (1) or the following



3234	$\frac{\text{(formerly Section 8(b)(1))}(1)}{\text{The method for delineating the area of review that}}$
3235	meets the requirements of paragraph (e)(b) of this section, including the name, version and
3236	availability of the model to that will be used, assumptions that will be made, and the site
3237	characterization data on which the model will be based;
3238	
3239	(formerly Section 8(b)(ii))(ii) A description of:
3240	
3241	(formerly Section $8(b)(ii)(A)$)(A) The monitoring and operational
3242	conditions that would warrant a re-evaluation of the area of review prior to the next scheduled re-
3243	evaluation as determined by the minimum fixed frequency established in paragraph (a)(c) of this
3244	sSection.
3245	
3246	(formerly Section 8(b)(ii)(B))(B) How monitoring and operational data
3247	(e.g., injection rate and pressure) will be used to evaluate the area of review; and
3248	(e.g., injection rate and pressure) with or assure to evaluate the area of review, and
3249	(formerly Section $8(b)(ii)(C)$)(C) How corrective action will be
3250	conducted to meet the requirements of paragraph $\frac{(c)(v)}{(c)(v)}$ (b)(v) of this Section, including:
3251	γ
3252	(formerly Section $8(b)(ii)(C)(I)(I)$) What corrective action will be
3253	performed prior to injection;
3254	portonico prior to injustici,
3255	(formerly Section 8(b)(ii)(C)(II))(II) What, if any, portions of the
3256	area of review will have corrective action addressed on a phased basis, and how the phasing will
3257	be determined;
3258	
3259	(formerly Section 8(b)(ii)(C)(III))(III) How corrective action
3260	will be adjusted if there are changes in the area of review; and
3261	
3262	(formerly Section 8(b)(ii)(C)(IV))(IV) How site access will
3263	be ensured for future corrective action.
3264	
3265	(formerly Section 8(c))(b) Owners or operators of Class VI wells must shall perform
3266	the following actions to delineate the area of review, identify all wells that require corrective
3267	action, and perform corrective action on those wells:
3268	, 1
3269	(formerly Section 8(c)(i))(i) Predict, using existing site characterization,
3270	monitoring and operational data, and computational modeling:
3271	
3272	(formerly Section $8(c)(i)(A)$)(A) The projected lateral and vertical
3273	migration of the carbon dioxide plume and formation fluids in the subsurface from the
3274	commencement of injection activities until the plume movement ceases;
3275	
3276	(formerly Section $8(c)(i)(B)(B)$) The pressure differentials, and
3277	demonstrateing that pressure differentials sufficient to cause the movement of injected fluids or
3278	formation fluids into a USDW or to otherwise threaten human health, safety, or the environment

3279 3280	will not be present, (or for until the end of a fixed time period as determined by the		
	Administrator);		
3281	(formarly Section 9(a)(i)(C))(C) The notantial need for hims		
3282	(formerly Section $8(c)(i)(C)$)(C) The potential need for brine		
3283	removal;; and;		
3284			
3285	$\frac{\text{(formerly Section 8(c)(i)(D))}(D)}{\text{The long-term effects of pressure}}$		
3286	buildup if brine is not removed.		
3287			
3288	(formerly Section 8(c)(ii))(ii) The Use modeling must that:		
3289			
3290	$\frac{\text{(formerly Section 8(c)(ii)(A))}}{\text{(A)}}$ Be-Is based on:		
3291			
3292	(formerly Section 8(c)(ii)(A)(I))(I) Detailed geologic data		
3293	available or collected to characterize the injection zone, confining zone, and any additional		
3294	zones; and		
3295			
3296	(formerly Section 8(c)(ii)(A)(II))(II) Anticipated operating data,		
3297	including injection pressures, rates and total volumes over the proposed operational life of the		
3298	facility=:		
3299			
3300	(formerly Section $8(c)(ii)(B)$)(B) Takes into account any relevant		
3301	geologic heterogeneities, other discontinuities, data quality, and their possible impact on model		
3302	predictions; and		
3303			
3304	$\frac{\text{(formerly Section 8(c)(ii)(C))}}{\text{(C)}}$ Considers potential migration		
3305	through faults, fractures, and artificial penetrations.		
3306			
3307	(formerly Section 8(e)(iii))(iii) Using methods approved by the		
3308	Administrator, identify all penetrations, including active and abandoned wells and underground		
3309	mines, in the area of review that may penetrate the confining zone, and Pprovide a description of		
3310	each well's type, construction, date drilled, location, depth, record of plugging and/or		
3311	completion, and any additional information the Administrator may require; and		
3312			
3313	(formerly Section 8(c)(iv))(iv) Determine which abandoned wells in the		
3314	area of review have been plugged in a manner that prevents the movement of:		
3315			
3316	(formerly Section 8(c)(iv)(A))(A) Carbon dioxide that may endanger		
3317	USDWs or otherwise threaten human health, safety, or the environment; or		
3318			
3319	(formerly Section $8(c)(iv)(B)(B)$) Displaced formation fluids, or other		
3320	fluids, including the use of materials compatible with the carbon dioxide stream, that may		
3321	endanger USDWs or otherwise threaten human health, safety, or the environment-; and		
3322			
3323	(formerly Section $8(c)(v)$)(v) Owners or operators of Class VI wells must shall		
3324	that are determined to need corrective action using methods that are approved by the		

Administrator, must perform corrective action on all any wells in the area of review that are determined to need corrective action, using methods designed to prevent the movement of fluid into or between USDWs including use of materials compatible with the carbon dioxide stream, where appropriate.

(formerly Section 8(d))(c) At a fixed frequency, not to exceed two (2) years during the operational life of the facility, or five (5) years during the post-injection site care period (until site closure) as specified in the area of review and corrective action plan, or when monitoring and operational conditions warrant, owners or operators must shall:

(formerly Section 8(d)(i)(i)) Re-evaluate the area of review in the same manner specified in paragraph (c)(i) subparagraph (b)(i) of this sSection;

(formerly Section 8(d)(ii))(ii) Identify all wells in the re-evaluated area of review that require corrective action in the same manner specified in paragraph (e)(iv) subparagraph (b)(iv) of this section;

(formerly Section 8(d)(iii))(iii) Perform corrective action on wells requiring corrective action in the reevaluated area of review in the same manner specified in paragraph (e)(v) subparagraph (b)(v) of this sSection; and

(formerly Section 8(d)(iv))(iv) Submit an amended area of review and corrective action plan, or demonstrate to the Administrator through monitoring data and modeling results that no change to the area of review and corrective action plan is needed.

(formerly Section 8(d)(iv)(A))(A) Any a Amendments to the area of review and corrective action plan must shall be subject to approved by of the Administrator;

(formerly Section 8(d)(iv)(B))(B) Any aAmendments to the area of review must shall be incorporated into the permit. and

(formerly Section 8(d)(iv)(C))(C) Any a Amendments to the area of review are subject to the permit modification requirements of Section $4\underline{6}$ of this e Chapter, as appropriate.

Section 14. Testing and Monitoring Requirements. Construction and Operation Standards for Class VI Wells.

(a) The owner or operator of a Class VI well must prepare, maintain, and comply with a testing and monitoring plan to verify that the geologic sequestration project is operating as permitted and is not endangering USDWs. The testing and monitoring plan must be submitted with the permit application, for Administrator approval, and must include a description of how the owner or operator will meet the requirements of this section, including accessing sites for all necessary monitoring and testing during the life of the project.

3370	(b) Testing and monitoring associated with geologic sequestration projects must, at a		
3371	minimum, include:		
3372	· , · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
3373	(i) Plans and procedures for environmental surveillance and excursion		
3374	detection, prevention, and control programs, including a monitoring plan to:		
3375	detection, prevention, and control programs, metading a monitoring plan to		
3376	(A) Assess the migration of the injected carbon dioxide; and		
3377	(11) Tissess the inigration of the injected curoon dioxide, and		
3378	(B) Ensure the retention of the carbon dioxide in the geologic		
3379	sequestration site.		
3380	sequestration site.		
3381	(ii) Analysis of the carbon dioxide stream with sufficient frequency to yield		
3382	data representative of its chemical and physical characteristics;		
3383	data representative of its enemical and physical characteristics,		
3384	(iii) Installation and use, except during well workovers, of continuous		
3385	recording devices to monitor:		
3386	recording devices to monitor.		
3387	(A) Injection procedure:		
3388	(A) Injection pressure;		
3389	(B) Rate and volume;		
3390	(b) Rate and volume,		
	(C) Processes on the annulus between the tasking and the long string		
3391	(C) Pressure on the annulus between the tubing and the long string		
3392	casing;		
3393			
3394	(D) The annulus fluid volume added; and		
3395			
3396	(E) The pressure on the annulus between the tubing and the long string		
3397	easing.		
3398			
3399	(iv) Corrosion monitoring of the well materials for loss of mass, thickness,		
3400	cracking, pitting, and other signs of corrosion must be performed and recorded at least quarterly		
3401	to ensure that the well components meet the minimum standards for material strength and		
3402	performance set forth in Section 9(b) of this chapter by:		
3403			
3404	(A) Analyzing coupons of the well construction materials placed in		
3405	contact with the carbon dioxide stream;		
3406			
3407	(B) Routing the carbon dioxide stream through a loop constructed with		
3408	the material used in the well and inspecting the materials in the loop; or		
3409			
3410	(C) Using an alternative method approved by the Administrator.		
3411			
3412	(v) Periodic monitoring of the groundwater quality and geochemical changes		
3413	above the confining zone(s) that may be a result of carbon dioxide movement or displaced		
3414	formation fluid movement through the confining zone(s) or additional identified zones including:		
3415			

3416	(A) The location and number of monitoring wells must be based on
3417	specific information about the geologic sequestration project, including injection rate and
3418	volume, geology, the presence of artificial penetrations and other relevant factors; and
3419	
3420	(B) The monitoring frequency and spatial distribution of monitoring
3421	wells based on baseline geochemical data that have been collected under Section 5(b)(xiii) of this
3422	chapter and any modeling results in the area of review evaluation required by Section 8(c) of this
3423	chapter.
3424	
3425	(vi) A demonstration of external mechanical integrity pursuant to Section
3426	13(c) at least once per year until the well is plugged; and if required by the Administrator, a
3427	casing inspection log pursuant to requirements of Section 13(d) of this chapter at a frequency
3428	established in the testing and monitoring plan;
3429	esmonshed in the testing and monitoring plan,
3430	(vii) A pressure fall off test that identifies reservoir conditions with respect to
3431	flow dynamics at least once every five (5) years unless more frequent testing is required by the
3432	Administrator based on site specific information; and
3433	Administrator based on site specific information, and
3434	(viii) Testing and monitoring to track the extent of the carbon dioxide plume,
3435	the position of the pressure front, and surface displacement using:
3436	the position of the pressure front, and surface displacement using.
3437	(A) Direct methods in the injection zone(s); and
3438	(11) Direct methods in the injection zone(s), and
3439	(B) Indirect methods (e.g., seismic, electrical, gravity, or
3440	electromagnetic surveys and/or down-hole carbon dioxide detection tools), unless the
3441	Administrator determines, based on site specific geology, that such methods are not appropriate;
3442	reministrator determines, based on site specific geology, that such methods are not appropriate,
3443	(ix) At the Administrator's discretion, based on site-specific conditions,
3444	surface air monitoring and/or soil gas monitoring to detect movement of carbon dioxide that
3445	could endanger a USDW, or otherwise threaten human health, safety, or the environment.
3446	could endanger a USDW, or otherwise threaten numan hearth, safety, or the environment.
3447	(A) The surface air or sail gas manitoring plan must be based on
3448	(A) The surface air or soil gas monitoring plan must be based on potential risks to USDWs, and modeling within the area of review;
3449	potential risks to OSD ws, and modernig within the area of review,
3450	(D) The monitoring frequency and anotical distribution of surface air
3451	(B) The monitoring frequency and spatial distribution of surface air monitoring and/or soil gas monitoring must reflect baseline data. The monitoring plan must
3452	
	specify how the proposed monitoring will yield useful information on the area of review
3453	delineation and the potential movement of fluid containing any contaminant into USDWs in
3454	exceedence of any primary drinking water regulation under 40 CFR Part 141, or which may
3455	otherwise adversely affect human health, safety, or the environment.
3456	
3457	(x) If an owner or operator demonstrates that monitoring employed under 40
3458	CFR §§ 98.440 to 98.449 (Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) accomplishes the goals of
3459	(b)(ix)(A) and (B) of this section, and meets the requirements pursuant to 40 CFR § 146.91(c)(5)
3460	the Administrator that requires surface air/soil gas monitoring must approve the use of

3462 pursuant to this provision is considered a condition of the Class VI permit; 3463 3464 (xi) Any additional monitoring, as required by the Administrator, necessary to support, upgrade, and improve computational modeling of the area of review re-evaluation 3465 3466 required under Section 8(d) of this chapter and as necessary to demonstrate that there is no 3467 movement of fluid containing any contaminant into underground sources of drinking water in 3468 exceedence of any primary drinking water regulation under 40 CFR Part 141, or which could 3469 otherwise adversely affect human health, safety, or the environment; 3470 3471 (xii) The owner or operator shall periodically review the testing and monitoring 3472 plan to incorporate monitoring data collected under this subpart, operational data collected under 3473 Section 12 of this chapter, and the most recent area of review reevaluation performed under 3474 Section 8 of this chapter. In no case shall the owner or operator review the testing and 3475 monitoring plan less often than once every five (5) years. Based on this review, the owner or 3476 operator shall submit an amended testing and monitoring plan or demonstrate to the 3477 Administrator that no amendment to the testing and monitoring plan is needed. Any amendments to the testing and monitoring plan must be approved by the Administrator, must be incorporated 3478 3479 into the permit, and are subject to the permit modification requirements of Section 4 of this 3480 chapter, as appropriate. Amended plans or demonstrations shall be submitted to the 3481 Administrator as follows: 3482 3483 (A) Within one (1) year of an area of review reevaluation; 3484 3485 (B) Following any significant changes to the facility, such as addition 3486 of monitoring wells or newly permitted injection wells within the area of review, on a schedule 3487 determined by the Administrator; or 3488 3489 (C) When required by the Administrator. 3490 3491 (xiii) A quality assurance and surveillance plan for all testing and monitoring 3492 requirements. 3493 3494 The permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including the 3495 following: 3496 3497 (i) Calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings 3498 for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by this permit, and 3499 records of all data used to complete the application for this permit, for a period of at least three 3500 (3) years from the date of the sample, measurement, report, or application. This period may be 3501 extended by request of the Administrator at any time; and 3502 3503 (ii) The nature and composition of all injected fluids until three (3) years after 3504 the completion of any plugging and abandonment procedures specified under Section 16 of this 3505 chapter. The Administrator may require the owner or operator to deliver the records to the 3506 Administrator at the conclusion of the retention period.

monitoring employed under 40 CFR §§ 98.440 to 98.449. Compliance with §§ 98.440 to 98.449

3507			
3508	(d) Records of monitoring information shall include:		
3509			
3510	(i) The date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;		
3511			
3512	(ii) The individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;		
3513			
3514	(iii) The date(s) analyses were performed;		
3515			
3516	(iv) The individual(s) who performed the analyses;		
3517			
3518	(v) The analytical techniques or methods used; and		
3519			
3520	(vi) The results of such analyses.		
3521			
3522	(formerly Section 9(a))(a) The owner or operator must shall design, construct, and		
3523	complete ensure that all Class VI wells are designed, at a minimum, to meet the construction		
3524	standards set forth by the Department and the Wyoming Oil and Gas Conservation Commission		
3525	as applicable, and constructed and completed in this Section and to:		
3526			
3527	(formerly Section $9(a)(i)$)(i) Prevent the movement of fluids into or between		
3528	USDWs or into any unauthorized zones;		
3529	·		
3530	(formerly Section 9(a)(ii))(ii) Permit Allow the use of appropriate testing devices		
3531	and workover tools; and		
3532			
3533	(formerly Section 9(a)(iii))(iii) Permit Allow continuous monitoring of the		
3534	annulus space between the injection tubing and long string casing.		
3535			
3536	(formerly Section 9(b))(b) Casing and cement or other materials used in the		
3537	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
3538			
3539			
3540	(formerly Section 9(b)(i))(i) All well materials must shall be compatible with		
3541	fluids with which the materials may be expected to come into contact, and shall meet or exceed		
3542	•		
3543	ASTM International, or comparable standards acceptable to the Administrator.		
3544			
3545	(A) American Petroleum Institute Specification 5CT;		
3546			
3547	(B) American Petroleum Institute RP 5C1;		
3548			
3549	(C) American Petroleum Institute RP 10B-2;		
3550			
3551	(D) American Petroleum Institute Specification 10A;		
3552			

3553	(E) American Petroleum Institute RP 10D-2;		
3554			
3555	(F) American Petroleum Institute Specification 11D1;		
3556			
3557	(G) American Petroleum Institute RP 14B; and		
3558			
3559	(H) American Petroleum Institute RP 14C.		
3560	(former des Costion O(b)(''))(')) The series and second in a great shall be		
3561	(formerly Section 9(b)(ii))(ii) The casing and cementing program must shall be		
3562 3563	designed to prevent the movement of fluids into or between USDWs.		
3564	(formerly Section 9(b)(iii))(iii) In order tTo allow the Administrator to		
3565	determine and specify casing and cementing requirements, the owner or operator must shall		
3566	provide the following information in a construction design plan:		
3567	provide the following information in a construction design plan.		
3568	(formerly Section $9(b)(iii)(A)(A)$) Depth to the injection zone;		
3569	(tornerly bection $f(0)(m)(M)(M)$) Depth to the injection zone,		
3570	(formerly Section 9(b)(iii)(B))(B) Injection pressure, external pressure,		
3571	internal pressure, and axial loading;		
3572	memar pressure, and arrar routing,		
3573	(formerly Section 9(b)(iii)(C))(C) Hole size;		
3574			
3575	(formerly Section 9(b)(iii)(D))(D) Size and grade of all casing strings		
3576	(wall thickness, external diameter, nominal weight, length, joint specification and construction		
3577	material), including whether the casing is new, or used;		
3578			
3579	(formerly Section 9(b)(iii)(E))(E) Corrosiveness of the carbon dioxide		
3580	stream and formation fluids;		
3581			
3582	$\frac{\text{(formerly Section 9(b)(iii)(F))}}{\text{(F)}}$ Down-hole temperatures and		
3583	pressures;		
3584			
3585	(formerly Section 9(b)(iii)(G))(G) Lithology of injection and confining		
3586	zones;		
3587			
3588	(formerly Section 9(b)(iii)(H))(H) Type or grade of cement and		
3589	additives; and		
3590 3501	(formarly Section O(h)(iii)(I)(I) Quantity abamical composition and		
3591 3592	(formerly Section 9(b)(iii)(I))(I) Quantity, chemical composition, and temperature of the carbon dioxide stream.		
3592 3593	comperature of the carbon thorne sucam.		
3593 3594	(formerly Section 9(b)(iv))(iv) Casing must shall extend through the base of		
3595	the lowermost USDW above the injection zone and be cemented to the surface through the use of		
3596	a single or multiple strings of casing and cement.		
3597	a single of matupic strings of casing and comont.		
5571			

3598 (formerly Section 9(b)(v))(v) At least one (1) long string casing, using a sufficient 3599 number of centralizers, must shall be set in a manner so as to create a cement bond through the 3600 overlying and or underlying confining zone(s). 3601 3602 (formerly Section 9(b)(v))(A) The long string casing must shall: extend to 3603 the injection zone, must be cemented by circulating cement to the surface in one (1) or more 3604 stages, and must be isolated by placing cement and/or other isolation techniques as necessary to 3605 provide adequate isolation of the injection zone and provide for protection of USDWs, human 3606 health, safety, and the environment. 3607 3608 (formerly Section 9(b)(v))(I) eExtend to the injection zone; 3609 3610 (formerly Section 9(b)(v))(II) must bBe cemented by circulating 3611 cement to the surface in one (1) or more stages; and 3612 3613 (formerly Section 9(b)(v))(III) must bBe isolated by placing 3614 cement and/or other isolation techniques as necessary to provide adequate isolation of the injection zone and provide for protection of USDWs, human health, safety, and the environment. 3615 3616 3617 (formerly Section 9(b)(v)(A))(B) Circulation of cement may be accomplished by staging. The Administrator may approve an alternative method of cementing in 3618 3619 cases where the cement cannot be recirculated to the surface, provided if the owner or operator 3620 can demonstrates by using logs that the cement does not allow fluid movement behind the 3621 wellbore. 3622 3623 (formerly Section 9(b)(vi))(vi) Cement and cement additives must shall be suitable for use with the carbon dioxide stream and formation fluids, and be of sufficient quality 3624 3625 and quantity to maintain integrity over the operating life of the well. 3626 3627 (formerly Section 9(b)(vii))(vii) The integrity and location of the cement shall be verified using technology capable of evaluating cement quality radially with sufficient 3628 3629 resolution to identify the location of channels, voids, or other areas of missing cement to ensure that USDWs are not endangered and that human health, safety, and the environment are 3630 3631 protected. The owner or operator shall provide a cement bond log (CBL) to the Administrator 3632 with an evaluation, certified by a licensed professional engineer or a licensed professional geologist, of the following: 3633 3634 3635 Ouantitative estimations of the cement compressive strength: 3636 3637 (B) A bond index; and 3638 3639 Qualitative interpretation of the cement-to-formation bond. 3640 3641 (formerly Section 9(c))(c) All owners and operators of Class VI wells must shall 3642 inject fluids through tubing with a packer set at a depth opposite a cemented interval at the 3643 location approved by the Administrator.

544 545 546 constructio	(formerly Section 9(c)(i))(i) Tubing and packer materials used in the n of each Class VI well must shall be compatible with fluids with which the materials
may be ex	ected to come into contact and must shall meet or exceed the following standards
-	or such materials by the American Petroleum Institute, ASTM International, or
	standards acceptable to the Administrator.:
550 551 552	(A) American Petroleum Institute Specification 5CT;
553 554	(B) American Petroleum Institute RP 5C1;
555 556	(C) American Petroleum Institute RP 10B-2;
7 8	(D) American Petroleum Institute Specification 10A;
	(E) American Petroleum Institute RP 10D-2;
	(F) American Petroleum Institute Specification 11D1;
	(G) American Petroleum Institute RP 14B; and
j ,	(H) American Petroleum Institute RP 14C.
	(formerly Section 9(c)(ii))(ii) In order for tThe Administrator to shall determine requirements for tubing and packer, the owner or operator must submit based on the aformation:
	(formerly Section $9(c)(ii)(A)$)(A) Depth of setting;
stream (e.ş	(formerly Section 9(c)(ii)(B))(B) Characteristics of the carbon dioxide, chemical content, corrosiveness, temperature, and density) and formation fluids;
pressure;	(formerly Section 9(e)(ii)(C))(C) Maximum proposed injection
pressure;	(formerly Section 9(c)(ii)(D))(D) Maximum proposed annular
(intermitte	(formerly Section 9(c)(ii)(E))(E) Maximum proposed injection rate tor continuous) and volume of the carbon dioxide stream;
	(formerly Section $9(c)(ii)(F)$)(F) Size of tubing and casing; and
strengths.	(formerly Section 9(e)(ii)(G))(G) Tubing tensile, burst, and collapse

Section 15. Requirements.	Reporting Requirements. Class VI Injection Depth Waiver
	owner or operator must, at a minimum, provide the following reports to the ach permitted Class VI well:
N /	Semi-annual reports, which are required by the permit shall be submitted within thirty (30) days following the end of the period covered in the report,
characteristics of the	(A) Any changes to the physical, chemical, and other relevant exarbon dioxide stream from the proposed operating data;
pressure, flow rate a	(B) Monthly average, maximum and minimum values for injection nd volume, and annular pressure;
annulus pressure or	(C) A description of any event that exceeds operating parameters for injection pressure as specified in the permit;
pursuant to Section	(D) A description of any event that triggers a shutdown device required 12(g) of this chapter, and the response taken;
reporting period and	(E) The monthly volume of the carbon dioxide stream injected over the project cumulatively;
	(F) Monthly annulus fluid volume added; and
chapter.	(G) The results of monitoring prescribed under Section 14 of this
(ii)	Report, within thirty (30) days the results of:
	(A) Periodic tests of mechanical integrity;
required by the Adn	(B) Any other test of the injection well conducted by the permittee if ninistrator; and
	(C) Any well workover.
(iii)	Report, within twenty-four (24) hours:
pressure front may c	(A) Any evidence that the injected carbon dioxide stream or associated cause an endangerment to a USDW;
injection system, wh	(B) Any noncompliance with a permit condition, or malfunction of the nich may cause fluid migration into or between USDWs;

3736			
3737	(C) Any triggering of a shut-off system (i.e., down-hole or at the		
3738	surface);		
3739	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
3740	(D) Pursuant to compliance with the requirement at Section 14(b)(x) of		
3741	this chapter for surface air or soil gas monitoring or other monitoring technologies, if required by		
3742	the Administrator, any release of carbon dioxide to the atmosphere or biosphere.		
3743			
3744	(iv) Owners or operators must notify the Administrator in writing thirty (30)		
3745	days in advance of:		
3746			
3747	(A) Any planned well workover;		
3748	()		
3749	(B) Any planned stimulation activities, other than stimulation for		
3750	formation testing conducted under Section 5 of this chapter; and		
3751			
3752	(C) Any other planned test of the injection well conducted by the		
3753	permittee.		
3754			
3755	(b) Owners or operators must submit all required reports, submittals, and notifications		
3756	to both the Administrator and to EPA, in an electronic format acceptable to the EPA.		
3757	r		
3758	(c) The permittee shall submit a written report to the Administrator of all remedial		
3759	work concerning the failure of equipment or operational procedures that resulted in a violation of		
3760	a permit condition, at the completion of the remedial work.		
3761			
3762	(d) For any aborted or curtailed operation, a complete report shall be submitted		
3763	within thirty (30) days of complete termination of the discharge or associated activity.		
3764			
3765	(e) The permittee shall retain all monitoring records required by the permit for a		
3766	period of ten (10) years following site closure. The Administrator may require the owner or		
3767	operator to deliver the records to the Administrator at the conclusion of the retention period.		
3768			
3769	formerly Section 10(a))(a) The An owner and/or operator seeking a waiver of the		
3770	requirement to inject below the lowermost USDW shall submit a supplemental report concurrent		
3771	with the permit application. The report shall contain the following:		
3772			
3773	formerly Section $10(a)(i)(i)$ A demonstration that the injection zones are		
3774	laterally continuous, is are not a USDWs, and is are not hydraulically connected to USDWs;		
3775	does not outcrop within the area of review; has have adequate injectivity, volume, and sufficient		
3776	porosity to safely contain the injected carbon dioxide and formation fluids; and has have		
3777	appropriate geochemistry-;		
3778			
3779	formerly Section 10(a)(ii)(ii) A demonstration that the injection zones are		
3780	bounded by laterally continuous, impermeable confining units above and below the injection		

3781 3782	zones adequate to prevent fluid movement and pressure buildup outside of the injection zones; and		
3783			
	formarly Castion 10(a)(ii)(iii) A demonstration that the confining unit(a)		
3784	formerly Section 10(a)(ii))(iii) A demonstration that the confining unit(s)		
3785 3786	is/are free of transmissive faults and fractures:		
3787	formerly Section 10(a)(ii))(iv) The report shall further A characterizeation		
3788	of the regional fracture properties and contain a demonstration that the fractures will not interfere		
3789	with injection, serve as conduits, or endanger USDWs-;		
3790	Jesses January and Market and Green and Landau and Land		
3791	formerly Section $10(a)(iii)(v)$ A computer model demonstrating that		
3792	USDWs above and below the injection zone will not be endangered as a result of fluid		
3793	movement. The modeling shall be done in conjunction with the area of review determination, as		
3794	described in Section <u>8 13</u> of this <u>eChapter</u> , and is subject to <u>the</u> requirements, as described in of		
3795	Section 8(c) 13(b) of this eChapter, and shall be periodically reevaluationed, as described in		
3796	required by Section 8(d) 13(c) of this eChapter;		
3797	required by Section o(d) 15(b) of this centification		
3798	formerly Section $10(a)(iv)(vi)$ A demonstration that well design and		
3799	construction, in conjunction with the waiver, will ensure isolation of the injectate in lieu of the		
3800	requirements of Section $\frac{9(a)(i)}{14(a)(i)}$ of this eChapter and will meet the well construction		
3801	requirements of paragraph (f) of this section;		
3802	requirements of paragraph (1) of this socction.		
	formarly Section 10(a)(y))(vii) A description of how the monitoring and		
3803	formerly Section 10(a)(v))(vii) A description of how the monitoring and		
3804	testing and any additional plans will be tailored to this geologic sequestration project to ensure		
3805	protection of USDWs above and below the injection zone-;		
3806			
3807	formerly Section 10(a)(vi))(viii) Information on the location of all public		
3808	water supplies affected, reasonably likely to be affected, or served by USDWs in the area of		
3809	review-; and		
3810			
3811	formerly Section $10(a)(vii))(ix)$ Any other information requested by the		
3812	Administrator.		
3813			
3814	formerly Section 10(b))(b) To inform the <u>US</u> EPA Regional Administrator's decision		
3815	on whether to grant a waiver of the injection depth requirements of 40 C.F.R. §§ 144.6, 146.5(f)		
3816	and 146.86(a)(1), the Administrator must shall submit, to the US EPA Regional Administrator,		
3817	documentation of the following:		
3818			
3819	formerly Section 10(b)(i))(i) An evaluation of the following information as it		
3820	relates to siting, construction, and operation of a geologic sequestration project with a waiver:		
3821			
3822	formerly Section $10(b)(i)(A)(A)$ The integrity of the upper and lower		
3823	confining units;		
3824			
3825	formerly Section $10(b)(i)(B)(B)$ The suitability of the injection		
3826	zone(s) (e.g., including lateral continuity; lack of transmissive faults and fractures; and		

3827	knowledge of current or planned artificial penetrations into the injection zone(s) or formations		
3828	below the injection zone);		
3829			
3830	formerly Section $10(b)(i)(C)$ The potential capacity of the		
3831	geologic formation(s) to sequester carbon dioxide, accounting for the availability of alternative		
3832	injection sites;		
3833			
3834	formerly Section $10(b)(i)(D)(D)$ All other site characterization data,		
3835	the proposed emergency and remedial response plan, and a demonstration of financial		
3836	responsibility;		
3837			
3838	formerly Section $10(b)(i)(E)(E)$ Community needs, demands, and		
3839	supply from drinking water resources;		
3840			
3841	formerly Section $10(b)(i)(F)$ Planned needs, and potential and/or		
3842	future use of USDWs and non-USDWs aguifers in the area;		
3843	<u></u>		
3844	formerly Section $10(b)(i)(G)$ Planned or permitted water,		
3845	hydrocarbon, or mineral resource exploitation potential of the proposed injection formation(s)		
3846	and other formations both above and below the injection zone to determine if there are any plans		
3847	to drill through the formation to access resources in or beneath the proposed injection zone(s) or		
3848	formation(s);		
3849	Tormation(s),		
3850	formerly Section $10(b)(i)(H)(H)$ The proposed plan for securing		
3851	alternative resources or treating USDW formation waters in the event of contamination related to		
3852			
	the Class VI injection activity; and		
3853	formarly Costion 10(h)(i)(I)(I)		
3854	formerly Section $10(b)(i)(I)(I)$ Any other applicable considerations		
3855	or information requested by the Administrator;		
3856	formula Continue 10/L/(!)/(!) Consultation with the Deval II Western Constant		
3857	formerly Section 10(b)(ii))(ii) Consultation with the Ppublic Wwater Ssystem		
3858	Supervision Delirectors of all States and Tribes having jurisdiction over lands within the area of		
3859	review of a well for which a waiver is sought-; and		
3860			
3861	formerly Section 10(b)(iii))(iii) Any written waiver-related information		
3862	submitted by the a Ppublic Wwater Ssystem Ssupervision Ddirector(s) to the (UIC) Director		
3863	<u>Department</u> .		
3864			
3865	formerly Section $10(c)$ Concurrent with the Class VI permit application public		
3866	notice process <u>pursuant to Section 27 of this Chapter</u> , the Administrator shall give public notice		
3867	that an injection depth waiver request has been submitted. The notice shall clearly state:		
3868			
3869	(formerly Section $10(c)(i)$ (i) The depth of the proposed injection zone(s);		
3870			
3871	(formerly Section 10(c)(ii))(ii) The location of the injection wells;		
3872			

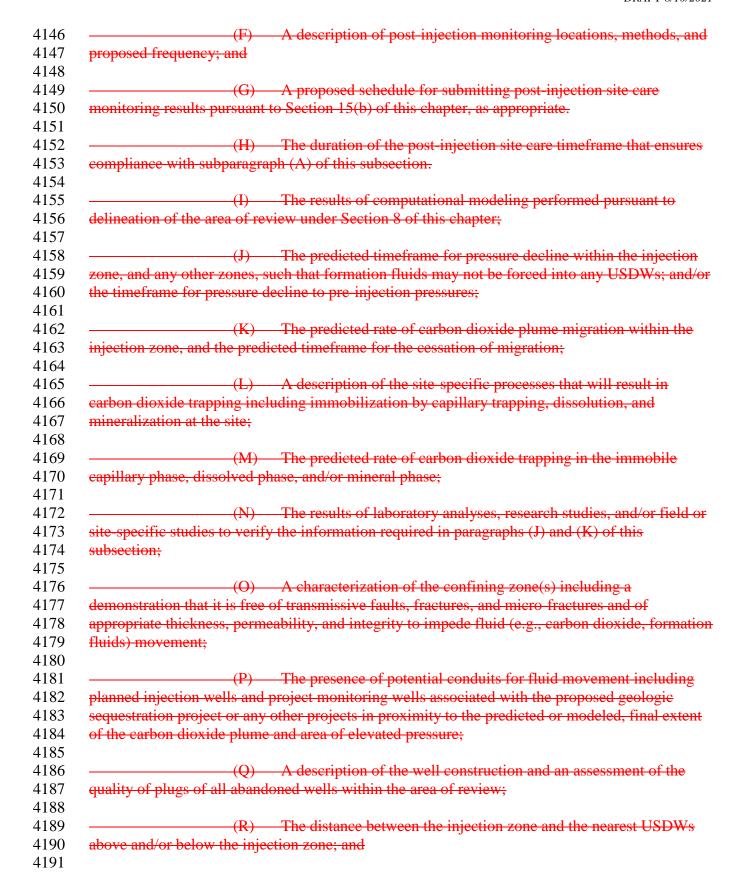
3873	(formerly Section 10(c)(iii))(iii)	The name and depth of all USDWs within	
3874	the area of review;		
3875			
3876	(formerly Section 10(c)(iv))(iv)	A map of the area of review;	
3877			
3878	(formerly Section 10(c)(v))(v)	The names of any public water supplies	
3879	affected, reasonably likely to be affected, or served	by the USDWs in the area of review; and	
3880			
3881	(formerly Section 10(c)(vi))(vi)	The results of any consultation between the	
3882	UIC program and the Public Water System Supervi	sion program Directors within the area of	
3883	review.		
3884			
3885	(formerly Section 10(d))(d) Following the	injection depth waiver application public	
3886	notice, the Administrator of the Water Quality Divi	sion of the Department of Environmental	
3887	Quality shall provide all the information received the	hrough the waiver application process to the	
3888	US EPA Regional Administrator. Based on the info	ormation provided, the US EPA Regional	
3889	Administrator shall provide written concurrence or	non-concurrence regarding waiver issuance.	
3890	-		
3891	(formerly Section 10(d)(i))(i) If the	US EPA Regional Administrator requires	
3892	additional information to make a decision, the Adm		
3893	the Department of Environmental Quality shall pro	vide the information. The US EPA Regional	
3894	Administrator may require public notice of the new	information.	
3895			
3896	(formerly Section 10(d)(i))(ii)The A	dministrator of the Water Quality Division of	
3897	the Department of Environmental Quality shall not	issue a depth injection waiver without receipt	
3898	of written concurrence from the US EPA Regional	Administrator.	
3899			
3900	(formerly Section 10(e))(e) If an injection	depth waiver is issued, within thirty (30)	
3901	days of issuance, the EPA shall post the following information on the Office of Water's website:		
3902			
3903	(formerly Section 10(e)(i))(i) The de	epth of the proposed injection zone(s)-;	
3904			
3905	(formerly Section 10(e)(ii))(ii)	The location of the injection wells-:	
3906			
3907	(formerly Section 10(e)(iii))(iii)	The name and depth of all USDWs within	
3908	the area of review-;		
3909			
3910	(formerly Section 10(e)(iv))(iv)	A map of the area of review:	
3911			
3912	(formerly Section 10(e)(v))(v)	The names of any public water supplies	
3913	affected, reasonably likely to be affected, or served	by the USDWs in the area of review-; and	
3914			
3915	(formerly Section 10(e)(vi))(vi)	The date of waiver issuance.	
3916			

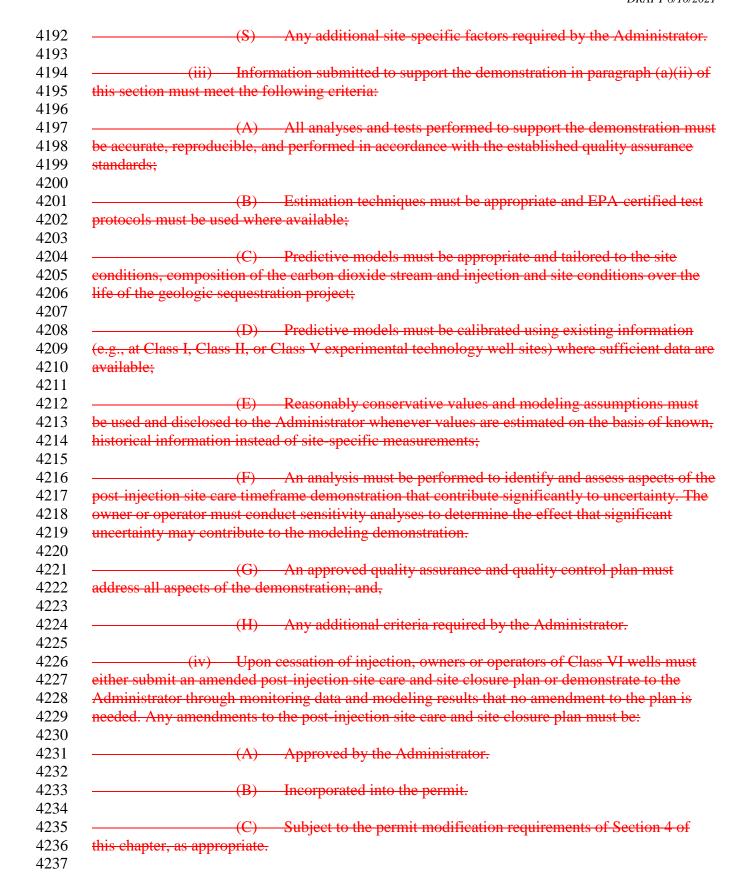
3917 (formerly Section 10(f))(f) Upon receipt of a waiver of the requirement to inject below 3918 the lowermost USDW for geologic sequestration, the owner or operator of a Class VI well must 3919 shall comply with the following: 3920 3921 (formerly Section 10(f)(i))(i) All requirements of Sections 8-13, 11-17, 12-18, 13 3922 <u>19</u>, <u>15</u> <u>22</u>, <u>16</u> <u>23</u>, <u>18</u> <u>25</u>, and <u>19</u> <u>26</u> of this <u>eC</u>hapter-: 3923 3924 (formerly Section 10(f)(ii))(ii) All the requirements of Section 9 14 of this 3925 eChapter with the following modified requirements: 3926 3927 (formerly Section 10(f)(ii)(A))(A) In lieu of meeting the requirements 3928 of Section 14(a)(i) of this Chapter, Tthe Class VI well shall be constructed and completed to 3929 prevent the movement of fluids into any unauthorized zones, including USDWs, in lieu of 3930 requirements of Section 9(a)(i) of this chapter.; 3931 3932 (formerly Section 10(f)(ii)(B))(B) In lieu of meeting the requirements 3933 of Section 14(b) and 14(b)(i) of this Chapter, The casing and cementing program shall be 3934 designed to prevent the movement of fluids into any unauthorized zones including USDWs, in 3935 lieu of requirements of Section 9(b) and 9(b)(i)of this chapter.; and 3936 3937 (formerly Section 10(f)(ii)(C))(C) The casing shall extend through the 3938 base of the nearest USDW directly above the injection zone and shall be cemented to the surface; 3939 or, at the Administrator's discretion, at another formation above the injection zone and below the 3940 nearest USDW above the injection zone.; 3941 3942 (formerly Section 10(f)(iii))(iii) All the requirements of Section 44 20 of this 3943 eChapter with the following modified requirements: 3944 3945 $\frac{\text{(formerly Section 10(f)(iii)(A))}}{\text{(A)}}$ The owner or operator shall monitor 3946 the groundwater quality, geochemical changes, and pressure in the first USDWs immediately 3947 above and below the injection zone(s); and in any other formation at the discretion of the 3948 Administrator:; and 3949 3950 (formerly Section 10(f)(iii)(B))(B) The owner or operator shall conduct 3951 testing and monitoring to track the extent of the carbon dioxide plume and the presence or 3952 absence of elevated pressure (e.g., the pressure front) in the injection zone(s) by using: direct 3953 methods to monitor for pressure changes in the injection zone(s); and, indirect methods (e.g., 3954 seismic, electrical, gravity, or electromagnetic surveys and/or down-hole carbon dioxide 3955 detection tools), unless the Administrator determines, based on site-specific geology, that such 3956 methods are not appropriate. 3957 3958 (formerly Section 10(f)(iii)(B))(I) Direct methods, to monitor 3959 for pressure changes in the injection zone(s); and, 3960 3961 (formerly Section 10(f)(iii)(B))(II) Indirect methods (e.g., 3962 seismic, electrical, gravity, or electromagnetic surveys and/or down-hole carbon dioxide

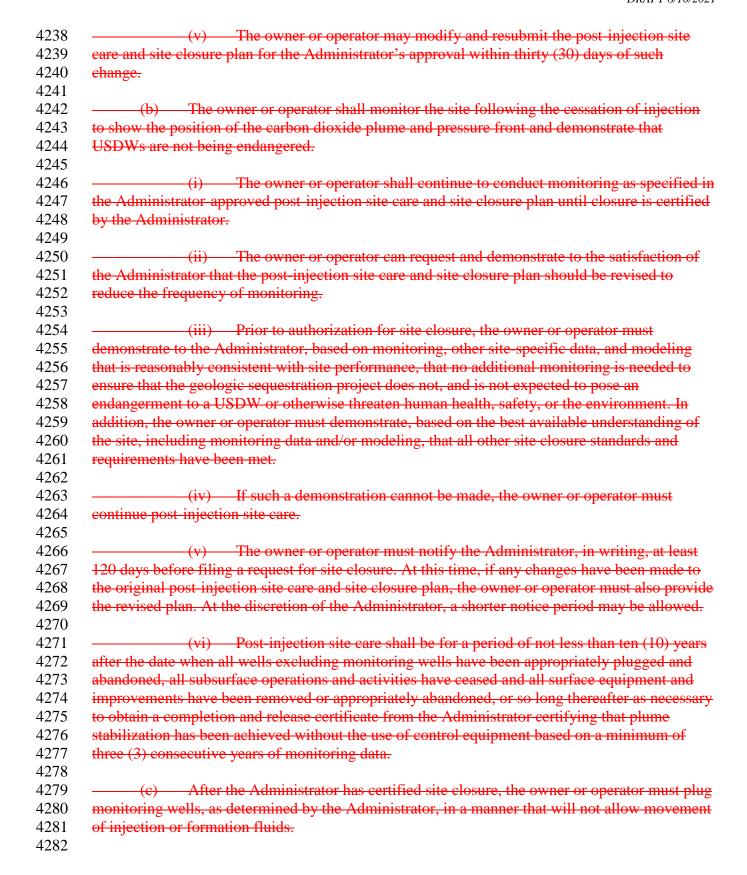
3963 detection tools), unless the Administrator determines, based on site-specific geology, that such 3964 methods are not appropriate: 3965 3966 (formerly Section 10(f)(iv))(iv) All requirements of Section 17 24 of this eChapter with the following, modified post injection site care monitoring requirements: 3967 3968 3969 (formerly Section 10(f)(iv)(A))(A) The owner or operator shall monitor 3970 the groundwater quality, geochemical changes and pressure in the first USDWs immediately 3971 above and below the injection zone; and in any other formations at the discretion of the 3972 Administrator: and 3973 3974 $\frac{\text{(formerly Section } 10(f)(iv)(B))}{\text{(B)}}$ Testing and monitoring in the 3975 injection zone(s) to track the extent of the carbon dioxide plume and the presence or absence of 3976 elevated pressure (e.g., the pressure front) by using direct methods in the injection zone(s); and 3977 indirect methods (e.g., seismic, electrical, gravity, or electromagnetic surveys and/or down-hole 3978 carbon dioxide detection tools), unless the Administrator determines, based on site-specific 3979 geology, that such methods are not appropriate; and 3980 3981 (formerly Section 10(f)(v))(v) Any additional requirements requested 3982 imposed by the Administrator to ensure protection of USDWs above and below the injection 3983 zone(s). 3984 3985 **Injection Well-plugging.** Expansion to the Areal Extent of Existing Section 16. 3986 Class II Injection Well Aguifer Exemptions for Class VI Injection Wells. 3987 3988 (a) Prior to the well-plugging, the owner or operator must flush each Class VI 3989 injection well with a buffer fluid, determine bottom hole reservoir pressure, and perform a final 3990 external mechanical integrity test in accordance with Section 13 of this chapter. 3991 3992 (b) The owner or operator of a Class VI well must prepare, maintain, update on the 3993 same schedule as the update to the area of review delineation, and comply with a well-plugging 3994 plan that is acceptable to the Administrator. Temporary or intermittent cessation of injection operations is not abandonment. The well-plugging plan must include the following information: 3995 3996 3997 (i) Appropriate test or measure to determine bottom hole reservoir pressure; 3998 3999 (ii) Appropriate testing methods to ensure final external mechanical integrity as specified in Section 13 of this chapter; 4000 4001 4002 The type and number of plugs to be used; 4003 4004 (iv) The placement of each plug including the elevation of the top and bottom 4005 of each plug; 4006 4007 (v) The type and grade and quantity of material, suitable for use with the 4008 carbon dioxide stream, to be used in plugging:

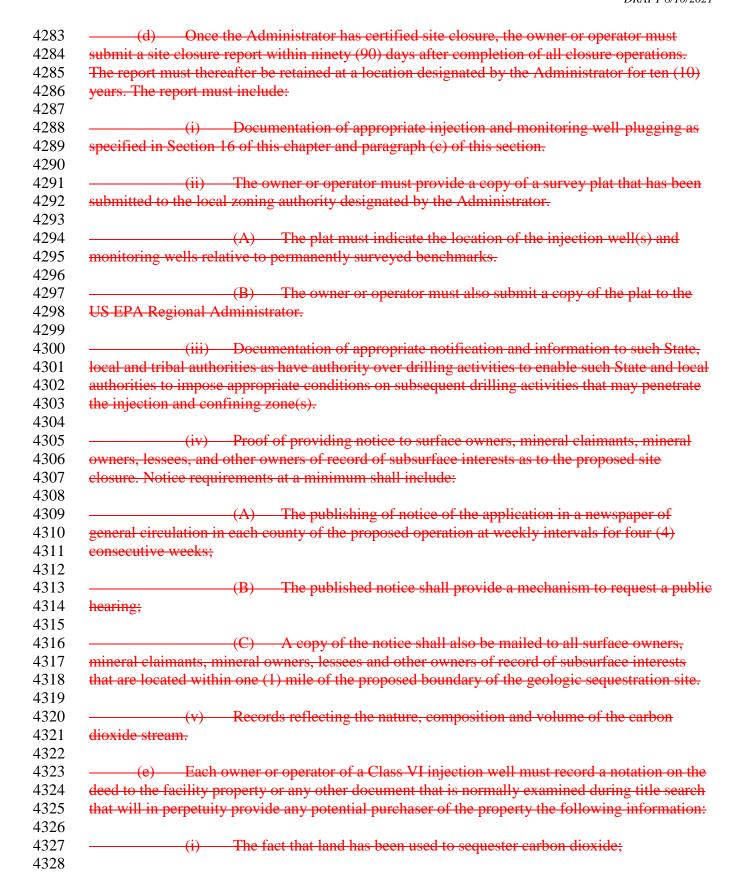
4055 4056	currently serve as a source of drinking water; and
4057	$\frac{\text{(formerly Section 5(c)(i)(B))}}{\text{(B)}}$ The total dissolved solids content of
4058 4059	the groundwater is more than 3,000 mg/L and less than 10,000 mg/L; and
4060	(formerly Section $5(c)(i)(C)$)(C) It The groundwater is not reasonably
4061	expected to supply a public water system.
4062	expected to supply a public water system.
4063	(formerly Section 5(c)(ii)(B))(ii) In evaluating The Administrator may
4064	evaluate a request to expand the areal extent of an aquifer exemption of a Class II enhanced oil
4065	recovery or enhanced gas recovery well for the purpose of Class VI injection; if the
4066	Administrator:
4067	Administrator.
4068	(formerly Section 5(c)(ii)(B))(A) must dDetermines that the request
4069	meets the criteria for exemptions in subparagraphs $\frac{(d)(i)(A-C)}{(b)(i)(A)-(C)}$ of this <u>sSection</u> .
4070	meets the criteria for exemptions in subparagraphs (a)(1)(A)-(C) of this soction.
	(formarly Section 5(a)(ii)(D)(II))(D) in order to answer Determines that
4071	(formerly Section 5(c)(ii)(B)(II))(B) in order to ensure Determines that
4072	the proposed injection operation will not at any time endanger USDWs including non-exempted
4073	portions of the injection formation; and
4074	
4075	(formerly Section 5(c)(ii)(B))(C) In making the determination, the
4076	Administrator shall cConsiders, in making the determinations required by subparagraphs
4077	(b)(ii)(A)-(B) of this Section, the following:
4078	
4079	(formerly Section $5(c)(ii)(B)(I))(I)$ Current and potential future
4080	use of the USDWs to be exempted as drinking water resources;
4081	
4082	(formerly Section 5(c)(ii)(B)(II))(II) The predicted extent of the
4083	injected carbon dioxide plume, and any mobilized fluids that may result in degradation of water
4084	quality, over the lifetime of the geologic sequestration project, as informed by computational
4085	modeling performed pursuant to Section $\frac{8(c)(i)}{13(b)(i)}$ of this e <u>C</u> hapter, in order to ensure that
4086	the proposed injection operation will not at any time endanger USDWs including non-exempted
4087	portions of the injection formation;
4088	
4089	(formerly Section 5(c)(ii)(B)(III))(III) Whether the areal
4090	extent of the expanded aquifer exemption is of sufficient size to account for any possible
4091	revisions to the computational model during reevaluation of the area of review, pursuant to
4092	Section 8(d) 13(c) of this eChapter; and
4093	•
4094	$\frac{\text{(formerly Section 5(c)(ii)(B)(IV))}}{\text{(IV)}}$ Any information
4095	submitted to support a <u>an injection depth</u> waiver request made by the owner or operator under
4096	pursuant to Section 10 15 of this eChapter, if appropriate.
4097	
4098	(formerly Section 5(c)(ii))(c) Such requests will Approvals under this Section are not be
4099	final until:

4101 (formerly Section 5(c)(ii))(i) tThe Administrator submits the request as a 4102 revision to the applicable Federal UIC state-administered program under 40 C₂F₂R₂ Part 147 or as 4103 a substantial program revision to an approved of a Sstate UIC program under 40 C.F.R. § 145.32; 4104 and 4105 4106 (formerly Section 5(c)(ii))(ii) EPA approves the request revision. 4107 4108 Section 17. Post-injection Site Care and Site Closure. Logging, Sampling, and 4109 **Testing Prior to Injection Well Operation.** 4110 4111 (a) The owner or operator of a Class VI well must prepare, maintain, update on the 4112 same schedule as the update to the area of review delineation, and comply with a plan for post-4113 injection site care and site closure that meets the requirements of paragraph (a)(ii) of this 4114 sSection and is acceptable to the Administrator. 4115 4116 The owner or operator must submit the post-injection site care and site 4117 closure plan as a part of the permit application to be approved by the Administrator, in 4118 consultation with EPA. 4119 4120 The post injection site care and site closure plan must include the 4121 following information: 4122 4123 (A) A demonstration containing substantial evidence that the geologic 4124 sequestration project will no longer pose a risk of endangerment to USDWs or will not harm or 4125 present a risk to human health, safety, or the environment at the end of the post-injection site 4126 care timeframe. The demonstration must be based on significant, site specific data and 4127 information, including all data and information collected pursuant to Sections 4 and 7 of this 4128 chapter. 4129 4130 (B) The site closure plan shall address all reclamation, required 4131 monitoring, and remediation sufficient to show that the carbon dioxide injected into the geologic 4132 sequestration site will not harm human health, safety, the environment, or drinking water 4133 supplies. 4134 4135 (C) Detailed plans for post-injection monitoring, verification, 4136 maintenance, and mitigation; 4137 4138 (D) The pressure differential between pre-injection and predicted post-4139 injection pressures in the injection zone; 4140 4141 (E) The predicted position of the carbon dioxide plume and associated 4142 pressure front at the time when plume movement has ceased and pressure differentials sufficient 4143 to cause the movement of injected fluids or formation fluids into a USDW are no longer present, 4144 as demonstrated in the area of review evaluation required under Section 8(c)(i) of this chapter;









4329	(ii) The name of the State agency, local authority, and/or tribe with which the				
4330	survey plat was filed, as well as the address of the Regional Environmental Protection Agency				
4331 4332	Office to which it was submitted; and				
4333	(iii) The volume of fluid injected, the injection zone or zones into which it was				
4334	injected, and the period over which injection occurred.				
4335 4336	(f) Well-plugging reports, post-injection site care data, including, if appropriate, data				
4337	and information used to develop the demonstration of the post-injection site care time frame, and				
4338	the site closure report collected pursuant to requirements of subsection (d) above shall be				
4339	retained for ten (10) years following site closure. The owner or operator must deliver the records				
4340	to the Administrator at the conclusion of the retention period, and the records must thereafter be				
4341 4342	retained at a location designated by the Administrator for that purpose.				
4343	(formerly Section 11(a))(a) During the drilling and construction of a Class VI injection				
4344	well, the owner or operator must shall run appropriate logs, surveys, and tests to determine or				
4345	verify the depth, thickness, porosity, permeability, and lithology of, and the salinity of any				
4346	formation fluids in all relevant geologic formations in order to ensure conformance with the				
4347	injection well meets the construction requirements under of Section 9 14 of this eChapter, and to				
4348	establish accurate baseline data against which future measurements may be compared. The				
4349	owner or operator must shall submit to the Administrator a descriptive report prepared by a				
4350	knowledgeable log analyst that includes an interpretation of the results of such the logs and tests.				
4351	At a minimum, such the logs and tests must shall include:				
4352					
4353	(formerly Section 11(a)(i))(i) Deviation checks measured during drilling on all				
4354	holes constructed by drilling a pilot hole that is subsequently enlarged by reaming or another				
4355	method. Such Deviation checks must shall be at sufficiently frequent intervals to determine the				
4356	location of the borehole and to ensure that vertical avenues for fluid movement in the form of				
4357	diverging holes are not created during drilling; and				
4358					
4359	(formerly Section 11(a)(ii))(ii) Before and upon installation of the surface				
4360	casing:				
4361					
4362	(formerly Section 11(a)(ii)(A))(A) Resistivity, spontaneous potential,				
4363	and caliper logs before the casing is installed; and				
4364					
4365	(formerly Section 11(a)(ii)(B))(B) A cement bond and variable density				
4366	log, or other approved device to evaluate cement quality radially with sufficient resolution to				
4367	identify channels, voids, or other areas of missing cement, and a temperature log, after the casing				
4368	is set and cemented-;				
4369					
4370	(formerly Section 11(a)(iii))(iii) Before and upon installation of the long				
4371	string casing:				
4372					

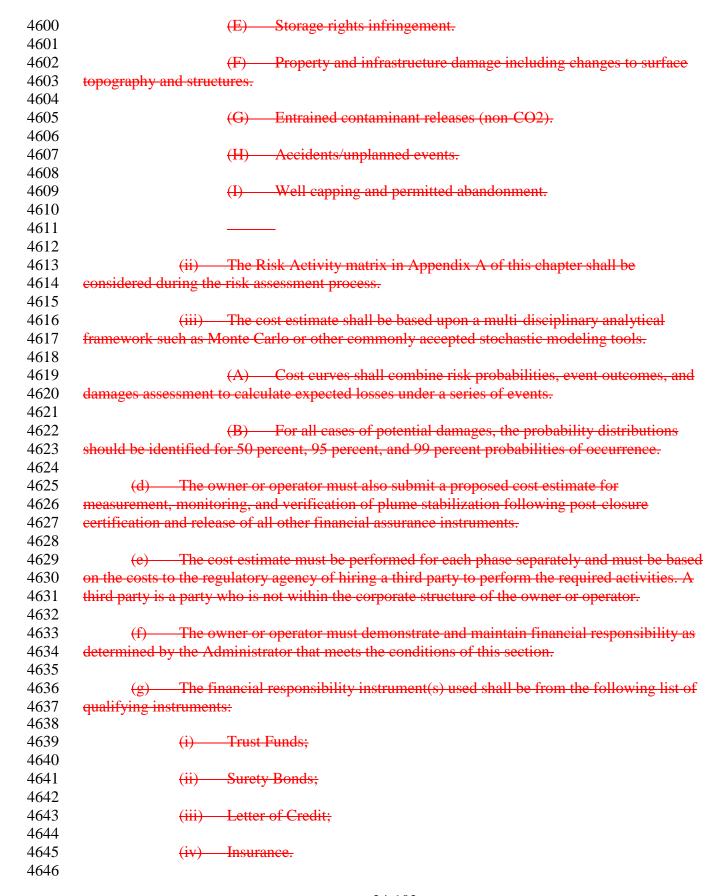
4373	(formerly Section 11(a)(iii)(A))(A) Resistivity, spontaneous potential,			
4374	porosity, caliper, gamma ray, fracture finder logs, and any other logs the Administrator requires			
4375	for the given geology before the casing is installed; and			
4376				
4377	(formerly Section 11(a)(iii)(B))(B) A cement bond and variable density			
4378	log, and a temperature log after the casing is set and cemented.			
4379	6,			
4380	(formerly Section 11(a)(iv))(iv) Test(s) designed to demonstrate the internal			
4381	and external mechanical integrity of injection wells, which may include:			
4382				
4383	(formerly Section 11(a)(iv)(A))(A) A pressure test with liquid or gas;			
4384				
4385	(formerly Section 11(a)(iv)(B))(B) A tracer survey, such as oxygen-			
4386	activation logging;			
4387				
4388	(formerly Section $11(a)(iv)(C)$)(C) A temperature or noise log; and			
4389				
4390	(formerly Section 11(a)(iv)(D))(D) A casing inspection log-; and			
4391				
4392	(formerly Section $11(a)(v)$)(v) Any alternative methods that provide			
4393	equivalent or better information and that are required of, and/or approved by the Administrator.			
4394				
4395	(formerly Section 11(b))(b) The owner or operator must shall take whole cores or			
4396	sidewall cores of the injection zone and confining system, and as well as formation fluid samples			
4397	from the injection zone(s),			
4398	J			
4399	(formerly Section 11(b))(i) The owner or operator shall and submit to the			
4400	Administrator a detailed report prepared by a log analyst that includes:			
4401				
4402	(formerly Section 11(b)(i))(A) Well log analyses (including well logs);			
4403				
4404	(formerly Section 11(b)(ii))(B) Core analyses; and			
4405				
4406	(formerly Section 11(b)(iii))(C) Formation fluid sample information.			
4407	•			
4408	(formerly Section 11(b)(iv))(ii) The Administrator may accept data from cores and			
4409	fluid samples from nearby wells if the owner or operator can demonstrate that such data are			
4410	representative of conditions in the wellbore.			
4411	·			
4412	(formerly Section 11(c))(c) The owner or operator must shall record the formation fluid			
4413	temperature, formation fluid pH and conductivity, reservoir pressure, and static fluid level of the			
4414	injection zone(s).			
4415				
4416	(formerly Section 11(d))(d) The owner or operator must shall determine fracture			
4417	pressures of the injection and confining zones and verify hydrogeologic and geo-mechanical			

4418 characteristics of the injection zone by conducting a pressure fall-off test, any other information 4419 test requested by the Administrator; and; 4420 4421 (formerly Section 11(d)(i))(i) A pump test; or 4422 4423 (formerly Section 11(d)(ii))(ii) Injectivity tests. 4424 4425 (formerly Section 11(e))(e) The owner or operator must shall provide the Administrator 4426 with the opportunity to witness all logging and testing by this section. The owner or operator 4427 must shall submit a schedule of such activities to the Administrator prior to conducting the first 4428 test and shall notify the Administrator of any changes to the schedule thirty (30) days prior to the 4429 next scheduled test. 4430 4431 **Emergency and Remedial Response.** Injection Well Operating Section 18. 4432 Requirements. 4433 4434 (a) As part of the permit application, the owner or operator must provide the Administrator with an emergency and remedial response plan that describes actions to be taken 4435 4436 to address movement of the injectate or formation fluids that may cause an endangerment to a 4437 USDW or threaten human health, safety, or the environment during construction, operation, 4438 closure, and post-closure periods. 4439 4440 (i) The emergency and remedial response plan must be reviewed and 4441 updated, as necessary, on the same schedule as the update to the area of review delineation. 4442 4443 (ii) Any amendments to the emergency and remedial response plan must be 4444 approved by the Administrator, must be incorporated into the permit, and are subject to the 4445 permit modification requirements of Section 4 of this chapter, as appropriate. 4446 4447 (A) Amended plans or demonstrations shall be submitted to the 4448 Administrator as follows: 4449 4450 (I) Within one (1) year of an area of review reevaluation; 4451 4452 (II) Following any significant changes to the facility, such as 4453 addition of injection or monitoring wells, on a schedule determined by the Administrator; or 4454 4455 (III) When required by the Administrator. 4456 4457 (b) If monitoring data, or other evidence obtained by the owner or operator indicate that the injected carbon dioxide stream, displaced formation fluids or associated pressure front 4458 4459 may endanger a USDW or threatens human health, safety, or the environment, the owner or 4460 operator must: 4461 4462 Immediately cease injection; 4463

4464	(ii) Take all steps reasonably necessary to identify and characterize any
4465	release;
4466	
4467	(iii) Notify the Administrator within twenty-four (24) hours.
4468	(m) Trouty the Hammistator within twenty four (21) hours.
4469	(iv) In addition to paragraphs (i iii) of this subsection, if an excursion is
4470	discovered, the owner or operator shall provide verbal notice to the Department within twenty-
4471	four (24) hours, followed by written notice to all surface owners, mineral claimants, mineral
4472	owners, lessees and other owners of record of subsurface interests within thirty (30) days of
4473	when the excursion is discovered; and
4474	, inch inc chickes is discovered, and
4475	(v) Implement the emergency and remedial response plan approved by the
4476	Administrator.
4477	
4478	(c) The Administrator may allow the operator to resume injection prior to
4479	remediation if the owner or operator demonstrates that the injection operation will not endanger
4480	USDWs or otherwise threaten human health, safety, or the environment.
4481	
4482	(formerly Section 12(a))(a) The owner or operator must shall ensure that injection
4483	pressure does not exceed ninety percent (90%) percent of the fracture pressure of the injection
4484	zone(s) so as to ensure that the injection does not initiate new fractures or propagate existing
4485	fractures in the injection zone(s).
4486	
4487	(formerly Section 12(a)(i))(i) In no case may injection pressure cause movement
4488	of injection or formation fluids in a manner that endangers a USDW, or otherwise threatens
4489	human health, safety, or the environment.
4490	
4491	(formerly Section 12(a)(ii))(ii) In no case may injection pressure initiate
4492	fractures in the confining zone(s) or cause the movement of injectate or formation fluids that
4493	endangers a USDW or otherwise threatens human health, safety, or the environment.
4494	
4495	(formerly Section 12(b))(b) Injection of the carbon dioxide stream between the
4496	outermost casing protecting USDWs and the wellbore is prohibited.
4497	
4498	(formerly Section 12(c))(c) The owner or operator must shall fill the annulus between
4499	the tubing and the long string casing with a non-corrosive fluid approved by the Administrator.
4500	The owner or operator must shall maintain on the annulus a pressure that exceeds the operating
4501	injection pressure, unless the Administrator determines that such requirement might harm the
4502	integrity of the well or endanger USDWs.
4503	
4504	(formerly Section 12(d))(d) Other than during periods of well workover or maintenance
4505	approved by the Administrator in which the sealed tubing-casing annulus is, by necessity,
4506	disassembled for maintenance or corrective procedures, the owner or operator must shall
4507	maintain mechanical integrity of the injection well at all times.
4508	

4509	(formerly Section 12(e))(e) The owner or operator must shall install and use continuous			
4510	recording devices to monitor:			
4511				
4512	(formerly Section 12(e)(i))(i) Injection pressure; and			
4513				
4514	(formerly Section 12(e)(ii))(ii) <u>Injection Rrate</u> , volume, and temperature of			
4515	the carbon dioxide stream.			
4516				
4517	(formerly Section 12(f))(f) The owner or operator must shall install and use continuous			
4518	recording devices to monitor the pressure on the annulus between the tubing and the long string			
4519	casing and annulus fluid volume.			
4520				
4521	(formerly Section $12(g)$)(g) The owner or operator must shall install, test, and use			
4522	alarms and automatic surface shut-off systems, or, at the discretion of the Administrator, use			
4523	down-hole shut-off systems (e.g., automatic shut-off, check valves), or other mechanical devices			
4524	that provide equivalent protection, designed to alert the operator and shut-in the well when			
4525	operating parameters such as injection rate, injection pressure, or other parameters approved by			
4526	the Administrator diverge beyond ranges and/or gradients specified in the permit.			
4527				
4528	(formerly Section 12(h))(h) If an automatic shutdown is triggered or a loss of			
4529	mechanical integrity is discovered, the owner or operator must shall immediately investigate and			
4530	identify as expeditiously as possible the cause. If, upon such investigation, the well appears to be			
4531	lacking mechanical integrity, or if monitoring required under paragraphs (e), (f), and (g) of this			
4532	sSection otherwise indicates that the well may be lacking mechanical integrity, the owner or			
4533	operator must shall:			
4534	•			
4535	(formerly Section 12(h)(i))(i) Immediately cease injection;			
4536	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
4537	(formerly Section 12(h)(ii))(ii) Take all steps reasonably necessary to			
4538	determine whether there may have been a release of the injected carbon dioxide stream or			
4539	formation fluids into any unauthorized zone;			
4540				
4541	(formerly Section 12(h)(iii))(iii) Notify the Administrator within twenty-four			
4542	(24) hours;			
4543				
4544	(formerly Section 12(h)(iv))(iv) Restore and demonstrate mechanical			
4545	integrity to the satisfaction of the Administrator as soon as practicable and prior to resuming			
4546	injection; and			
4547				
4548	(formerly Section $12(h)(v)$)(v) Notify the Administrator when injection can			
4549	be expected to resume.			
4550	1			
4551	Section 19. Financial Responsibility. Mechanical Integrity.			
4552				

(a) —	Financial responsibility requirements are to ensure that owners or operators have
the financial	resources to carry out activities related to closing and remediating geologic
sequestration	n sites if needed so they do not endanger the environment or USDWs.
(b) —	Owners or operators of Class VI wells must demonstrate and maintain financial
responsibilit	y for all applicable phases of the geologic sequestration project including complete
•	tion in the event of default. The phases of a geologic sequestration project are as
follows:	
	(i) Permitting/Characterization.
	(ii) Monitoring and testing, including the requirements of Section 14 of this
chapter.	
-	
	(iii) Operations (injection and permanent well closure activities), including the
requirement	s of Section 16 of this chapter.
_	
	(iv) Post-injection site care ("plume stabilization" monitoring until certified
by the Admi	inistrator; above ground reclamation completed), including the requirements of
Section 17 o	of this chapter.
	(v) Emergency and remedial response (that meets the requirements of Section
18 of this ch	apter).
(c) —	The owner or operator must submit a detailed written estimate, at the time of
permit appli	cation and updated annually in accordance with paragraph (j)(iii) below, in current
dollars, that	includes the cost of performing corrective action on wells in the area of review that
meets the re	quirements of Section 8 of this chapter; plugging the injection well(s) that meets the
	s of Section 16 of this chapter; post injection site care and site closure that meets the
requirement	s of Section 17 of this chapter; monitoring activities that meets the requirements of
Section 14 o	of this chapter; and emergency and remedial response that meets the requirements of
	of this chapter.
	(i) The financial assurance cost estimate for the various phases of the
sequestration	n project shall consider the following events:
•	
	(A) Contamination of underground sources of water including drinking
water suppli	
	(B) Mineral rights infringement.
	(C) Single large volume release of carbon dioxide that impacts human
health and sa	afety and/or causes ecological damage.
	(D) Low level leakage of carbon dioxide to the surface that impacts
human healt	h and safety and/or causes ecological damage.



4647	(A) Any insurance instruments submitted for financial assurance
4648	purposes shall include State of Wyoming as an additional insured.
4649	
4650	(B) Inclusion of the State of Wyoming as an additional insured shall
4651	not be deemed a waiver of sovereign immunity.
4652	
4653	(v) Self-insurance (i.e., Financial Test and Corporate Guarantee);
4654	(·/ 2000 00000000 (100) 00000000 000000000000
4655	(vi) Escrow account;
4656	(12) 25025 11 4000 4110,
4657	(vii) Any other instrument(s) satisfactory to the Administrator.
4658	(12) 1211 0111011 0111011 (8) 0111011 012 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01
4659	(h) The qualifying instrument(s) must be sufficient to cover the cost of the estimate
4660	required in subsection (d) of this section.
4661	required in subsection (d) of this section.
4662	(i) The qualifying financial responsibility instrument(s) must comprise protective
4663	conditions of coverage that include at a minimum cancellation, renewal, continuation provisions
4664	specifications on when the provider becomes liable following a notice of cancellation, and
4665	requirements for the provider to meet a minimum rating, minimum capitalization, and the ability
4666	to pass the bond rating test when applicable.
4667	to pass the conditating test when applicable.
4668	(i) Cancellation An owner or operator must provide that their financial
4669	mechanism may not cancel, terminate or fail to renew except for failure to pay such financial
4670	instrument. If there is a failure to pay the financial instrument, the financial institution may elect
4671	to cancel, terminate, or fail to renew the instrument by sending notice by certified mail to the
4672	owner or operator and the Administrator. The cancellation must not be final for 120 days after
4673	receipt of cancellation notice. The owner or operator must provide an alternate financial
4674	responsibility demonstration within sixty (60) days of notice of cancellation, and if an alternate
4675	financial responsibility demonstration is not acceptable (or possible), any funds from the
4676	instrument being cancelled must be released within sixty (60) days of notification by the
4677	Administrator.
4678	radininstrator.
4679	(ii) Renewal Owners or operators must renew all financial instruments, if ar
4680	
4681	instrument expires, for the entire term of the geologic sequestration project. The instrument may be automatically renewed as long as, at a minimum, the owner or operator has the option of
4682	renewal at the face amount of the expiring instrument.
4683	renewar at the race amount or the expiring instrument.
4684	(iii) Continuation Concellation termination on failure to renew may not
	(iii) Continuation Cancellation, termination, or failure to renew may not occur and the financial instrument shall remain in full force and effect in the event that on or
4685	
4686	before the date of expiration:
4687	(A) The Administrator description description description
4688	(A) The Administrator deems the facility abandoned.
4689	
4690	(B) The permit is terminated, revoked, or a new permit is denied.
4691	
4692	(C) Closure is ordered by the Administrator, a U.S. district court, or
4693	other court of competent jurisdiction.

4694 4695 (D) The owner or operator is named as debtor in a voluntary or 4696 involuntary proceeding under Title 11 (Bankruptcy), U.S. Code. 4697 4698 (E) The amount due is paid. 4699 4700 The qualifying financial responsibility instrument(s) must be approved by the 4701 Administrator. The Administrator shall also approve the use and length of pay-in-periods for 4702 trust funds and escrow accounts. 4703 4704 (i) The Administrator shall consider and approve the financial responsibility 4705 demonstration for all the phases of the geologic sequestration project prior to issuing a Class VI 4706 permit. 4707 4708 (ii) The Administrator may find that the financial responsibility demonstration 4709 is unsatisfactory for any reason, as long as that reason is not arbitrary or capricious. The 4710 Administrator may exercise discretion in negotiating a satisfactory financial responsibility demonstration or to deny a demonstration. 4711 4712 4713 (iii) The owner or operator must provide any updated information related to 4714 their financial responsibility instrument(s) on an annual basis and if there are any changes, the Administrator must evaluate the financial responsibility demonstration to confirm that the 4715 4716 instrument(s) used remain adequate for use. The owner or operator must maintain financial 4717 responsibility requirements regardless of the status of the Administrator's review of the financial 4718 responsibility demonstration. 4719 4720 (iv) The owner or operator must provide an adjustment of the cost estimate to the Administrator within sixty (60) days of notification by the Administrator, if the 4721 4722 Administrator determines during the annual evaluation of the qualifying financial responsibility 4723 instrument(s) that the most recent demonstration is no longer adequate to cover the cost of 4724 corrective action (as required by Section 8 of this chapter), injection well-plugging (as required 4725 by Section 16 of this chapter), post injection site care and site closure (as required by Section 17 4726 of this chapter), and emergency and remedial response (as required by Section 18 of this 4727 chapter). 4728 4729 (v) During the active life of the geologic sequestration project, the owner or operator must adjust the cost estimate for inflation within sixty (60) days prior to the anniversary 4730 4731 date of the establishment of the financial instrument(s) used to comply with paragraph (g) of this 4732 section and provide this adjustment to the Administrator. The owner or operator must also 4733 provide to the Administrator written updates of adjustments to the cost estimate within sixty (60) 4734 days of any amendments to the area of review and corrective action plan (Section 8 of this 4735 chapter), the injection well-plugging plan (Section 16 of this chapter), the post-injection site care 4736 and site closure plan (Section 17 of this chapter), the emergency and remedial response plan 4737 (Section 18 of this chapter), and mitigation or reclamation costs that State may incur as a result 4738 of any default by the permit holder.

(vi) The Administrator must approve any decrease or increase to the initial cost estimate. During the active life of the geologic sequestration project, the owner or operator must revise the cost estimate no later than sixty (60) days after the Administrator has approved the request to modify the area of review and corrective action plan (Section 8 of this chapter), the injection well plugging plan (Section 16 of this chapter), the post injection site care and site closure plan (Section 17 of this chapter), and the emergency and response plan (Section 18 of this chapter), if the change in the plan increases the cost. If the change to the plans decreases the cost, any withdrawal of funds must be approved by the Administrator. Any decrease to the value of the financial assurance instrument must first be approved by the Administrator. The revised cost estimate must be adjusted for inflation as specified in paragraph (k)(v) of this section.

- (vii) Whenever the current cost estimate increases to an amount greater than the face amount of a financial instrument currently in use, the owner or operator, within sixty (60) days after the increase, must either cause the face amount to be increased to an amount at least equal to the current cost estimate and submit evidence of such increase to the Administrator, or obtain other financial responsibility instruments to cover the increase. Whenever the current cost estimate decreases, the face amount of the financial assurance instrument may be reduced to the amount of the current cost estimate only after the owner or operator has received written approval from the Administrator.
- (k) The owner or operator may demonstrate financial responsibility by using one (1) or multiple qualifying financial instruments for specific phases of the geologic sequestration project.
- (i) In the event that the owner or operator combines more than one (1) instrument for a specific geologic sequestration phase (e.g., well-plugging), such combination must be limited to instruments that are not based on financial strength or performance (i.e., self-insurance or performance bond). For example trust funds, surety bonds guaranteeing payment into a trust fund, letters of credit, escrow account, and insurance.
- (ii) When using a third-party instrument to demonstrate financial responsibility, the owner or operator must provide proof that the third-party providers either have passed financial strength requirements based on credit ratings; or has met a minimum rating, minimum capitalization, and ability to pass the bond rating test when applicable.
- (iii) An owner or operator using certain types of third-party instruments must establish a standby trust to enable the State of Wyoming to be party to the financial responsibility agreement without the State of Wyoming being the beneficiary of any funds. The standby trust fund must be used along with other financial responsibility instruments (e.g., surety bonds, letters of credit, or escrow accounts) to provide a location to place funds if needed.
- (iv) An owner or operator may deposit money into an escrow account to cover financial responsibility requirements; this account must segregate funds sufficient to cover estimated costs for Class VI (geologic sequestration) financial responsibility from other accounts and uses.

(v) — An owner or operator or its guarantor may use self insurance to demonstrate financial responsibility for certain phases of geologic sequestration projects. In order to satisfy this requirement the owner or operator must meet a tangible net worth of an amount approved by the Administrator, have a net working capital and tangible net worth each at least six times the sum of the current well-plugging, post injection site care and site closure cost, have assets located in the United States amounting to at least 90 percent of total assets or at least six (6) times the sum of the current well-plugging, post injection site care and site closure cost, and must submit a report of its bond rating and financial information annually. In addition the owner or operator must either: have a bond rating test of AAA, AA, A, or BBB as issued by Standard & Poor's or Aaa, Aa, A, or Baa as issued by Moody's; or meet all of the following five financial ratio thresholds: a ratio of total liabilities to net worth less than 2.0; a ratio of current assets to current liabilities greater than 1.5; a ratio of the sum of net income plus depreciation, depletion, and amortization to total liabilities greater than 0.1; a ratio of current assets minus current liabilities to total assets greater than -0.1; and a net profit (revenues minus expenses) greater than 0.

- (vi) An owner or operator who is not able to meet corporate financial test criteria may arrange a corporate guarantee by demonstrating that its corporate parent meets the financial test requirements on its behalf. The parent's demonstration that it meets the financial test requirement is insufficient if it has not also guaranteed to fulfill the obligations for the owner or operator.
- (vii) An owner or operator may obtain an insurance policy to cover the estimated costs of geologic sequestration activities requiring financial responsibility. This insurance policy must be obtained from a third party provider.
- (1) The owner or operator must maintain financial responsibility and resources until the administrator receives and approves the completed post-injection site care and site closure plan and the administrator approves site closure.
- (m) The owner or operator must notify the Administrator by certified mail of adverse financial conditions such as bankruptcy that may affect the ability to carry out injection well-plugging and post-injection site care and site closure.
- (i) In the event that the owner or operator or the third party provider of a financial responsibility instrument is going through a bankruptcy, the owner or operator must notify the Administrator by certified mail of the commencement of a voluntary or involuntary proceeding under Title 11 (Bankruptcy), U.S. Code, naming the owner or operator as debtor, within ten (10) days after commencement of the proceeding.
- (ii) A guarantor of a corporate guarantee must make such a notification to the Administrator if he/she is named as debtor, as required under the terms of the corporate guarantee.
- (iii) An owner or operator who fulfills the requirements of paragraph (g) of this section by obtaining a trust fund, surety bond, letter of credit, escrow account, or insurance

policy will be deemed to be without the required financial assurance in the event of bankruptcy of the trustee or issuing institution, or a suspension or revocation of the authority of the trustee institution to act as trustee of the institution issuing the trust fund, surety bond, letter of credit, escrow account, or insurance policy. The owner or operator must establish other financial assurance within sixty (60) days after such an event.

(n) The owner or operator may be released from a financial instrument in the following circumstances:

(i) The owner or operator has completed the phase of the geologic sequestration project for which the financial instrument was required and has fulfilled all its financial obligations as determined by the Administrator, including obtaining financial responsibility for the next phase of the geologic sequestration project, if required.

(ii) The owner or operator has submitted a replacement financial instrument and received written approval from the Administrator accepting the new financial instrument and releasing the owner or operator from the previous financial instrument.

 (iii) The owner or operator has submitted a revised cost estimate for the remaining phases of the geologic sequestration project. The revised cost estimate may demonstrate that a partial release of the financial instrument is warranted and can still provide adequate financial assurance for the remainder of the project. Partial release of the financial instrument is at the discretion of the Administrator.

(o) Following the release of all financial assurance and receipt of a site closure certificate, the Administrator must approve the cost estimate prepared for the post closure measurement, monitoring and verification of a geologic sequestration site. The cost estimate shall only be provided after plume stabilization and all remediation work has been completed.

(formerly Section 13(a))(a) A Class VI well has mechanical integrity if:

(formerly Section 13(a)(i))(i) There is no significant leak in the casing, tubing, or packer; and

(formerly Section 13(a)(ii))(ii) There is no significant fluid movement into a USDW through channels adjacent to the injection wellbore.

(formerly Section 13(b))(b) To evaluate the absence of significant leaks under subparagraph (a)(i) of this sSection, owners or operators must shall, following an initial annulus pressure test, continuously monitor injection pressure, rate, injected volumes, and pressure on the annulus between tubing, and long string casing, and annulus fluid volume as specified in Section 12 18(e) and _(f) of this eChapter;

(formerly Section 13(e))(c) At least once per year, the owner or operator $\frac{\text{shall}}{\text{must}}$ use one (1) of the following methods to determine the absence of significant fluid movement under subparagraph (a)(ii) of this $\frac{\text{sS}}{\text{ection}}$:

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(formerly Section 13(c)(i))(i) An approved tracer survey such as an oxygen4880 activation log; or

 (formerly Section 13(c)(ii))(ii) A temperature or noise log.

(formerly Section 13(d))(d) If required by the Administrator, at a frequency specified in the testing and monitoring plan required in Section 14 20 of this eChapter, the owner or operator must shall run a casing inspection log to determine the presence or absence of corrosion in the long-string casing.

(formerly Section 13(e))(e) The Administrator may require any other test to evaluate mechanical integrity under paragraph (a)(i) or (a)(ii) of this sSection. Also, tThe Administrator may allow the use of a test to demonstrate mechanical integrity other than those listed above, in paragraph (c) of this Section with the written approval of the US EPA Administrator. To obtain approval, the Administrator must shall submit a written request to the US EPA Administrator that must shall set forth the proposed test and all technical data supporting its use.

(formerly Section 13(f))(f) In conducting and evaluating the tests enumerated in this section or others to be allowed by the Administrator, the owner or operator and the Administrator must shall apply methods and standards generally accepted in the industry.

(formerly Section 13(f)(i))(i) When the owner or operator reports the results of mechanical integrity tests to the Administrator, $\frac{\text{he/she}}{\text{she}}$ the owner or operator shall include a description of the test(s) and the method(s) used.

(formerly Section 13(f)(ii))(ii) In making his/her an evaluation, the Administrator must shall review monitoring and other test data submitted since the previous evaluation.

(formerly Section 13(g))(g) The Administrator may require additional or alternative tests if the results presented by the owner or operator under paragraph (e) of this sSection are not satisfactory to the Administrator to demonstrate that there is no significant leak in the casing, tubing or packer; or and that there is no significant movement of fluid into or between USDWs resulting from the injection activity as stated in paragraphs (a)(i) and (a)(ii) of this section.

Section 20. Public Participation, Public Notice and Public Hearing Requirements. <u>Testing and Monitoring Requirements.</u>

- (a) The Administrator shall give public notice if a draft permit has been prepared or a hearing has been scheduled.
- (b) Public notice of the preparation of a draft permit shall allow at least sixty (60) days for public comment. Public notice of a public hearing shall be given at least thirty (30) days before the hearing. Public notice of the hearing may be given at the same time as public notice of the draft permit and the two notices may be combined.

4924		
4925	(c) Publi	e notice shall be given by:
4926	(1)	
4927	(i)	Mailing a copy of the notice, a copy of the fact sheet, the permit
4928		and the draft permit (if any) to the following persons:
4929	upplication (if ally) t	and the draft permit (if any) to the following persons.
4930		(A) The applicant, by certified or registered mail;
4931		(11) The applicant, by certified of registered main,
4932		(B) The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 8 Drinking
4933	Water Program;	(b) The O.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region o Dinking
4934	water rogram,	
4934		(C) The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Underground
4935	Injection Control Pro	
4930	injection Control Fre	ogram,
4937		(D) Wyoming Come and Eigh Denoutments
		(D) Wyoming Game and Fish Department;
4939		(E) Wassing Chata Engineers
4940		(E) Wyoming State Engineer;
4941		
4942		(F) State Historical Preservation Officer;
4943		(6) W
4944		(G) Wyoming Oil and Gas Conservation Commission;
4945		
4946		(H) Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality, Land Quality
4947	Division	
4948		(I) Wyoming State Geological Survey;
4949		
4950		(J) Wyoming Water Development Office;
4951		
4952		(K) Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality, Air Quality
4953	Division;	
4954		
4955		(L) Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality, Solid and
4956	Hazardous Waste Di	ivision; and
4957		
4958		(M) U.S. Army Corps of Engineers;
4959		
4960		(N) Persons on the mailing list developed by the Department, including
4961	those who request in	writing to be on the list and by soliciting participants in public hearings in
4962	that area for their int	erest in being included on "area" mailing lists; and
4963		<u>-</u>
4964		(O) Any unit of local government having jurisdiction over the area
4965	where the facility is	proposed to be located.
4966	·	
4967	(ii)	Publication of the notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the
4968	location of the facili	
4969		

4970	(iii) At the discretion of the Administrator, any other method reasonably
4971	expected to give actual notice of the action in question to the persons potentially affected by it,
4972	including press releases or any other forum or medium to elicit public participation.
	including pless releases of any other forum of medium to enent public participation.
4973	
4974	(d) All public notices issued under this chapter shall contain the following minimum
4975	information:
4976	
4977	(i) Name and address of the Department;
4978	
4979	(ii) Name and address of permittee or permit applicant, and, if different, of the
4980	facility or activity regulated by the permit;
4981	
4982	(iii) A brief description of the business conducted at the facility or activity
4983	described in the permit application or the draft permit;
4984	described in the permit application of the draft permit,
4985	(iv) The type and quantity of wastes, fluids, or pollutants that are proposed to
4986	be or are being treated, stored, disposed of, injected, emitted, or discharged.
4987	
4988	(v) A brief summary of the basis for the draft permit conditions including
4989	references to applicable statutory or regulatory provisions;
4990	
4991	(vi) Reasons why any requested variances or alternatives to required standards
4992	do or do not appear justified;
4993	do of do not appear jastinou,
4994	(vii) Name, address and telephone number of a person from whom interested
4995	persons may obtain further information, including copies of the draft permit, as the case may be,
4996	statement of basis or fact sheet, and the application;
4997	
4998	(viii) A brief description of comment procedures including,
4999	
5000	(A) Procedures to request a hearing;
5001	
5002	(B) The beginning and ending dates of the comment period;
5003	
5004	(C) The address where comments will be received; and
5005	(e) The desires where comments will be received, and
5006	(D) Other procedures that the public may use to participate in the final
5007	permit decision; and
	permit decision, and
5008	
5009	(ix) Any additional information considered necessary and proper.
5010	
5011	(e) In addition to the information required in paragraph (d) of this section, any notice
5012	for public hearing shall contain the following:
5013	
5014	(i) Reference to the date of previous public notices relating to the permit;
5015	

5016	(11) Date, time and place of hearing; and
5017	
5018	(iii) A brief description of the nature and purpose of the hearing, including
5019	applicable rules and procedures.
5020	
5021	(f) The Department shall provide an opportunity for the applicant, permittee, or any
5022	interested person to submit written comments regarding any aspect of a permit or to request a
5023	public hearing.
5024	
5025	(g) During the public comment period, any interested person may submit written
5026	comments on the draft permit and may request a public hearing. Requests for public hearings
5027	must be made in writing to the Administrator and shall state the reasons for the request.
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5029	(h) The Administrator shall hold a hearing whenever the Administrator finds, on the
5030	basis of requests, a significant degree of public interest in a draft permit. The Administrator has
5031	the discretion to hold a hearing whenever such a hearing may clarify issues involved in a permit
5032	decision.
5032	decision.
5034	(i) The public comment period shall automatically extend to the close of any public
5035	hearing. The Administrator may also extend the comment period by so stating at the public
5036	hearing.
5037	neuring.
5037	(j) The Administrator shall render a decision on the draft permit within sixty (60)
5038	days after the completion of the comment period if no hearing is requested. If a hearing is held,
5039 5040	the Administrator shall make a decision on any Department hearing as soon as practicable after
5040 5041	receipt of the transcript or after the expiration of the time set to receive written comments.
5041 5042	receipt of the transcript of after the expitation of the time set to receive written comments.
5042 5043	(Ir) At the time of inel decision is issued the Department shall respond in writing to
	(k) At the time a final decision is issued, the Department shall respond, in writing, to
5044	those comments received during the public comment period or comments received during the
5045	allotted time for a hearing held by the Department. This response shall:
5046	(i) Consider any shares of that have been made to the manufactured
5047	(i) Specify any changes that have been made to the permit; and
5048	
5049	(ii) Briefly describe and respond to all comments voicing a technical or
5050	regulatory concern that is within the authority of the Department to regulate.
5051	
5052	(l) The response to comments shall also be available to the public.
5053	
5054	(m) Requests for a contested case hearing on a permit issuance, denial, revocation,
5055	termination, or any other final Department action appealable to the Council shall be in
5056	accordance with the Department of Environmental Quality Rules of Practice and Procedure.
5057	
5058	(formerly Section 14(a))(a) The owner or operator of a Class VI well must shall
5059	prepare, maintain, and comply with a testing and monitoring plan to verify that the geologic
5060	sequestration project is operating as permitted and is not endangering USDWs. The testing and
5061	monitoring plan must shall be submitted with the permit application, for shall be subject to

5063 meet the requirements of this section, including accessing sites for all necessary monitoring and 5064 testing during the life of the project. 5065 5066 (formerly Section 14(b))(b) In addition to the requirements of W.S. § 35-11-313, Ttesting and monitoring associated with geologic sequestration projects must shall, at a 5067 5068 minimum. include: 5069 5070 (i) Plans and procedures for environmental surveillance and excursion 5071 detection, prevention, and control programs, including a monitoring plan to: 5072 5073 (A) Assess the migration of the injected carbon dioxide; and 5074 5075 (B) Ensure the retention of the carbon dioxide in the geologic 5076 sequestration site. 5077 5078 (formerly Section 14(b)(ii))(i) Analysis of the carbon dioxide stream with 5079 sufficient frequency to yield data representative of its chemical and physical characteristics; 5080 5081 (formerly Section 14(b)(iii))(ii) Installation and use, except during well 5082 workovers, of continuous recording devices to monitor: 5083 5084 (formerly Section 14(b)(iii)(A))(A) Injection pressure; 5085 5086 (formerly Section 14(b)(iii)(B))(B) Injection Rrate and volume; 5087 5088 (formerly Section 14(b)(iii)(C))(C) Pressure on the annulus between the tubing and the long string casing; 5089 5090 5091 (formerly Section 14(b)(iii)(D))(D) The annulus fluid volume added; and 5092 5093 (formerly Section 14(b)(iii)(E))(E) The pressure on the annulus between 5094 the tubing and the long string casing. 5095 5096 (formerly Section 14(b)(iv))(iii) Corrosion monitoring of the well materials for loss of mass, loss of thickness, cracking, pitting, and other signs of corrosion, which must 5097 shall be performed and recorded at least quarterly to ensure that the well components meet the 5098 minimum standards for material strength and performance set forth in Section 9(b) 14(b) of this 5099 5100 eChapter by: 5101 (formerly Section 14(b)(iv)(A)(A) Analyzing coupons of the well 5102 5103 construction materials placed in contact with the carbon dioxide stream; 5104 5105 (formerly Section 14(b)(iv)(B))(B) Routing the carbon dioxide stream 5106 through a loop constructed with the material used in the well and inspecting the materials in the 5107 loop; or

Administrator approval, and must shall include a description of how the owner or operator will

5108	
5109	(formerly Section 14(b)(iv)(C))(C) Using an alternative method
5110	approved by the Administrator-;
5111	
5112	(formerly Section $14(b)(v)$)(iv) Periodic monitoring of the groundwater
5113	quality and geochemical changes above the confining zone(s) that may be a result of carbon
5114	dioxide movement or displaced formation fluid movement through the confining zone(s) or
5115	additional identified zones, including The monitoring wells shall:
5116	<u> </u>
5117	(formerly Section 14(b)(v)(A))(A) The location and number of
5118	monitoring wells must be based on Use specific information about the geologic sequestration
5119	project, including injection rate and volume, geology, the presence of artificial penetrations, and
5120	other relevant factors to establish the location and number of monitoring wells; and
5121	other relevant ractors to establish the recursor and number of monitoring wens, and
5122	(formerly Section 14(b)(v)(B))(B) The monitoring frequency and
5123	spatial distribution of monitoring wells based on Use baseline geochemical data that have been
5124	collected under Section $\frac{5(b)(xiii)}{10(b)(xvi)}$ of this eChapter and any modeling results in the area
5125	of review evaluation required by Section 8(e) 13(b) of this eChapter-to establish the monitoring
5126	frequency and spatial distribution of monitoring wells;
5127	irequency and spatial distribution of monitoring wens,
5128	$\frac{\text{(formerly Section 14(b)(vi))}}{\text{(v)}}$ A demonstration of external mechanical
5129	integrity pursuant to Section $\frac{13(e)}{19(c)}$ at least once per year until the well is plugged;
5130	integrity pursuant to section 15(c) at least once per year until the well is plugged,
5131	(formerly Section 14(b)(vi))(vi) and iIf required by the Administrator, a
5131	casing inspection log pursuant to requirements of Section $\frac{13(d)}{19(d)}$ of this eChapter at a
5133	0 1 01 1 <u>1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 </u>
	frequency established in the testing and monitoring plan;
5134	(formarly Castian 14(k)(vii))(vii) A programs fall off test that identifies
5135	(formerly Section 14(b)(vii))(vii) A pressure fall-off test that identifies
5136	reservoir conditions with respect to flow dynamics at least once every five (5) years, unless more
5137	frequent testing is required by the Administrator based on site-specific information; and
5138	(former de Costina 14/b/(siii)) (siii) Tostina and manitarina to trade the artest of
5139	(formerly Section 14(b)(viii))(viii) Testing and monitoring to track the extent of
5140	the carbon dioxide plume, the position of the pressure front, and surface displacement using:
5141	
5142	(formerly Section 14(b)(viii)(A))(A) Direct methods in the injection
5143	zone(s); and
5144	
5145	(formerly Section 14(b)(viii)(B))(B) Indirect methods in the injection
5146	<u>zone</u> (e.g., seismic, electrical, gravity, or electromagnetic surveys and/or down-hole carbon
5147	dioxide detection tools), unless the Administrator determines, based on site-specific geology, that
5148	such methods are not appropriate;
5149	
5150	(formerly Section $14(b)(ix)$)(ix) At the Administrator's discretion, bBased on
5151	site-specific conditions, surface air monitoring and/or soil gas monitoring to detect movement of
5152	carbon dioxide that could endanger a USDW, or otherwise threaten human health, safety, or the
5153	environment-;

5154 (formerly Section 14(b)(ix)(A)(A)) The surface air or soil gas 5155 5156 monitoring plan must shall: 5157 5158 (formerly Section 14(b)(ix)(A))(I) bBe based on potential risks 5159 to USDWs, and modeling within the area of review; 5160 5161 (formerly Section 14(b)(ix)(B))(II) Use baseline data to establish 5162 The monitoring frequency and spatial distribution of surface air monitoring and/or soil gas 5163 monitoring must reflect baseline data.; and 5164 5165 (formerly Section 14(b)(ix)(B))(III) The monitoring plan must 5166 sSpecify how the proposed monitoring will yield useful information on for the area of review 5167 delineation and the potential movement of fluid: 5168 5169 (formerly Section 14(b)(ix)(B))(1.) eContaining any 5170 contaminant into USDWs in exceedence exceedance of any primary drinking water regulation under 40 C.F.R. Part 141; or 5171 5172 5173 (formerly Section 14(b)(ix)(B))(2.) wWhich may 5174 otherwise adversely affect human health, safety, or the environment-; 5175 5176 (formerly Section 14(b)(x))(B) If an owner or operator demonstrates 5177 that monitoring employed under 40 C.F.R. §§ 98.440 to 98.449 (Clean Air Act, 42 U.S.C. 7401) 5178 et seq.) accomplishes the goals of subparagraph (b)(ix)(A) and (B) of this sSection, and meets the requirements pursuant to 40 CFR § 146.91(c)(5), the Administrator that requires surface 5179 5180 air/soil gas monitoring must shall approve the use of monitoring employed under 40 C.F.R. §§ 98.440 to 98.449. Compliance with §§ 98.440 to 98.449 pursuant to this provision is considered 5181 5182 a condition of the Class VI permit. An owner or operator who uses monitoring employed under 40 C.F.R. §§ 98.440 to 98.449 to meet the requirements of this Section shall comply with 40 5183 C.F.R. §§ 98.440 to 98.449; 5184 5185 5186 (formerly Section 14(b)(xi)(x)) Any additional monitoring, as required by 5187 the Administrator, necessary to support, upgrade, and improve computational modeling of the 5188 area of review re-evaluation required under Section 8(d) 13(c) of this eChapter and as necessary 5189 to demonstrate that there is no movement of fluid containing any contaminant into underground 5190 sources of drinking water USDWs in exceedence exceedance of any primary drinking water 5191 regulation under 40 C.F.R. Part 141, Subparts E, F, and G, or which could otherwise adversely 5192 affect human health, safety, or the environment; 5193 5194 (formerly Section 14(b)(xii))(xi) The owner or operator shall periodically review the testing and monitoring plan to incorporate monitoring data collected under this 5195 5196 subpart Section, operational data collected under Section 12 18 of this eChapter, and the most 5197 recent area of review reevaluation performed under Section 8 13 of this eChapter. In no case 5198 shall tThe owner or operator shall review the testing and monitoring plan less often than at least 5199 once every five (5) years. Based on this review, the owner or operator shall submit an amended

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5200
        testing and monitoring plan or demonstrate to the Administrator that no amendment to the testing
5201
        and monitoring plan is needed. Any amendments to the testing and monitoring plan must be
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        approved are subject to approval by the Administrator, must shall be incorporated into the
5203
        permit, and are subject to the permit modification requirements of Section 4-6 of this eChapter.
5204
        as appropriate. Amended plans or demonstrations shall be submitted to the Administrator as
5205
        follows:
5206
5207
                              (formerly Section 14(b)(xii)(A))(A) Within one (1) year of an area of
5208
        review reevaluation:
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5210
                              (formerly Section 14(b)(xii)(B))(B) Following any significant changes to
5211
        the facility, such as addition of monitoring wells or newly permitted injection wells within the
5212
        area of review, on a schedule determined by the Administrator; or
5213
5214
                              (formerly Section 14(b)(xii)(C))(C) When required by the
5215
        Administrator-; and
5216
5217
                       (formerly Section 14(b)(xiii))(xii)
                                                           A quality assurance and surveillance plan
5218
        for all testing and monitoring requirements.
5219
5220
                (formerly Section 14(d))(c) The owner or operator shall create and retain Records of
5221
        all monitoring information shall that include:
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5223
                       (formerly Section 14(d)(i))(i) The date, time, and exact place, and time of
5224
        sampling or measurements;
5225
5226
                       (formerly Section 14(d)(ii))(ii)
                                                           The individual(s) who performed the
5227
        sampling or measurements;
5228
5229
                       (formerly Section 14(d)(iii))(iii)
                                                           The date(s) analyses were performed;
5230
                       (formerly Section 14(d)(iv))(iv)
5231
                                                           The individual(s) who performed the
5232
        analyses;
5233
5234
                                                           The analytical techniques or methods used;
                       (formerly Section 14(d)(v))(v)
5235
        and
5236
5237
                                                           The results of such analyses.
                       (formerly Section 14(d)(vi))(vi)
5238
5239
                       Section 21. Record Retention.
5240
5241
               (formerly Section 14(c))(a) The permittee An owner or operator of a Class VI well
        shall-retain maintain records of all monitoring information, including according to the following
5242
5243
        schedules:
```

(formerly Section 14(c)(i)(i) Calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit, for a period of at least three (3) years from the date of the sample, measurement, report, or application. This period may be extended by request of the Administrator at any time; and

(formerly Section 14(c)(ii))(ii) The nature and composition of all injected fluids until three (3) ten (10) years after the completion of any plugging and abandonment procedures specified under Section 16 23 of this eChapter.

(formerly Section 8(f))(iii) All modeling inputs and data used to support area of review reevaluations under paragraph (d) Section 13 of this section Chapter shall be retained for ten (10) years:

of this Chapter, the site closure report required by Section 24 of this Chapter, and any post-injection site care data, (including, if appropriate, data and information used to develop establish the demonstration of the post-injection site care time frame,) and the site closure report collected pursuant to requirements of subsection (d) above shall be retained for ten (10) years following site closure; The owner or operator must deliver the records to the Administrator at the conclusion of the retention period, and the records must thereafter be retained at a location designated by the Administrator for that purpose.

 $\frac{\text{(formerly Section 5(j))}(v)}{\text{be kept retained by the applicant}}$ for the life of the geologic sequestration project and for ten (10) years following site closure; and

(formerly Section 15(e))(vi) The permittee shall retain aAll other monitoring records required by the a permit shall be retained for a period of ten (10) years following site closure. The Administrator may require the owner or operator to deliver the records to the Administrator at the conclusion of the retention period.

(formerly Section 14(c)(ii))(b) The Administrator may require the owner or operator to deliver the records to the Administrator at the conclusion of the retention period. The owner or operator must deliver the records to the Administrator at the conclusion of the retention period, and the records must thereafter be retained at a location designated by the Administrator for that purpose.

Section 22. Reporting and Notice Requirements.

(formerly Section 15(a))(a) The owner or operator must shall, at a minimum, provide the following reports to the Administrator, for each permitted Class VI well:

(formerly Section 15(a)(i))(i) Semi-annual reports, which Semi-annual reports are required by the permit shall be submitted to the Administrator within thirty (30) days following the end of the period covered in the report, and shall contain:

5291	
5292	(formerly Section $15(a)(i)(A)$) (A) Any changes to the physical,
5293	chemical, and other relevant characteristics of the carbon dioxide stream from the proposed
5294	operating data;
5295	-F
5296	(formerly Section 15(a)(i)(B))(B) Monthly average, maximum, and
5297	minimum values for injection pressure, flow rate and volume, and annular pressure;
5298	minimum various for injection pressure, from rate and vorame, and annual pressure,
5299	(formerly Section $15(a)(i)(C)$)(C) A description of any event that
5300	exceeds operating parameters for annulus pressure or injection pressure as specified in the
5301	permit;
5302	permit,
5302	(formerly Section $15(a)(i)(D)(D)$) A description of any event that
5304	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
5305	triggers a shutdown device required pursuant to Section $\frac{12(g)}{18(g)}$ of this e <u>C</u> hapter, and the
	response taken;
5306	(form only Coation 15(a)(i)(E))(E) The monthly values of the content
5307	(formerly Section $15(a)(i)(E)$)(E) The monthly volume of the carbon
5308	dioxide stream injected over the reporting period and project cumulatively;
5309	
5310	$\frac{\text{(formerly Section 15(a)(i)(F))(F)}}{\text{Monthly annulus fluid volume}}$
5311	added; and
5312	
5313	$\frac{\text{(formerly Section 15(a)(i)(G))}(G)}{\text{The results of monitoring prescribed}}$
5314	under required by Section 14 20 of this eChapter.
5315	
5316	(formerly Section $15(a)(ii)$)(ii) Reports, within thirty (30) days, the results
5317	of:
5318	
5319	(formerly Section 15(a)(ii)(A))(A) Periodic tests of mechanical
5320	integrity;
5321	
5322	(formerly Section 15(a)(ii)(B))(B) Any other test of the injection well
5323	conducted by the permittee owner or operator if required by the Administrator; and
5324	
5325	(formerly Section 15(a)(ii)(C))(C) Any well workover-; and
5326	
5327	(formerly Section 15(a)(iii))(iii) Reports, within twenty-four (24) hours, of:
5328	
5329	(formerly Section $15(a)(iii)(A)$)(A) Any evidence that the injected
5330	carbon dioxide stream or associated pressure front may cause an endangerment to a USDW;
5331	r
5332	(formerly Section 15(a)(iii)(B))(B) Any noncompliance with a permit
5333	condition, or malfunction of the injection system, which may cause fluid migration into or
5334	between USDWs;
5335	

5336 (formerly Section 15(a)(iii)(C))(C) Any triggering of a shut-off system, 5337 either (i.e., down-hole or at the surface); 5338 5339 (formerly Section 15(a)(iii)(D))(D) Pursuant to compliance with the 5340 requirement at Section 14(b)(x) of this chapter for surface air or soil gas monitoring or other 5341 monitoring technologies, if required by the Administrator, a Any release of carbon dioxide to the 5342 atmosphere or biosphere-indicated by the surface air or soil gas monitoring or other monitoring 5343 technologies required by Section 14(b)(ix) of this Chapter; and 5344 5345 Any failure to maintain mechanical integrity. 5346 5347 (formerly Section 15(a)(iv))(b) Owners or operators must shall notify the 5348 Administrator in writing thirty (30) days in advance of: 5349 5350 (formerly Section 15(a)(iv)(A))(i) Any planned well workover; 5351 5352 (formerly Section 15(a)(iv)(B))(ii) Any planned stimulation activities, other than stimulation for formation testing conducted under Section 5 10 of this eChapter; and 5353 5354 5355 (formerly Section 15(a)(iv)(C))(iii) Any other planned test of the injection well 5356 conducted by the permittee owner or operator. 5357 5358 (formerly Section 15(b))(c) Owners or operators must shall submit all required reports, 5359 submittals, and notifications to both the Administrator and to EPA, (in an electronic format 5360 acceptable to the EPA). 5361 5362 (formerly Section 15(c))(d) The permittee Owners or operators shall submit a written report to the Administrator of all remedial work concerning the failure of equipment or 5363 5364 operational procedures that resulted in a violation of a permit condition, at the completion of the remedial work. 5365 5366 5367 (formerly Section 15(d))(e) For any aborted or curtailed operation, the owner or operator shall submit to the Administrator a complete report shall be submitted within thirty (30) 5368 days of complete termination of the discharge or associated activity. 5369 5370 5371 Section 23. **Injection Well-plugging.** 5372 5373 (formerly Section 16(a))(a) Prior to the well-plugging, the owner or operator must shall 5374 flush each Class VI injection well with a buffer fluid, determine bottom hole reservoir pressure, 5375 and perform a final external mechanical integrity test in accordance with Section 13 19 of this 5376 eChapter. 5377 5378 (formerly Section 16(b))(b) The owner or operator of a Class VI well must shall 5379 prepare, maintain, update on the same schedule as the update to the area of review delineation,

and comply with a well-plugging plan that is acceptable to approved by the Administrator.

5381	Temporary or intermittent cessation of injection operations is not abandonment. The well-
5382	plugging plan must shall include the following information:
5383	
5384	(formerly Section 16(b)(i))(i) Appropriate test or measure to determine bottom
5385	hole reservoir pressure;
5386	•
5387	(formerly Section 16(b)(ii))(ii) Appropriate testing methods to ensure final
5388	external mechanical integrity as specified in Section 13 19 of this eChapter;
5389	<u> </u>
5390	(formerly Section 16(b)(iii))(iii) The type and number of plugs to be used;
5391	(romany section ro(e)(m))(m)
5392	(formerly Section 16(b)(iv))(iv) The placement of each plug including the
5393	elevation of the top and bottom of each plug;
5394	elevation of the top and bottom of each plug,
5395	(formerly Section $16(b)(v)$)(v) The type and grade and quantity of material,
5396	suitable for use with the carbon dioxide stream, to be used in plugging; and
	suitable for use with the carbon dioxide stream, to be used in prugging, and
5397	(formarly Costion 16(h)(vi))(vi) A description of the mothed of placement of
5398	(formerly Section 16(b)(vi))(vi) A description of the method of placement of
5399	the plugs.
5400	
5401	(formerly Section 16(c)(iii))(c) Any amendments to the injection well-plugging
5402	plan must be approved are subject to approval by the Administrator, must shall be incorporated
5403	into the permit <u>if approved</u> , and are subject to the permit modification requirements of Section 4
5404	<u>6</u> of this <u>e</u> Chapter , as appropriate .
5405	
5406	(formerly Section $16(c)$)(d) The owner or operator must shall notify the Administrator,
5407	in writing, at least sixty (60) days before plugging a well.
5408	
5409	(formerly Section 16(c)(i))(i) If any changes have been made to the original well-
5410	plugging plan, the owner or operator must shall also provide the revised well-plugging plan with
5411	notice of its intent to plug the well.
5412	
5413	(formerly Section 16(c)(ii))(ii) At the discretion of tThe Administrator, may
5414	allow a shorter notice period may be allowed.
5415	
5416	(formerly Section 16(d))(e) Within sixty (60) days after completion of plugging and
5417	abandonment of a well or well field, the permittee owner or operator shall submit to the
5418	Administrator a final report that includes:
5419	rammstator a mai report that metades.
5420	(formerly Section 16(d)(i))(i) Certification of completion in accordance with
5421	approved plans and specifications by a licensed professional engineer or a licensed professional
5422	
	geologist-; and
5423	$(f_{\text{constant}}, C_{\text{cost}}) = 16(d)(i)(i)$ $C_{\text{cost}}; C_{\text{cost}}; C_{\text{cost}} = 1$
5424	(formerly Section 16(d)(ii))(ii) Certification of accuracy by the owner or
5425	operator and by the person who performed the plugging operation (if other than the owner or
5426	operator).

5427 5428 Section 24. **Post-injection Site Care and Site Closure.** 5429 5430 (formerly Section 17(a))(a) The owner or operator of a Class VI well must shall prepare, maintain, update on the same schedule as the update to the area of review delineation, 5431 5432 and comply with a plan for post-injection site care and site closure that meets the requirements of 5433 subparagraph (a)(ii) of this sSection and is acceptable to approved by the Administrator. 5434 5435 (formerly Section 17(a)(i))(i) The owner or operator must submit the post-5436 injection site care and site closure plan as a part of the permit application to be is subject to 5437 approvedal by the Administrator, in consultation with EPA. 5438 5439 (formerly Section 17(a)(ii))(ii) The post-injection site care and site closure 5440 plan must shall include the following information: 5441 5442 (formerly Section 17(a)(ii)(A))(A) A demonstration containing 5443 substantial evidence that the geologic sequestration project will no longer pose a risk of 5444 endangerment to USDWs or and will not harm or present a risk to human health, safety, or the 5445 environment at the end of the post-injection site care timeframe. The demonstration must shall be 5446 based on significant, site-specific data and information, including all data and information 5447 collected pursuant to Sections 4 10 and 7 12 of this eChapter.; 5448 5449 (formerly Section 17(a)(ii)(B))(B) The site closure plan shall address all 5450 reclamation, required monitoring, and remediation sufficient to show that the carbon dioxide 5451 stream injected into the geologic sequestration site will not harm human health, safety, the 5452 environment, or drinking water supplies.; 5453 5454 Detailed plans for post-injection (formerly Section 17(a)(ii)(C))(C) 5455 monitoring, verification, maintenance, and mitigation; 5456 5457 (formerly Section 17(a)(ii)(D))(D) The pressure differential between 5458 pre-injection and predicted post-injection pressures in the injection zone; 5459 5460 (formerly Section 17(a)(ii)(E))(E) The predicted position of the carbon 5461 dioxide plume and associated pressure front at the time when plume movement has ceased and pressure differentials sufficient to cause the movement of injected fluids or formation fluids into 5462 5463 a USDW are no longer present, as demonstrated in the area of review evaluation required under 5464 Section $\frac{8(c)(i)}{13(b)(i)}$ of this eChapter; 5465 5466 (formerly Section 17(a)(ii)(F))(F) A description of post-injection monitoring locations, methods, and proposed frequency; and 5467 5468 5469 (formerly Section 17(a)(ii)(G))(G) A proposed schedule for submitting 5470 post-injection site care monitoring results pursuant to Section 15(b) 22(c) of this eChapter, as 5471 appropriate.; 5472

5473	(formerly Section 17(a)(ii)(H))(H) The duration of the post-injection
5474	site care timeframe that ensures compliance with subparagraph (A) of this subsection.paragraph;
5475	
5476	$\frac{\text{(formerly Section 17(a)(ii)(I))}}{\text{(I)}}$ The results of computational
5477	modeling performed pursuant to delineation of the area of review under Section 8 13 of this
5478	eChapter;
5479	
5480	$\frac{\text{(formerly Section } 17(a)(ii)(J))}{\text{(J)}}$ The predicted timeframe for pressure
5481	decline:
5482	
5483	(formerly Section 17(a)(ii)(J))(I) wWithin the injection zone,
5484	and any other zones, such that formation fluids may not be forced into any USDWs; and/or
5485	
5486	(formerly Section 17(a)(ii)(J))(II) the timeframe for pressure
5487	decline tTo pre-injection pressures;
5488	
5489	(formerly Section $17(a)(ii)(K))(K)$ The predicted rate of carbon dioxide
5490	plume migration within the injection zone, and the predicted timeframe for the cessation of
5491	migration;
5492	
5493	(formerly Section $17(a)(ii)(L)$)(L) A description of the site-specific
5494	processes that will result in carbon dioxide trapping including immobilization by capillary
5495	trapping, dissolution, and mineralization at the site;
5496	aupping, encontroll, and minoralization at the cite,
5497	(formerly Section 17(a)(ii)(M))(M) The predicted rate of carbon dioxide
5498	trapping in the immobile capillary phase, dissolved phase, and/or mineral phase;
5499	aupping in the immostre capitally phase, also of the phase,
5500	(formerly Section $17(a)(ii)(N)(N)$) The results of laboratory analyses,
5501	research studies, and/or field or site-specific studies to verify the information required in
5502	subparagraphs (J) and (K) of this subsection paragraph;
5503	subparagraphs (3) and (14) of this subsection paragraph,
5504	(formerly Section 17(a)(ii)(O))(O) A characterization of the confining
5505	zone(s) including a demonstration that it is they are free of transmissive faults, fractures, and
5506	micro-fractures and of appropriate thickness, permeability, and integrity to impede fluid (e.g.,
5507	including carbon dioxide, and formation fluids) movement;
5508	including carbon dioxide, and formation fluids) movement,
5509	(formerly Section 17(a)(ii)(P))(P) The presence of potential conduits
5510	for fluid movement, including planned injection wells and project monitoring wells associated
5511	with the proposed geologic sequestration project or any other projects in proximity to the
5512	predicted or modeled, final extent of the carbon dioxide plume and area of elevated pressure;
5513	predicted of modeled, final extent of the carbon dioxide plume and area of elevated pressure;
5513 5514	(formarly Section 17(a)(ii)(O))(O) A description of the well
	(formerly Section 17(a)(ii)(Q))(Q) A description of the well
5515 5516	construction and an assessment of the quality of plugs of all abandoned wells within the area of
5516	review;

5518	(formerly Section $17(a)(ii)(R)(R)$) The distance between the injection
5519	zone and the nearest USDWs above and for below the injection zone; and
5520	·
5521	(formerly Section 17(a)(ii)(S))(S) Any additional site-specific factors
5522	required by the Administrator.
5523	
5524	(formerly Section 17(a)(iii))(iii) Information submitted to support the
5525	demonstration in <u>sub</u> paragraph (a)(ii) of this <u>sS</u> ection <u>must</u> <u>shall</u> meet the following criteria:
5526	demonstration in <u>suo</u> paragraph (a)(ii) or this <u>spe</u> etion must <u>shart</u> meet the ronowing effectia.
5527	(formerly Section 17(a)(iii)(A))(A) All analyses and tests performed to
5528	support the demonstration must shall be accurate, reproducible, and performed in accordance
5529	with the established quality assurance industry standards;
5530	with the established quanty assurance industry standards,
	(formarly Caption 17(a)(iii)(D))(D) Estimation to shripped must shall be
5531	(formerly Section 17(a)(iii)(B))(B) Estimation techniques must shall be
5532	appropriate; and
5533	
5534	(formerly Section 17(a)(iii)(B))(C) EPA-certified test protocols must
5535	shall be used where available;
5536	
5537	(formerly Section 17(a)(iii)(C))(D) Predictive models must shall be
5538	appropriate and tailored to the site conditions, composition of the carbon dioxide stream and
5539	injection, and site conditions over the life of the geologic sequestration project;
5540	
5541	(formerly Section 17(a)(iii)(D))(E) Predictive models must shall be
5542	calibrated using existing information (e.g., at which may be obtained from Class I, Class II, or
5543	Class V experimental technology , or Class VI well sites) where sufficient data are available;
5544	
5545	(formerly Section 17(a)(iii)(E))(F) Reasonably conservative values and
5546	modeling assumptions must shall be used and disclosed to the Administrator whenever values
5547	are estimated on the basis of known, historical information instead of site-specific
5548	measurements;
5549	
5550	(formerly Section 17(a)(iii)(F))(G) An analysis must shall be performed
5551	to identify and assess aspects of the post-injection site care timeframe demonstration that
5552	contribute significantly to uncertainty. The owner or operator must shall conduct sensitivity
5553	analyses to determine the effect that significant uncertainty may contribute to the modeling
5554	demonstration-;
5555	demonstration.
5556	(formerly Section 17(a)(iii)(G))(H) An approved quality assurance and
5557	quality control plan must shall address all aspects of the demonstration; and
	quanty control plan must shall address an aspects of the demonstration; and;
5558	(formarly Costion 17(a)(!!)(II)(I)
5559	(formerly Section 17(a)(iii)(H))(I) Any additional criteria required by
5560	the Administrator shall be met.
5561	
5562	(formerly Section 17(a)(iv))(iv) Upon cessation of injection, owners or
5563	operators of Class VI wells must shall either submit an amended post-injection site care and site

closure plan or demonstrate to the Administrator through monitoring data and modeling results that no amendment to the plan is needed. Any amendments to the post-injection site care and site closure plan must shall be:

(formerly Section 17(a)(iv)(A))(A) Subject to Aapprovedal by the

Administrator:

(formerly Section 17(a)(iv)(B))(B) Incorporated into the permit; and

 $\frac{(\text{formerly Section } 17(a)(iv)(C))(C)}{\text{Consider}}$ Subject to the permit modification requirements of Section 4 $\underline{6}$ of this e<u>C</u>hapter, as appropriate.

(formerly Section 17(a)(v))(v) The owner or operator may modify amend and resubmit the post-injection site care and site closure plan. for the Administrator's approval within thirty (30) days of such change. The owner or operator shall re-submit the post-injection site care and closure plan for the Administrator's approval within thirty (30) days of amending the plan.

(vi) Upon receipt of the Administrator's approval of the post-injection site care and site closure plan, the owner or operator shall submit the proposed cost estimate for measurement, monitoring, and verification of plume stabilization required by Section 26(i) of this Chapter.

(formerly Section 17(b))(b) The owner or operator shall monitor the site following the cessation of injection to show ascertain the position of the carbon dioxide plume and pressure front and demonstrate that USDWs are not being endangered.

(formerly Section 17(b)(i))(i) The owner or operator shall continue to conduct monitoring as specified in the Administrator-approved post-injection site care and site closure plan until the Administrator certifies site closure is certified by the Administrator pursuant to Section 24(b)(iii) of this Chapter.

(formerly Section 17(b)(ii))(ii) The owner or operator ean may request and demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Administrator that the post-injection site care and site closure plan should be revised to reduce the frequency of monitoring , and the Administrator may approve the request if the owner or operator demonstrates that the plan should be revised.

(formerly Section 17(b)(iii))(iii) Prior to authorization for certification of site closure, the owner or operator must shall demonstrate to the Administrator, based on monitoring, other site-specific data, and modeling that is reasonably consistent with site performance, that no additional monitoring is needed to ensure that the geologic sequestration project does not, and is not expected to pose an endangerment to a USDW or otherwise threaten human health, safety, or the environment. In addition, the owner or operator must shall demonstrate, based on the best available understanding of the site, including monitoring data and/or modeling, that all other site closure standards and requirements have been met.

5610 (formerly Section 17(b)(iv))(iv) If such a demonstration cannot be made the 5611 owner or operator does not demonstrate that the requirements of subparagraph (b)(iii) of this 5612 Section have been met, the owner or operator must shall continue post-injection site care. 5613 5614 (formerly Section 17(b)(v))(v) The owner or operator must shall notify the Administrator, in writing, at least 120 days before filing a request for site closure. At this time, if 5615 5616 any changes have been made to the original post-injection site care and site closure plan, the 5617 owner or operator must shall also provide the revised plan. At the discretion of tThe 5618 Administrator, may allow a shorter notice period may be allowed. 5619 5620 (formerly Section 17(b)(vi))(vi) Post-injection site care shall be continue for 5621 a period-of not less than ten (10) years after the date when all wells excluding monitoring wells 5622 have been appropriately plugged and abandoned, all subsurface operations and activities have 5623 ceased and all surface equipment and improvements have been removed or appropriately 5624 abandoned, or so long thereafter as necessary to obtain a completion and release certificate from 5625 the Administrator certifying that plume stabilization has been achieved without the use of control 5626 equipment based on a minimum of three (3) consecutive years of monitoring data. that meets the 5627 criteria of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(vi)(F). 5628 5629 (formerly Section 17(c))(c) After the Administrator has certified site closure, the owner 5630 or operator must shall plug monitoring wells, as determined by the Administrator, in a manner 5631 approved by the Administrator that will not allow movement of injection or formation fluids. 5632 5633 (formerly Section 17(d))(d) Once the Administrator has certified site closure, tThe 5634 owner or operator must shall submit a site closure report within ninety (90) days after completion 5635 of all closure operations. The report must thereafter be retained at a location designated by the 5636 Administrator for ten (10) years. The report must shall include: 5637 5638 (formerly Section 17(d)(i))(i) Documentation of appropriate injection and 5639 monitoring well-plugging as specified in that meets the requirements of Section 16 23 of this 5640 eChapter and paragraph (c) of this Section. 5641 5642 (formerly Section 17(d)(ii))(ii) The owner or operator must provide a A 5643 copy of a survey plat that has been submitted to the local zoning authority designated by the 5644 Administrator-, and: 5645 5646 (formerly Section 17(d)(ii)(A))(A) The plat must shall indicate the 5647 location of the injection well(s) and monitoring wells relative to permanently surveyed 5648 benchmarks-; and 5649 5650 The owner or operator must shall (formerly Section 17(d)(ii)(B))(B) 5651 also submit a copy of the plat to the US EPA Regional Administrator. 5652 5653 (formerly Section 17(d)(iii))(iii) Documentation of appropriate notification and information to such the State, local and tribal authorities as that have authority over drilling 5654

activities to enable such State and local authorities them to impose appropriate conditions on subsequent drilling activities that may penetrate the injection and confining zone(s).;

(formerly Section 17(d)(iv))(iv) Proof of providing notice to surface owners, mineral claimants, mineral owners, lessees, and other owners of record of subsurface interests as to the proposed site closure. Notice requirements at a minimum shall include that the owner or operator has:

(formerly Section 17(d)(iv)(A))(A) The pPublishinged of notice of the application for site closure, including (formerly Section 17(d)(iv)(B)) The published notice shall provide a mechanism to request a public hearing; (formerly Section 17(d)(iv)(A)) in a newspaper of general circulation in each county of the proposed operation at weekly intervals for four (4) consecutive weeks; and

(formerly Section 17(d)(iv)(C))(B) A copy of the notice shall also be mMailed notice of the application for site closure to all surface owners, mineral claimants, mineral owners, lessees, and other owners of record of subsurface interests that are located within one (1) mile of the proposed boundary of the geologic sequestration site; and

(formerly Section 17(d)(v))(v) Records reflecting of the nature, composition, and volume of the carbon dioxide stream.

(formerly Section 17(e))(e) Each owner or operator of a Class VI injection well must shall record a notation on the deed to the facility property or any other document that is normally examined during title search that will in perpetuity provide notice to any potential purchaser of the property, and shall file an affidavit in accordance with W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(vi)(G), that includes the following information:

(formerly Section 17(e)(i))(i) The fact that land has been used to sequester carbon dioxide;

(formerly Section 17(e)(ii))(ii) The name of the State agency, local authority, and/or tTribe with which the survey plat was filed, as well as the address of the Regional Environmental Protection Agency EPA regional Ooffice to which it was submitted; and

(formerly Section 17(e)(iii))(iii) The volume of fluid injected, the injection zone or zones into which it was injected, and the period over which injection occurred.

Section 25. Emergency and Remedial Response.

(formerly Section 18(a))(a) As part of the permit application, the All owners or operators of a Class VI well shall develop, maintain, and comply must provide the Administrator with an emergency and remedial response plan that describes actions to be taken to address movement of the injectate or formation fluids that may cause an endangerments to a USDW or threatens human health, safety, or the environment during construction, operation, closure, and post-closure periods.

5700 post-closure perio

5701 (formerly Section 18(a)(i))(i) The emergency and remedial response plan must 5702 shall be reviewed and updated, as necessary, on the same schedule as the update to the area of 5703 review delineation. 5704 5705 (formerly Section 18(a)(ii))(ii) Any amendments to the emergency and remedial response plan must shall be subject to approvedal by the Administrator, must shall be 5706 5707 incorporated into the permit, and are subject to the permit modification requirements of Section 4 5708 6 of this eChapter, as appropriate. (formerly Section 18(a)(ii)(A)) Amendedments plans or 5709 demonstrations to the emergency and remedial response plan shall be submitted to the 5710 Administrator as follows: 5711 5712 (formerly Section 18(a)(ii)(A)(I))(A) Within one (1) year of an area of 5713 review reevaluation; 5714 5715 (formerly Section 18(a)(ii)(A)(II))(B) Following any significant 5716 changes to the facility, such as addition of injection or monitoring wells, on a schedule determined by the Administrator; or 5717 5718 5719 When required by the (formerly Section 18(a)(ii)(A)(III))(C) 5720 Administrator. 5721 (formerly Section 18(e))(iii) The emergency and remedial response plan (as 5722 required by Section 18 of this chapter) and a demonstration of financial responsibility (as 5723 5724 described by Section 19 of this chapter) must shall account for the entire area of review (as 5725 modified) delineated pursuant to Section 13 of this Chapter, regardless of whether or not corrective action in the area of review is phased. 5726 5727 5728 (formerly Section 18(b))(b) If any monitoring data, or other evidence obtained by the 5729 owner or operator information indicate that any contaminant, the injected carbon dioxide stream, displaced formation fluids, or associated pressure front may endanger a USDW or threatens 5730 5731 human health, safety, or the environment, the owner or operator must shall: 5732 5733 (formerly Section 18(b)(i))(i) Immediately cease injection; 5734 5735 (formerly Section 18(b)(ii))(ii) Take all steps reasonably necessary to identify and characterize any release; 5736 5737 5738 (formerly Section 18(b)(iii))(iii) Orally Notify the Administrator within twenty-four (24) hours- of discovering the condition; and 5739 5740 5741 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(R)(II))(iv) Any noncompliance with a permit condition or malfunction of the injection system that may cause fluid migration into or between USDWs or 5742 5743 if an excursion is discovered. It shall be orally reported to the Administrator within twenty-four 5744 (24) hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances, and a written 5745 submission shall be Pprovided a written report to the Administrator within five (5) days of the time the permittee becomes aware of any excursion or indication that a contaminant may cause 5746

5747 an endangerment to a USDW discovering the condition. The written submission report shall 5748 contain: 5749 5750 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(R)(II))(1.)(A) A description of the 5751 noncompliance and its cause; 5752 5753 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(R)(H)(2.)(B) The period of 5754 noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and, if the noncompliance has not been 5755 controlled, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and 5756 5757 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(R)(II)(3.)(C) Steps taken or planned to 5758 reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance. 5759 5760 (formerly Section 18(b)(iv))(c) In addition to paragraphs (i-iii) of this subsection, if an If an owner or operator discovers any noncompliance with a permit condition or a 5761 5762 requirement of this Chapter that may cause fluid migration into or between USDWs, any malfunction of the injection system that may cause fluid migration into or between USDWs, or 5763 any excursion is discovered, the owner or operator shall: 5764 5765 5766 (formerly Section 18(b)(iv))(i) provide verbal notice to the Department Orally notify the Administrator within twenty-four (24) hours, of discovering the condition; 5767 5768 5769 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(R)(II)(ii) Any noncompliance with a permit condition or malfunction of the injection system that may cause fluid migration into or between USDWs or 5770 if an excursion is discovered. It shall be orally reported to the Administrator within twenty-four 5771 (24) hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances, and Provide a 5772 5773 written submission report to the Administrator shall be provided within five (5) days of the time the permittee becomes aware of any excursion or indication that a contaminant may cause an 5774 5775 endangerment to a USDW. discovering the condition, The written submission which shall 5776 contain: 5777 5778 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(R)(II)(1.)) (A) A description of the noncompliance, malfunction, or excursion and its cause; 5779 5780 5781 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(R)(II))(2.)(B) The period of 5782 noncompliance, malfunction, or excursion, including exact dates and times, and, if the noncompliance, malfunction, or excursion has not been controlled, the anticipated time it is 5783 5784 expected to continue; 5785 5786 (formerly Section 4(c)(i)(R)(II))(3.)(C) Steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance, malfunction, or excursion. 5787 5788 5789 (formerly Section 18(b)(iv))(iii) If an excursion is discovered, followed by 5790 provide written notice to all surface owners, mineral claimants, mineral owners, lessees, and 5791 other owners of record of subsurface interests within thirty (30) days of when discovering the 5792 excursion is discovered; and

(formerly Section 18(b)(v))(iv) Implement the emergency and remedial response plan approved by the Administrator.

(formerly Section 18(c))(d) The Administrator may allow the <u>owner or</u> operator to resume injection prior to <u>remediation</u> <u>implementing the emergency and remedial response plan</u> if the owner or operator demonstrates that the injection operation will not endanger USDWs or otherwise threaten human health, safety, or the environment.

(formerly Section 6(b))(e) If any water quality monitoring of an underground source of drinking water a USDW indicates the movement of any contaminant into the underground source of drinking water USDW, except as authorized under this eChapter, the Administrator shall prescribe such any additional requirements for construction, corrective action, operation, monitoring, or reporting, (including or closure of the injection well) as that are necessary to prevent such further movement, and:

(formerly Section 6(b))(i) In If the case of wells responsible for the movement is authorized by permit, these additional requirements shall be imposed by modifying the permit in accordance with Section 4 of this chapter; or

(formerly Section 6(b))(ii) The Director the permit may be terminated or revoke and reissue the permit under pursuant to Section 4 7 of this eChapter if cause exists, or appropriate enforcement action may be taken if the permit has been violated.

Section 26. Financial Responsibility.

 (formerly Section 19(b))(a) Owners or operators of Class VI wells must shall establish, demonstrate, and maintain financial responsibility for all applicable phases of the geologic sequestration project, including complete site reclamation in the event of default. The phases of a geologic sequestration project are as follows:

(formerly Section 19(b)(i))(i) Permitting/Ccharacterization.;

(formerly Section 19(b)(ii))(ii) Testing and mMonitoring and testing, including the requirements of pursuant to Section 14 20 of this eChapter.

(formerly Section 19(b)(iii))(iii) Operations, including (injection and permanent well closure activities)well-plugging, including the requirements of pursuant to Sections 16 18 and 23 of this eChapter;

(formerly Section 19(b)(iv))(iv) Post-injection site care, including ("plume stabilization", monitoring, measurement, verification, corrective action, and other actions needed to ensure that underground sources of drinking water are not endangered from the time of well-plugging until site closure is certified by the Administrator; and above ground-reclamation is completed), including the requirements of pursuant to Section 17 24 of this eChapter; and

24-128

(formerly Section 19(b)(v))(v) Emergency and remedial response (that
meets the requirements of pursuant to Section 18-25 of this eChapter).
(formerly Section 19(c))(b) The owner or operator must shall develop submit a detailed
written estimate, at the time of permit application and annually updated annually in accordance
with paragraph (j)(iii) below (f) of this Section, a written financial assurance cost estimate.
with paragraph (1) of this section, a written inflancial assurance cost estimate.;
(formerly Section 19(c))(i) in current dollars, The financial assurance cost
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
estimate shall that includes the cost in current dollars of:
(formerly Section 19(c))(A) pPerforming corrective action on other wells
in the area of review that <u>require corrective action</u> meets the requirements of <u>under Section 8 13</u>
of this eChapter;
(formerly Section 19(c))(B) pPlugging the injection well(s) that meets
the requirements of under Section 16 23 of this eChapter;
(formerly Section 19(c))(C) pPost_injection site care and site closure that
meets the requirements of under Section 17 24 of this eChapter;
(formerly Section 19(c))(D) Testing and monitoring activities that meets
the requirements of under Section 14 20 of this eChapter; and
(formerly Section 19(c))(E) Eemergency and remedial response that
meets the requirements of under Section 18 25 of this eChapter.
(formerly Section 19(c)(i))(ii) The financial assurance cost estimate for the various
phases of the sequestration project shall consider the following events:
phases of the sequestration project shall consider the following events.
(formerly Section $19(c)(i)(A)$)(A) Contamination of underground
sources of water including, drinking water supplies-;
sources of water incruding, drinking water supplies,
(formarly Section 10(a)(i)(D))(D) Mineral rights infringement
(formerly Section 19(e)(i)(B))(B) Mineral rights infringement;
(f
(formerly Section 19(c)(i)(C))(C) Single large_volume release of
carbon dioxide that impacts human health and safety and/or that causes ecological damage-;
(formerly Section 19(e)(i)(D))(D) Low_level leakage of carbon dioxide
to the surface that impacts human health and safety and/or that causes ecological damage.:
(formerly Section 19(c)(i)(E)) Storage rights infringement.;
(formerly Section 19(c)(i)(F))(F) Property and infrastructure damage.
including changes to surface topography and structures-;
(formerly Section $19(c)(i)(G)$) Entrained contaminant releases (non-

5885	CO ₂)-of contaminant	s other than carbon dioxide-;	
5886 5887		(formerly Section 19(c)(i)(H))(H)	Accidents and unplanned events:
5888 5889 5890	abandonment, and	(formerly Section 19(c)(i)(I))(I)	Well capping and permitted
5891 5892 5893	and site reclamation.	(formerly Section 19(c)(i)(J))(J)	Removal of above-ground facilities
5894 5895 5896 5897	Risk Activity mMatr	erly Section 19(c)(ii))(iii) The one of this eChapter she of develop the financial assurance cost	
5898 5899 5900 5901	be based upon a mult	erly Section 19(c)(iii))(iv) The fi i-disciplinary analytical framework stochastic modeling tools.	nancial assurance cost estimate shall uch as Monte Carlo or other
5902 5903 5904 5905	probabilities, event o series of events.	(formerly Section 19(c)(iii)(A))(A) utcomes, and damages assessment to	
5906 5907 5908 5909	the probability distrib	(formerly Section 19(c)(iii)(B))(B) outions should be identified for 50 per rence.	
5910 5911 5912 5913	•	erly Section 19(e))(v) The owner or or the must be performed for each phase	•
5914 5915 5916 5917	financial assurance cois not within the corp	ost estimate on the costs to the regular	The owner or operator shall base the tory agency of hiring a third party (that or) to perform the required activities. Leture of the owner or operator.
5918 5919 5920 5921 5922 5923	required by Section 1 cost estimate (as desc review (as modified)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	n of financial responsibility assurance nust shall account for the entire area of
5924592559265927		The owner or operator shall submit nistrator annually within thirty (30) durance cost estimate was submitted.	
592859295930	•	tion 19(g))(c) The financial responses of qualifying instruments and shall	•

5931 Department of Environmental Quality form: 5932 5933 (formerly Section 19(g)(i))(i) Irrevocable Trust Funds with government-backed 5934 securities; 5935 5936 (formerly Section 19(g)(ii))(ii) Surety Bonds; 5937 5938 (formerly Section 19(g)(iii))(iii) Irrevocable Letter of Credit; 5939 5940 (iv) Insurance. 5941 (A) Any insurance instruments submitted for financial assurance 5942 5943 purposes shall include State of Wyoming as an additional insured. 5944 5945 (B) Inclusion of the State of Wyoming as an additional insured shall 5946 not be deemed a waiver of sovereign immunity. 5947 Self-insurance (i.e., Financial Test and Corporate Guarantee); 5948 5949 5950 (vi) Escrow account; 5951 5952 Any other instrument(s) satisfactory to the Administrator. 5953 5954 Cash; or (iv) 5955 5956 (v) Federally Insured Certificates of Deposit. 5957 5958 (formerly Section 19(h))(d) The qualifying instrument(s) must shall be sufficient to 5959 cover the cost of the financial assurance cost estimate required in subsection (d) paragraph (b) of 5960 this Section. 5961 5962 (formerly Section 19(i))(e) The qualifying financial responsibility instrument(s) must shall comprise protective conditions of coverage that include at a minimum cancellation, 5963 5964 renewal, continuation provisions, specifications on when the provider becomes liable following a 5965 notice of cancellation, and requirements for the provider to meet a minimum rating, minimum 5966 capitalization, and the ability to pass the bond rating test when applicable. 5967 5968 (formerly Section 19(i)(i))(i) Cancellation — An owner or operator must shall 5969 provide that their financial mechanism may not cancel, terminate or fail to renew except for

rovide that their financial mechanism may not cancel, terminate or fail to renew except for failure to pay such financial instrument. If there is a failure to pay the financial instrument, the financial institution may elect to cancel, terminate, or fail to renew the instrument by sending notice by certified mail to the owner or operator and the Administrator. The cancellation must not be final for 120 days after receipt of cancellation notice. The owner or operator must provide an alternate financial responsibility demonstration within sixty (60) days of notice of cancellation, and if an alternate financial responsibility demonstration is not acceptable (or possible), any funds from the instrument being cancelled must be released within sixty (60) days

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5977	of notification by the Administrator.
5978 5979	(formarly Section 10(i)(i)(A) If there is a failure to pay the financial
5980	(formerly Section 19(i)(i))(A) If there is a failure to pay the financial instrument, the financial institution may elect to cancel, terminate, or fail to renew the instrument
5981	by sending notice by certified mail to the owner or operator and the Administrator Director;
5982	by sending notice by certified man to the owner of operator and the Administrator Director,
5983	(formerly Section 19(i)(i))(B) The cancellation shall not be final for 120
5984	days after receipt of cancellation notice;
5985	days after receipt of cancernation notice,
5986	(formerly Section 19(i)(i))(C) The owner or operator must provide an
5987	alternate financial responsibility demonstration Wwithin sixty (60) days of notice of cancellation
5988	the owner or operator shall provide to the Director an alternate financial responsibility
5989	demonstration that meets the requirements of paragraphs (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g) of this Section;
5990	and
5991	
5992	(formerly Section 19(i)(i))(D) If an alternate financial responsibility
5993	demonstration is not acceptable (or possible), any funds from the instrument being cancelled
5994	must shall be released within sixty (60) days of notification by the Administrator Director.
5995	<u></u> <u></u>
5996	(formerly Section 19(i)(ii))(ii) Renewal Owners or operators must shall
5997	renew all financial instruments, if an instrument expires, for the entire term of the geologic
5998	sequestration project. The instrument may be automatically renewed as long as, at a minimum,
5999	the owner or operator has the option of renewal at the face amount of the expiring instrument.
6000	
6001	(formerly Section 19(i)(iii))(iii) Continuation Cancellation, termination, or
6002	failure to renew may not occur and the financial instrument shall remain in full force and effect
6003	in the event that on or before the date of expiration:
6004	r
6005	(formerly Section 19(i)(iii)(A))(A) The Administrator deems the facility
6006	abandoned.
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6008	(formerly Section 19(i)(iii)(B))(B) The permit is terminated, revoked, or
6009	a new permit is denied.
6010	•
6011	(formerly Section 19(i)(iii)(C))(C) Closure is ordered by the
6012	Administrator Director, a U.S. district court, or other court of competent jurisdiction.
6013	
6014	(formerly Section 19(i)(iii)(D))(D) The owner or operator is named as
6015	debtor in a voluntary or involuntary proceeding under Title 11 (Bankruptcy), U.S. Code.
6016	
6017	(formerly Section 19(i)(iii)(E))(E) The amount due is paid.
6018	
6019	(formerly Section 19(j))(f) The qualifying financial responsibility instrument(s) must
6020	be approved are subject to approval by the Administrator Director. The Administrator shall also
6021	approve the use and length of pay-in-periods for trust funds and escrow accounts are also subject
6022	to approval by the Director.

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(formerly Section 19(j)(i))(i) No Class VI permit shall be issued until and unless The Administrator Director shall has considered and approved the financial responsibility demonstration for all the phases of the geologic sequestration project prior to issuing a Class VI permit.

(formerly Section 19(i)(ii))(ii) The Administrator may find that the financial responsibility demonstration is unsatisfactory for any reason, as long as that reason is not arbitrary or capricious. The Administrator Director may exercise discretion in negotiatinge a satisfactory financial responsibility demonstration or to deny a demonstration.

(formerly Section 19(j)(iii))(iii) The owner or operator must shall provide any updated information related to their financial responsibility instrument(s) on an annual basis, and if there are any changes, the Administrator Director must shall evaluate the financial responsibility demonstration to confirm that and determine whether the instrument(s) used remain are adequate for use. The owner or operator must shall maintain financial responsibility requirements regardless of the status of the Administrator's Director's review of the financial responsibility demonstration.

(formerly Section 19(j)(iv))(iv) The owner or operator must shall provide an adjustment of the financial assurance cost estimate to the Administrator within sixty (60) days of notification by the Administrator receiving notice, if that the Administrator has determinesd during the annual evaluation of the qualifying financial responsibility instrument(s) that the most recent a demonstration of financial assurance is not longer adequate to cover the cost of corrective action (as required by Section 8 of this chapter), injection well-plugging (as required by Section 16 of this chapter), post-injection site care and site closure (as required by Section 17 of this chapter), and emergency and remedial response (as required by Section 18 of this chapter).

(formerly Section 19(i)(v))(v) During the active life all phases of the geologic sequestration project, the owner or operator must shall adjust the financial assurance cost estimate for inflation within sixty (60) days prior to the anniversary date of the establishment of the financial instrument(s) used to comply with paragraph (g) of this sSection and provide this adjustment to the Administrator. The owner or operator must shall also provide to the Administrator written updates of adjustments to the cost estimate within sixty (60) days of any amendments to the area of review and corrective action plan (Section 8 of this chapter), the injection well-plugging plan (Section 16 of this chapter), the post-injection site care and site closure plan (Section 17 of this chapter), the emergency and remedial response plan (Section 18 of this chapter), and mitigation or reclamation costs that the State may incur as a result of any default by the permit holder.

(formerly Section 19(j)(vi))(vi) The Administrator must approve aAny decrease or increase to the initial financial assurance cost estimate shall be subject to approval by the Administrator. During the active life all phases of the geologic sequestration project, the owner or operator must shall revise the cost estimate no later than sixty (60) days after the Administrator has approved the a request to modify the area of review and corrective action plan (Section 8 of this chapter), the injection well-plugging plan (Section 16 of this chapter), the post-injection site care and site closure plan (Section 17 of this chapter), and or the emergency and response plan (Section 18 of this chapter), if the change in the plan increases the cost. If the change to the plans decreases the cost, any withdrawal of funds must be is subject to approvedal by the Administrator. Any decrease to the value of the financial assurance instrument must first be is subject to approvedal by the Administrator. The revised cost estimate must be adjusted for inflation as specified in paragraph (j)(v) of this section.

(formerly Section 19(j)(vii))(vii) Whenever the current financial assurance cost estimate increases to an amount greater than the face amount of a financial instrument currently in use, the owner or operator, within sixty (60) days after the increase, must shall either cause the face amount to be increased to an amount at least equal to the current financial assurance cost estimate and submit evidence of such increase to the Administrator, or the owner or operator shall obtain other financial responsibility instruments to cover the increase. Whenever the current financial assurance cost estimate decreases, the face amount of the financial assurance instrument may be reduced to the amount of the current financial assurance cost estimate only after the owner or operator has received written approval from the Administrator.

(formerly Section 19(k))(g) The owner or operator may demonstrate financial responsibility by using one (1) or multiple qualifying financial instruments for specific phases of the geologic sequestration project. subject to the following requirements:

(i) Owners or operators that propose to demonstrate financial assurance with surety bonds shall meet the following requirements:

(A) A corporate surety shall not be considered good and sufficient unless:

(I) It is licensed to do business in the State;

(II) The estimated bond amount does not exceed the limit of risk as provided for in W.S. § 26-5-110, nor raise the total of all bonds held by the applicant under that surety above three (3) times the limit of risk; and

(III) The surety agrees:

(1.) Not to cancel bond unless the Department gives prior written approval of a good and sufficient replacement surety with transfer of the liability that has accrued against the operator on the permit area, site, or facility;

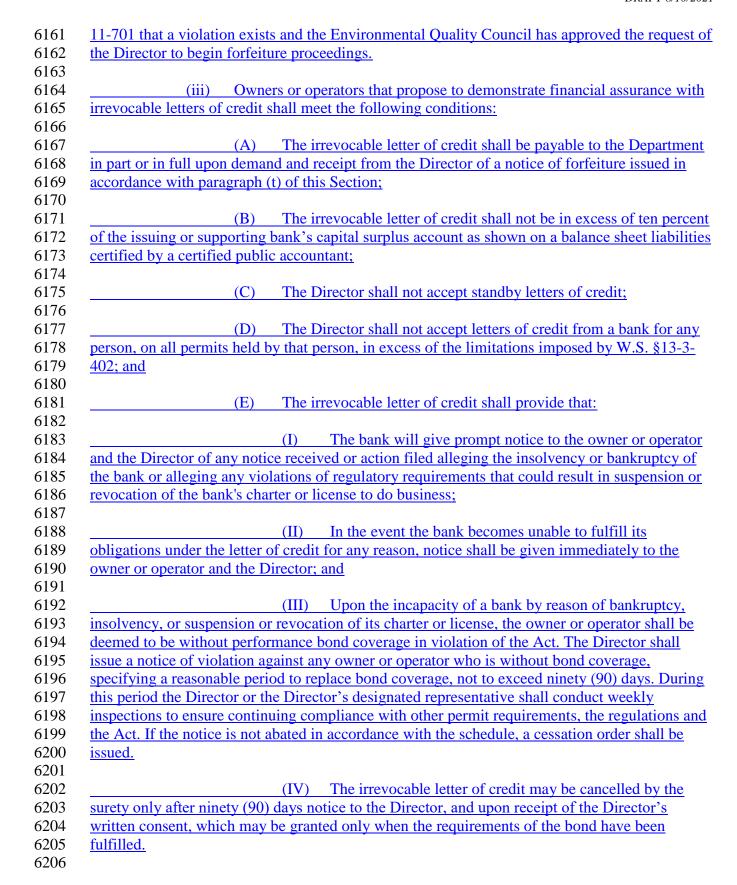
(2.) To be jointly and severally liable with the permittee,

 owner, or operator.

(3.) To provide immediate written notice to the

Department and operator once it becomes unable or may become unable due to any action filed

against it to fulfill its obligations under the bond.
(B) If for any reason the surety becomes unable to fulfill its obligations
under the bond, the operator shall provide the required notice. Failure to comply with this
provision shall result in suspension of the permit.
(C) The country hand shall be exhaulted an a Wyomin a Department of
(C) The surety bond shall be submitted on a Wyoming Department of
Environmental Quality form.
(ii) Owners or operators that propose to demonstrate financial assurance with
cash, or government securities, or a combination of both, shall meet the following requirements:
cush, or government securities, or a combination of som, shall meet the following requirements.
(A) Securities that are unencumbered shall only include those that are
United States government securities or state government securities that are acceptable to the
Director. Government securities shall be endorsed to the order of the Department and placed in
possession of the Department. Possession shall be in the form of the cash value of the irrevocable
trust for the full amount of the reclamation obligation and payable to the Department and
federally insured.
Todatury insured.
(B) An owner or operator shall satisfy the requirements of this
subsection by establishing an irrevocable trust that conforms to the requirements below and
submitting an originally signed duplicate of the trust agreement to the Director for consideration.
submitting an originary signed duplicate of the trust agreement to the Director for consideration.
(I) The irrevocable trust shall be submitted to the Director on
the Wyoming Department of Environmental Quality Irrevocable Trust Form and be signed by
the owner, operator, or guarantor as principal and the financial institution as Trustee, and made
payable to the Department;
payable to the Department,
(II) The Trustee shall be a bank organized to do business in the
United States that has the authority to act as a trustee and whose trust operations is regulated and
examined by a federal agency;
(III) The irrevocable trust shall be cash funded for the full
amount of the financial assurance obligation to be provided in the irrevocable trust before it may
be approved to satisfy the requirements of financial assurance in lieu of a bond. For purposes of
this subsection, "the full amount of the financial assurance obligation to be provided" means the
amount of coverage required to be provided by paragraphs (b) and (i) of this Section, less the
amount of financial assurance obligation that is being provided by other financial assurance
mechanisms being used to demonstrate financial assurance by the owner, operator, or guarantor;
meenamente oem guarditor, or guarditor,
(IV) Any bond may be canceled by the surety only after ninety
(90) days written notice to the Director, and upon receipt of the Director's written consent, which
may be granted only when the requirements of the irrevocable trust have been fulfilled; and
may be granted only when the requirements of the irrevocable trust have been furnited, and
(V) Irrevocable trust forfeiture proceedings shall occur only
after the Department provides notice to the owner or operator and trustee pursuant to W.S. 35-
and the Department provides notice to the owner of operator and trustee pursuant to w.s. 55-



	(F) The irrevocable letter may only be issued by a bank organized to
do business in	the U.S. that identifies by name, address, and telephone number an agent upon
whom any pro-	cess, notice or demand required or permitted by law to be served upon the bank
may be served.	
	(I) If the bank fails to appoint or maintain an agent in this
	ever any such agent cannot be reasonably found, then the Director shall be an
agent for such	bank upon whom any process, notice or demand may be served for the purpose of
this Chapter. In	the event of any such process, the Director shall immediately cause one copy of
<mark>such process,</mark> r	otice or demand to be forwarded by registered mail to the bank at its principal
place of busine	ess. The Director shall keep a record of all processes, notices, or demands served
<mark>upon him unde</mark>	r this paragraph, and shall record therein the time of such service and his action
with reference	thereto.
	(II) Nothing herein contained shall limit or affect the right to
	ess, notice or demand required or permitted by law to be served upon the bank in
any other man	ner now or hereafter permitted by law.
	ly Section 19(1))(h) The owner or operator must shall maintain financial
-	and resources until: the administrator receives and approves the completed post-
injection site c	are and site closure plan and the administrator approves site closure.
	(i) The Administrator receives the site closure report and certifies site
<u>closure.</u>	
	(A) When the conditions of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(vi)(F) have been met,
	perator may submit a written request to the Administrator to release the retained
financial assur	ance instruments; and
	(B) The Administrator shall evaluate the request within sixty (60) days
of the receipt of	f the financial assurance release request.
	(I) If the Administrator finds the owner or operator has
demonstrated t	he requirements of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(vi)(F) have been met, the Administrator
	draft recommendation to the Director to approve the request and provide public
notice pursuan	t to Section 27 of this Chapter.
	(II) Re-submittal of information by an operator for an
incomplete der	nonstration of the requirements of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(vi)(F) will restart the
	ped in this subsection.
	(III) If the Administrator finds the owner or operator has not
demonstrated t	he requirements of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(vi)(F) have been met, the Administrator
•	draft recommendation to the Director to deny the request.
	
	(C) After receiving public comment and holding a hearing (if a hearing

6253 is held) pursuant to Section 27 of this Chapter, the Director shall determine whether the operator has demonstrated the requirements of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(vi)(F) have been met. 6254 6255 6256 (I) If the Director finds the owner or operator has 6257 demonstrated the requirements of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(vi)(F) have been met, the Director shall 6258 notify the owner or operator and request the State Treasurer to release that portion of the final 6259 financial assurance instruments. The State Treasurer shall then return the financial assurance instruments constituting that portion of the financial assurance so retained. 6260 6261 6262 If the Director finds the owner or operator has not demonstrated the requirements of W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(vi)(F) have been met, the Director shall 6263 6264 notify the owner or operator by registered mail within a reasonable time after the request is filed. 6265 The notice shall state the reasons for denial and shall recommend corrective actions. 6266 6267 The well has been converted in compliance with the requirements of 6268 Section 9(b)(xxii) of this Chapter; 6269 6270 (iii) The transferor of a permit has received notice from the Director that the 6271 owner or operator receiving transfer of the permit, the new permittee, has demonstrated financial 6272 responsibility for the well; or 6273 6274 The owner or operator may be meets the requirements for formerly Section 19(n)(iv) 6275 released release from a financial instrument in the following circumstances: 6276 6277 formerly Section 19(n)(i)(A) The owner or operator has completed the phase of the geologic sequestration project for which the financial instrument was required and 6278 6279 has fulfilled all its financial obligations as determined by the Administrator Director, including obtaining financial responsibility for the next phase of the geologic sequestration project, if 6280 6281 required. 6282 6283 formerly Section 19(n)(ii)(B) The owner or operator has submitted a replacement financial instrument and received written approval from the Administrator Director 6284 6285 accepting the new financial instrument and releasing the owner or operator from the previous financial instrument.: or 6286 6287 6288 formerly Section 19(n)(iii)(C)The owner or operator has submitted a revised financial assurance cost estimate for the remaining phases of the geologic sequestration 6289 6290 project. The revised financial assurance cost estimate may demonstrate that a partial release of 6291 the financial instrument is warranted and can will still provide adequate financial assurance for 6292 the remainder of the geologic sequestration project. Partial release of the financial instrument is 6293 at the discretion of the Administrator Director.

formerly Section 19(o)(i) Within a reasonable time following certification of site closure by the Administrator, plume stabilization, the completion of all remediation work, and release of all other financial assurance instruments, the owner or operator shall submit a proposed cost estimate for measurement, monitoring, and verification of plume stabilization.

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Following the release of all financial assurance and receipt of a site closure certificate, tThe Administrator must shall approve evaluate and determine whether the proposed cost estimate prepared for the post-closure measurement, monitoring and verification of a geologic sequestration site is adequate. The cost estimate shall only be provided after plume stabilization and all remediation work has been completed.

 formerly Section 19(m)(j) The owner or operator must shall notify the Administrator Director by certified mail of adverse financial conditions, such as bankruptcy, that may affect the its ability to carry out complete injection well-plugging and post-injection site care and site closure.

formerly Section 19(m)(i)(i) In the event that the owner or operator or the third party provider of a financial responsibility instrument is going through a bankruptey, tThe owner or operator must shall notify the Administrator Director by certified mail of the commencement of a voluntary or involuntary proceeding under Title 11 (Bankruptcy), U.S. Code, naming the owner or operator or the third-party provider of a financial responsibility instrument as debtor, within ten (10) days after commencement of the proceeding.

formerly Section 19(m)(iii)(ii) An owner or operator who fulfills the requirements of paragraph (g) of this sSection by obtaining a an irrevocable trust fund, surety bond, or irrevocable letter of credit, escrow account, or insurance policy will shall be deemed to be without the required financial assurance in the event of: bankruptcy of the trustee or issuing institution, or a suspension or revocation of the authority of the trustee institution to act as trustee of the institution issuing the trust fund, surety bond, letter of credit, escrow account, or insurance policy, The owner or operator must establish other financial assurance within sixty (60) days after such an event.

formerly Section 19(m)(iii)(A) barruptcy of the trustee or issuing institution;

formerly Section 19(m)(iii)(B) or a A suspension or revocation of the authority of the trustee institution to act as trustee of the institution issuing the <u>irrevocable</u> trust fund, surety bond, or <u>irrevocable</u> letter of credit; escrow account, or insurance policy, or

<u>formerly Section 19(m)(iii)(C)</u> If the license to do business in Wyoming of the surety issuing financial assurance is suspended or revoked.

Figure 19(m)(iii) Within sixty (60) days after such an event such an event shall establish other financial assurance within sixty (60) days after such an event that meets the requirements of paragraphs (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g) of this Section.

(k) The Department shall conduct bond forfeiture proceedings pursuant to W.S. § 35-11-421. If the forfeited financial assurance instrument is inadequate to cover the costs of the closure, mitigation, reclamation, measurement, monitoring, verification, and pollution control, the Department may request that the Attorney General bring suit to recover costs against the owner, operator, or permittee.

6345 6346 (formerly Section 5(g))(1) An applicant applying for a Class VI well permit must The 6347 owner or operator shall obtain and maintain public liability insurance to cover the for a geologic 6348 sequestration activities for which a permit is sought project. 6349 (formerly Section 5(g)(i))(i) The public liability insurance policy shall be in 6350 6351 addition to the financial assurance required in Section 19 of this chapter.: 6352 6353 (formerly Section 5(g)(ii))(A) The insurance policy shall provide for personal injury and property damage protection and shall be in place until a completion and 6354 release certificate has been obtained from the Administrator certifying that plume stabilization 6355 6356 has been achieved. Include coverage for the major risks identified in Appendix A to this Chapter; 6357 6358 (B) Provide minimum coverage that: 6359 6360 Accounts for site-specific risk factor and bond adjustment (I) factor calculations, based on the previous year's information; and 6361 6362 6363 (formerly Section 5(g)(iii))(II) The minimum insurance 6364 coverage for public liability insurance as required by W.S. § 35-11-313(f)(ii)(O) shall be five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) for each occurrence of bodily injury or property damage, 6365 6366 and one million dollars (\$1,000,000) aggregate. Is at least \$15 million per occurrence with an annual aggregate of at least \$45 million, exclusive of legal defense costs; and 6367 6368 6369 (formerly Section 5(g)(iv))(C) The public liability insurance shall include a rider that requiringes that the insurer to notify the Administrator whenever substantive 6370 6371 changes are made to the policy, including any termination or failure to renew. 6372 6373 The owner or operator shall recalculate the minimum coverage amount of the public liability insurance policy annually and at the same time that the owner or operator 6374 updates the financial assurance cost estimate pursuant to paragraph (b) of this Section. The 6375 owner or operator shall submit a copy of the current public liability insurance policy annually 6376 and at the same time that the owner or operator submits an updated financial assurance cost 6377 6378 estimate pursuant to subparagraph (b)(viii) of this Section. 6379 6380 (formerly Section 5(g)(ii)) (iii) The owner or operator shall maintain the public liability insurance policy-shall provide for personal injury and property damage protection 6381 6382 and shall be in place until a completion and release certificate has been obtained from until the Administrator-certifying certifies that plume stabilization has been achieved. 6383 6384 6385 Section 27. Public Participation, Public Notice and Public Hearing Requirements. 6386 6387 (formerly Section 20(a))(a) The Administrator shall give public notice if a draft permit 6388 has been prepared, after receiving a financial assurance release request pursuant to Section 6389 26(h)(i)(A) of this Chapter and finding the operator has met the requirements of W.S. 35-11-

313(f)(vi)(F), or if a hearing has been scheduled.

same time as public notice of the draft permit or of a draft recommendation to release financial assurance after certifying site closure, and the two notices may be combined. (formerly Section 20(e))(b) Public notice shall be given by: (formerly Section 20(c)(i))(i) Mailing Providing a copy of the notice, a copy of the fact sheet, the permit application (if any), and the draft permit (if any) to the following persons: (formerly Section 20(e)(i)(A))(A) The applicant, by certified or registered mail; (formerly Section 20(e)(i)(B))(B) The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 8 Drinking Water Program, by mail; (formerly Section 20(e)(i)(C))(C) The U.S. Environmental Protection	6391 6392 6393 6394 6395 6396 6397 6398 6399	(formerly Section 20(b))(i) Public notice shall allow at least sixty (60) days for public comment. (formerly Section 20(b))(ii) Public notice recommendation to release financial assurance after certify thirty (30) days before the hearing. (formerly Section 20(b))(iii) Public notice	of a public hearing <u>or</u> ying site closure shall be given at least
assurance after certifying site closure, and the two notices may be combined. (formerly Section 20(c))(b) Public notice shall be given by: (formerly Section 20(c)(i))(i) Mailing Providing a copy of the notice, a copy of the fact sheet, the permit application (if any), and the draft permit (if any) to the following persons: (formerly Section 20(c)(i)(A))(A) The applicant, by certified or registered mail; (formerly Section 20(c)(i)(B))(B) The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 8 Drinking Water Program, by mail;		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_
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(formerly Section 20(e)(i)) Public notice shall be given by: (formerly Section 20(e)(i))(i) Mailing Providing a copy of the notice, a copy of the fact sheet, the permit application (if any), and the draft permit (if any) to the following persons: (formerly Section 20(e)(i)(A))(A) The applicant, by certified or registered mail; (formerly Section 20(e)(i)(B))(B) The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 8 Drinking Water Program, by mail;			,
6405 (formerly Section 20(c)(i))(i) Mailing Providing a copy of the notice, a copy of 6406 the fact sheet, the permit application (if any), and the draft permit (if any) to the following 6407 persons: 6408 6409 (formerly Section 20(c)(i)(A))(A) The applicant, by certified or 6410 registered mail; 6411 6412 (formerly Section 20(c)(i)(B))(B) The U.S. Environmental Protection 6413 Agency, Region 8 Drinking Water Program, by mail; 6414		(formerly Section 20(c))(b) Public notice shall be	e given by:
6405 (formerly Section 20(c)(i))(i) Mailing Providing a copy of the notice, a copy of 6406 the fact sheet, the permit application (if any), and the draft permit (if any) to the following 6407 persons: 6408 6409 (formerly Section 20(c)(i)(A))(A) The applicant, by certified or 6410 registered mail; 6411 6412 (formerly Section 20(c)(i)(B))(B) The U.S. Environmental Protection 6413 Agency, Region 8 Drinking Water Program, by mail; 6414		(control) 200000 20(0)) <u>(2)</u> 2 2000 2000 2000 2	6-,
the fact sheet, the permit application (if any), and the draft permit (if any) to the following persons: (formerly Section 20(e)(i)(A))(A) The applicant, by certified or registered mail; (formerly Section 20(e)(i)(B))(B) Agency, Region 8 Drinking Water Program, by mail;		(formerly Section 20(c)(i))(i) Mailing Prov	iding a copy of the notice, a copy of
6407 persons: 6408 6409 (formerly Section 20(c)(i)(A))(A) The applicant, by certified or 6410 registered mail; 6411 6412 (formerly Section 20(c)(i)(B))(B) The U.S. Environmental Protection 6413 Agency, Region 8 Drinking Water Program, by mail; 6414		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
6408 6409 (formerly Section 20(c)(i)(A))(A) The applicant, by certified or registered mail; 6411 6412 (formerly Section 20(c)(i)(B))(B) 6413 Agency, Region 8 Drinking Water Program, by mail; 6414			8
6409 (formerly Section 20(c)(i)(A))(A) The applicant, by certified or 6410 registered mail; 6411 6412 (formerly Section 20(c)(i)(B))(B) The U.S. Environmental Protection 6413 Agency, Region 8 Drinking Water Program, by mail; 6414			
registered mail; 6411 6412		(formerly Section 20(c)(i)(A))(A)	The applicant, by certified or
6411 6412		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11 / 3
6412 (formerly Section 20(c)(i)(B))(B) The U.S. Environmental Protection 6413 Agency, Region 8 Drinking Water Program, by mail; 6414		,	
6413 Agency, Region 8 Drinking Water Program, by mail; 6414		(formerly Section 20(c)(i)(B))(B)	The U.S. Environmental Protection
6414		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
6415 (formerly Section 20(c)(i)(C))(C) The U.S. Environmental Protection			
	6415	(formerly Section 20(c)(i)(C))(C)	The U.S. Environmental Protection
6416 Agency, Underground Injection Control Program, by mail;			•
6417	6417		•
6418 (formerly Section 20(c)(i)(D))(D) Wyoming Game and Fish	6418	(formerly Section 20(c)(i)(D))(D)	Wyoming Game and Fish
6419 Department;	6419	Department;	, .
6420	6420		
6421 (formerly Section 20(c)(i)(E))(E) Wyoming State Engineer;	6421	(formerly Section 20(c)(i)(E))(E)	Wyoming State Engineer;
6422	6422	•	
6423 (formerly Section 20(c)(i)(F))(F) State Historical Preservation Officer;	6423	(formerly Section 20(c)(i)(F))(F)	State Historical Preservation Officer;
6424	6424	•	
6425 (formerly Section 20(c)(i)(G))(G) Wyoming Oil and Gas Conservation	6425	(formerly Section 20(c)(i)(G))(G)	Wyoming Oil and Gas Conservation
6426 Commission;	6426	Commission;	•
6427	6427		
6428 (formerly Section 20(c)(i)(H))(H) Wyoming Department of	6428	(formerly Section 20(c)(i)(H))(H)	Wyoming Department of
Environmental Quality, Land Quality Division;	6429	Environmental Quality, Land Quality Division;	
6430	6430		
6431 (formerly Section 20(c)(i)(I)(I) Wyoming State Geological Survey;	6431	(formerly Section 20(c)(i)(I))(I)	Wyoming State Geological Survey;
6432	6432		•
6433 (formerly Section 20(c)(i)(J))(J) Wyoming Water Development	6433	(formerly Section 20(c)(i)(J))(J)	Wyoming Water Development
6434 Office;		Office;	
6435	6435		

6436	(formerly Section $20(c)(i)(K)(K)$) Wyoming Department of
6437	Environmental Quality, Air Quality Division;
6438	
6439	(formerly Section $20(c)(i)(L)$)(L) Wyoming Department of
6440	Environmental Quality, Solid and Hazardous Waste Division; and
6441	
6442 6443	(formerly Section 20(c)(i)(M))(M) U.S. Army Corps of Engineers;
6444	(N) Federal agencies with jurisdiction over fish, shellfish, and wildlife
6445	resources and over coastal zone management plans;
6446	The second of the second secon
6447 6448	(O) The Advisory Council on Historic Preservation;
6449	(P) Any Tribes with Indian reservations and Indian lands identified
6450	pursuant to Sections 10(b)(v) and 10(b)(ix)(A)(VII) of this Chapter;
6451	pursuant to sections 10(0)(v) and 10(0)(1x)(11) of this enapter,
6452	(formerly Section $20(c)(i)(N)(Q)$ Persons on the mailing list developed
6453	by the Department, including those who request in writing to be on the list and by soliciting
6454	participants in public hearings in that area for their interest in being included who request to be
6455	on "area" mailing lists; and
6456	on area manning rists, and
	(formarky Costion 20(o)(i)(O))(D) Any unit of state on local covernment
6457	(formerly Section 20(c)(i)(O))(R) Any unit of state or local government
6458	having jurisdiction over the area where the facility is proposed to be located.
6459	(formula Continu 20(a)(i)(i)) Palliantinu of Dalliatinu de maticula de
6460	(formerly Section 20(c)(ii))(ii) Publication of Publishing the notice in a
6461	newspaper of general circulation in the location of the facility or operation; and
6462	
6463	(formerly Section 20(c)(iii))(iii) At the discretion of the Administrator, any
6464	other method reasonably expected to give actual notice of the <u>proposed</u> action in question to the
6465	persons potentially affected by it, including press releases or any other forum or medium to elicit
6466	public participation.
6467	
6468	(formerly Section 20(d))(c) All public notices issued under this chapter shall contain
6469	the following minimum information:
6470	
6471	(formerly Section 20(d)(i))(i) Name and address of the Department;
6472	
6473	(formerly Section 20(d)(ii))(ii) Name and address of the owner, operator,
6474	permittee, or permit applicant, and, if different, of the facility or activity regulated by the permit;
6475	
6476	(formerly Section 20(d)(iii))(iii) A brief description of the business
6477	conducted at the facility or activity described in the permit application, or described in the draft
6478	permit, or subject to regulation under this Chapter;
6479	

6480	(formerly Section $20(d)(iv)$)(iv) The type and quantity of wastes, fluids, or
6481	pollutants that are proposed to be or are being treated, stored, disposed of, injected, emitted, or
6482	discharged-;
6483	
6484	(formerly Section $20(d)(v)(v)$) A brief summary of the basis for the draft
6485	permit conditions, including references to applicable statutory or regulatory provisions;
6486	
6487	(formerly Section 20(d)(vi))(vi) Reasons why any requested variances or
6488	alternatives to required standards do or do not appear justified;
6489	11 3
6490	(formerly Section 20(d)(vii))(vii) Name, address and telephone number of a
6491	person from whom interested persons may obtain further information, including copies of the
6492	draft permit, as the case may be, statement of basis, or fact sheet, and the application; and
6493	unare permit, as the case may be, statement or basis, or fact sheet, and the approach,
6494	(formerly Section 20(d)(viii))(viii) A brief description of comment procedures,
6495	including:
6496	meruumg,
6497	(formerly Section 20(d)(viii)(A))(A) Procedures to request a hearing;
6498	(tornierry section 20(d)(viii)(N))(A) I foccuties to request a hearing,
6499	(formerly Section 20(d)(viii)(B))(B) The beginning and ending dates of
6500	the comment period;
6501	the comment period,
	(formerly Section 20(d)(viii)(C))(C) The address where comments will be
6502	
6503	received may be submitted; and
6504	(formarily Section 20(d)(viii)(D))(D) Other proceedings that the myblic may
6505	(formerly Section 20(d)(viii)(D))(D) Other procedures that the public may
6506	use to participate in the final permit decision; and
6507	
6508	(formerly Section 20(e))(d) In addition to the information required in paragraph (d))(c)
6509	of this <u>sS</u> ection, any notice for <u>public</u> <u>a</u> hearing shall contain the following:
6510	
6511	(formerly Section 20(e)(i))(i) Reference to the date of previous public notices
6512	relating to the permit;
6513	
6514	(formerly Section 20(e)(ii))(ii) Date, time, and place of hearing; and
6515	
6516	(formerly Section 20(e)(iii))(iii) A brief description of the nature and purpose
6517	of the hearing, including applicable rules and procedures.
6518	
6519	(formerly Section 20(f))(e) The Department shall provide an opportunity for the
6520	applicant, permittee, owner, operator, or any interested person to submit written comments
6521	regarding any aspect of a permit or to request a public hearing.
6522	
6523	(formerly Section 20(g))(i) During the public comment period, any interested
6524	person may submit written comments on the draft permit and may request a public hearing.

6525	Requests for public nearings must <u>shall</u> be made in writing to the Administrator and shall state
6526	the reasons for the request.
6527	•
6528	(formerly Section 20(h))(ii) The Administrator shall hold a hearing whenever
6529	the Administrator finds, on the basis of requests, a significant degree of public interest in a draft
6530	permit.
6531	r ·
6532	(formerly Section 20(h))(iii) The Administrator has the discretion to may hold a
6533	hearing whenever such a hearing may clarify issues involved in a permit decision.
6534	hearing whenever such a hearing may clarify issues involved in a perime decision.
6535	(formerly Section 20(i))(iv) The public comment period shall automatically
6536	extend to the close of any public hearing. The Administrator may also extend the comment
6537	period by so stating at the public hearing.
6538	period by so stating at the public hearing.
6539	(formerly Section 20(j))(f) The Administrator Director shall render a decision on the
6540	draft permit within sixty (60) days after the completion of the public comment period if no
6541	hearing is requested held. If a hearing is held, the Administrator Director shall make a decision
6542	
	on any Department hearing as soon as practicable after receipt of the transcript or after the
6543	expiration of the time set to receive written comments.
6544	(formarly Costion 20(1x))(x) At the time of include ising is issued the Department
6545	(formerly Section 20(k))(g) At the time a final decision is issued, the Department
6546	Administrator shall respond, in writing, to those comments received during the public comment
6547	period or comments received during the allotted time for a hearing held by the Department. This
6548	response shall:
6549	
6550	(formerly Section 20(k)(i))(i) Specify any changes that have been made to the
6551	permit and the reasons for the changes; and
6552	
6553	(formerly Section 20(k)(ii))(ii) Briefly describe and respond to all
6554	comments voicing stating a technical or regulatory concern that is within the authority of the
6555	Department to regulate.
6556	
6557	Section 28. Incorporation by Reference.
6558	
6559	(a) These rules incorporate by reference the following statutes, rules, and regulations
6560	in effect as of July 1, 2020:
6561	
6562	(i) 10 C.F.R. Part 20, Appendix B, Table II, Column 2, available at
6563	http://www.ecfr.gov;
6564	
6565	(ii) 40 C.F.R. §§ 98.440 to 98.449, , available at http://www.ecfr.gov;
6566	
6567	(iii) 40 C.F.R. § 141, Subparts E, F, and G, available at: http://www.ecfr.gov;
6568	
6569	(iv) 40 C.F.R. § 261.3-available at: http://www.ecfr.gov:

(v) American Petroleum Institute Recommended Practice, API RP 14C,
Recommended Practice for Analysis, Design, Installation and Testing of Safety Systems for
Offshore Production Facilities, Recommended Practice 14C, (2018), referred to as "API RP
14C", available at https://www.apiwebstore.org/publications/item.cgi?af9eaacd-f8b0-4d7c-bfa7-
2c39a409f892;
(vi) American Petroleum Institute Specification, API Spec 10A, Specification
for Cements and Materials for Well Cementing. 25th Edition, (2019), referred to as "API
Specification 10A", available at https://www.apiwebstore.org/publications/item.cgi?82493435-
f281-45d8-af82-07ad8131cb56;
<u>, </u>
(vii) American Petroleum Institute Recommended Practice, API RP 10D-2,
Centralizer Placement and Stop-collar Testing, (2020), referred to as "API RP 10D-2", available
at https://www.apiwebstore.org/publications/item.cgi?7ad6705a-954e-476c-b520-47cbbdce9f06
at https://www.apiweostore.org/publications/fleini.egr./add/vosa/5/10/1/00/0520/1/00/dec/fleini.egr.
(viii) American Petroleum Institute Recommended Practice, API RP 10B-2,
Recommended Practice for Testing Well Cements, (2019), referred to as "API RP 10B-2",
available at https://www.apiwebstore.org/publications/item.cgi?3c1808c7-6312-4b8d-b3de-
291ef79704c5;
<u>271011710 TC3,</u>
(ix) American Petroleum Institute Recommended Practice, API RP 14B,
Design, Installation, Repair, and Operation of Subsurface Safety Valve Systems, (2012), referred
to as "API RP 14 B", available at https://www.apiwebstore.org/publications/item.cgi?a1711f10-
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
<u>0121-4c12-936c-471c97a19f93;</u>
(v) American Detroloum Institute Specification ADI Specification
(x) American Petroleum Institute Specification, API Spec 5CT, Specification
for Casing and Tubing, (2019), referred to as "API Specification 5CT", available at
https://www.apiwebstore.org/publications/item.cgi?5b345884-5a3a-4889-8066-60f93e467f29;
(-1) American Detections Institut D. 1.1D. C. ADIDD 501
(xi) American Petroleum Institute Recommended Practice, API RP 5C1,
Recommended Practices for Care and Use of Casing and Tubing, (2020), referred to as "API RP
5C1", available at https://www.apiwebstore.org/publications/item.cgi?010058af-29b1-412c-
<u>b892-ec3e5583c534; and</u>
(xii) American Petroleum Institute Specification, API Spec 11D1, Packers and
Bridge Plugs, (2015), referred to as "API Specification 11D1", available at
https://www.apiwebstore.org/publications/item.cgi?4828a454-0fea-451b-a61b-18304836ea91.
(b) For these rules incorporated by reference:
(i) The Environmental Quality Council has determined that incorporation of
the full text in these rules would be cumbersome or inefficient given the length or nature of the
rules;
(ii) This Chapter does not incorporate later amendments or editions of
incorporated codes, standards, rules, and regulations; and

6617	
6618	(iii) All incorporated codes, standards, rules, and regulations are available for
6619	public inspection at the Department's Cheyenne office. Contact information for the Cheyenne
6620	office may be obtained at http://deq.wyoming.gov or from (307) 777-7937.
6621	
6622	

Appendix A. Risk Activity Table

	Major Risk (Feature, Event, or Process)
1	Mineral Rights Infringement (Trespass)
1.1	Leakage migrates into mineral zone or hydraulic front impacts recoverable mineral
	zone; causes may include plume migration different than modeled.
1.2	Post injection discovery of recoverable minerals.
1.3	New technology (or economic conditions) enables recovery of previously un-
1.5	economically recoverable minerals.
1.4	Act of God (e.g. seismic event).
1.5	Formation fluid impact due to CO ₂ injection.
1.6	Address also contributing causes 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.5, 4.3, and 4.4
2	Water Quality Contamination
2.1	Leakage of CO ₂ outside permitted area.
2.2	Leakage of drilling fluid contaminates potable water aquifer.
2.3	Rock/acid water (i.e. geochemistry) interaction contaminates potable water by
2.3	carryover of dissolved contaminants.
2.4	Act of God (e.g. seismic event).
2.5	Formation fluid impact due to CO ₂ injection.
2.6	See also contributing causes 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.5, 4.3, and 4.4
3	Single Large Volume CO ₂ Release to the Surface –
	Asphyxiation/Health/Ecological
3.1	Overpressurization (i.e. induced).
3.2	Caprock/reservoir failure.
3.3	Well blowout (e.g. at surface or bore failure below ground), includes monitoring
	wells – Causes could include seal failure (e.g. well, drilling or injection equipment).
3.4	Major mechanical failure of distribution system or storage facilities above ground or
	below ground (i.e. near the surface).
3.5	Orphan well failure (e.g. well not identified prior to injection).
3.6	Sabotage/Terrorist attack (e.g. on surface infrastructure).
3.7	Act of God (e.g. major seismic event)
4	Low Level CO ₂ Release to Surface – Ecological damage due to low-level
	releases; potential asphyxiation of human or ecological receptors
4.1	Overpressurization (i.e. induced).
4.2	Caprock/reservoir failure (e.g. Plume migrates along fault line/fissure to surface).
4.3	Incomplete geological seal (e.g. inaccurate characterization of sub-surface geology).
4.4	Well seal failure (e.g. well, drilling or injection equipment) including monitor wells
4.5	Mechanical failure of distribution system or storage facilities above or below ground
	(e.g. near surface).
4.6	Orphan wells (e.g. well not identified prior to injection).
4.7	Induced seismicity leading to leakage.
4.8	Act of God (e.g. seismic event).

Risk Activity Table (continued)

	Major Risk (Feature, Event, or Process)
_	Storage Rights Infringement (CO ₂ or other entrained contaminant gases) –
5	Form of Mineral Rights Infringement
5.1	Leakage migrates into adjacent pore space; causes may include plume migrates faster
3.1	than modeled.
5.2	Post injection decision (e.g. due to new technology or changed economic conditions)
3.2	to store gas in adjacent pore space.
5.3	Acts of God affecting storage capacity of pore space.
5.4	Formation fluid impact due to CO ₂ injection.
5.5	Will also require primary contributing causes 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.5, 4.3, and 4.4
6	Modified Surface Topography (subsidence or uplift) Resulting in
U	Property/Infrastructure Damage
6.1	Induced Seismicity – Pressure from geochemistry induced reactivation of historic
0.1	fault or dissolution of material caused by subsidence.
6.2	Formation fluid impact due to CO ₂ injection.
7	Entrained Contaminant (Non-CO ₂) Releases
7 1	Change in CO ₂ composition/properties (e.g. concentration of contaminate in CO ₂
7.1	supply increases).
7.2	Microbial activity initiated by injection process or composition.
	Will also require primary contributing causes 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.5, 4.3, and 4.4
8	Accidents/Unplanned Events (Typical Insurable Events)
8.1	Surface infrastructure damage
8.2	Saline water releases from surface storage impoundment.